

Peer Graded Assignment: Course Project

On

Basic Software Setup: R, Rstudio and Github

For the fulfillment of week 4 **coursera** Project on Data Scientist's Toolbox

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Basic Introduction of R, RStudio and GitHub

R:-

R is the programming languages for statistical computing and graphics. It has the free set of packages for data access, data cleaning, analysis and data reporting.

RStudio:-

RStudio is the free and open-source integrated development environment (IDE) for R.

Rstudio allows the user to run R user-friendly.

GitHub:-

It is the web based Git repository hosting service. It is a distributed version-controlled platform where user can collaborate on open source code project and share ideas.

URL for downloading R and installation snapshot

<https://cran.r-project.org>

The Comprehensive R Archive Network

Download and Install R

Precompiled binary distributions of the base system and contributed packages. **Windows and Mac** users most likely want one of these versions of R:

- [Download R for Linux](#)
- [Download R for \(Mac\) OS X](#)
- [Download R for Windows](#)

R is part of many Linux distributions, you should check with your Linux package management system in addition to the link above.

Source Code for all Platforms

Windows and Mac users most likely want to download the precompiled binaries listed in the upper box, not the source code. The sources have to be compiled before you can use them. If you do not know what this means, you probably do not want to do it!

- The latest release (Tuesday 2016-06-21, Bug in Your Hair) [R-3.3.1.tar.gz](#), read [what's new](#) in the latest version.
- Sources of [R alpha and beta releases](#) (daily snapshots, created only in time periods before a planned release).
- Daily snapshots of current patched and development versions are [available here](#). Please read about [new features and bug fixes](#) before filing corresponding feature requests or bug reports.
- Source code of older versions of R is [available here](#).
- Contributed extension [packages](#)

Questions About R

- If you have questions about R like how to download and install the software, or what the license terms are, please read our [answers to frequently asked questions](#) before you send an email.

R for Windows

Subdirectories:

base	Binaries for base distribution (managed by Duncan Murdoch). This is what you want to install R for the first time .
contrib	Binaries of contributed CRAN packages (for R \geq 2.11.x; managed by Uwe Ligges). There is also information on third party software available for CRAN Windows services and corresponding environment and make variables.
old contrib	Binaries of contributed CRAN packages for outdated versions of R (for R $<$ 2.11.x; managed by Uwe Ligges).
Rtools	Tools to build R and R packages (managed by Duncan Murdoch). This is what you want to build your own packages on Windows, or to build R itself.

Please do not submit binaries to CRAN. Package developers might want to contact Duncan Murdoch or Uwe Ligges directly in case of questions / suggestions related to Windows binaries.

You may also want to read the [R FAQ](#) and [R for Windows FAQ](#).

Note: CRAN does some checks on these binaries for viruses, but cannot give guarantees. Use the normal precautions with downloaded executables.

R-3.3.1 for Windows (32/64 bit)

[Download R 3.3.1 for Windows](#) (70 megabytes, 32/64 bit)

[Installation and other instructions](#)

[New features in this version](#)

If you want to double-check that the package you have downloaded exactly matches the package distributed by R, you can compare the [md5sum](#) of the .exe to the [true fingerprint](#). You will need a version of md5sum for windows: both [graphical](#) and [command line versions](#) are available.

Frequently asked questions

- [Does R run under my version of Windows?](#)
- [How do I update packages in my previous version of R?](#)
- [Should I run 32-bit or 64-bit R?](#)

Please see the [R FAQ](#) for general information about R and the [R Windows FAQ](#) for Windows-specific information.

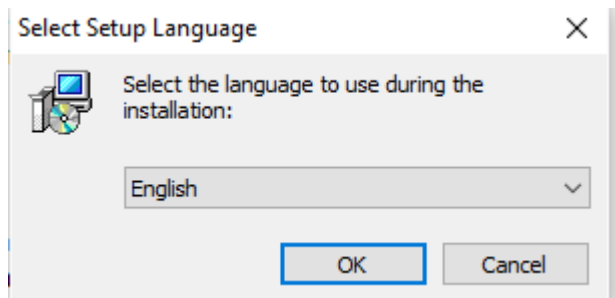
Other builds

- Patches to this release are incorporated in the [r-patched snapshot build](#).
- A build of the development version (which will eventually become the next major release of R) is available in the [r-devel snapshot build](#).
- [Previous releases](#)

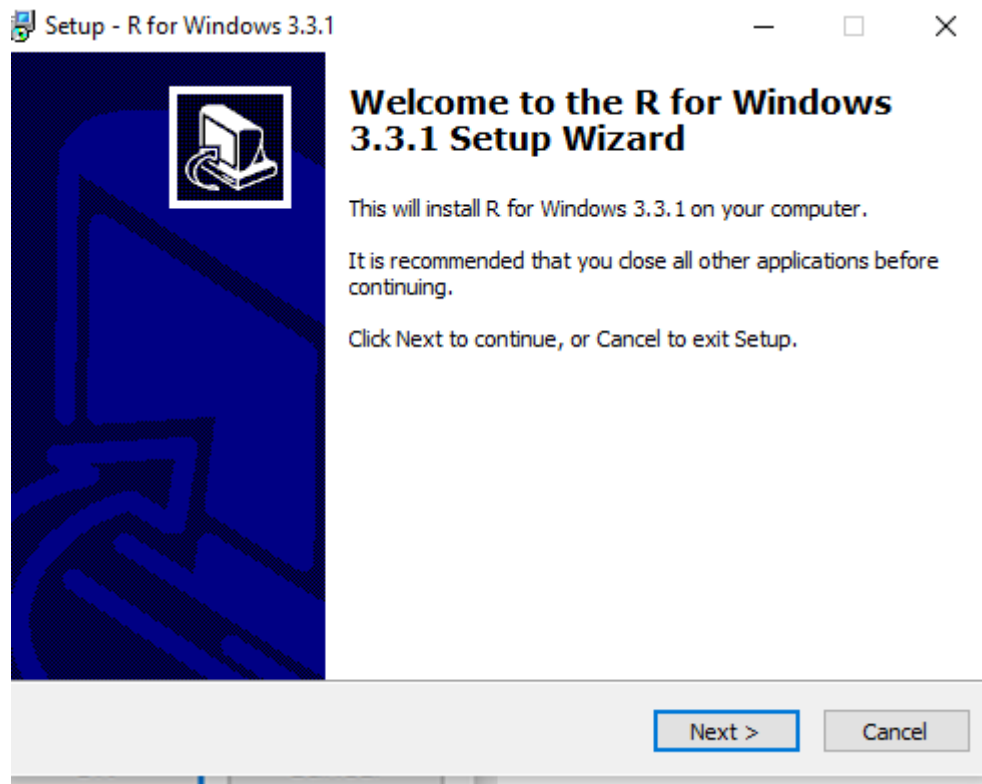
Note to webmasters: A stable link which will redirect to the current Windows binary release is
[<CRAN MIRROR>/bin/windows/base/release.htm](#).

Last change: 2016-06-21, by Duncan Murdoch

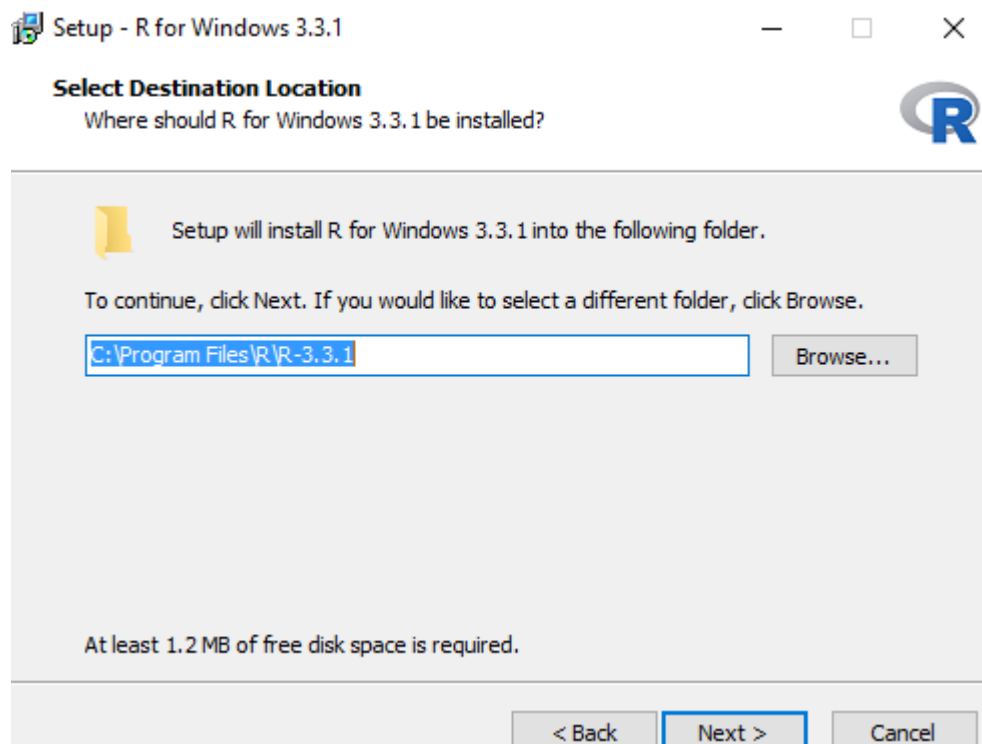
-Click the executable file(R-3.3.1-win.exe) when download completes to execute it.



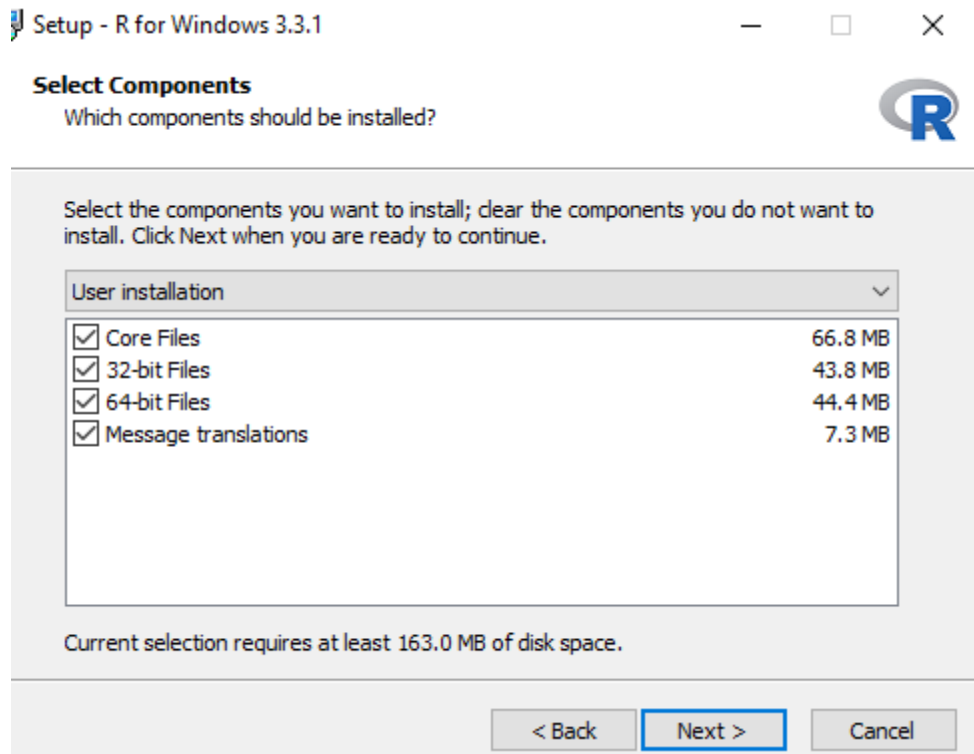
-Click on Ok to select default language English



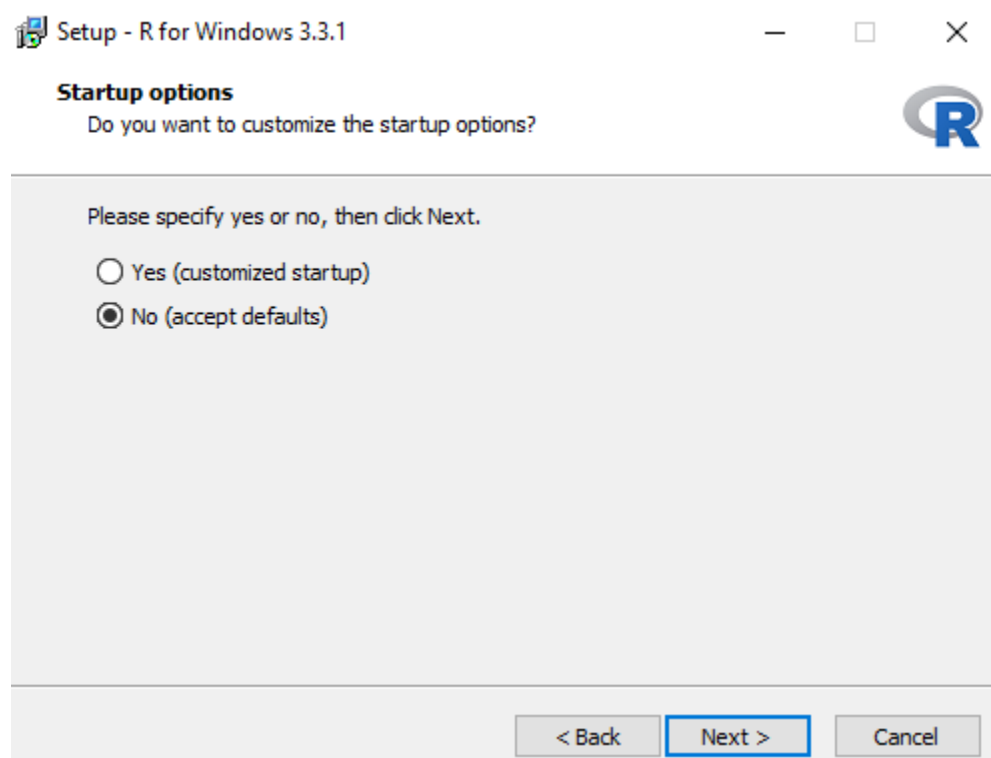
-Click on Next tab.



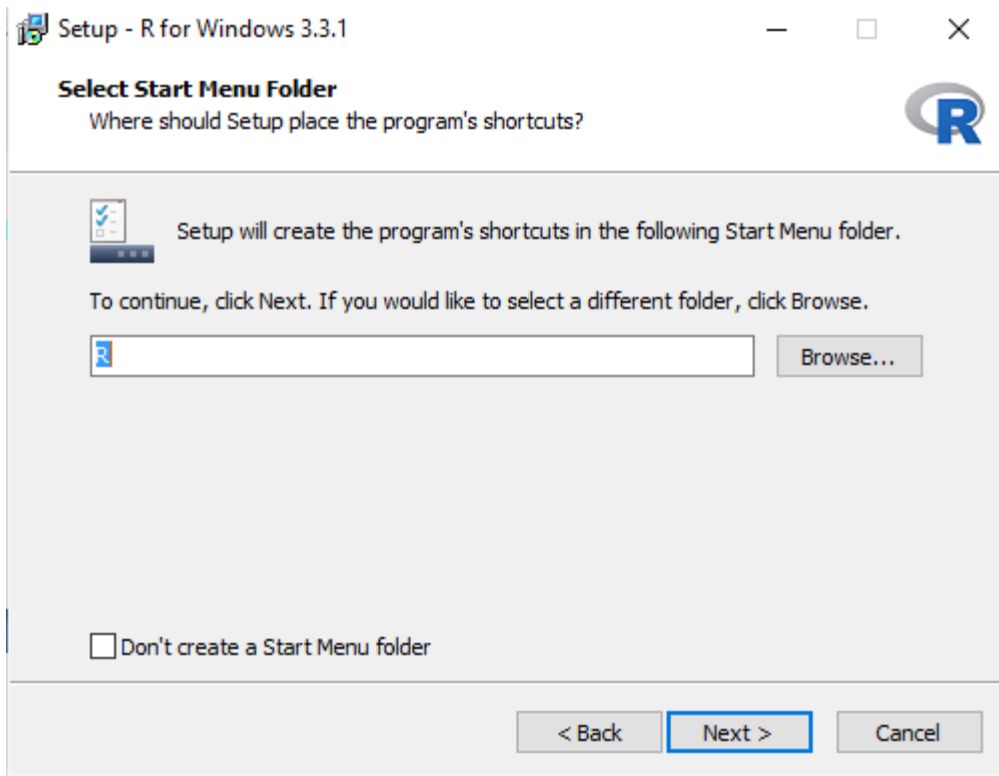
-Click on Next.



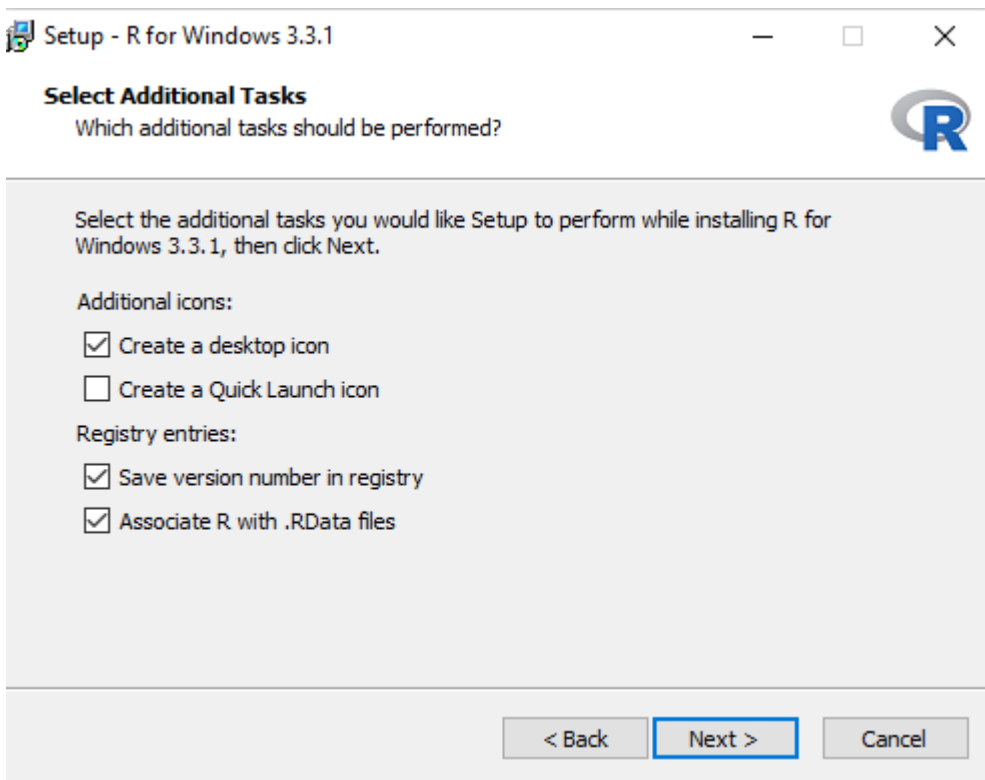
-Click on next (default selection if you are not sure what bits of file running in your computer system)



-Click on Next for default selection



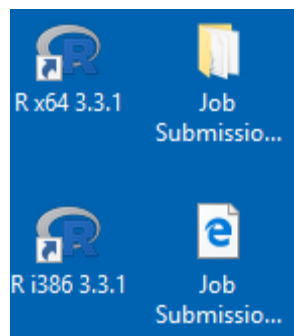
-Click on Next.



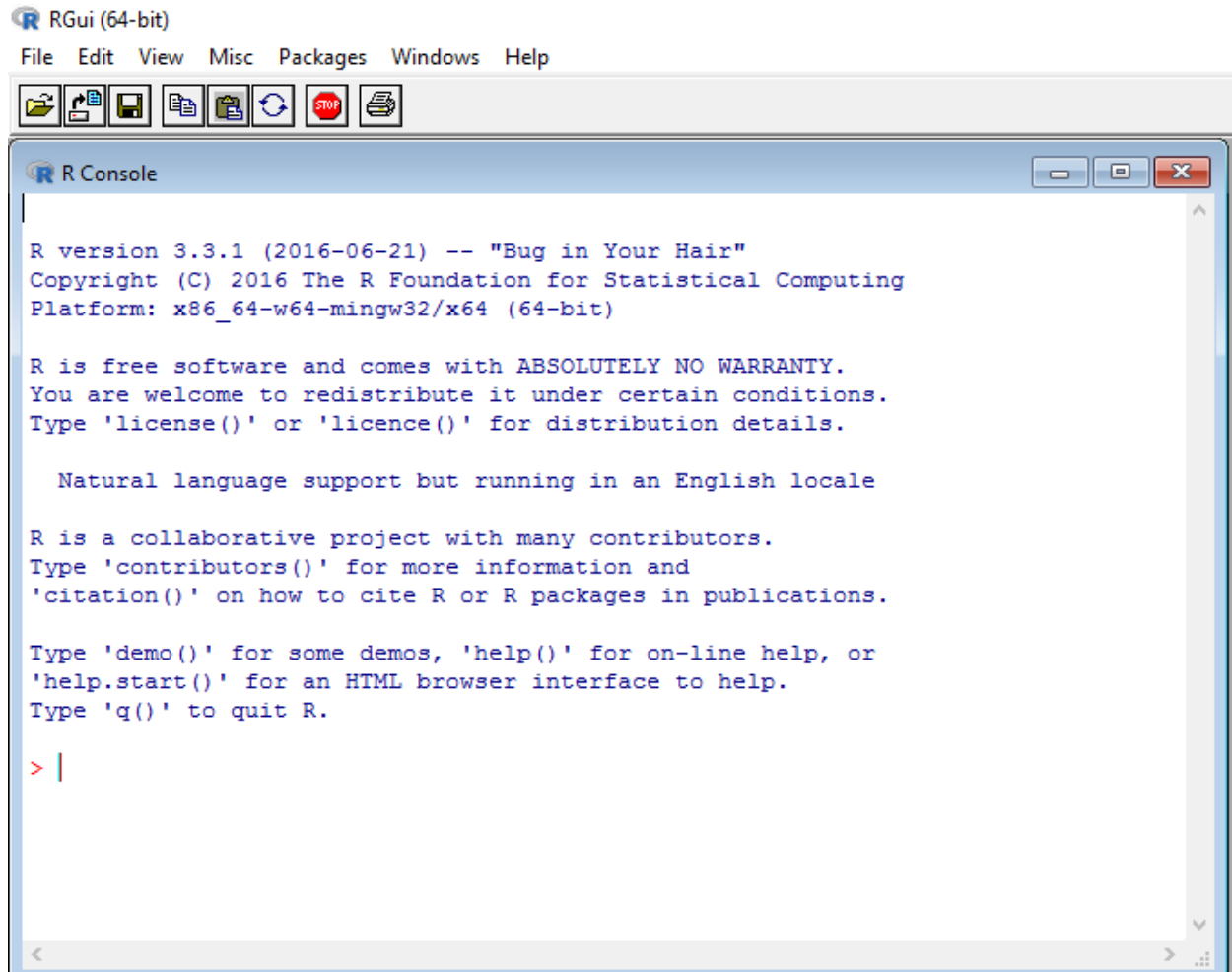
-click on next



Click on finish



Click R x64 3.3.1 Icon to execute (RUN) it



Installing Rtools

If we would like to install series of external tools like make, sed, tar, gzip, a C/C++ compiler etc. Install Rtools also.

URL for Rtools.

<https://cran.r-project.org/bin/windows/Rtools/>

Building R for Windows

This document is a collection of resources for building packages for R under Microsoft Windows, or for building R itself (version 1.9.0 or later). The original collection was put together by Prof. Brian Ripley; it is currently being maintained by Duncan Murdoch.

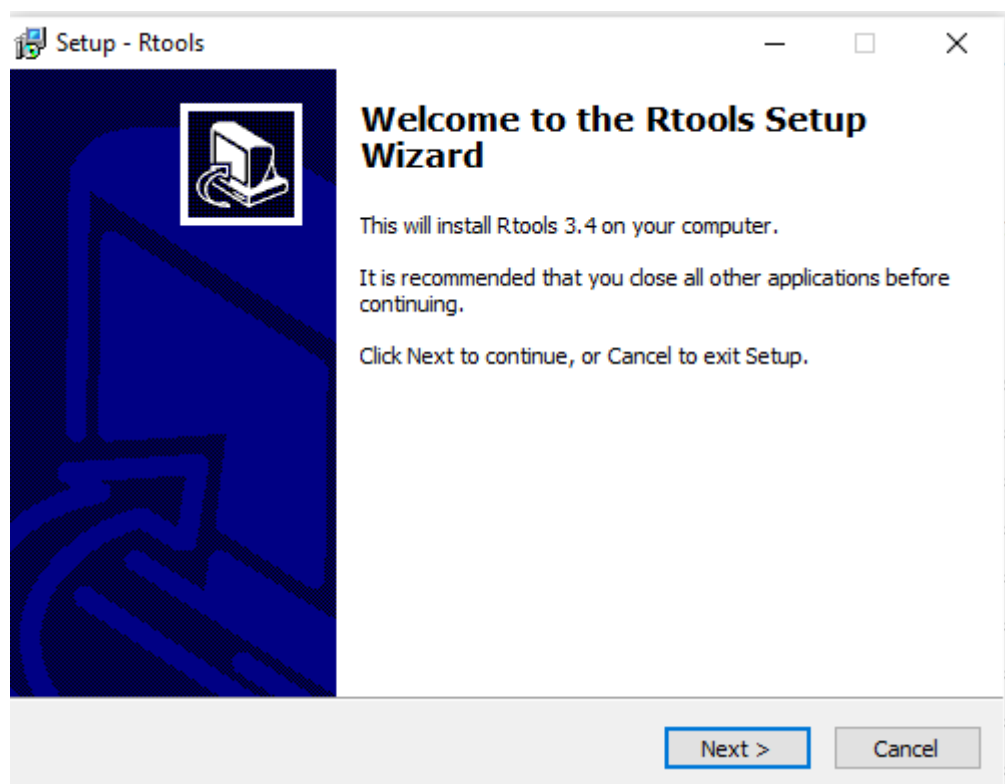
The authoritative source of information for tools to work with the current release of R is the "R Administration and Installation" manual. In particular, please read the ["Windows Toolset" appendix](#).

Rtools Downloads

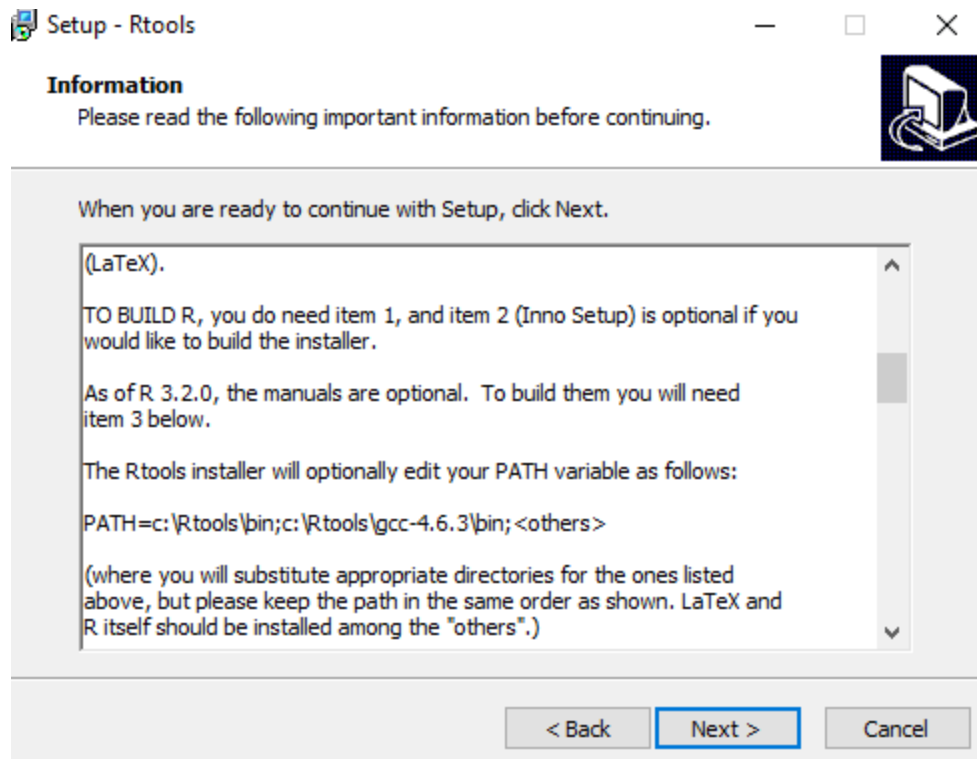
Some of the tools are incompatible with obsolete versions of R. We maintain one actively updated version of the tools, and other "frozen" snapshots of them. We recommend that users use the latest release of Rtools with the latest release of R.

The current version of this file is recorded here: [VERSION.txt](#).

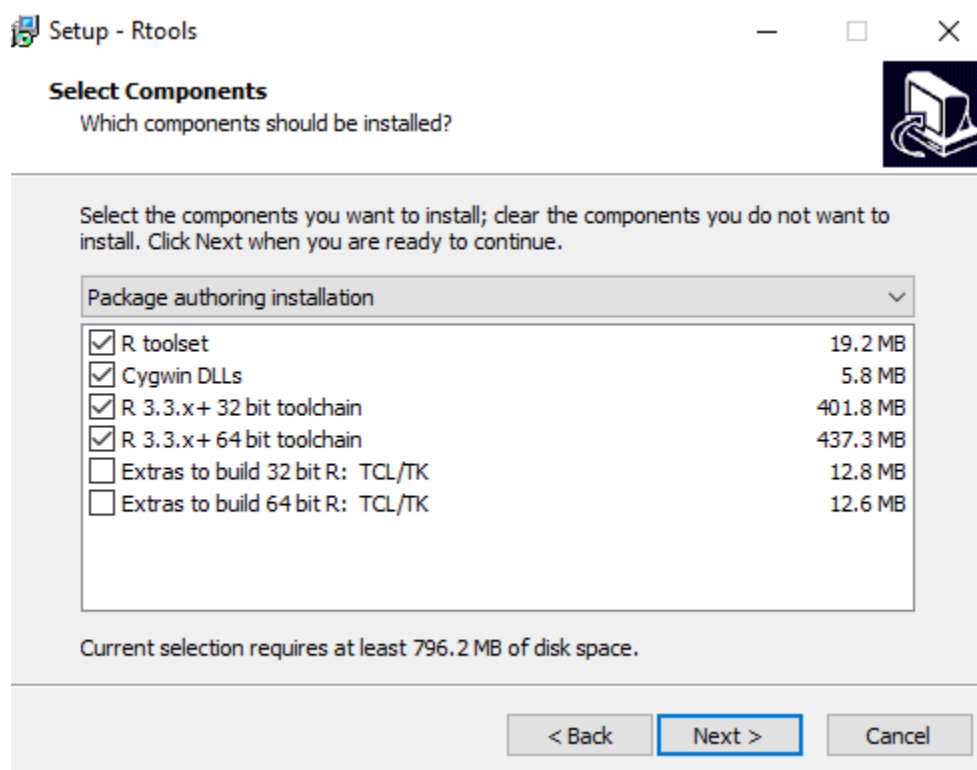
Download	R compatibility	Frozen?
Rtools34.exe	R 3.3.x and later	No
Rtools33.exe	R 3.2.x to 3.3.x	Yes
Rtools32.exe	R 3.1.x to 3.2.x	Yes
Rtools31.exe	R 3.0.x to 3.1.x	Yes
Rtools30.exe	R >2.15.1 to R 3.0.x	Yes
Rtools215.exe	R >2.14.1 to R 2.15.1	Yes



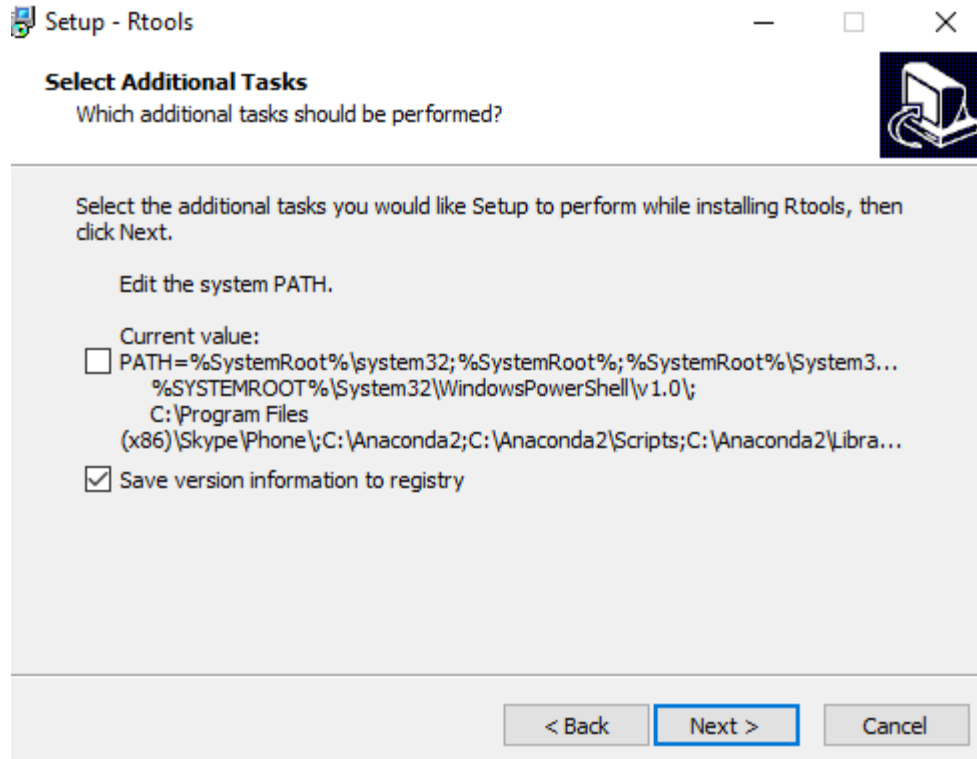
Click on next



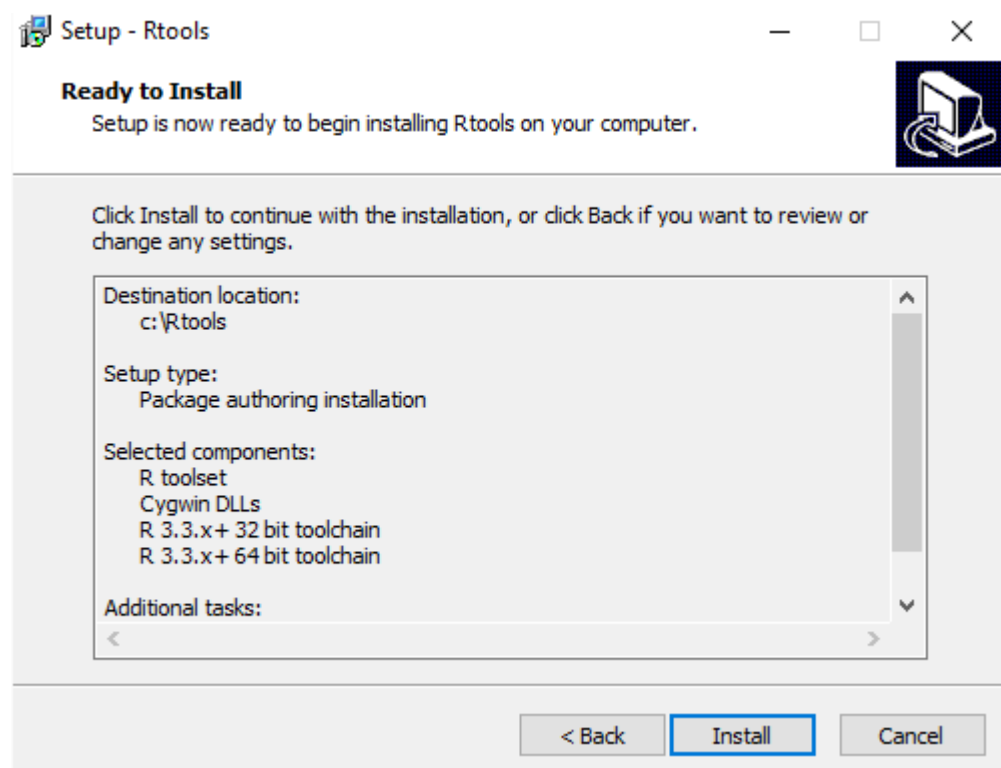
Click on next

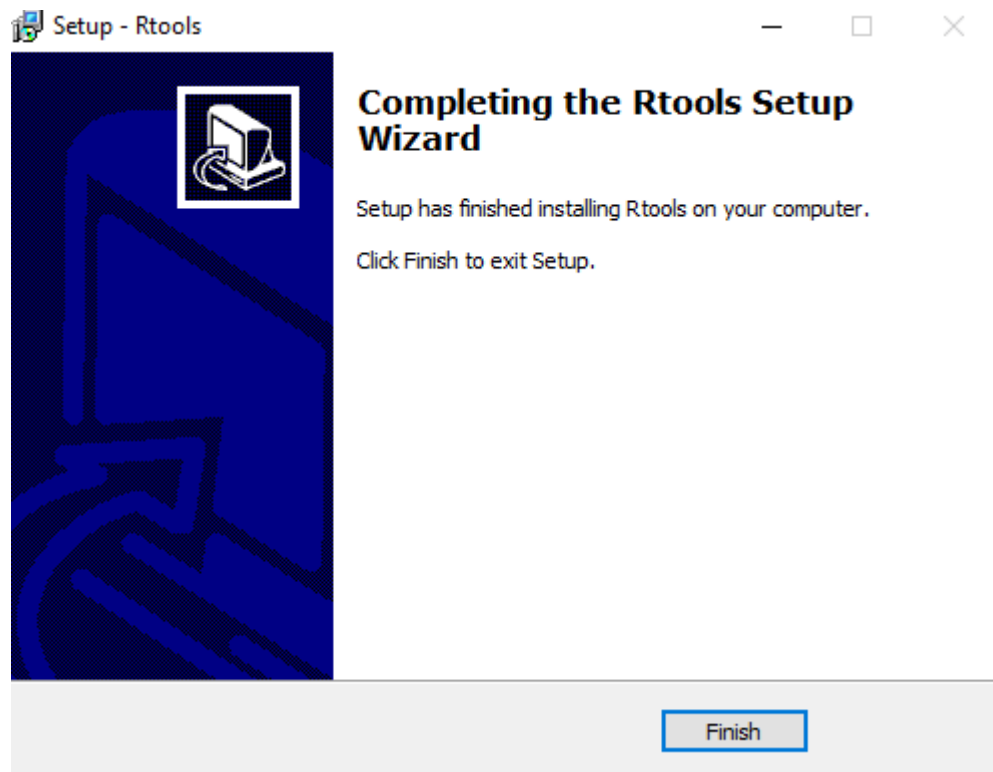


Click on next.



Click on next.





Installing Packages and Library In R

Type following command in front of R prompt(>) to install packages and library.

```
> install.packages(c("ggplot2","devtools"))
Installing packages into 'C:/Users/mpdurga/Documents/R/win-library/
3.3'
(as 'lib' is unspecified)
trying URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/contrib/3.3/ggplot
2_2.1.0.zip'
Content type 'application/zip' length 2001574 bytes (1.9 MB)
downloaded 1.9 MB

trying URL 'https://cran.rstudio.com/bin/windows/contrib/3.3/devtoo
ls_1.12.0.zip'
Content type 'application/zip' length 431825 bytes (421 KB)
downloaded 421 KB

package 'ggplot2' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked
package 'devtools' successfully unpacked and MD5 sums checked

The downloaded binary packages are in
      C:\Users\mpdurga\AppData\Local\Temp\RtmpAxdFs3\downloaded_p
ackages
> |
```

After installation of packages install library to use this packages.

A screenshot of an R Console window. The title bar is blue and contains the text "R Console" on the left and standard window control buttons (minimize, maximize, close) on the right. The main area of the window is white and contains two lines of red text: "> library(devtools)" and "> library(ggplot2)". A small vertical scrollbar is visible on the right side of the console area.

```
> library(devtools)
> library(ggplot2)
```

Downloading and installation of RStudio snapshot

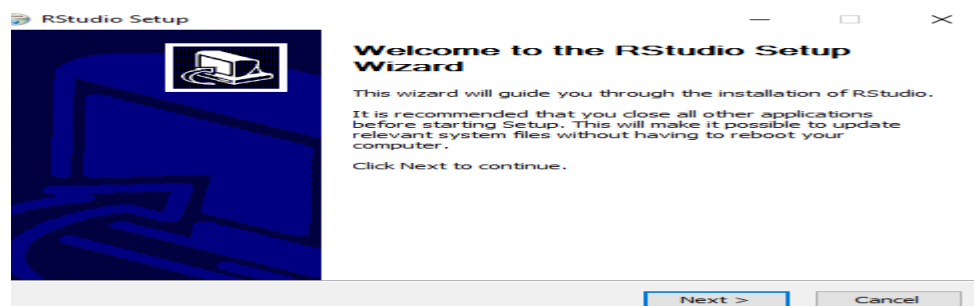
URL for Rstudio:

<https://www.rstudio.com/products/rstudio/download3/>

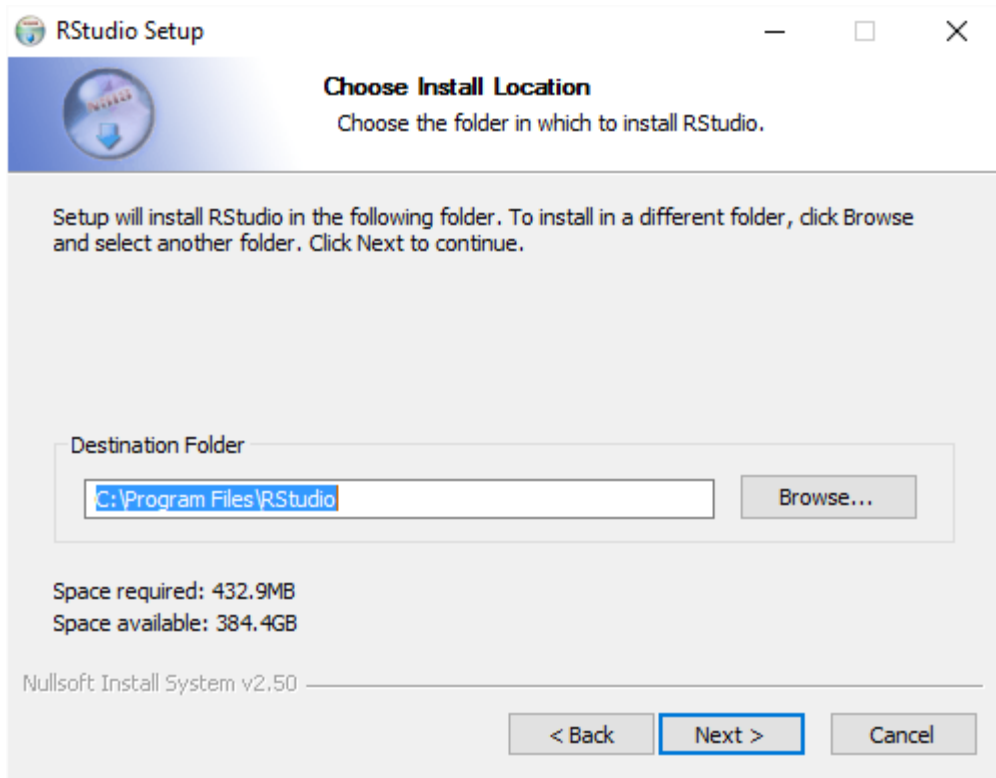
	RStudio Desktop	RStudio Server	RStudio Cloud	RStudio Enterprise
Priority support	✓			✓
Access via Web Browser			✓	✓
Enterprise Security and Access Controls				✓
Project Sharing				✓
Access to Multiple Versions of R				✓
Multiple Concurrent Sessions				✓
Administrative Dashboard				✓
Load Balancing and Resource Management				✓
License	AGPL	Commercial	AGPL	Commercial
Pricing	FREE	\$995/yr*	FREE	\$9,995/yr*

DOWNLOAD BUY NOW DOWNLOAD DOWNLOAD

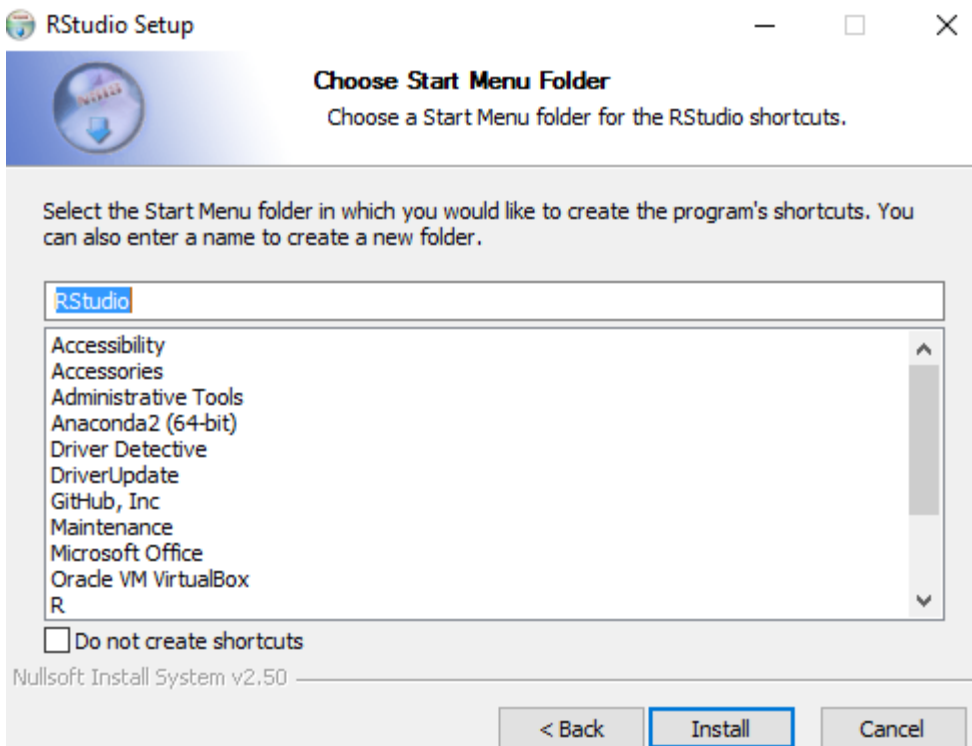
Click on downloaded file



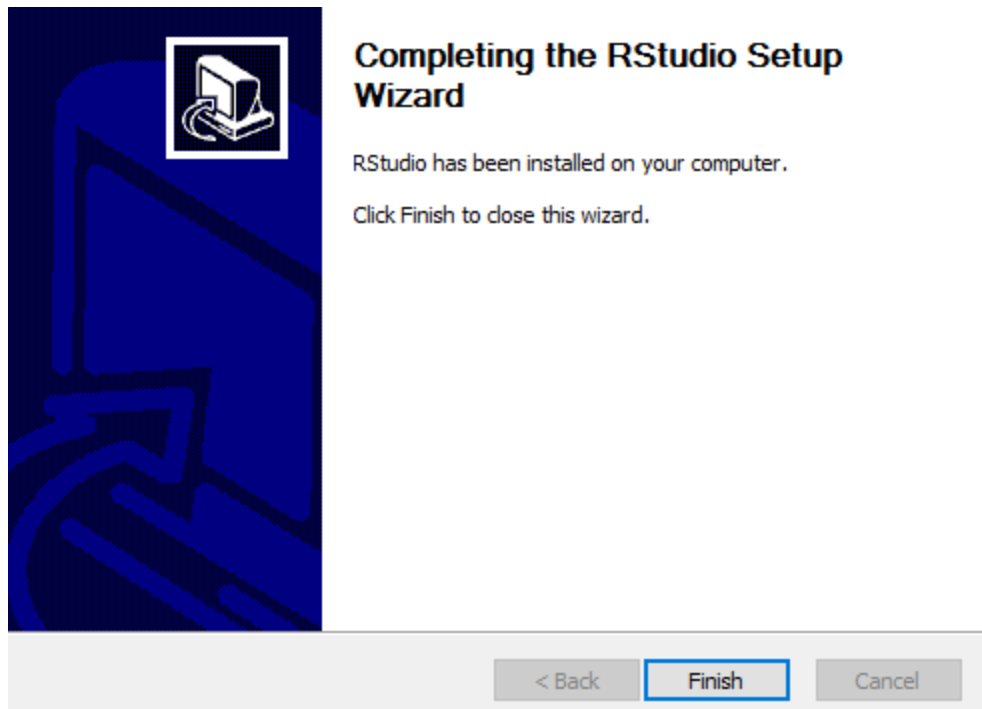
Click On Next



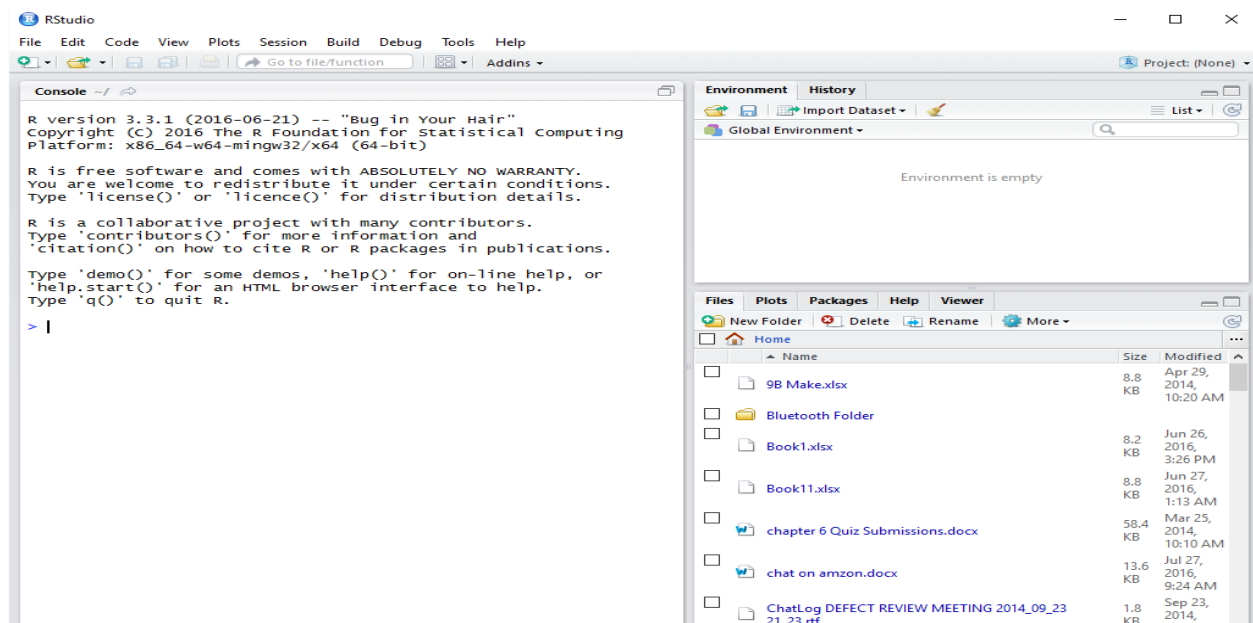
Click On Next



Click on Install



Execute Rstudio



This is the user-friendly environment to use R

Creating Github account:

URL for creating GitHub account <https://github.com>



Provide your username, email address and password if you are creating first time GitHub account and click on Signup for GitHub.

For example: for username, email and password.

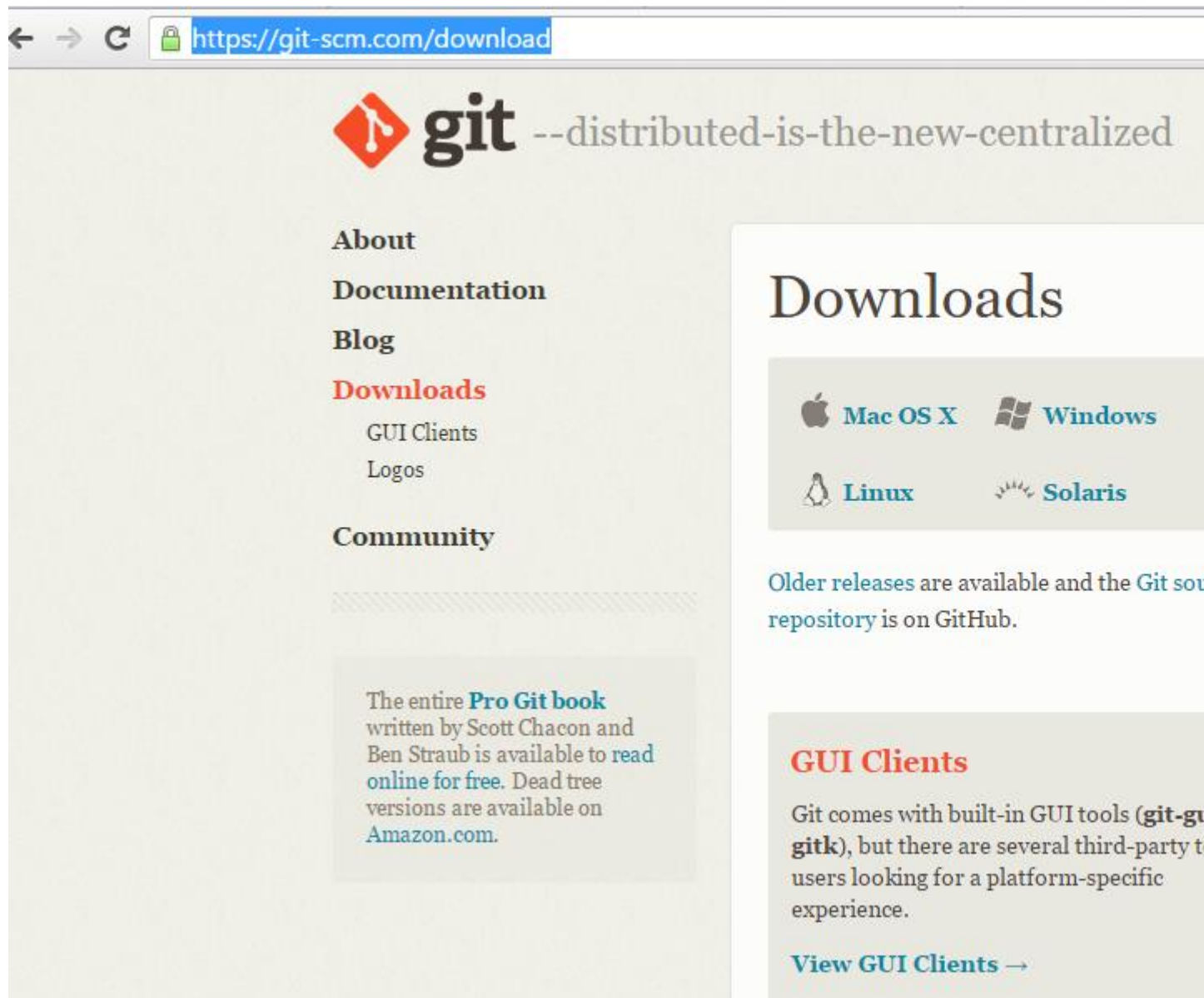
A screenshot of the GitHub sign-up form. It consists of three input fields: the first contains "courserahub", the second contains "muralil8@hotmail.com", and the third contains a series of dots representing a password. Below the password field, there is a small text requirement: "Use at least one letter, one numeral, and seven characters." At the bottom of the form is a green button with the text "Sign up for GitHub".

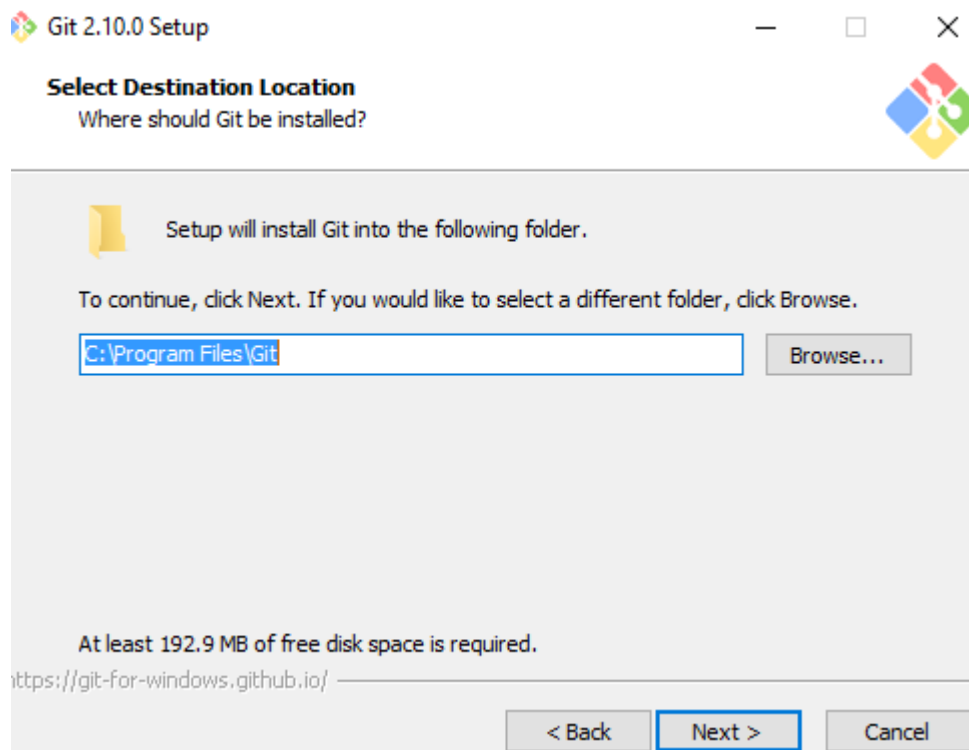
Note: My GitHub account: <https://github.com/mpdurga>

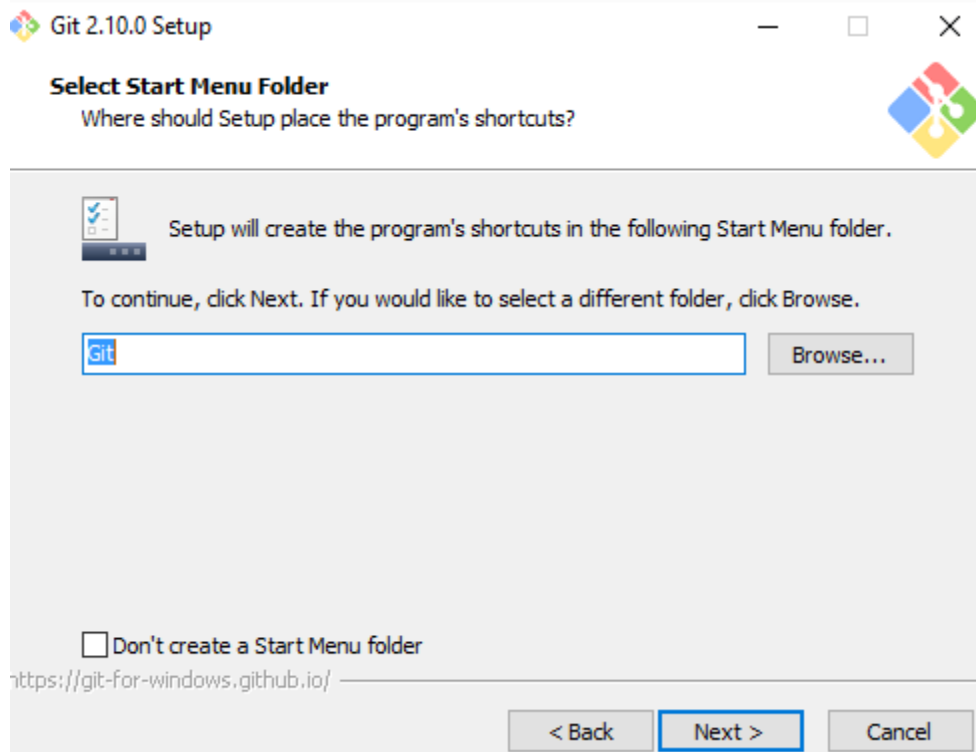
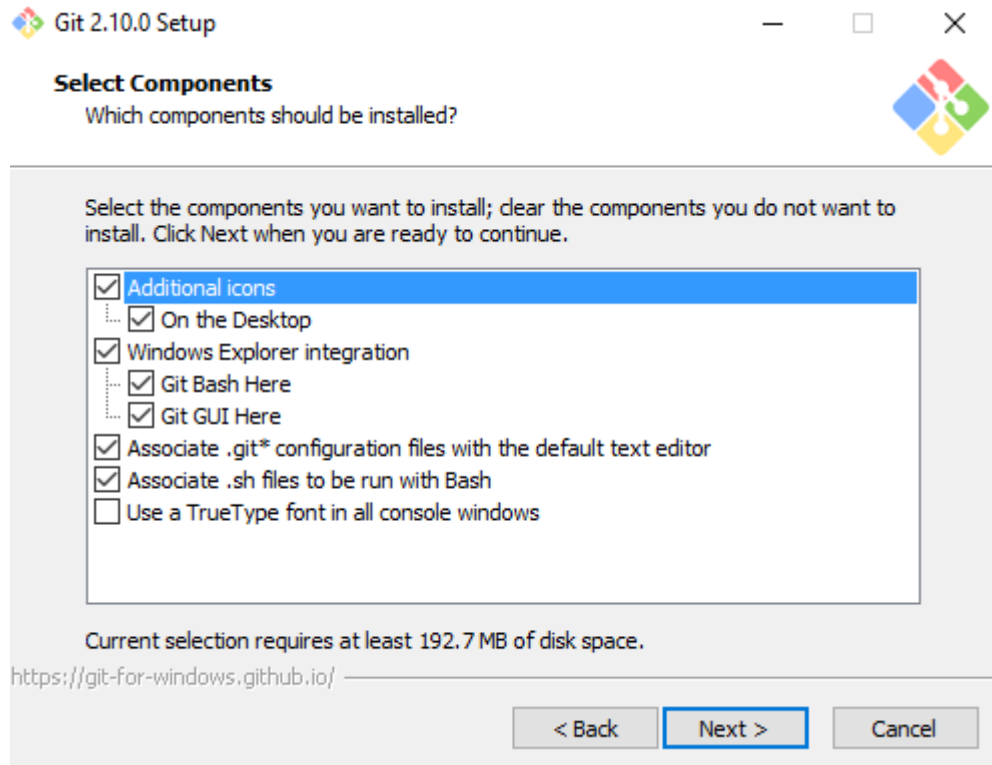
Note: download Git from URL: <https://git-scm.com/download> and install it in your computer so that you can work on your local repository and later you can push it to the remote repository (GitHub).

For download Git follow below link.

After download install it, I suggest select the default option while installing.







Adjusting your PATH environment

How would you like to use Git from the command line?

☐ **Use Git from Git Bash only**

This is the safest choice as your PATH will not be modified at all. You will only be able to use the Git command line tools from Git Bash.

☒ **Use Git from the Windows Command Prompt**

This option is considered safe as it only adds some minimal Git wrappers to your PATH to avoid cluttering your environment with optional Unix tools. You will be able to use Git from both Git Bash and the Windows Command Prompt.

☐ **Use Git and optional Unix tools from the Windows Command Prompt**

Both Git and the optional Unix tools will be added to your PATH.

Warning: This will override Windows tools like "find" and "sort". Only use this option if you understand the implications.

<https://git-for-windows.github.io/>

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Cancel

Configuring the line ending conversions

How should Git treat line endings in text files?

☒ **Checkout Windows-style, commit Unix-style line endings**

Git will convert LF to CRLF when checking out text files. When committing text files, CRLF will be converted to LF. For cross-platform projects, this is the recommended setting on Windows ("core.autocrlf" is set to "true").

☐ **Checkout as-is, commit Unix-style line endings**

Git will not perform any conversion when checking out text files. When committing text files, CRLF will be converted to LF. For cross-platform projects, this is the recommended setting on Unix ("core.autocrlf" is set to "input").

☐ **Checkout as-is, commit as-is**

Git will not perform any conversions when checking out or committing text files. Choosing this option is not recommended for cross-platform projects ("core.autocrlf" is set to "false").

<https://git-for-windows.github.io/>

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Cancel

Configuring the terminal emulator to use with Git Bash

Which terminal emulator do you want to use with your Git Bash?

☒ **Use MinTTY (the default terminal of MSYS2)**

Git Bash will use MinTTY as terminal emulator, which sports a resizable window, non-rectangular selections and a Unicode font. Windows console programs (such as interactive Python) must be launched via `wintpy` to work in MinTTY.

☐ **Use Windows' default console window**

Git will use the default console window of Windows (`cmd.exe`), which works well with Win32 console programs such as interactive Python or `node.js`, but has a very limited default scroll-back, needs to be configured to use a Unicode font in order to display non-ASCII characters correctly, and prior to Windows 10 its window was not freely resizable and it only allowed rectangular text selections.

<https://git-for-windows.github.io/>

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Cancel

Configuring extra options

Which features would you like to enable?

☒ **Enable file system caching**

File system data will be read in bulk and cached in memory for certain operations (`core.fscache` is set to `true`). This provides a significant performance boost.

☒ **Enable Git Credential Manager**

The [Git Credential Manager](#) for Windows provides secure Git credential storage for Windows, most notably multi-factor authentication support for Visual Studio Team Services and GitHub. (requires .NET framework v4.5.1 or or later)

<https://git-for-windows.github.io/>

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Install

Cancel

Completing the Git Setup Wizard

Setup has finished installing Git on your computer. The application may be launched by selecting the installed shortcuts.

Click Finish to exit Setup.



☐ Launch Git Bash

☒ View Release Notes

Finish