# 計算機組織與結構 - HOMEWORK1

#### 撰寫MIPS程式(共題,100分,滿分100分)

請於2022/10/25前上傳至eschool作業區繳交

請安裝QtSpim (http://spimsimulator.sourceforge.net/) 模擬器

- ,並請詳細參考課本<u>第二章及附錄A</u>的介紹,於QtSpim模 擬器環境下,撰寫一完整的MIPS核心指令集版本的程式
  - 。(需貼完整程式碼,截圖呈現結果並文字說明。)
- (1)實作第二章2.7小節範例if-then-else (中英文版90頁),請自行完成變數設定,觀察暫存器及記憶體狀態並說明程式之運作。(50分)
- (2)實作第二章2.7小節範例while迴圈 (中英文版92頁),請自行完成變數設定,觀察暫存器及記憶體狀態並說明程式之運作。(50分) Asian Edition

### 計算機組織與設計

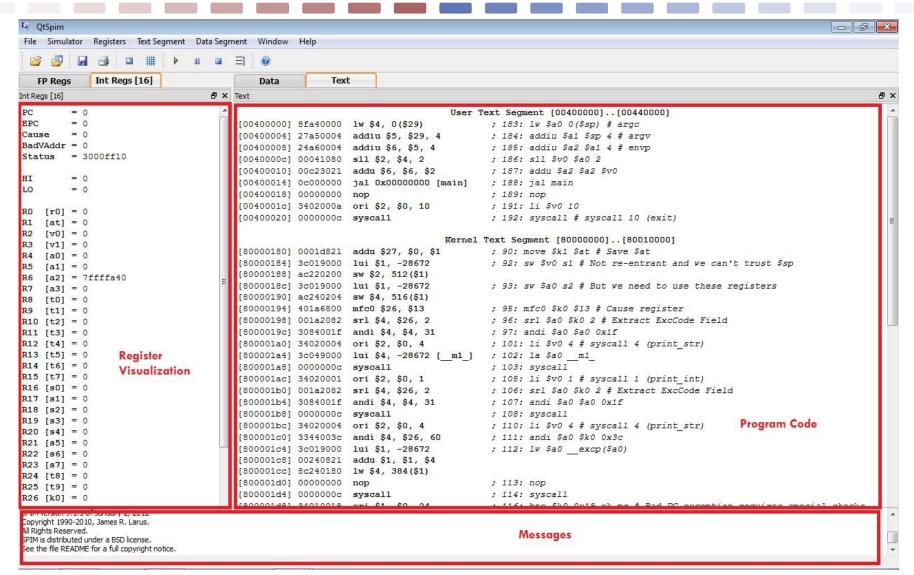
Computer Organization and Design

### **QtSpim**

- spim is a simulator that runs MIPS32 programs
- It's been around for more than 20 years (improving over time).
- QtSpim is a new interface for *spim* built on the Qt UI framework which supports various platforms (Windows, Mac, Linux)
- It reads and executes assembly language programs.
- It contains a simple debugger

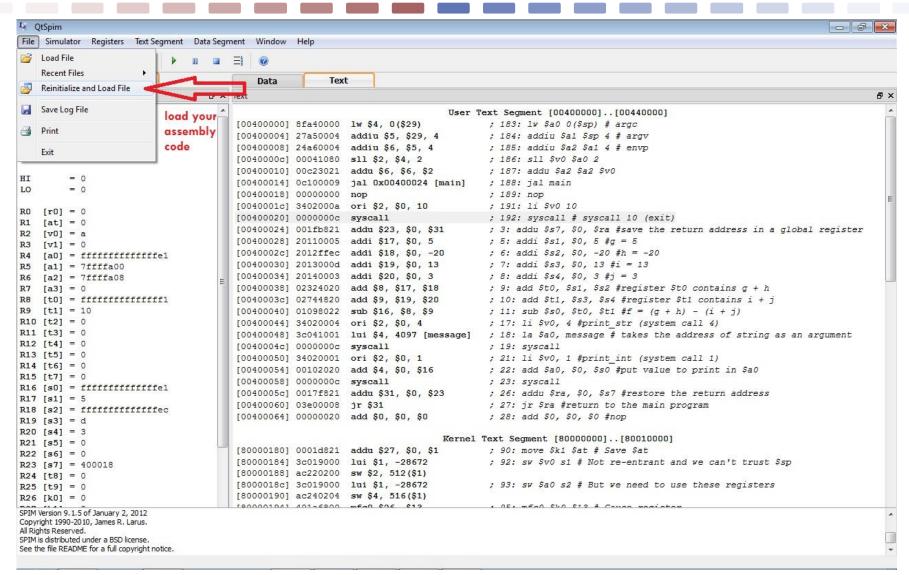


#### Start SPIM



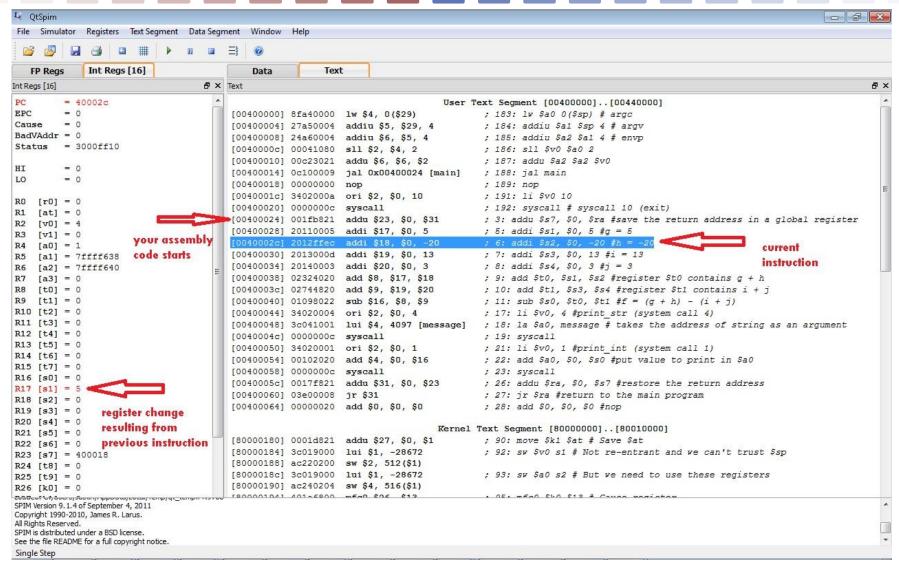


### **Load Program**



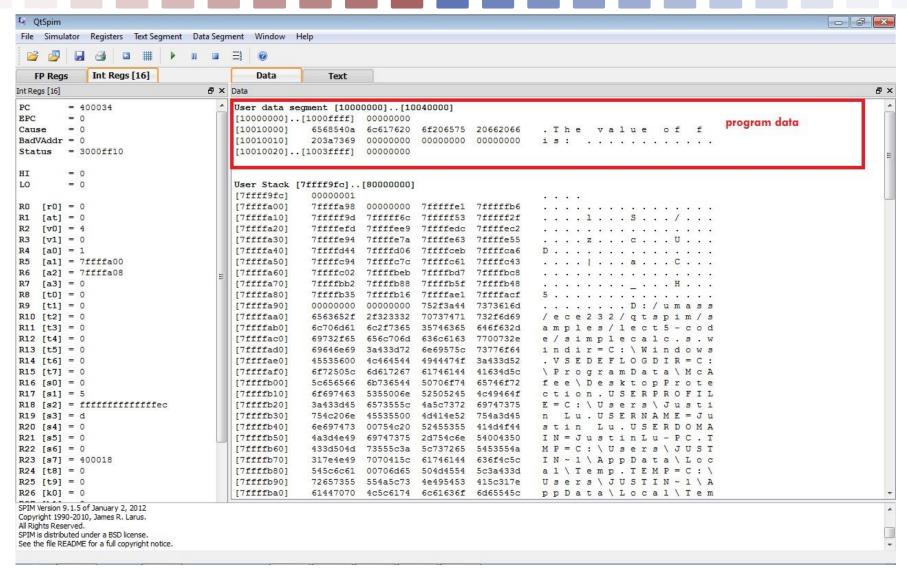


## **Execute Program**





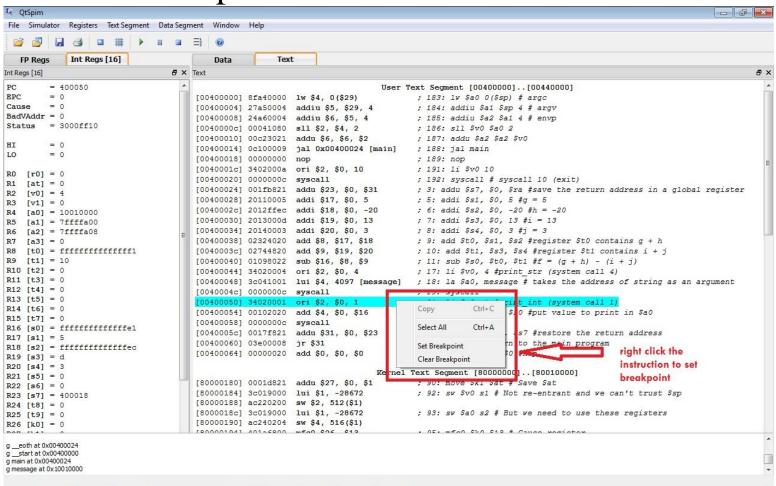
## Program data





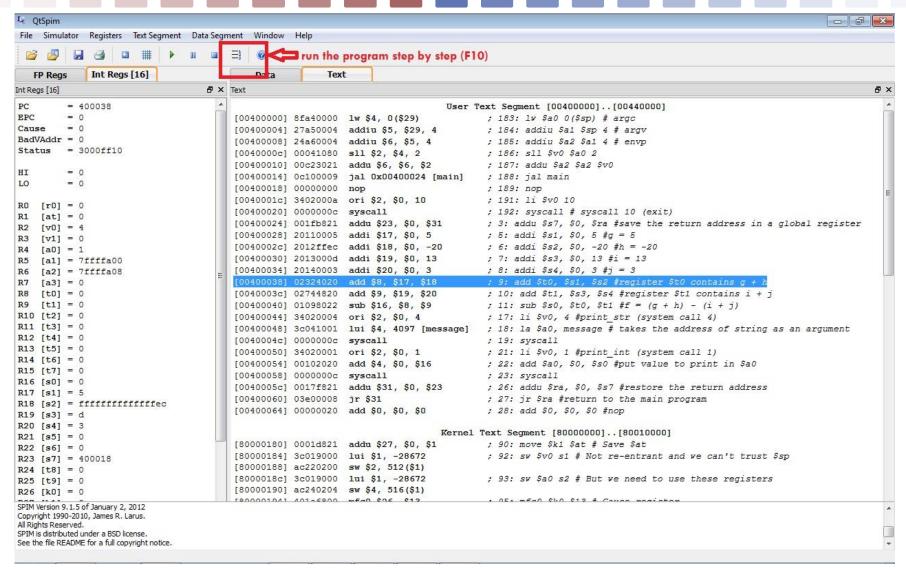
# Set a break point

Set a break point at the conditional instruction





# Debug by stepping your code line by line





#### MIPS Hello World

```
# Hello, World!
                           ## Data declaration section
         .data
## String to be printed:
out_string: .asciiz "\nHello, World!\n"
         .text
                           ## Assembly language instructions go in text segment
                           ## Start of code section
main:
         li $v0, 4
                                     \# system call code for printing string = 4
                                     # load address of string to be printed into $a0
         la $a0, out_string
                                     # call operating system to perform operation
         syscall
                                     # specified in $v0
                                     # syscall takes its arguments from $a0, $a1, ...
         li $v0, 10
                                     # terminate program
         syscall
```



