

STRUCTURAL WIND ENGINEERING

Roland Wüchner Máté Péntek Anoop Kodakkal



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Kratos 3D CFD Tutorial



The aim of this tutorial is to do the postprocessing of an already existing result file and import a given geometry.

Covered topics:

- Post processing of results
- Using a 3D Geometry from a CAD software

Disclaimer: This example serves the sole educational purpose of demonstrating how to postprocess a 3D CFD case. It also includes note how an example case could be set up from CAD data.

Technical note: Tested on 04.12.2019, works with GiD 14.1.7d and the pre-release of the Kratos problemtype (7.1) on Windows 10 and Ubuntu 18 64 bit.



Solution Postprocessing

Load the results



- Previous Task 2 (3D CFD-analysis) takes too long to compute during the tutorials
- To see the results, download the pre-calculated result file
- To load the provided results, go to postprocessing
- Load the providedpost.bin file



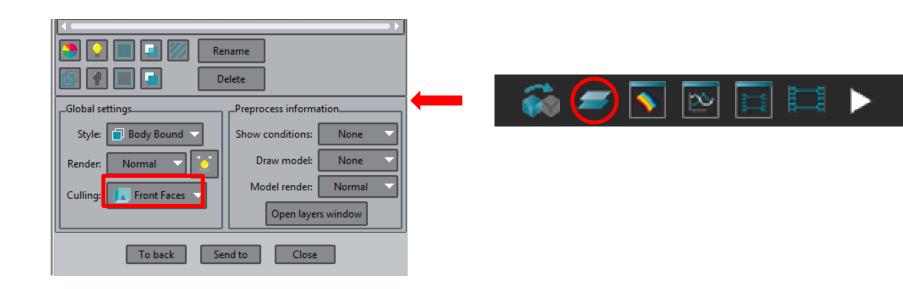
Alternative:

- Although you can solve the previous problem with the created mesh, it is by far too coarse to get reasonable results. But it can be done for the purpose to practice
- The following slides deal with results from a different structure (different values to your 3D calculation)
- The result files of a computation with a reasonable fine are provided to do the postprocessing in CFD_HighRiseExampleFine/cfd.gid (via a download link)
- Additional information and useful files saved from postprocessing in CFD_HighRiseExampleFine\additional_information_and_data/
- Auxiliaryfiles in CFD_HighRiseExampleFine\auxiliary_files/

Post processing



- Play around with the results and the visualization
- Plot and animate the results for the velocity and the pressure and compare them
- To view the interior of the model
 Window → View style
- In the Select & Display Style window, select Culling: Front Faces



Post processing



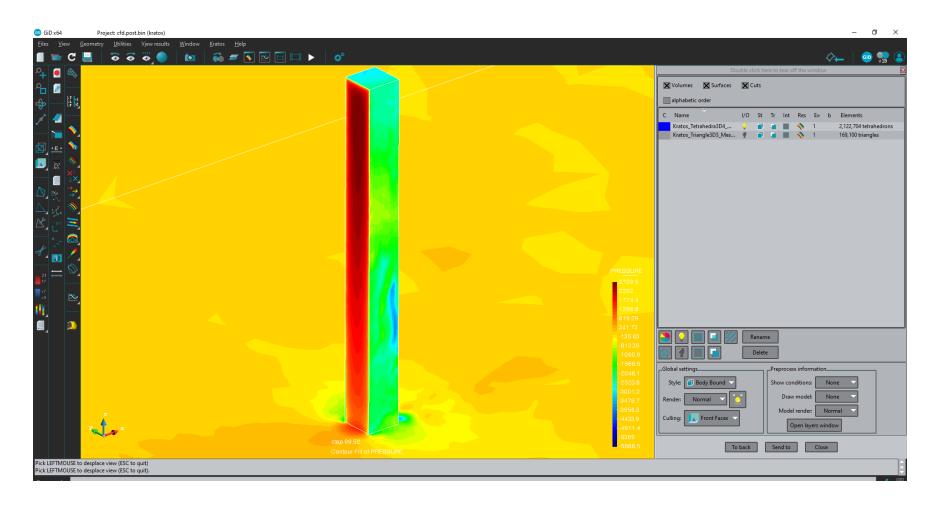
Results for *pressure* in the last timestep:

Select the time step here alphabetic order Kratos_Tetrahedra3D4_... 2,122,704 tetrahedrons Kratos_Triangle3D3_Mes... PRESSURE 1296.8 341.73 -135.83 -613.39 Delete -1090.9 -1568.5 -2046.1 -2523.6 Style: Body Bound -3001.2 -3956.3 Normal Culling: Front Faces Open layers window step 99.52 Contour Fill of PRESSURE. 'PRESSURE': Min = -5866.5 (id:109308), Max = 2729.5 (id:100285) for All Sets

Post processing



• Close-up of the structure:



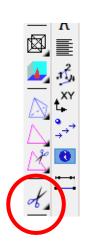
Using cuts

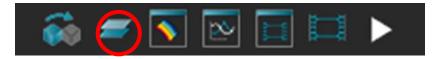


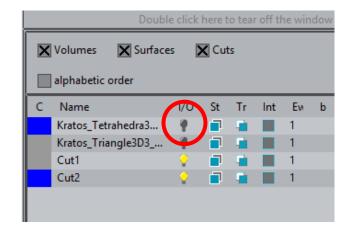
- View the results of an arbitrary plane using a cut
- Define a cut using
 Geometry→ Cut plane → 3 points
- Use these points (type this in command line one by one):

Cut plane X	2/3 H Y	2/3H Z (alt.)	2/3H (Tut. 3)	
0.0	0.0	400.0	65.0	_
1.0	0.0	400.0	65.0	
1.0	1.0	400.0	65.0	

- To view just the cut:
 - Click on View Style option
 - Turn off the light bulbs next to the Kratos entries
 - Select Culling: No



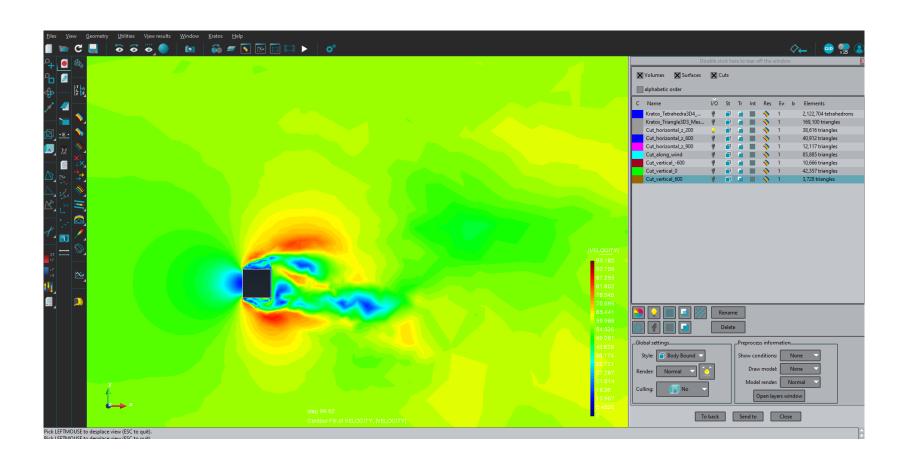




Post processing - cuts



- Visualize the time evolution of the velocity using Ctrl + m
- The figure shows results for magnitude of velocity in the last timestep (using the first cut):



Using cuts



- Create additional horizontal and vertical cuts
- Export the cuts

Cuts can be reused

$$Files \rightarrow Import \rightarrow Cut \dots$$

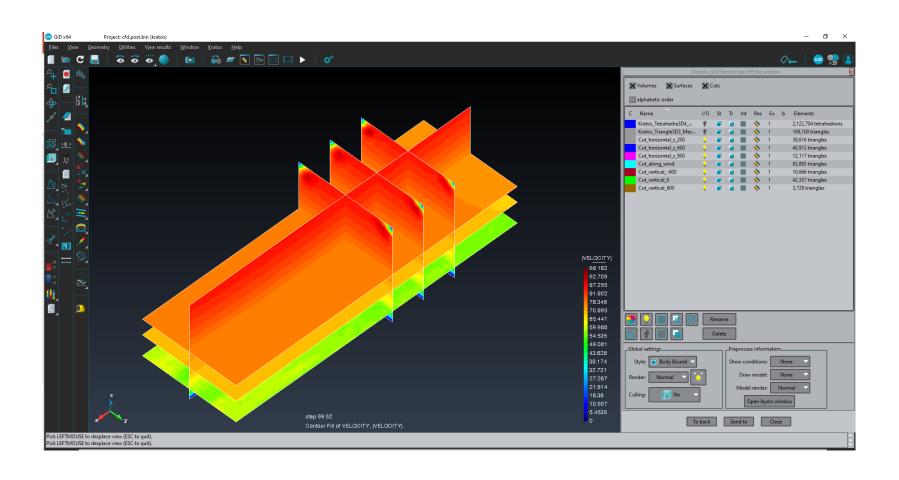
Play around with different plane coordinates

Horizontal X	for example Y	Z
0	0	200
1	0	200
1	1	200
0	0	600
1	0	600
1	1	600
0	0	900
1	0	900
1	1	900

Vertical	for example	
X	Υ	Z
0	0	0
1	0	0
1	0	1
-600	0	0
-600	1	0
-600	1	1
_		
0	0	0
0	1	0
0	1	1
600	0	0
		_
600	1	0
600	1	1

Using cuts





Using graphs



Create a graph with several points at the inlet and the building

View Results
$$\rightarrow$$
 Graphs \rightarrow *Line graphs* \rightarrow *VELOCITY* \rightarrow *X_VELOCITY*

Exports the graph

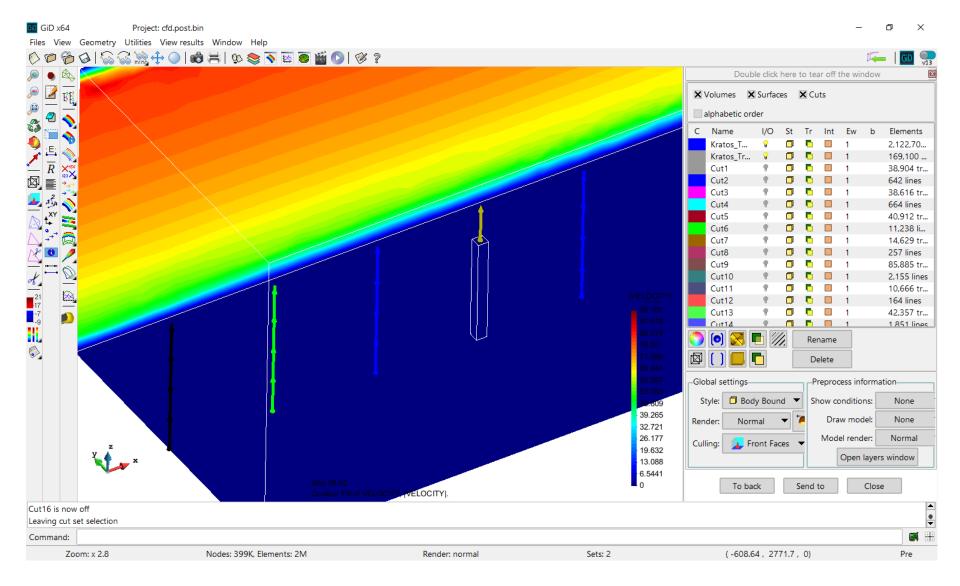
Graph can be reused

In the *.grf file you have all the numerical data to create plots in Excel, Python etc. for your project report and presentation.

Graphs	for example		
X	Υ	Z	
-600	0	0	at the inlet
-600	0	500	
1200	0	0	
1200	0	0	
1200	0	500	
200	0	0	
-300	0		
-300	0	500	
0	0	600	at the building
0	0	900	
600	0	0	
	_	•	
600	0	500	

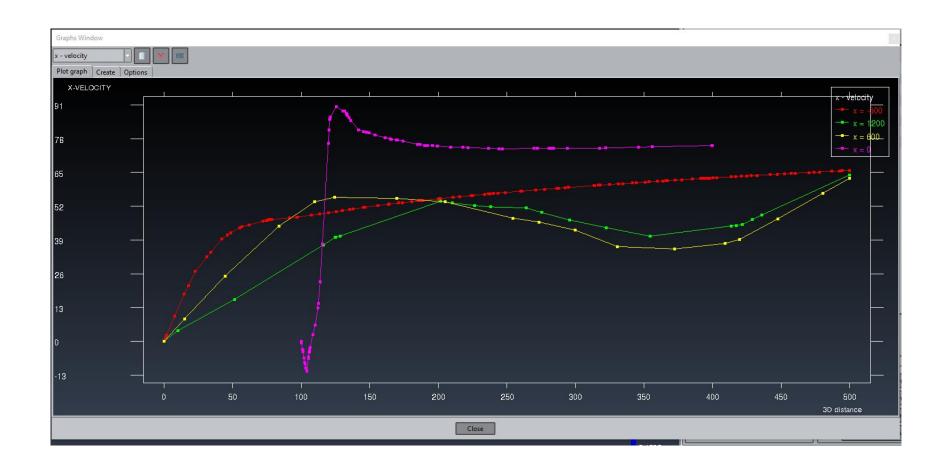
Using graphs





Using graphs





Using streamlines



 Create streamlines, for e.g. along lines (defined by X, Y, Z of the start and end points), like shown in the table (they are for a certain time step)

View Results → Streamlines → Along line → Velocity

Change the color property of the streamlines

Utilities → *Preferences* → *Postprocess* → *Streamlines* → *Color mode* → *Stream contour filled*

Exports streamlines

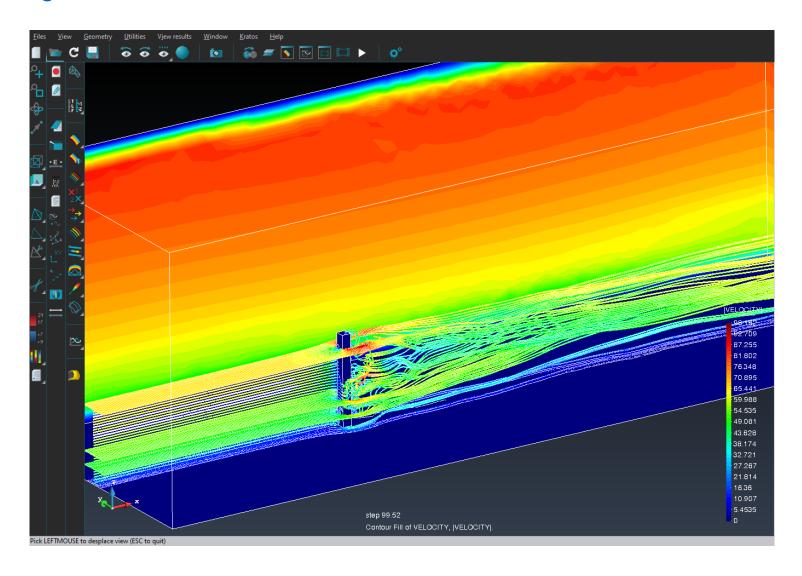
Files → *Export* → *Post information* → *Streamlines*

Streamlines can be reused

Streamline			
X	Υ	Z	
-200	0	0	
-200	0	$500 \rightarrow 30 \ points$	
-120	-120	10	
-120	120	$10 \rightarrow 20 \ points$	
-120	-120	100	
-120	120	100 \rightarrow 20 points	
-120	-120	190	
-120	120	190 \rightarrow 20 points	
-120	120	190 20 points	

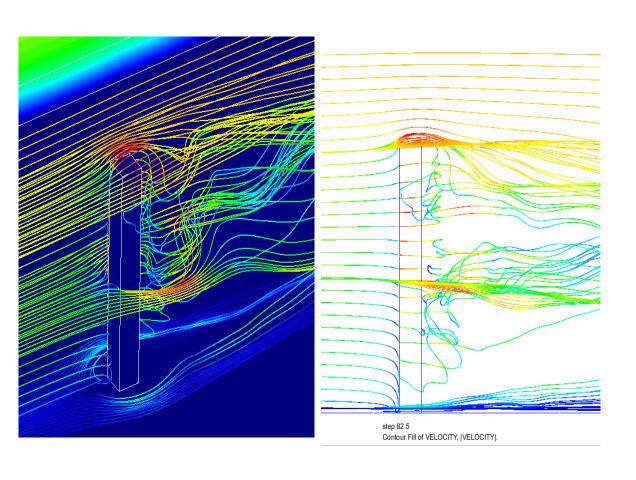
Using streamlines

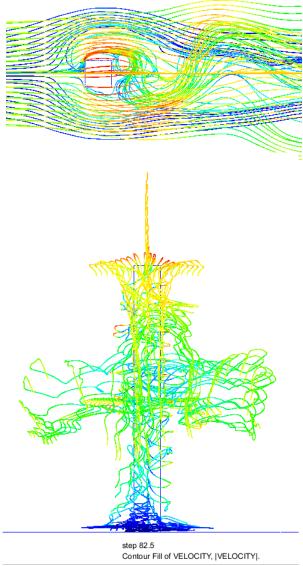




Using streamlines



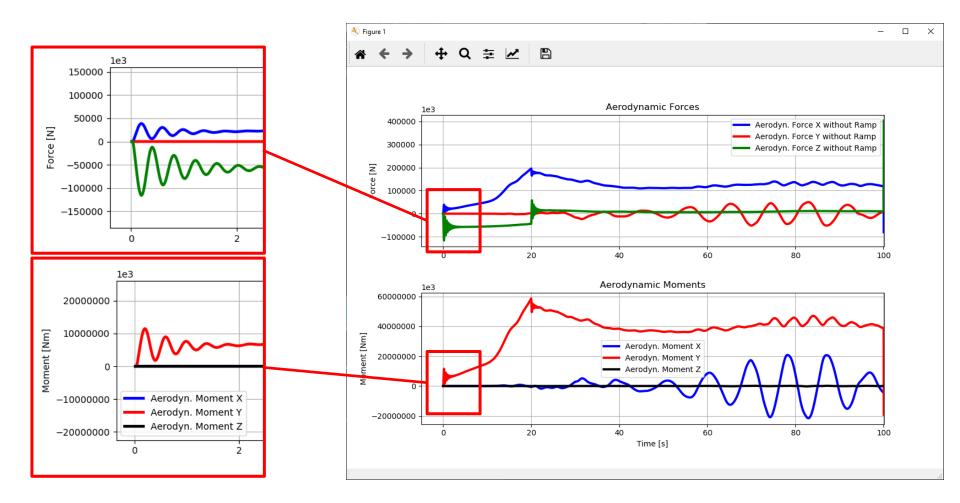




Aerodynamic results



- Copy "plot_custom_aerodynamic_force_results.py" into your GID project folder and run the python file
- The results should look like this:





Using a 3D geometry from a CAD software

→ suggested task for individual work, useful for projects

Kratos 3D Fluid Tutorial – real geometry



In this tutorial it is shown how to edit geometries in GiD 15. Useful commands are presented at the example of the Dubai Peark.

Covered topics:

- Cleanup of CAD-geometries
- Creating and meshing fluid domains

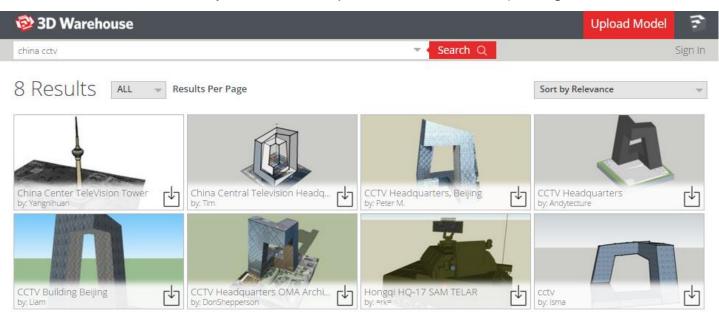


[http://blog.blockbrief.com/wp-content/uploads/2014/10/Dubai-Pearl.jpg]





You can create 3D models on your own or import some available (for e.g. from 3D Warehouse)



Necessary steps:

- 1. Import the SketchUp file format *.skp to AutoCAD using this plugin
- Export a common CAD format such as *.dxf, *.stl, etc.
- 3. Import the more common format into GiD
- 4. Clean and prepare the geometry for a CFD simulation \rightarrow see steps on the following slides

Cleaning and preparing the geometry is necessary because for CFD you need to avoid overlapping geometric entities as in the end you will need a so-called "watertight" geometry for meshing and simulation.



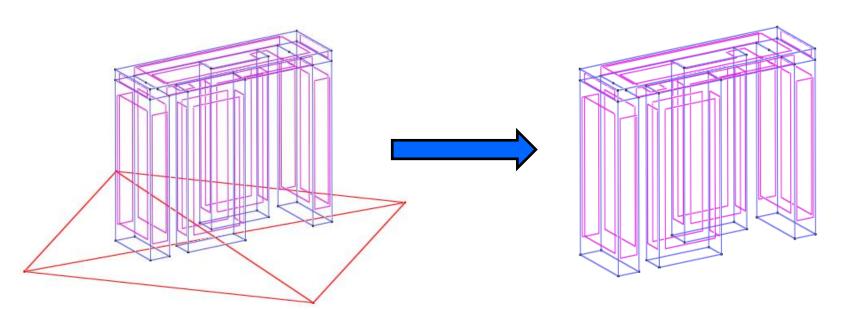
Cleaning the Geometry



Load the geometry you want to edit Files → Open... Ctrl + oor

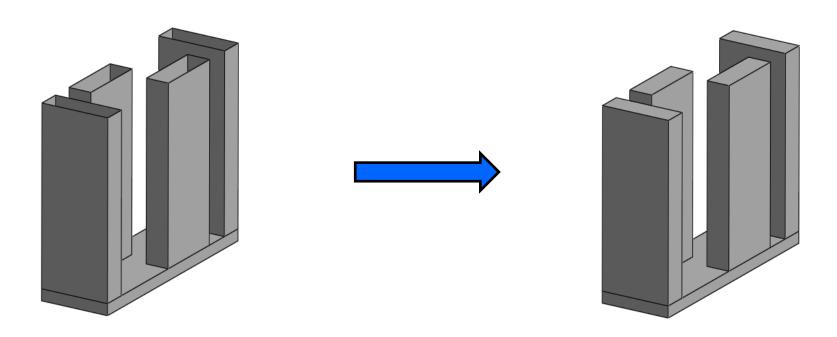


- To create a mesh, one first needs to create a volume
 - => This is not possible if the body is not fully closed by surfaces
- Delete "artificial" lines unnecessary points by:
 Geometry → Delete → All types



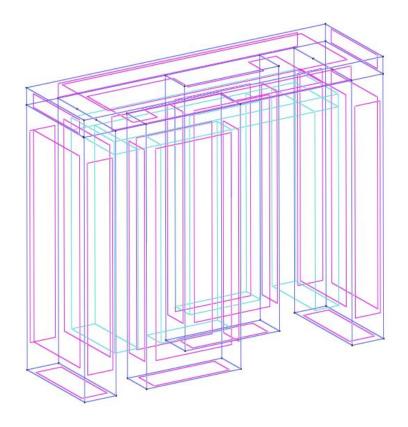


- Find missing surfaces by changing the Render (switch from Normal to Flat)
 View→ Render → Normal / Flat
- Rotate the model to find the missing surfaces
- Create missing surfaces



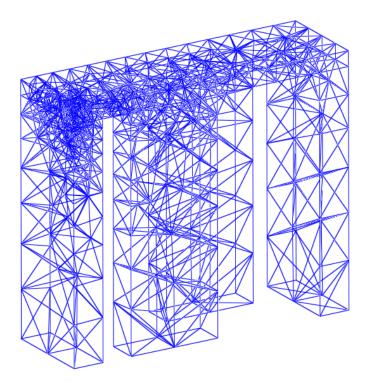


- Create a volume by selecting all surfaces
- If no volume can be created, it is an indicator, that there is something wrong with the geometry!



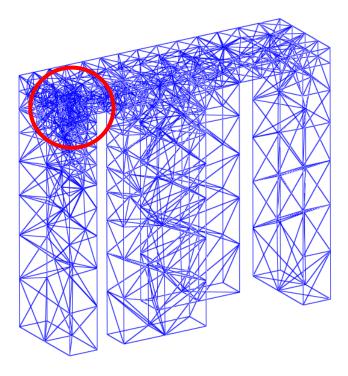


- To check the quality of the geometry, mesh the structure:
 - First reset all mesh data
 - *Mesh* → *Reset mesh data*
 - Create the mesh using "10000" as element size



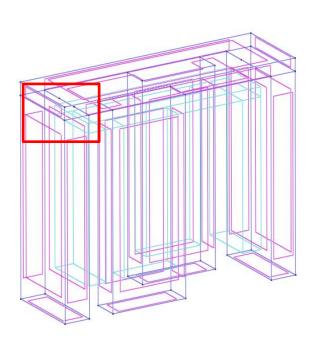


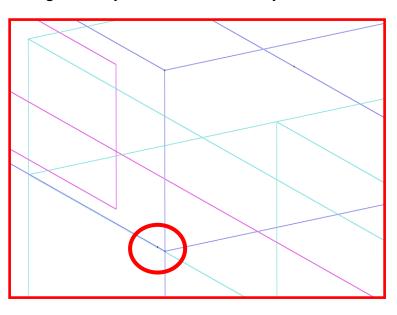
- Check the quality of the mesh
- In this example there is an unfortunate concentration of small elements in one corner
- This is an effect of an uncleaned geometry





Switch back to geometry view and investigate the geometry in this area closely





- Some tiny line segments exist, that causes the fine mesh in this area.
- Check the model for further very small primitives
- This is a typical result form importing CAD-geometries!

Geometry – cleaning up



- One way to (automatically) clean the model is to collapse it
 Geometry → Edit → Collapse → Model
- This option joins small entities to larger one
- Using the automatic model collapsing is not always a good idea, especially if small features want to be resolved.
- Therefore, cleaning up the geometry can also be done manually. GiD provides many functionalities to so.

Geometry → Edit



- Re-mesh the model
- The mesh is a lot more homogeneous than before

