Project presentation

Machine Learning and Big Data Processing(ELEC-Y591)

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Outline

- Context
- 2 Approach
- 3 Results

Context

Objective: challenge the anonymization of published data. Mainly two methods exist.

- Graph matching: social network attacks. Example: link Flicker and Twitter accounts.
- Similarity matching: use similar features between target and auxiliary information. Example: link tweets to resumes.

This project tackles the **Netflix prize dataset** attack.

Matching

Similarity matching:

$$Sim(r_1, r_2) = \frac{\sum Sim_{\cos}(r_{1i}, r_{2i})}{|supp(r_1) \cup supp(r_2)|}$$

Adapted to the dataset: rating ρ and timestamp d, giving more value to statistically rare elements.

$$Score(r, aux) = \sum_{i \in supp(aux)} \frac{1}{\log|supp(i)|} \left(e^{-\frac{|\rho_i - \rho_i'|}{\rho_0}} + e^{-\frac{|d_i - d_i'|}{d_0}} \right)$$

Matching

```
for each record r_i in R do
        for each entry aux_i in aux do
2:
            Compute Score(r_i, aux_i)
3:
       end for
4:
        Compute \sigma_S = \text{stdev}(Score)
5:
        Find S_1 = \max(Score(r_i, aux))
6:
        Find S_2 = \max(Score(r_i, aux) \setminus \{S_1\})
7:
        Compute \phi = (S_1 - S_2)/\sigma_S
8:
        if \phi > 1.5 then
9:
           Match found!
10:
        end if
11:
12: end for
```

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Data overview

The Netflix dataset

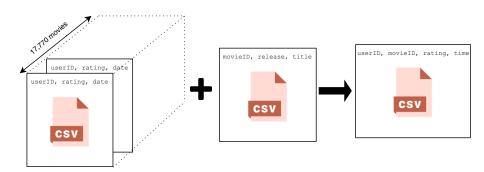
- 5.5 GB of data
- 17,770 movies
- 480,000 users
- $\bullet \simeq 100$ million ratings

${\it against}$

The MovieLens dataset

- 875.6 MB of data
- 27,278 movies
- 138,493 users
- $\bullet \simeq 20$ million ratings

Netflix data reshaping



Data filtering

- Discard MovieLens entries based on timestamps.
- ② Discard all movies not present on both datasets. A movie was uniquely identified by its title and release date.
 - ▲"Lord of the Rings, The" and "The Lord of the Rings (2001)"
- Recast timestamps: from YYYY-MM-DD and elapsed seconds to common reference.
- Rounded MovieLens ratings.

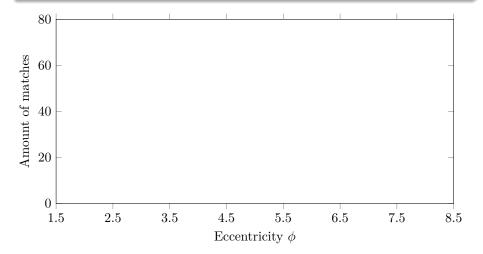
 \implies 5800 common movies, 52,875 users remaining in ML and 478,756 in Netflix.

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Matches

- 3600 Netflix and 3000 MovieLens users
- a few more than 800 matches, 5 with $\phi > 7$



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Validation

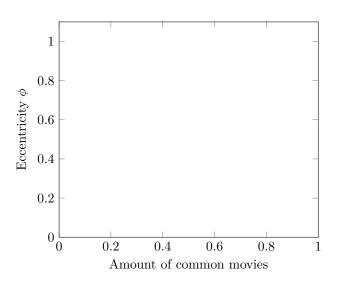
How to validate the results?

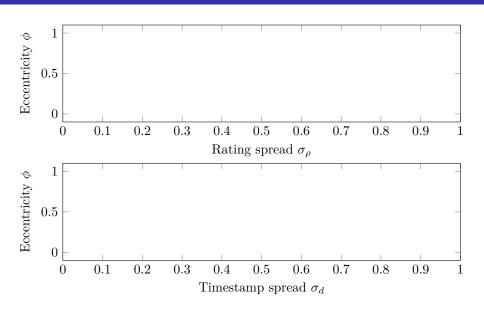
• No knowledge of the ground truth of matching users

Validation procedure

- Put a dummy user in both datasets
- Vary the number of common movies
- Perturb the rating and the timestamp with uniform distributed noise

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14 / 1

Conclusion

- $\phi_{\rm max} \approx 8.5$ while the validation process showed $\phi > 30$
- The original Netflix attack: $\phi_{\text{match}} = \{18, 25\}$
- \Rightarrow cannot conclude statistical quasi-certainty of de-anonymization

Possible improvements

- \bullet Use more than 0.04 % of the possible user combinations
- Tuning of the parameters ϕ, d_0, ρ_0
- Add more features (e.g. movie genres)
- Increase the errors impact on the scoring

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