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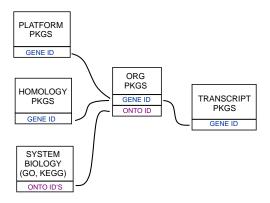


Figure 1: Annotation Packages: the big picture

Bioconductor provides extensive annotation resources. These can be *gene centric*, or *genome centric*. Annotations can be provided in packages curated by *Bioconductor*, or obtained from web-based resources. This vignette is primarily concerned with describing the annotation resources that are available as packages. More advanced users who wish to learn about how to make new annotation packages should see the vignette titled "Creating select Interfaces for custom Annotation resources" from the *AnnotationForge* package.

Gene centric AnnotationDbi packages include:

- Organism level: e.g. org.Mm.eg.db.
- Platform level: e.g. hgu133plus2.db, hgu133plus2.probes, hgu133plus2.cdf.
- Homology level: e.g. hom.Dm.inp.db.
- System-biology level: GO.db

Genome centric GenomicFeatures packages include

- Transcriptome level: e.g. TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene, EnsDb.Hsapiens.v75.
- Generic genome features: Can generate via GenomicFeatures

One web-based resource accesses biomart, via the biomaRt package:

• Query web-based 'biomart' resource for genes, sequence, SNPs, and etc.

The most popular annotation packages have been modified so that they can make use of a new set of methods to more easily access their contents. These four methods are named: columns, keytypes, keys and select. And they are described in this vignette. They can currently be used with all chip, organism, and *TxDb* packages along with the popular GO.db package.

For the older less popular packages, there are still conventient ways to retrieve the data. The *How to use bimaps from the ".db" annotation packages* vignette in the *AnnotationDbi* package is a key reference for learnign about how to use bimap objects.

Finally, all of the '.db' (and most other *Bioconductor* annotation packages) are updated every 6 months corresponding to each release of *Bioconductor*. Exceptions are made for packages where the actual resources that the packages are based on have not themselves been updated.

0.1 AnnotationDb objects and the select method

As previously mentioned, a new set of methods have been added that allow a simpler way of extracting identifier based annotations. All the annotation packages that support these new methods expose an object named exactly the same as the package itself. These objects are collectively called *AnntoationDb* objects for the class that they all inherit from. The more specific classes (the ones that you will actually see in the wild) have names like *OrgDb*, *ChipDb* or *TxDb* objects. These names correspond to the kind of package (and underlying schema) being represented. The methods that can be applied to all of these objects are columns, keys, keytypes and select.

In addition, another accessor has recently been added which allows extraction of one column at at time. the mapIds method allows users to extract data into either a named character vector, a list or even a SimpleCharacterList. This method should work with all the different kinds of *AnntoationDb* objects described below.

0.2 ChipDb objects and the select method

An extremely common kind of Annotation package is the so called platform based or chip based package type. This package is intended to make the manufacturer labels for a series of probes or probesets to a wide range of gene-based features. A package of this kind will load an *ChipDb* object. Below is a set of examples to show how you might use the standard 4 methods to interact with an object of this type.

First we need to load the package:

library(hgu95av2.db)

If we list the contents of this package, we can see that one of the many things loaded is an object named after the package "hgu95av2.db":

```
ls("package:hgu95av2.db")
## [1] "hgu95av2"
                                 "hqu95av2.db"
                                                          "hqu95av2ACCNUM"
## [4] "hqu95av2ALIAS2PR0BE"
                                 "hgu95av2CHR"
                                                          "hgu95av2CHRLENGTHS"
## [7] "hqu95av2CHRL0C"
                                                          "hgu95av2ENSEMBL"
                                 "hgu95av2CHRL0CEND"
## [10] "hqu95av2ENSEMBL2PR0BE" "hqu95av2ENTREZID"
                                                          "hqu95av2ENZYME"
## [13] "hqu95av2ENZYME2PR0BE"
                                 "hgu95av2GENENAME"
                                                          "hau95av2G0"
## [16] "hgu95av2G02ALLPR0BES"
                                                          "hgu95av2MAP"
                                 "hgu95av2G02PR0BE"
## [19] "hgu95av2MAPCOUNTS"
                                 "hgu95av20MIM"
                                                          "hgu95av20RGANISM"
## [22] "hgu95av20RGPKG"
                                 "hgu95av2PATH"
                                                          "hgu95av2PATH2PR0BE"
                                                          "hgu95av2PMID2PR0BE"
## [25] "hgu95av2PFAM"
                                 "hqu95av2PMID"
                                 "hqu95av2REFSEQ"
                                                          "hgu95av2SYMB0L"
## [28] "hgu95av2PR0SITE"
## [31] "hgu95av2UNIGENE"
                                 "hgu95av2UNIPROT"
                                                          "hqu95av2_dbInfo"
## [34] "hgu95av2_dbconn"
                                 "hgu95av2_dbfile"
                                                          "hgu95av2_dbschema"
```

We can look at this object to learn more about it:

```
hqu95av2.db
## ChipDb object:
## | DBSCHEMAVERSION: 2.1
## | Db type: ChipDb
## | Supporting package: AnnotationDbi
## | DBSCHEMA: HUMANCHIP_DB
## | ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
## | SPECIES: Human
## | MANUFACTURER: Affymetrix
## | CHIPNAME: Human Genome U95 Set
## | MANUFACTURERURL: http://www.affymetrix.com/support/technical/byproduct.affx?product=hgu95
## | EGSOURCEDATE: 2015-Sep27
## | EGSOURCENAME: Entrez Gene
## | EGSOURCEURL: ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA
## | CENTRALID: ENTREZID
## | TAXID: 9606
## | GOSOURCENAME: Gene Ontology
## | GOSOURCEURL: ftp://ftp.geneontology.org/pub/go/godatabase/archive/latest-lite/
## | GOSOURCEDATE: 20150919
## | GOEGSOURCEDATE: 2015-Sep27
## | GOEGSOURCENAME: Entrez Gene
## | GOEGSOURCEURL: ftp://ftp.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/DATA
## | KEGGSOURCENAME: KEGG GENOME
## | KEGGSOURCEURL: ftp://ftp.genome.jp/pub/kegg/genomes
## | KEGGSOURCEDATE: 2011-Mar15
## | GPSOURCENAME: UCSC Genome Bioinformatics (Homo sapiens)
## | GPSOURCEURL: ftp://hgdownload.cse.ucsc.edu/goldenPath/hg19
## | GPSOURCEDATE: 2010-Mar22
```

```
## | ENSOURCEDATE: 2015-Jul16
## | ENSOURCENAME: Ensembl

## | ENSOURCEURL: ftp://ftp.ensembl.org/pub/current_fasta
## | UPSOURCENAME: Uniprot

## | UPSOURCEURL: http://www.uniprot.org/
## | UPSOURCEDATE: Thu Oct 1 23:31:58 2015

##

## Please see: help('select') for usage information
```

If we want to know what kinds of data are retriveable via **select**, then we should use the **columns** method like this:

```
columns(hgu95av2.db)
   [1] "ACCNUM"
                        "ALIAS"
                                       "ENSEMBL"
                                                       "ENSEMBLPROT"
##
   [5] "ENSEMBLTRANS" "ENTREZID"
                                       "ENZYME"
                                                       "EVIDENCE"
   [9] "EVIDENCEALL" "GENENAME"
                                       "G0"
                                                       "GOALL"
## [13] "IPI"
                        "MAP"
                                       "MIMO"
                                                       "ONTOLOGY"
## [17] "ONTOLOGYALL"
                       "PATH"
                                       "PFAM"
                                                       "PMID"
                                                       "SYMBOL"
## [21] "PROBEID"
                        "PROSITE"
                                       "REFSEQ"
## [25] "UCSCKG"
                        "UNIGENE"
                                       "UNIPROT"
```

If we are further curious to know more about those values for columns, we can consult the help pages. Asking about any of these values will pull up a manual page describing the different fields and what they mean.

```
help("SYMBOL")
```

If we are curious about what kinds of fields we could potentiall use as keys to query the database, we can use the keytypes method. In a perfect world, this method will return values very similar to what was returned by columns, but in reality, some kinds of values make poor keys and so this list is often shorter.

```
keytypes(hgu95av2.db)
   [1] "ACCNUM"
                        "ALIAS"
                                        "ENSEMBL"
                                                        "ENSEMBLPROT"
   [5] "ENSEMBLTRANS" "ENTREZID"
                                        "ENZYME"
                                                        "EVIDENCE"
## [9] "EVIDENCEALL"
                        "GENENAME"
                                        "G0"
                                                        "GOALL"
## [13] "IPI"
                        "MAP"
                                                        "ONTOLOGY"
                                        "MIMO"
## [17] "ONTOLOGYALL"
                        "PATH"
                                        "PFAM"
                                                        "PMID"
## [21] "PROBEID"
                        "PROSITE"
                                                        "SYMBOL"
                                        "REFSEQ"
## [25] "UCSCKG"
                        "UNIGENE"
                                        "UNIPROT"
```

If we want to extract some sample keys of a particular type, we can use the keys method.

```
head(keys(hgu95av2.db, keytype="SYMBOL"))
## [1] "A1BG" "A2M" "A2MP1" "NAT1" "NAT2" "NATP"
```

And finally, if we have some keys, we can use **select** to extract them. By simply using appropriate argument values with select we can specify what keys we want to look up values for (keys), what we want returned back (columns) and the type of keys that we are passing in (keytype)

```
#1st get some example keys
k <- head(keys(hgu95av2.db,keytype="PR0BEID"))</pre>
# then call select
select(hgu95av2.db, keys=k, columns=c("SYMBOL","GENENAME"), keytype="PROBEID")
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
       PROBEID SYMBOL
##
      1000_at MAPK3
## 1
## 2
      1001_at
                 TIE1
## 3 1002_f_at CYP2C19
## 4 1003_s_at CXCR5
## 5
      1004_at CXCR5
## 6
      1005_at DUSP1
##
                                                             GENENAME
## 1
                                  mitogen-activated protein kinase 3
## 2 tyrosine kinase with immunoglobulin like and EGF like domains 1
## 3
                      cytochrome P450 family 2 subfamily C member 19
## 4
                                    C-X-C motif chemokine receptor 5
                                    C-X-C motif chemokine receptor 5
## 5
## 6
                                      dual specificity phosphatase 1
```

And as you can see, when you call the code above, select will try to return a data.frame with all the things you asked for matched up to each other.

Finally if you wanted to extract only one column of data you could instead use the maplds method like this:

```
##
                                                              1002_f_at
##
                     "cytochrome P450 family 2 subfamily C member 19"
##
                                                              1003_s_at
                                    "C-X-C motif chemokine receptor 5"
##
##
                                                                1004_at
##
                                    "C-X-C motif chemokine receptor 5"
                                                                1005_at
##
                                      "dual specificity phosphatase 1"
##
```

0.3 OrgDb objects and the select method

An organism level package (an 'org' package) uses a central gene identifier (e.g. Entrez Gene id) and contains mappings between this identifier and other kinds of identifiers (e.g. GenBank or Uniprot accession number, RefSeq id, etc.). The name of an org package is always of the form org. <Ab>. <id>.db (e.g. org.Sc.sgd.db) where <Ab> is a 2-letter abbreviation of the organism (e.g. Sc for Saccharomyces cerevisiae) and <id> is an abbreviation (in lower-case) describing the type of central identifier (e.g. sgd for gene identifiers assigned by the Saccharomyces Genome Database, or eg for Entrez Gene ids).

Just as the chip packages load a *ChipDb* object, the org packages will load a *OrgDb* object. The following exercise should acquaint you with the use of these methods in the context of an organism package.

Exercise 1

Display the OrgDb object for the org. Hs. eg. db package.

Use the columns method to discover which sorts of annotations can be extracted from it. Is this the same as the result from the keytypes method? Use the keytypes method to find out.

Finally, use the keys method to extract UNIPROT identifiers and then pass those keys in to the select method in such a way that you extract the gene symbol and KEGG pathway information for each. Use the help system as needed to learn which values to pass in to columns in order to achieve this.

Solution:

```
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
columns(org.Hs.eg.db)
##
    [1] "ACCNUM"
                        "ALIAS"
                                        "ENSEMBL"
                                                        "ENSEMBLPROT"
    [5] "ENSEMBLTRANS" "ENTREZID"
                                        "ENZYME"
                                                        "EVIDENCE"
   [9] "EVIDENCEALL"
                        "GENENAME"
                                        "G0"
                                                        "GOALL"
## [13] "IPI"
                        "MAP"
                                                        "ONTOLOGY"
                                        "MIMO"
                                                        "PMID"
## [17] "ONTOLOGYALL"
                        "PATH"
                                        "PFAM"
```

```
## [21] "PROSITE"
                                      "SYMBOL"
                                                     "UCSCKG"
                       "REFSEQ"
## [25] "UNIGENE"
                       "UNIPROT"
help("SYMBOL") ## for explanation of these columns and keytypes values
keytypes(org.Hs.eg.db)
## [1] "ACCNUM"
                                      "ENSEMBL"
                                                     "ENSEMBLPROT"
                       "ALIAS"
## [5] "ENSEMBLTRANS" "ENTREZID"
                                      "ENZYME"
                                                     "EVIDENCE"
## [9] "EVIDENCEALL"
                       "GENENAME"
                                      "G0"
                                                     "GOALL"
## [13] "IPI"
                       "MAP"
                                      "MIMO"
                                                     "ONTOLOGY"
## [17] "ONTOLOGYALL"
                       "PATH"
                                      "PFAM"
                                                     "PMID"
## [21] "PROSITE"
                                      "SYMBOL"
                       "REFSEQ"
                                                     "UCSCKG"
## [25] "UNIGENE"
                       "UNIPROT"
uniKeys <- head(keys(org.Hs.eg.db, keytype="UNIPROT"))</pre>
cols <- c("SYMBOL", "PATH")</pre>
select(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=uniKeys, columns=cols, keytype="UNIPROT")
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
##
      UNIPROT SYMBOL PATH
## 1
       P04217 A1BG <NA>
## 2
      V9HWD8 A1BG <NA>
## 3
      P01023
              A2M 04610
## 4
      P18440 NAT1 00232
      P18440 NAT1 00983
## 5
      P18440
               NAT1 01100
## 6
      Q400J6 NAT1 00232
## 7
## 8
       Q400J6 NAT1 00983
## 9
       Q400J6 NAT1 01100
## 10 F5H5R8 NAT1 00232
## 11 F5H5R8 NAT1 00983
## 12 F5H5R8
               NAT1 01100
```

So how could you use select to annotate your results? This next exercise should hlep you to understand how that should generally work.

Exercise 2

Please run the following code snippet (which will load a fake data result that I have provided for the purposes of illustration):

```
load(system.file("extdata", "resultTable.Rda", package="AnnotationDbi"))
head(resultTable)

## logConc logFC LR.statistic PValue FDR
## 100418920 -9.639471 -4.679498 378.0732 3.269307e-84 2.613484e-80
```

The rownames of this table happen to provide entrez gene identifiers for each row (for human). Find the gene symbol and gene name for each of the rows in resultTable and then use the merge method to attach those annotations to it.

Solution:

```
annots <- select(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=rownames(resultTable),</pre>
                 columns=c("SYMBOL","GENENAME"), keytype="ENTREZID")
## 'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
resultTable <- merge(resultTable, annots, by.x=0, by.y="ENTREZID")
head(resultTable)
                             logFC LR.statistic
##
     Row.names
                 logConc
                                                       PValue
                                                                        FDR
## 1 100127888 -10.57050 2.758937
                                        182.8937 1.131473e-41 1.130624e-38
## 2 100131223 -12.37808 -4.654318
                                        179.2331 7.126423e-41 6.329847e-38
## 3 100271381 -12.06340 3.511937
                                        188.4824 6.817155e-43 7.785191e-40
## 4 100271867 -11.44898 -4.009603
                                        222.3653 2.757135e-50 7.346846e-47
## 5 100287169 -11.02670 -3.486593
                                        206.7771 6.934967e-47 1.385953e-43
## 6 100287735 -11.03686 3.064980
                                        204.1235 2.630432e-46 4.205535e-43
           SYMB0L
                                                            GENENAME
## 1 SLC04A1-AS1
                                             SLCO4A1 antisense RNA 1
## 2 LOC100131223 ADP ribosylation factor like GTPase 8B pseudogene
## 3
          RPS28P8
                                  ribosomal protein S28 pseudogene 8
                                           Mean platelet volume QTL1
## 4
          MPVQTL1
## 5
             <NA>
                                                                <NA>
## 6
          TTTY13B
                           testis-specific transcript, Y-linked 13B
```

0.4 Using select with GO.db

When you load the GO.db package, a *GODb* object is also loaded. This allows you to use the columns, keys, keytypes and select methods on the contents of the GO ontology. So if for example, you had a few GO IDs and wanted to know more about it, you could do it like this:

```
library(G0.db)
GOIDs <- c("G0:0042254","G0:0044183")
select(G0.db, keys=GOIDs, columns="DEFINITION", keytype="GOID")</pre>
```

0.5 Using select with TxDb packages

A *TxDb* package (a 'TxDb' package) connects a set of genomic coordinates to various transcript oriented features. The package can also contain Identifiers to features such as genes and transcripts, and the internal schema describes the relationships between these different elements. All TxDb containing packages follow a specific naming scheme that tells where the data came from as well as which build of the genome it comes from.

Exercise 3

Display the TxDb object for the TxDb. Hsapiens. UCSC.hg19.knownGene package.

As before, use the columns and keytypes methods to discover which sorts of annotations can be extracted from it.

Use the keys method to extract just a few gene identifiers and then pass those keys in to the select method in such a way that you extract the transcript ids and transcript starts for each.

Solution:

```
library(TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene)

## Loading required package: GenomicFeatures

## Loading required package: GenomeInfoDb

## Loading required package: GenomicRanges

txdb <- TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene
 txdb

## TxDb object:

## # Db type: TxDb

## # Supporting package: GenomicFeatures

## # Data source: UCSC

## # Genome: hg19

## # Organism: Homo sapiens

## # Taxonomy ID: 9606</pre>
```

```
## # UCSC Table: knownGene
## # Resource URL: http://genome.ucsc.edu/
## # Type of Gene ID: Entrez Gene ID
## # Full dataset: yes
## # miRBase build ID: GRCh37
## # transcript_nrow: 82960
## # exon_nrow: 289969
## # cds_nrow: 237533
## # Db created by: GenomicFeatures package from Bioconductor
## # Creation time: 2015-10-07 18:11:28 +0000 (Wed, 07 Oct 2015)
## # GenomicFeatures version at creation time: 1.21.30
## # RSQLite version at creation time: 1.0.0
## # DBSCHEMAVERSION: 1.1
columns(txdb)
## [1] "CDSCHROM"
                    "CDSEND"
                                "CDSID"
                                             "CDSNAME"
                                                          "CDSSTART"
## [6] "CDSSTRAND" "EXONCHROM" "EXONEND"
                                             "EXONID"
                                                          "EXONNAME"
## [11] "EXONRANK"
                  "EXONSTART" "EXONSTRAND" "GENEID"
                                                          "TXCHROM"
## [16] "TXEND"
                    "TXID"
                                "TXNAME"
                                             "TXSTART"
                                                          "TXSTRAND"
## [21] "TXTYPE"
keytypes(txdb)
## [1] "CDSID"
                 "CDSNAME" "EXONID" "EXONNAME" "GENEID" "TXID"
## [7] "TXNAME"
keys <- head(keys(txdb, keytype="GENEID"))</pre>
cols <- c("TXID", "TXSTART")</pre>
select(txdb, keys=keys, columns=cols, keytype="GENEID")
## 'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
##
         GENEID TXID TXSTART
## 1
            1 70455 58858172
            1 70456 58859832
## 2
## 3
           10 31944 18248755
          100 72132 43248163
## 4
## 5
         1000 65378 25530930
          1000 65379 25530930
## 6
        10000 7895 243651535
## 7
## 8
        10000 7896 243663021
## 9
         10000 7897 243663021
## 10 100008586 75890 49217763
```

As is widely known, in addition to providing access via the select method, TxDb objects also provide access via the more familiar transcripts, exons, cds, transcriptsBy, exonsBy and cdsBy methods. For those who do not yet know about these other methods, more can be learned by seeing the vignette called: $Making\ and\ Utilizing\ TxDb\ Objects$ in the $GenomicFeatures\ package$.

0.6 Using select with EnsDb packages

Similar to the *TxDb* objects/packages discussed in the previous section, *EnsDb* objects/packages provide genomic coordinates of gene models along with additional annotations (e.g. gene names, biotypes etc) but are tailored to annotations provided by Ensembl. The central methods columns, keys, keytypes and select are all implemented for *EnsDb* objects. In addition, these methods allow also the use of the *EnsDb* specific filtering framework to retrieve only selected information from the database (see vignette of the *ensembldb* package for more information).

In the example below we first evaluate which columns, keys and keytypes are available for *EnsDb* objects and fetch then the transcript ids, genomic start coordinate and transcript biotype for some genes.

```
library(EnsDb.Hsapiens.v75)
## Loading required package: ensembldb
## Loading required package: AnnotationFilter
##
## Attaching package: 'ensembldb'
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
      filter
edb <- EnsDb.Hsapiens.v75
edb
## EnsDb for Ensembl:
## |Backend: SQLite
## |Db type: EnsDb
## |Type of Gene ID: Ensembl Gene ID
## |Supporting package: ensembldb
## |Db created by: ensembldb package from Bioconductor
## |script_version: 0.3.0
## |Creation time: Thu May 18 09:15:45 2017
## |ensembl_version: 75
## |ensembl_host: localhost
## |Organism: homo_sapiens
## |taxonomy_id: 9606
```

```
## |genome_build: GRCh37
## | DBSCHEMAVERSION: 2.0
## | No. of genes: 64102.
## | No. of transcripts: 215647.
## |Protein data available.
## List all columns
columns(edb)
## [1] "ENTREZID"
                              "EXONID"
                                                     "EXONIDX"
## [4] "EXONSEQEND"
                              "EXONSEQSTART"
                                                     "GENEBIOTYPE"
## [7] "GENEID"
                              "GENENAME"
                                                     "GENESEQEND"
                                                     "ISCIRCULAR"
## [10] "GENESEQSTART"
                              "INTERPROACCESSION"
## [13] "PROTDOMEND"
                              "PROTDOMSTART"
                                                     "PROTEINDOMAINID"
## [16] "PROTEINDOMAINSOURCE" "PROTEINID"
                                                     "PROTEINSEQUENCE"
## [19] "SEQCOORDSYSTEM"
                              "SEQLENGTH"
                                                     "SEQNAME"
## [22] "SEQSTRAND"
                              "SYMBOL"
                                                     "TXBIOTYPE"
## [25] "TXCDSSEQEND"
                              "TXCDSSE0START"
                                                     "TXID"
## [28] "TXNAME"
                              "TXSE0END"
                                                     "TXSE0START"
## [31] "UNIPROTDB"
                              "UNTPROTTD"
                                                     "UNIPROTMAPPINGTYPE"
## List all keytypes
keytypes(edb)
## [1] "ENTREZID"
                          "EXONID"
                                             "GENEBIOTYPE"
                                                               "GENEID"
                          "PROTEINDOMAINID" "PROTEINID"
## [5] "GENENAME"
                                                               "SEQNAME"
## [9] "SEQSTRAND"
                          "SYMBOL"
                                             "TXBIOTYPE"
                                                               "TXID"
## [13] "TXNAME"
                          "UNIPROTID"
## Get the first
keys <- head(keys(edb, keytype="GENEID"))</pre>
## Get the data
select(edb, keys=keys, columns=c("TXID", "TXSEQSTART", "TXBIOTYPE"),
       keytype="GENEID")
               GENETD
                                 TXID TXSEOSTART
                                                            TXBIOTYPE
## 1 ENSG00000000003 ENST00000373020
                                        99883667
                                                        protein_coding
## 2 ENSG00000000003 ENST00000496771
                                        99887538 processed_transcript
## 3 ENSG00000000003 ENST00000494424
                                        99888439 processed_transcript
## 4 ENSG00000000005 ENST00000373031
                                        99839799
                                                        protein_coding
## 5 ENSG00000000005 ENST00000485971
                                        99848621 processed_transcript
## 6 ENSG00000000419 ENST00000371588
                                        49551404
                                                        protein_coding
## 7 ENSG00000000419 ENST00000466152
                                        49551404 processed_transcript
## 8 ENSG00000000419 ENST00000371582
                                        49551404
                                                        protein_coding
## 9 ENSG00000000419 ENST00000494752
                                        49551433 processed_transcript
## 10 ENSG00000000419 ENST00000371584
                                        49551482
                                                        protein_coding
## 11 ENSG00000000419 ENST00000413082
                                        49552685
                                                        protein_coding
```

```
## 12 ENSG00000000419 ENST00000371583
                                        49551490
                                                       protein_coding
## 13 ENSG00000000457 ENST00000367771 169818772
                                                       protein_coding
## 14 ENSG00000000457 ENST00000367770
                                      169822215
                                                       protein_coding
## 15 ENSG00000000457 ENST00000423670 169823652
                                                       protein_coding
## 16 ENSG00000000457 ENST00000470238 169828260 processed_transcript
## 17 ENSG00000000457 ENST00000367772 169821804
                                                       protein_coding
                                      169631245 processed_transcript
## 18 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000498289
## 19 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000472795
                                       169763871 processed_transcript
## 20 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000496973
                                      169764184 processed_transcript
## 21 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000481744
                                       169764184 processed_transcript
## 22 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000359326
                                     169764190
                                                       protein_coding
## 23 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000466580
                                      169764220 processed_transcript
## 24 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000459772
                                      169764220 processed_transcript
## 25 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000286031
                                      169764550
                                                       protein_coding
## 26 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000456684
                                      169764220
                                                       protein_coding
## 27 ENSG00000000460 ENST00000413811
                                       169764181
                                                       protein_coding
## 28 ENSG00000000938 ENST00000374005
                                        27938575
                                                       protein_coding
## 29 ENSG00000000938 ENST00000374004
                                        27938811
                                                       protein_coding
## 30 ENSG00000000938 ENST00000374003
                                        27939180
                                                       protein_coding
## 31 ENSG00000000938 ENST00000457296
                                       27942025
                                                       protein_coding
## 32 ENSG00000000938 ENST00000475472
                                        27949895 processed_transcript
## 33 ENSG00000000938 ENST00000468038
                                        27949918 processed_transcript
## 34 ENSG00000000938 ENST00000545953
                                        27938803
                                                       protein_coding
## 35 ENSG00000000938 ENST00000399173
                                                       protein_coding
                                        27938803
```

We can modify the queries above to retrieve only genes encoded on chromosome Y. To this end we use filter objects available for *EnsDb* objects and its methods.

The version number of R and packages loaded for generating the vignette were:

```
## R version 3.4.2 (2017-09-28)
## Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
## Running under: Ubuntu 16.04.3 LTS
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS: /home/biocbuild/bbs-3.6-bioc/R/lib/libRblas.so
## LAPACK: /home/biocbuild/bbs-3.6-bioc/R/lib/libRlapack.so
##
## locale:
## [1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8
                                 LC_NUMERIC=C
## [3] LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8
                                 LC_COLLATE=C
## [5] LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8
                                 LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8
## [7] LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8
                                 LC_NAME=C
## [9] LC_ADDRESS=C
                                 LC_TELEPHONE=C
## [11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] parallel stats4 stats graphics grDevices utils
                                                                datasets
## [8] methods
                base
## other attached packages:
## [1] EnsDb.Hsapiens.v75_2.99.0
## [2] ensembldb_2.2.0
## [3] AnnotationFilter_1.2.0
```

```
[4] TxDb.Hsapiens.UCSC.hg19.knownGene_3.2.2
## [5] GenomicFeatures_1.30.0
## [6] GenomicRanges_1.30.0
## [7] GenomeInfoDb_1.14.0
## [8] G0.db_3.4.2
## [9] hqu95av2.db_3.2.3
## [10] AnnotationForge_1.20.0
## [11] org.Hs.eq.db_3.4.2
## [12] AnnotationDbi_1.40.0
## [13] IRanges_2.12.0
## [14] S4Vectors_0.16.0
## [15] Biobase_2.38.0
## [16] BiocGenerics_0.24.0
## [17] DBI_0.7
## [18] knitr_1.17
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] Rcpp_0.12.13
                                      lattice_0.20-35
## [3] prettyunits_1.0.2
                                      Rsamtools_1.30.0
## [5] Biostrings_2.46.0
                                      assertthat_0.2.0
## [7] rprojroot_1.2
                                      digest_0.6.12
## [9] mime_0.5
                                      R6_2.2.2
## [11] backports_1.1.1
                                      RSQLite_2.0
                                      httr_1.3.1
## [13] evaluate_0.10.1
## [15] highr_0.6
                                      BiocInstaller_1.28.0
## [17] zlibbioc_1.24.0
                                      rlang_0.1.2
## [19] progress_1.1.2
                                      curl_3.0
                                      blob_1.1.0
## [21] lazyeval_0.2.1
## [23] Matrix_1.2-11
                                      rmarkdown_1.6
## [25] RMySQL_0.10.13
                                      BiocParallel_1.12.0
## [27] AnnotationHub_2.10.0
                                      stringr_1.2.0
## [29] ProtGenerics_1.10.0
                                      RCurl_1.95-4.8
## [31] bit_1.1-12
                                      biomaRt_2.34.0
## [33] shiny_1.0.5
                                      DelayedArray_0.4.0
## [35] compiler_3.4.2
                                      httpuv_1.3.5
## [37] rtracklayer_1.38.0
                                      pkgconfig_2.0.1
## [39] htmltools_0.3.6
                                      SummarizedExperiment_1.8.0
## [41] tibble_1.3.4
                                      GenomeInfoDbData_0.99.1
## [43] interactiveDisplayBase_1.16.0 matrixStats_0.52.2
## [45] XML_3.98-1.9
                                      GenomicAlignments_1.14.0
## [47] bitops_1.0-6
                                      grid_3.4.2
## [49] xtable_1.8-2
                                      magrittr_1.5
## [51] stringi_1.1.5
                                      XVector_0.18.0
## [53] BiocStyle_2.6.0
                                      tools_3.4.2
## [55] bit64_0.9-7
                                      yaml_2.1.14
```

[57] memoise_1.1.0