

```

void copyIntBuffer( int *pin, int *pout, int len )
{
    int i;
    for (i=0; i<len; ++i) *pout++ = *pin++;
}

```

then a call to it in the following code fragment has aliased arguments.

```

int a[10];
copyIntBuffer( a, a+3, 7);

```

Although the C language allows this, such usage of MPI procedures is forbidden unless otherwise specified. Note that Fortran prohibits aliasing of arguments.

All MPI functions are first specified in the language-independent notation. Immediately below this, language dependent bindings follow:

- The ISO C version of the function.
- The Fortran version used with `USE mpi_f08`.
- The Fortran version of the same function used with `USE mpi` or `INCLUDE 'mpif.h'`.

An exception is Section 14.3 “The MPI Tool Information Interface”, which only provides ISO C interfaces.

“Fortran” in this document refers to Fortran 90 and higher; see Section 2.6.

## 2.4 Semantic Terms

When discussing MPI procedures the following semantic terms are used.

**nonblocking** A procedure is nonblocking if it may return before the associated operation completes, and before the user is allowed to reuse resources (such as buffers) specified in the call. The word complete is used with respect to operations and any associated requests and/or communications. An *operation completes* when the user is allowed to reuse resources, and any output buffers have been updated.

**blocking** A procedure is blocking if return from the procedure indicates the user is allowed to reuse resources specified in the call.

**local** A procedure is local if completion of the procedure depends only on the local executing process.

**non-local** A procedure is non-local if completion of the operation may require the execution of some MPI procedure on another process. Such an operation may require communication occurring with another user process.

**collective** A procedure is collective if all processes in a process group need to invoke the procedure. A collective call may or may not be synchronizing. Collective calls over the same communicator must be executed in the same order by all members of the process group.

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