

### 8.3.1 Error Handlers for Communicators

MPI\_COMM\_CREATE\_ERRHANDLER(function, errhandler)

IN	function	user defined error handling procedure (function)
OUT	errhandler	MPI error handler (handle)

```
int MPI_Comm_create_errhandler(MPI_Comm_errhandler_fn *function,
                               MPI_Errhandler *errhandler)
```

MPI\_COMM\_CREATE\_ERRHANDLER(FUNCTION, ERRHANDLER, IERROR)

EXTERNAL FUNCTION

INTEGER ERRHANDLER, IERROR

static MPI::Errhandler

```
MPI::Comm::Create_errhandler(MPI::Comm::Errhandler_fn*
                              function)
```

Creates an error handler that can be attached to communicators. This function is identical to MPI\_ERRHANDLER\_CREATE, whose use is deprecated.

The user routine should be, in C, a function of type MPI\_Comm\_errhandler\_fn, which is defined as

```
typedef void MPI_Comm_errhandler_fn(MPI_Comm *, int *, ...);
```

The first argument is the communicator in use. The second is the error code to be returned by the MPI routine that raised the error. If the routine would have returned MPI\_ERR\_IN\_STATUS, it is the error code returned in the status for the request that caused the error handler to be invoked. The remaining arguments are “stdargs” arguments whose number and meaning is implementation-dependent. An implementation should clearly document these arguments. Addresses are used so that the handler may be written in Fortran. This typedef replaces MPI\_Handler\_function, whose use is deprecated.

In Fortran, the user routine should be of the form:

```
SUBROUTINE COMM_ERRHANDLER_FN(COMM, ERROR_CODE)
  INTEGER COMM, ERROR_CODE
```

*Advice to users.* Users are discouraged from using a Fortran {COMM|WIN|FILE}\_ERRHANDLER\_FN since the routine expects a variable number of arguments. Some Fortran systems may allow this but some may fail to give the correct result or compile/link this code. Thus, it will not, in general, be possible to create portable code with a Fortran {COMM|WIN|FILE}\_ERRHANDLER\_FN. (*End of advice to users.*)

In C++, the user routine should be of the form:

```
typedef void MPI::Comm::Errhandler_fn(MPI::Comm &, int *, ...);
```

*Rationale.* The variable argument list is provided because it provides an ISO-standard hook for providing additional information to the error handler; without this hook, ISO C prohibits additional arguments. (*End of rationale.*)

*Advice to users.* A newly created communicator inherits the error handler that is associated with the “parent” communicator. In particular, the user can specify a “global” error handler for all communicators by associating this handler with the communicator MPI\_COMM\_WORLD immediately after initialization. (*End of advice to users.*)

MPI\_COMM\_SET\_ERRHANDLER(comm, errhandler)

INOUT	comm	communicator (handle)
IN	errhandler	new error handler for communicator (handle)

int MPI\_Comm\_set\_errhandler(MPI\_Comm comm, MPI\_Errhandler errhandler)

MPI\_COMM\_SET\_ERRHANDLER(COMM, ERRHANDLER, IERROR)  
 INTEGER COMM, ERRHANDLER, IERROR

void MPI::Comm::Set\_errhandler(const MPI::Errhandler& errhandler)

Attaches a new error handler to a communicator. The error handler must be either a predefined error handler, or an error handler created by a call to MPI\_COMM\_CREATE\_ERRHANDLER. This call is identical to MPI\_ERRHANDLER\_SET, whose use is deprecated.

MPI\_COMM\_GET\_ERRHANDLER(comm, errhandler)

IN	comm	communicator (handle)
OUT	errhandler	error handler currently associated with communicator (handle)

int MPI\_Comm\_get\_errhandler(MPI\_Comm comm, MPI\_Errhandler \*errhandler)

MPI\_COMM\_GET\_ERRHANDLER(COMM, ERRHANDLER, IERROR)  
 INTEGER COMM, ERRHANDLER, IERROR

MPI::Errhandler MPI::Comm::Get\_errhandler() const

Retrieves the error handler currently associated with a communicator. This call is identical to MPI\_ERRHANDLER\_GET, whose use is deprecated.

Example: A library function may register at its entry point the current error handler for a communicator, set its own private error handler for this communicator, and restore before exiting the previous error handler.

### 8.3.2 Error Handlers for Windows

`MPI_WIN_CREATE_ERRHANDLER(function, errhandler)`

IN	function	user defined error handling procedure (function)
OUT	errhandler	MPI error handler (handle)

```
int MPI_Win_create_errhandler(MPI_Win_errhandler_fn *function,
                             MPI_Errhandler *errhandler)
```

`MPI_WIN_CREATE_ERRHANDLER(FUNCTION, ERRHANDLER, IERROR)`

EXTERNAL FUNCTION

INTEGER ERRHANDLER, IERROR

```
static MPI::Errhandler MPI::Win::Create_errhandler(MPI::Win::Errhandler_fn*
                                                    function)
```

Creates an error handler that can be attached to a window object. The user routine should be, in C, a function of type `MPI_Win_errhandler_fn`, which is defined as

```
typedef void MPI_Win_errhandler_fn(MPI_Win *, int *, ...);
```

The first argument is the window in use, the second is the error code to be returned.

In Fortran, the user routine should be of the form:

```
SUBROUTINE WIN_ERRHANDLER_FN(WIN, ERROR_CODE)
```

```
  INTEGER WIN, ERROR_CODE
```

In C++, the user routine should be of the form:

```
typedef void MPI::Win::Errhandler_fn(MPI::Win &, int *, ...);
```

`MPI_WIN_SET_ERRHANDLER(win, errhandler)`

INOUT	win	window (handle)
IN	errhandler	new error handler for window (handle)

```
int MPI_Win_set_errhandler(MPI_Win win, MPI_Errhandler errhandler)
```

`MPI_WIN_SET_ERRHANDLER(WIN, ERRHANDLER, IERROR)`

INTEGER WIN, ERRHANDLER, IERROR

```
void MPI::Win::Set_errhandler(const MPI::Errhandler& errhandler)
```

Attaches a new error handler to a window. The error handler must be either a pre-defined error handler, or an error handler created by a call to `MPI_WIN_CREATE_ERRHANDLER`.

`MPI_WIN_GET_ERRHANDLER(win, errhandler)`

IN	win	window (handle)
OUT	errhandler	error handler currently associated with window (handle)

`int MPI_Win_get_errhandler(MPI_Win win, MPI_Errhandler *errhandler)`

`MPI_WIN_GET_ERRHANDLER(WIN, ERRHANDLER, IERROR)`  
`INTEGER WIN, ERRHANDLER, IERROR`

`MPI::Errhandler MPI::Win::Get_errhandler() const`

Retrieves the error handler currently associated with a window.

### 8.3.3 Error Handlers for Files

`MPI_FILE_CREATE_ERRHANDLER(function, errhandler)`

IN	function	user defined error handling procedure (function)
OUT	errhandler	MPI error handler (handle)

`int MPI_File_create_errhandler(MPI_File_errhandler_fn *function,  
MPI_Errhandler *errhandler)`

`MPI_FILE_CREATE_ERRHANDLER(FUNCTION, ERRHANDLER, IERROR)`  
`EXTERNAL FUNCTION`  
`INTEGER ERRHANDLER, IERROR`

`static MPI::Errhandler`  
`MPI::File::Create_errhandler(MPI::File::Errhandler_fn*  
function)`

Creates an error handler that can be attached to a file object. The user routine should be, in C, a function of type `MPI_File_errhandler_fn`, which is defined as

`typedef void MPI_File_errhandler_fn(MPI_File *, int *, ...);`

The first argument is the file in use, the second is the error code to be returned.

In Fortran, the user routine should be of the form:

`SUBROUTINE FILE_ERRHANDLER_FN(FILE, ERROR_CODE)`  
`INTEGER FILE, ERROR_CODE`

In C++, the user routine should be of the form:

`typedef void MPI::File::Errhandler_fn(MPI::File &, int *, ...);`