```
1
        /*
2
         * Parallel code here.
3
         * The manager is represented as the process with rank 0 in (the remote
         * group of) the parent communicator. If the workers need to communicate
5
         * among themselves, they can use MPI_COMM_WORLD.
6
         */
8
        MPI_Finalize();
9
        return 0;
10
     }
11
```

10.4 Establishing Communication

This section provides functions that establish communication between two sets of MPI processes that do not share a communicator.

Some situations in which these functions are useful are:

- 1. Two parts of an application that are started independently need to communicate.
- 2. A visualization tool wants to attach to a running process.
- 3. A server wants to accept connections from multiple clients. Both clients and server may be parallel programs.

In each of these situations, MPI must establish communication channels where none existed before, and there is no parent/child relationship. The routines described in this section establish communication between the two sets of processes by creating an MPI intercommunicator, where the two groups of the intercommunicator are the original sets of processes.

Establishing contact between two groups of processes that do not share an existing communicator is a collective but asymmetric process. One group of processes indicates its willingness to accept connections from other groups of processes. We will call this group the (parallel) *server*, even if this is not a client/server type of application. The other group connects to the server; we will call it the *client*.

Advice to users. While the names client and server are used throughout this section, MPI does not guarantee the traditional robustness of client server systems. The functionality described in this section is intended to allow two cooperating parts of the same application to communicate with one another. For instance, a client that gets a segmentation fault and dies, or one that doesn't participate in a collective operation may cause a server to crash or hang. (End of advice to users.)

10.4.1 Names, Addresses, Ports, and All That

Almost all of the complexity in MPI client/server routines addresses the question "how does the client find out how to contact the server?" The difficulty, of course, is that there is no existing communication channel between them, yet they must somehow agree on a rendezvous point where they will establish communication.