### Ongoing efforts on MPI-RMA at Atos FORMA'22 – 15/06/2022

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Outline



# Lightweight synchronizations: Notified communications



Automatic data race detection: RMA-Analyzer



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### Lightweight synchronizations: Notified communications





#### MPI-RMA as a PGAS runtime Portability of PGAS runtimes

- PGAS languages and libraries uses several runtimes that implement the hardware support for communications
- Can one be used by all of them ? What is missing for one to be used by all ?
- MPI-RMA seems a good candidate for this





#### MPI RMA specificities Ordering and synchronization in MPI-3

- Active Target mode
  - Fence / Post-Start-Complete-Wait
  - Receiver **is involved** in the synchronization
- Passive Target mode
  - Lock(\_all)/ unlock(\_all)
  - Receiver is not involved in the synchronization





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#### MPI RMA Passive Target mode

Advantages and drawbacks

- Ordering inside a Passive Target epoch with *Flush*
  - At sender's side





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#### MPI RMA Passive Target mode

Advantages and drawbacks

- Ordering inside a Passive Target epoch with *Flush*
  - At sender's side
- Drawbacks
  - Receiver has no knowledge of when a piece of data has landed locally
    - <u>Synchronization</u> is missing





#### MPI RMA pingpong example Why MPI-3 is not enough

- Pattern for detection of data reception
  - Put(data) / Flush / Put(flag)
  - User-implemented waiting algorithm



Source: "Remote Memory Access Programming in MPI-3", Hoefler et al.



#### MPI RMA pingpong example Why MPI-3 is not enough

- ► Pattern for detection of data reception
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- ► What users want
  - Embedding flag with the communication
  - Simple waiting semantics



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- Pattern for detection of data reception
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#### => Notified communications



Source: "Remote Memory Access Programming in MPI-3", Hoefler et al.



#### Notified communications Rationale

- Notification flag embedded with the data communication
  - Ensures data + flag ordering
- Optimized waiting mechanisms
  - Implemented inside the runtime
- Existing notifications-like mechanisms
  - GASPI/GPI-2
  - Cray SHMEM / OpenSHMEM
  - UPC
  - ARMCI





### Notified communications for MPI

Existing proposals made to the MPI Forum

#### ► <u>Sync-and-Notify</u>

- Flush\_notify / unlock\_notify
- Set/Wait\_notify(count)
- Notification separate from communication operations
  - Will not improve performance



#### Notified communications for MPI Existing proposals made to the MPI Forum

#### ► <u>Sync-and-Notify</u>

- Flush\_notify / unlock\_notify
- Set/Wait\_notify(count)
- Notification separate from communication operations
  - Will not improve performance

#### ► <u>Op-and-Notify</u>

- Put/Get\_notify
- Set/Wait\_notify(count)
- Only one counter per window
  - Cannot identify a specific communication

Notified communications for MPI Existing proposals made to the MPI Forum

#### Matched Notifications

- Put/Get\_notify(id)
- Allow fine-grained synchronizations
- Synchronization model
  - Init/Start/Wait
  - Reuse of existing routines
  - Requires an implicit synchronization at *Start* or *Wait*

"Notified access: Extending remote memory access programming models for producerconsumer synchronization", Hoefler et al., IPDPS'15



Notified communications for MPI Our notified communications proposal

- Matched Notifications
  - Remove Init/Start/Wait pattern
  - Add Test/Wait\_notify(id)
  - Remove implicit synchronization
  - Simplified user interface
  - Cannot count batch of notifications
  - More unexpected behaviors to handle for the programmer

"Efficient Notifications for MPI One-Sided Applications", Sergent et al., EuroMPI'19





### 2. Automatic data race detection: RMA-Analyzer





#### MPI-RMA Programming Major challenges

### Due to the asynchronous nature of RMA operations:

- **Completion:** The completion of the RMA communication operations is not known
- Ordering: MPI provides no ordering guarantees for RMA operation
- Atomicity: Regular MPI\_Put and MPI\_Get operations are non-atomic





#### Data Race in MPI-RMA What is a Data Race ?

- Data-race = anomaly of concurrent accesses by two or more processes to a shared variable and at least one is a WRITE
- Two events *a* and *b* are concurrent within an epoch when they are not ordered by Consistency Order Happens-before (IIcohb)

source: "Remote Memory Access Programming in MPI-3", Hoefler et al

$$a \parallel_{cohb} b \iff a \xrightarrow{cohb} b \land b \xrightarrow{cohb} a \qquad a \xrightarrow{cohb} b \iff a \xrightarrow{hb} b \land a \xrightarrow{co} b$$

$$\longrightarrow Execution 1$$

$$\longrightarrow Execution 2$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Lock_all} \\ \text{Put(buf)} \\ \text{Unlock_all} \end{array}$$

#### Data Race in MPI-RMA Programs

**Examples of Data Race errors** 

P0 (Origin) P1 (Target) Window location X Win_lock_all Win_lock_all Put(buf, 1, X) buf = Win_unlock_all Win_unlock_all Consistency error in a process		get) ocation X k_all ock_all	P0 (Origin) P1 (Targer Window loca Win_lock_all Win_lock_a Put(_, 1, X) Get(X, 0, _) Win_unlock_all Win_unlock Consistency error between two pro		P1 (Target) Window location X Win_lock_all Get(X, 0, _) Win_unlock_all en two processes
	P0 (Origin) Win_lock_all Put(_,1,X) Win_unlock_all	P1 (Targe <i>Window loca</i> Win_lock_a Win_unlock	:) tion X all <_all	P2 (Origin) Win_lock_all Put(_,1,X) Win_unlock_all	

#### **Consistency error among several processes**



#### Dynamic Data race Detection for MPI-RMA Programs RMA Operations Compatibility

		ORIGIN		TARGET		LOAD	STORE
		GET	PUT	GET	PUT	LOAD	STORE
0	GET	х	х	х	х	х	х
	PUT	х	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	Х	$\checkmark$	х
Т	GET	х	~	~	x	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	х
	PUT	х	х	х	x	х	х
L	OAD	х	>	>	х	-	-
ST	ORE	х	х	х	х	-	-

#### Compatibility of RMA operations and local load/store accesses



#### How to read the table :

- Read/Write on the same memory location
- ★ = Consistency order between the two operations is not guaranteed
- ✓= Consistency order ok
- We separate operations from/to the origin and target processes
  - O Get = local write
  - O Put = local read
  - T Get = Remote read (RMA Read)
  - T Put = Remote write (RMA Write)



#### Dynamic Data Race Detection for MPI-RMA Programs Data Race Detection Algorithm

- Each process creates a BST
- Store the memory region as an interval of [offset, offset+size] + Access Rights
- If the memory access overlaps a stored memory access
  - At least one of the accesses is a Write
    - Error STOP the program
- Reset the BST between epochs





#### Dynamic Data Race Detection for MPI-RMA Programs RMA-Analyzer Framework Overview



### PMPI To Collect RMA Information LLVM Pass To instrument local accesses

*"Static and Dynamic Data Race Detection for MPI-RMA Programs", Ait Kaci et al., EuroMPI'21* 

P0 (Origin)	P1 (Target) Window location X	P2 (Origin)
Win_lock_all	Win_lock_all	Win_lock_all
Put(_, 1, X)		Put(_, 1, X)
Win_unlock_all	Win_unlock_all	Win_unlock_all

\$ mpirun -np 3 ./rr\_put\_put [RMA-ANALYZER Process 1] Error when inserting memory access of type RMA\_WRITE from file remote\_remote/rr\_put\_put.c at line 35 with already inserted access of type RMA\_WRITE from file remote\_remote/rr\_put\_put.c at line 35. The program will be exiting now with MPI\_Abort.



### Thank you for attending

### **Questions**?



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## Thank you

For more information please contact: marc.sergent@atos.net dl-rd-drim@atos.net

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