# **Data Declaration**

### Table 13

Crime Trends by Suburban and Nonsuburban Cities, by Population Group, 2006-2007

The FBI collects these data through the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program.

#### **General comments**

- This 2-year trend table provides the number of offenses for 2006 and 2007 and the percent change between these 2 years for suburban and nonsuburban cities.
- Suburban cities include law enforcement agencies in cities with less than 50,000
  inhabitants that are within a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) but exclude all
  metropolitan agencies associated with a principal city.
- Nonsuburban cities include law enforcement agencies in cities with less than 50,000 in population that are not associated with an MSA.

### Methodology

- The data used in creating this table were from all law enforcement agencies submitting at least 6 common months of complete offense reports for 2006 and 2007.
- In calculating trends, the UCR Program includes only common reported months for individual agencies.

## **Population groups**

The UCR Program uses the following population group designations:

Population Group	Political Label	Population Range
I	City	250,000 and more
П	City	100,000 to 249,999
III	City	50,000 to 99,999
IV	City	25,000 to 49,999
V	City	10,000 to 24,999
VI	City <sup>1, 2</sup>	Less than 10,000
VIII (Nonmetropolitan County)	County <sup>2</sup>	N/A
IX (Metropolitan County)	County <sup>2</sup>	N/A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes universities and colleges to which no population is attributed.

## **Population estimation**

For the 2007 population estimates used in this table, the FBI computed individual rates of growth from one year to the next for every city/town and county using 2000 decennial population counts and 2001 through 2006 population estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau. Each agency's rates of growth were averaged; that average was then applied and added to its 2006 Census population estimate to derive the agency's 2007 population estimate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Includes state police to which no population is attributed.

## If you have questions about this table

Contact the FBI's Criminal Justice Information Services Division via e-mail at cjis\_comm@leo.gov or by telephone at (304) 625-4995.