1)a)
$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial z}(z,y,3) = \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(b^2 + y^2 + y^2) = \frac{2\alpha}{2bz^2 + y^2 - y^2} = \frac{z}{2bz^2 + y^2 - y^2}$$

b) $\frac{\partial z}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial v}{\partial z}(z|z,3,3) = \frac{\partial z}{\partial z}v'(z|z,y,3) = \frac{z}{z}v'(z)$
 $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial z^2} = \frac{1}{z}v'(z) + \frac{\partial z}{\partial z}(\frac{z}{z^2})v'(z) + \frac{z}{z}\frac{\partial z}{\partial z}v''(z)$
 $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{z}v'(z) + \frac{z^2}{z^2}v''(z) + \frac{z^2}{z^2}v''(z)$
 $\frac{\partial z}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{z}v'(z) + \frac{z^2}{z^2}v''(z) + \frac{z^2}{z^2}v''(z)$

()
$$2,3,3$$
 interchangeables doe
$$\frac{2^{2}f}{23^{2}} = \frac{2^{2}r^{2}}{2^{3}} v'(2) + \frac{3^{2}}{2^{2}} v''(2)$$

$$\frac{2^{2}f}{23^{2}} = \frac{2^{2}r^{2}}{2^{2}} v'(2) + \frac{3^{2}}{2^{2}} v''(2)$$

$$\frac{3^{2}f}{33^{2}} = \frac{2^{2}r^{2}}{2^{2}} v'(2) + \frac{3^{2}}{2^{2}} v''(2)$$

$$\frac{3^{2}f}{33^{2}} = \frac{2^{2}r^{2}}{2^{2}} v'(2) + \frac{3^{2}}{2^{2}} v''(2)$$

$$\Delta S = \frac{2}{2} v'(z) + v''(z)$$

Chre J-voz extolution nonmulle det tqu(t) aune linite finie en (->0 SST v(t)-Brin(wt) and B+0 31a) (A) Thank BoRt Lymble Rt, Ul-1= B ninkot) Done o'(t) = Betwcodut)-ninut) E) B(wccsu-ninw)=0 E) wccsu=ninw Promise Cos: cos u=0 (s: co u=0 (1)=0 = rinw=0=) 1= sin w+co2 u=0 = Fause. Plusaine as: Cow #0 v(1) -0 = ton w= w Gla) un-(n+1) tr - arctan (tan (w-(n+1) tr)) = archan (kan wy) = wn Problème 2: 1)

(4) a) - P₀ = $\left[2c P(x) \right]_0^b - \int_0^b P(x) dx$ or P(b) = 0dere $C = \frac{1}{P_0} \int_0^{+\infty} P(x) dx$ b) D'appis 2), once donc avec a =0 et b=N> 150 lqth>NPh/o done a 1 N-0 (P(0)+P(N) N-3 [-- Po N (P(0)+P(N)) = 2 + Po k=2 Partic 2: Sla) S=S(24Ax)-S(x) of onle xet x+ soc, m(x) Dx Sx) mounded q S(x) Dx attrapart lavaide dre AS = -m(x)S(x) Dx -9S(x) Dx

donc - (m(x)+q) S(x) = S(x+Sac) - S(x)

32 5=>0 S'(x) donc quand soc est petit, Sest solution de (Cs). S'= (m(x) +q) S b) de nême, art x x ct x + Soc, m(x) Sa R(x) meurent et por les n=q S(x) Ix qui attrapart la vaniole, (1-p) v v a in tagrer les R(x). $\frac{R(x+3x)-R(x)-(1-p)qS(x)Sx-m(x)scR(x)}{\text{Done Restool de }R'=q(1-p)S-m(x)R}$ 6/a/ J- 5 = 5+R $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{S'(S+R) - (S+R)'S}{(S+R)^2} \qquad (S+R)' = -m(S+R) - pqS$ done (StR)2 51 = -(m+9)S(StR)-S(-m(S+R)-p9S) clone (S+12)2 51 = -(m+9)S + mS+pq s2/s+R. Pare fatol de (Ej): 51 = - 4 8+ p9 52