

## CD4511BC BCD-to-7 Segment Latch/Decoder/Driver

### General Description

The CD4511BC BCD-to-seven segment latch/decoder/driver is constructed with complementary MOS (CMOS) enhancement mode devices and NPN bipolar output drivers in a single monolithic structure. The circuit provides the functions of a 4-bit storage latch, an 8421 BCD-to-seven segment decoder, and an output drive capability. Lamp test (LT), blanking (BI), and latch enable (LE) inputs are used to test the display, to turn-off or pulse modulate the brightness of the display, and to store a BCD code, respectively. It can be used with seven-segment light emitting diodes (LED), incandescent, fluorescent, gas discharge, or liquid crystal readouts either directly or indirectly.

Applications include instrument (e.g., counter, DVM, etc.) display driver, computer/calculator display driver, cockpit display driver, and various clock, watch, and timer uses.

### Features

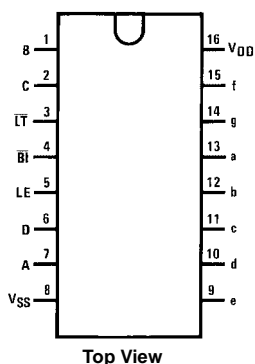
- Low logic circuit power dissipation
- High current sourcing outputs (up to 25 mA)
- Latch storage of code
- Blanking input
- Lamp test provision
- Readout blanking on all illegal input combinations
- Lamp intensity modulation capability
- Time share (multiplexing) facility
- Equivalent to Motorola MC14511

### Ordering Code:

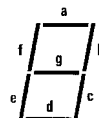
Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
CD4511BCWM	M16B	16-Lead Small Outline Intergrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300" Wide
CD4511BCN	N16E	16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

### Connection Diagrams



### Segment Identification



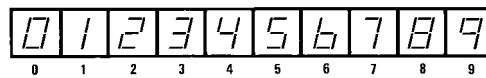
## Truth Table

Inputs							Outputs							
LE	$\overline{\text{BI}}$	$\overline{\text{LT}}$	D	C	B	A	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	Display
X	X	0	X	X	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	B
X	0	1	X	X	X	X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	2
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	3
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	4
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	5
0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	6
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	7
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	9
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	1	1	X	X	X	X				*				*

X = Don't Care

\*Depends upon the BCD code applied during the 0 to 1 transition of LE.

## Display



**Absolute Maximum Ratings**(Note 1)

DC Supply Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ )	-0.5V to +18V
Input Voltage ( $V_{IN}$ )	-0.5V to $V_{DD}$ +0.5V
Storage Temperature Range ( $T_S$ )	-65°C to +150°C
Power Dissipation ( $P_D$ )	
Dual-In-Line	700 mW
Small Outline	500 mW
Lead Temperature ( $T_L$ )	
(Soldering, 10 seconds)	260°C

**Recommended Operating Conditions**

DC Supply Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ )	3V to 15V
Input Voltage ( $V_{IN}$ )	0V to $V_{DD}$
Operating Temperature Range ( $T_A$ )	-55°C to +125°C

**Note 1:** Devices should not be connected with power on.**DC Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-55°C		+25°C			+125°C		Units
			Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
$I_{DD}$	Quiescent Supply Current	$V_{DD} = 5V$		5			5		150	$\mu A$
		$V_{DD} = 10V$		10			10		300	
		$V_{DD} = 15V$		20			20		600	
$V_{OL}$	Output Voltage Logical "0" Level	$V_{DD} = 5V$		0.01		0	0.01		0.05	V
		$V_{DD} = 10V$		0.01		0	0.01		0.05	
		$V_{DD} = 15V$		0.01		0	0.01		0.05	
$V_{OH}$	Output Voltage Logical "1" Level	$V_{DD} = 5V$	4.1		4.1	4.57		4.1		V
		$V_{DD} = 10V$	9.1		9.1	9.58		9.1		
		$V_{DD} = 15V$	14.1		14.1	14.59		14.1		
$V_{IL}$	LOW Level Input Voltage	$V_{DD} = 5V, V_{OUT} = 3.8V$ or 0.5V		1.5		2	1.5		1.5	V
		$V_{DD} = 10V, V_{OUT} = 8.8V$ or 1.0V		3.0		4	3.0		3.0	
		$V_{DD} = 15V, V_{OUT} = 13.8V$ or 1.5V		4.0		6	4.0		4.0	
$V_{IH}$	HIGH Level Input Voltage	$V_{DD} = 5V, V_{OUT} = 0.5V$ or 3.8V	3.5		3.5	3		3.5		V
		$V_{DD} = 10V, V_{OUT} = 1.0V$ or 8.8V	7.0		7.0	6		7.0		
		$V_{DD} = 15V, V_{OUT} = 1.5V$ or 13.8V	11.0		11.0	9		11.0		
$V_{OH}$	Output (Source) Drive Voltage	$V_{DD} = 5V, I_{OH} = 0$ mA	4.1		4.1	4.57		4.1		V
		$V_{DD} = 5V, I_{OH} = 5$ mA				4.24				
		$V_{DD} = 5V, I_{OH} = 10$ mA	3.9		3.9	4.12		3.5		
		$V_{DD} = 5V, I_{OH} = 15$ mA				3.94				
		$V_{DD} = 5V, I_{OH} = 20$ mA	3.4		3.4	3.75		3.0		
		$V_{DD} = 5V, I_{OH} = 25$ mA				3.54				
		$V_{DD} = 10V, I_{OH} = 0$ mA	9.1		9.1	9.58		9.1		V
		$V_{DD} = 10V, I_{OH} = 5$ mA				9.26				
		$V_{DD} = 10V, I_{OH} = 10$ mA	9.0		9.0	9.17		8.6		
		$V_{DD} = 10V, I_{OH} = 15$ mA				9.04				
		$V_{DD} = 10V, I_{OH} = 20$ mA	8.6		8.6	8.9		8.2		
		$V_{DD} = 10V, I_{OH} = 25$ mA				8.75				
		$V_{DD} = 15V, I_{OH} = 0$ mA	14.1		14.1	9.58		14.1		V
		$V_{DD} = 15V, I_{OH} = 5$ mA				14.27				
		$V_{DD} = 15V, I_{OH} = 10$ mA	14.0		14.0	14.17		13.6		
		$V_{DD} = 15V, I_{OH} = 15$ mA				14.07				
		$V_{DD} = 15V, I_{OH} = 20$ mA	13.6		13.6	13.95		13.2		
		$V_{DD} = 15V, I_{OH} = 25$ mA				13.80				
$I_{OL}$	LOW Level Output Current	$V_{DD} = 5V, V_{OL} = 0.4V$	0.64		0.51	0.88		0.36		mA
		$V_{DD} = 10V, V_{OL} = 0.5V$	1.6		1.3	2.25		0.9		
		$V_{DD} = 15V, V_{OL} = 1.5V$	4.2		3.4	8.8		2.4		
$I_{IN}$	Input Current	$V_{DD} = 15V, V_{IN} = 0V$		-0.1		$-10^{-5}$	-0.1		-1.0	$\mu A$
		$V_{DD} = 15V, V_{IN} = 15V$		0.1		$10^{-5}$	0.1		1.0	

**AC Electrical Characteristics** (Note 2) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$ , typical temperature coefficient for all values of  $V_{DD} = 0.3\%/^\circ\text{C}$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0$		5.0	7.5	pF
$t_r$	Output Rise Time (Figure 1a)	$V_{DD} = 5V$		40	80	ns
		$V_{DD} = 10V$		30	60	
		$V_{DD} = 15V$		25	50	
$t_f$	Output Fall Time (Figure 1a)	$V_{DD} = 5V$		125	250	ns
		$V_{DD} = 10V$		75	150	
		$V_{DD} = 15V$		65	130	
$t_{PLH}$	Turn-Off Delay Time (Data) (Figure 1a)	$V_{DD} = 5V$		640	1280	ns
		$V_{DD} = 10V$		250	500	
		$V_{DD} = 15V$		175	350	
$t_{PHL}$	Turn-On Delay Time (Data) (Figure 1a)	$V_{DD} = 5V$		720	1440	ns
		$V_{DD} = 10V$		290	580	
		$V_{DD} = 15V$		195	400	
$t_{PLH}$	Turn-Off Delay Time (Blank) (Figure 1a)	$V_{DD} = 5V$		320	640	ns
		$V_{DD} = 10V$		130	260	
		$V_{DD} = 15V$		100	200	
$t_{PHL}$	Turn-On Delay Time (Blank) (Figure 1a)	$V_{DD} = 5V$		485	970	ns
		$V_{DD} = 10V$		200	400	
		$V_{DD} = 15V$		160	320	
$t_{PLH}$	Turn-Off Delay Time (Lamp Test) (Figure 1a)	$V_{DD} = 5V$		313	625	ns
		$V_{DD} = 10V$		125	250	
		$V_{DD} = 15V$		90	180	
$t_{PHL}$	Turn-On Delay Time (Lamp Test) (Figure 1a)	$V_{DD} = 5V$		313	625	ns
		$V_{DD} = 10V$		125	250	
		$V_{DD} = 15V$		90	180	
$t_{SETUP}$	Setup Time (Figure 1b)	$V_{DD} = 5V$	180	90		ns
		$V_{DD} = 10V$	76	38		
		$V_{DD} = 15V$	40	20		
$t_{HOLD}$	Hold Time (Figure 1b)	$V_{DD} = 5V$	0	-90		ns
		$V_{DD} = 10V$	0	-38		
		$V_{DD} = 15V$	0	-20		
$PW_{LE}$	Minimum Latch Enable Pulse Width (Figure 1c)	$V_{DD} = 5V$	520	260		ns
		$V_{DD} = 10V$	220	110		
		$V_{DD} = 15V$	130	65		

**Note 2:** AC Parameters are guaranteed by DC correlated testing.

## Switching Time Waveforms

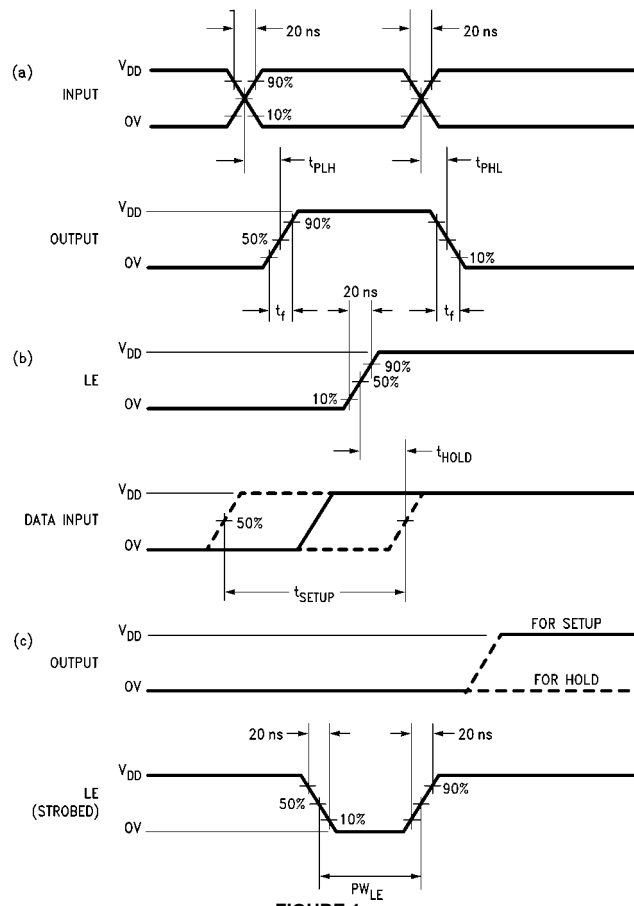
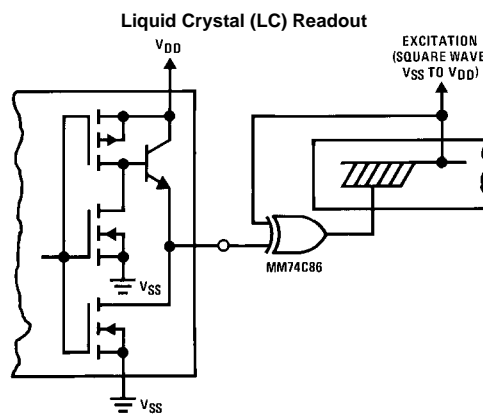
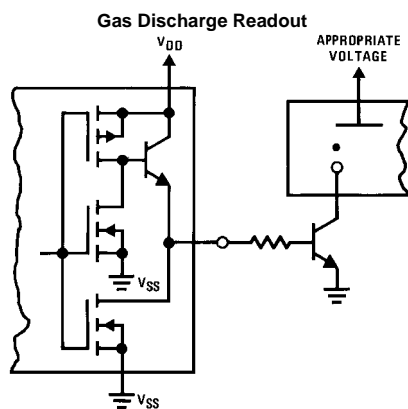
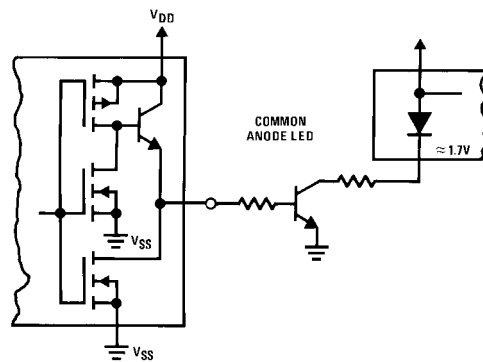
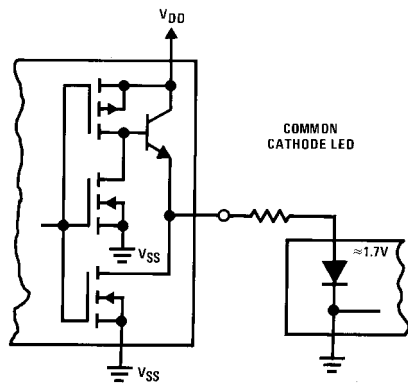


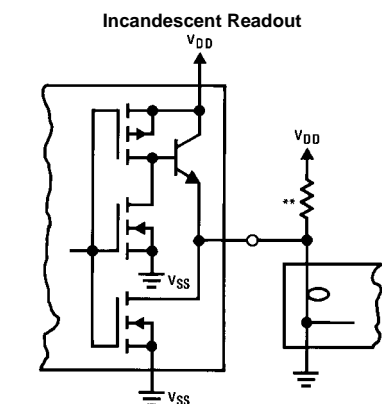
FIGURE 1.

## Typical Applications

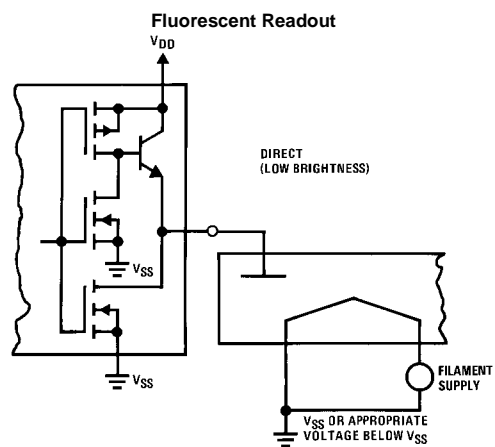
### Light Emitting Diode (LED) Readout

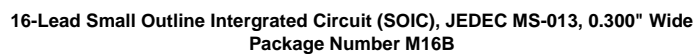


Direct DC drive of LC's not recommended for life of LC readouts.

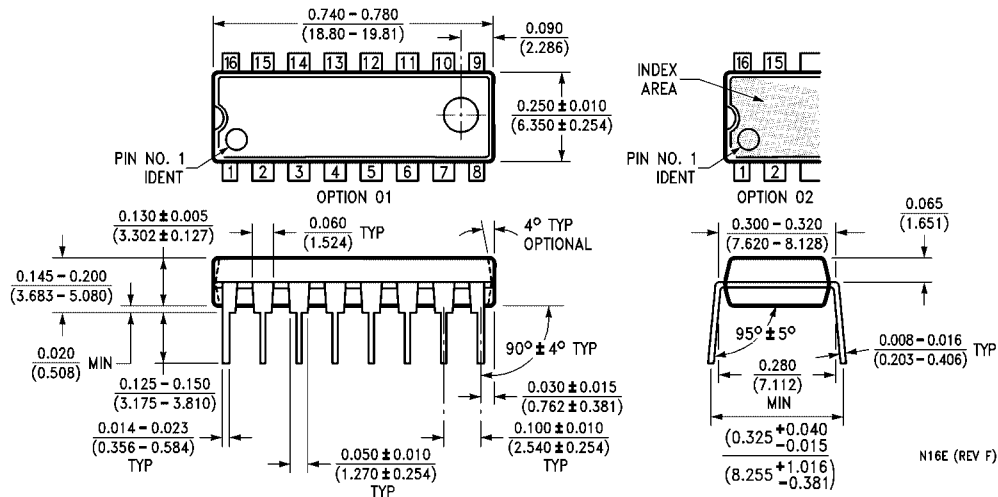


\*\*A filament pre-warm resistor is recommended to reduce filament thermal shock and increase the effective cold resistance of the filament.





## Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide  
Package Number N16E

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