

ENGLISH FILE INTERMEDIATE

WORKSHEET 6

VOCABULARY

A- Choose the correct words for the definitions.

Example: a film where the actors sing

A) musical B) drama C) comedy

1. a film that continues the story of an earlier film
A) scene B) sequel C) plot
2. all the actors in a film
A) cast B) audience C) extra
3. a person who plays a small, unimportant part
A) star B) audience C) extra
4. the story of a film or book
A) plot B) script C) scene
5. translation, on the screen, of the words of the film
A) review B) script C) subtitles

B- Choose the option to complete the compound nouns.

Example: shop _____

A) assistant B) helper C) seller

6. science _____
A) film B) script C) fiction
7. _____ effects
A) scene B) special C) subtitle
8. _____ film
A) action B) active C) acting
9. sound _____
A) music B) track C) set
10. _____ film
A) historical B) history C) historically

C- Choose the correct options to complete the sentences.

Example: He's got short _____ hair.

A) curly B) curl C) bald

11. You should have your _____ up and smile more to give a good impression.
A) hands B) chin C) shoulders
12. These shoes are too small - they hurt my _____.
A) fingers B) toes C) knees
13. Let's _____ a football around on the beach.
A) push B) nod C) kick
14. Marin _____ at the station on the map. But we were still lost.
A) pointed B) touched C) clapped
15. Don't _____ the food with your dirty hands!
A) taste B) smell C) touch
16. She thought he was very serious, but then he _____.
A) stared B) nodded C) smiled
17. The show was fantastic and everyone _____ at the end.
A) pointed B) clapped C) looked
18. I turned round when I heard someone _____.
A) whistle B) throw C) stare
19. Jo didn't say anything, but I know she agreed with me - she _____.
A) nodded B) kicked C) stared
20. I bit my _____ yesterday when I was eating an apple.
A) nose B) neck C) tongue

GRAMMAR

A- Choose the correct option to complete the sentences.

Example: The theatre *being used* / *is used* / *have been used* for plays and concerts.

1. A: What kind of food is this?
B: I'm not sure. It *might* / *can't* / *mustn't* be Thai or Indonesian, I think.
2. The film *is setting* / *set* / *is set* in New York.
3. She *might* / *must* / *can* be out. The house is dark and her car's not there.
4. Parts of the Harry Potter films *filmed* / *were filmed* / *were filming* in Oxford University.
5. I'm sorry but all the tickets have *been* / *being* / *be* sold.
6. He *can't be* / *must be* / *might be* happy. He didn't get the job he wanted.
7. I was disappointed when I saw the film because it *was being dubbed* / *dubbed* / *had been dubbed*.
8. Do you know who *was designed* / *is designed* / *designed* this building?
9. The museum *has been painted* / *was painted* / *is being painted* at the moment so it's closed.
10. That *must* / *can't* / *might* be Marco's sister, but I'm not sure.
11. I haven't got the keys so you *might have* / *must have* / *can't have* them. I know one of us has them.
12. They *can't* / *mustn't* / *don't have to* be French. They're speaking German.
13. The best-selling book was written *with* / *by* / *from* an ex-footballer.
14. Alan *can't* / *might* / *mustn't* work in computing. His computer skills are terrible.

B- Fill in the gaps with the correct active or passive form of the verbs in brackets. There is sometimes more than one possible answer.

The History of Film

The first ever film (0) **was made** (make) in 1895 and the first commercially successful movie (1) _____ (release) was The Great Train Robbery in 1903. The end of the age of silent films (2) _____ (mark) by the success of the first 'talkie', The Jazz Singer, in 1927, and the arrival of colour (3) _____ (add) to the popularity of the cinema. Between 1930 and 1945 the cinema industry in the USA (4) _____ (become) an entertainment factory which (5) _____ (control) by Hollywood studios. But since the 1940s the most significant advances in cinema (6) _____ (achieve) elsewhere. The British film industry (7) _____ (expand) after the war, but fewer films (8) _____ (make) in the UK today, mainly because the money that (9) _____ (need) to finance them can't (10) _____ (find) easily. In the 1980s the home video recorder (11) _____ (invent) and many people (12) _____ (predict) the death of the cinema. For a few years audiences (13) _____ (decrease) alarmingly and dozens of cinemas (14) _____ (go) out of business, but recently more people (15) _____ (attract) back to the cinema. It (16) _____ (hope) that this growth will (17) _____ (continue) and cinema can return to its golden age.

C-Rewrite these sentences using passive verb forms.

Example: They show a new film every week.

A new film is shown every week.

1. The police haven't found the missing child.
The missing child _____.
2. They should nominate him for an Oscar.
He _____.
3. He can't stand it when people laugh at him.
He can't stand _____.
4. They'll present the awards on Saturday.
The awards _____.
5. They had to cancel the match because of rain.
The match _____.
6. They're showing the cup final live on TV.
The cup final _____.

