

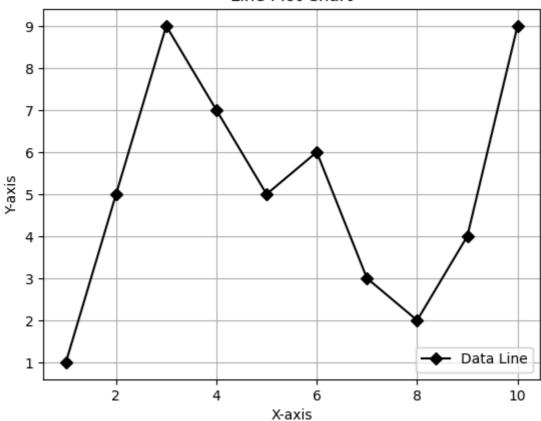
Python Programming - 2301CS404

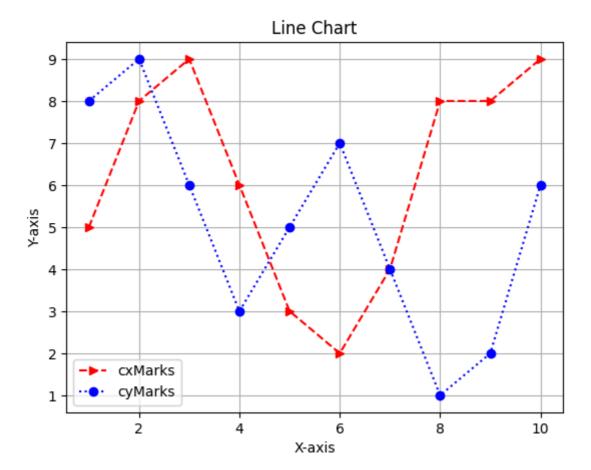
Lab - 12

```
In [3]: #import matplotlib below
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

In [58]: x = range(1,11)
y = [1,5,9,7,5,6,3,2,4,9]
ax = plt.axes()
ax.grid()
# write a code to display the line chart of above x & y
plt.plot(x, y, marker='D', linestyle='-', color='black', label='Data Line')
plt.xlabel("X-axis")
plt.ylabel("Y-axis")
plt.title("Line Plot Chart")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

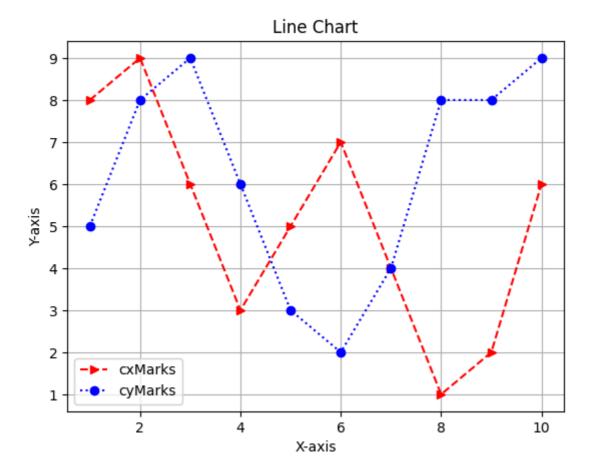
Line Plot Chart





```
In [23]: x = range(1,11,1)
    cxMarks= [8,9,6,3,5,7,4,1,2,6]
    cyMarks= [5,8,9,6,3,2,4,8,8,9]

ax = plt.axes()
    ax.grid()
# write a code to generate below graph
# write a code to display two lines in a line chart (data given above)
plt.plot(x, cxMarks, marker='>', linestyle='--', color='r',label='cxMarks')
plt.plot(x, cyMarks, marker='o', linestyle=':', color='b',label='cyMarks')
plt.xlabel("X-axis")
plt.ylabel("Y-axis")
plt.title("Line Chart")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

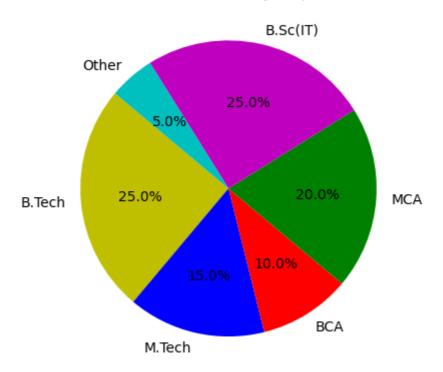


04) WAP to demonstrate the use of Pie chart.

```
In [7]: dept = ["B.Tech", "M.Tech", "BCA", "MCA", "B.Sc(IT)", "Other"]
x = [2500, 1500, 1000, 2000, 2500, 500]
c = ['y', 'b', 'r', 'g', 'm', 'c']

plt.pie(x, labels=dept, colors=c, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=140)
plt.title("Student Distribution by Department")
plt.show()
```

Student Distribution by Department



05) WAP to demonstrate the use of Bar chart.

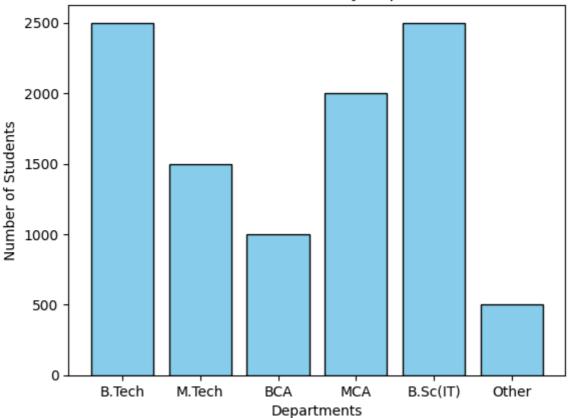
```
In [10]: # Data for the bar chart
    dept = ["B.Tech", "M.Tech", "BCA", "MCA", "B.Sc(IT)", "Other"]
    students = [2500, 1500, 1000, 2000, 2500, 500]

# Creating the bar chart
    plt.bar(dept, students, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')

# Adding Labels and title
    plt.xlabel("Departments")
    plt.ylabel("Number of Students")
    plt.title("Student Distribution by Department")

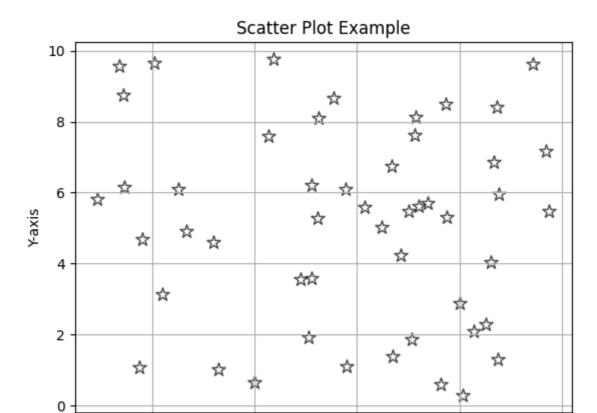
# Display the chart
    plt.show()
```

Student Distribution by Department



06) WAP to demonstrate the use of Scatter Plot.

```
In [11]: # Generate random data
no_stars = 50
x = np.random.rand(no_stars) * 10 # Random values between 0 and 10
y = np.random.rand(no_stars) * 10 # Random values between 0 and 10
ax = plt.axes()
ax.grid()
# Create a scatter plot
plt.scatter(x, y, color='white', marker='*', edgecolors='black', alpha=0.7,s=100
# Labels and title
plt.xlabel('X-axis')
plt.ylabel('Y-axis')
plt.title('Scatter Plot Example')
# Show the plot
plt.show()
```



07) WAP to demonstrate the use of Histogram.

4

6

X-axis

8

10

2

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

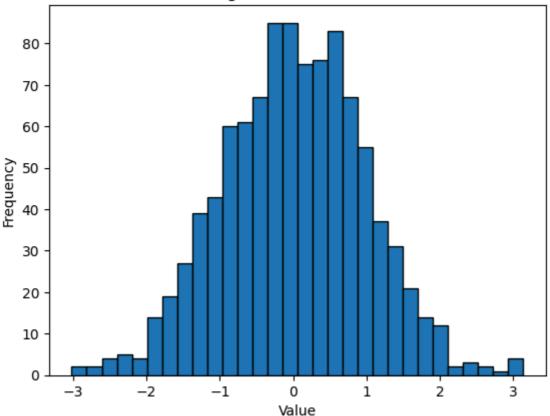
# Generating random data
data = np.random.randn(1000) # 1000 random numbers from a normal distribution

# Creating the histogram
plt.hist(data, bins=30, edgecolor='black')

# Adding titles and LabeLs
plt.title('Histogram of Random Data')
plt.xlabel('Value')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')

# Displaying the plot
plt.show()
```

Histogram of Random Data



08) WAP to display the value of each bar in a bar chart using Matplotlib.

```
In [12]: # Data for the bar chart
dept = ["B.Tech", "M.Tech", "BCA", "MCA", "B.Sc(IT)", "Other"]
students = [2500, 1500, 1000, 2000, 2500, 500]

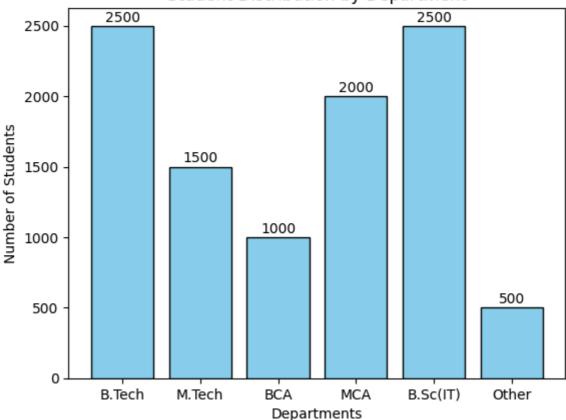
# Creating the bar chart
plt.bar(dept, students, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')

# Adding LabeLs and title
plt.xlabel("Departments")
plt.ylabel("Number of Students")
plt.title("Student Distribution by Department")

# Adding the value of each bar on top
for i, student_count in enumerate(students):
    plt.text(i, student_count + 10, str(student_count), ha='center', va='bottom'

# Display the chart
plt.show()
```

Student Distribution by Department



09) WAP create a Scatter Plot with several colors in Matplotlib?

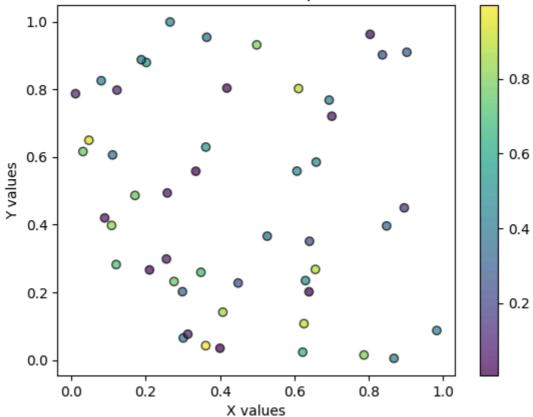
```
In [16]: # Data for scatter plot
    x = np.random.rand(50)  # Random x values
    y = np.random.rand(50)  # Random y values
    colors = np.random.rand(50)  # Random colors for each point

# Create the scatter plot
    plt.scatter(x, y, c=colors, cmap='viridis', edgecolor='black', alpha=0.7)

# Adding Labels and title
    plt.xlabel("X values")
    plt.ylabel("Y values")
    plt.title("Scatter Plot with Multiple Colors")

# Display the plot
    plt.colorbar() # Show color bar to indicate the color scale
    plt.show()
```





10) WAP to create a Box Plot.

