

Project Updates

Completed

- Heat wave data processing for 2021 (see Slides 3-9 for results)
- Data quality filtering for lidar

In process

- Parameter grouping by wind direction and stability in progress (see Slides 10-11)
- Function to identify sea breeze times
- Parallelization for handling large data files (~ 1 TB)
- Data quality measures in process
- AMDAR flight data in process

Project Updates – Heat Wave Climatology

Methodology

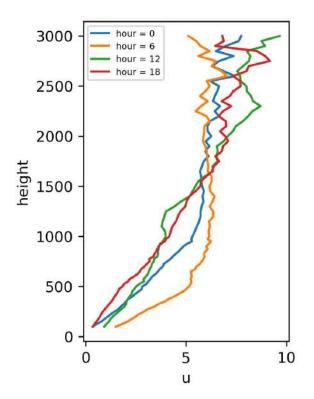
- 5 heat wave events (21 days total) classified in 2021 per NWS definition^[1]
- Anomalies calculated by comparing with 21 randomly-selected days in 2021
- Data averaged hourly for pseudo-climatology, all times local
- Observed quantities:
 - Lidar: u, v, w, wind direction
 - <u>Microwave radiometer</u>: temperature, vapor density, relative humidity, liquid content, surface pressure
- Derived quantities:
 - Pressure, lapse rate, mixing ratio, (virtual) potential temperature, mixing ratio

^{1.} National Weather Service, New York. https://www.weather.gov/okx/excessiveheat

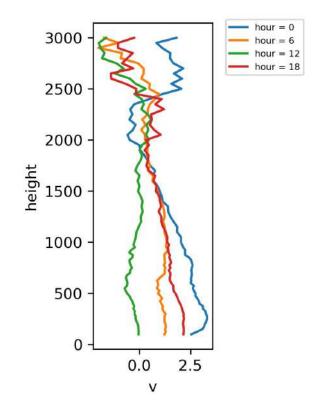
Project Updates - Heat Wave Climatology

Results – dynamic parameters (Queens location shown for u, v)

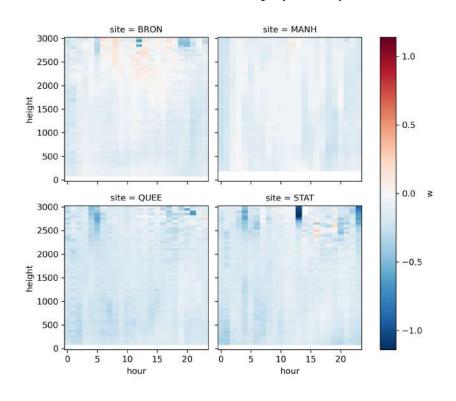




Meridional wind speed (m s⁻¹)

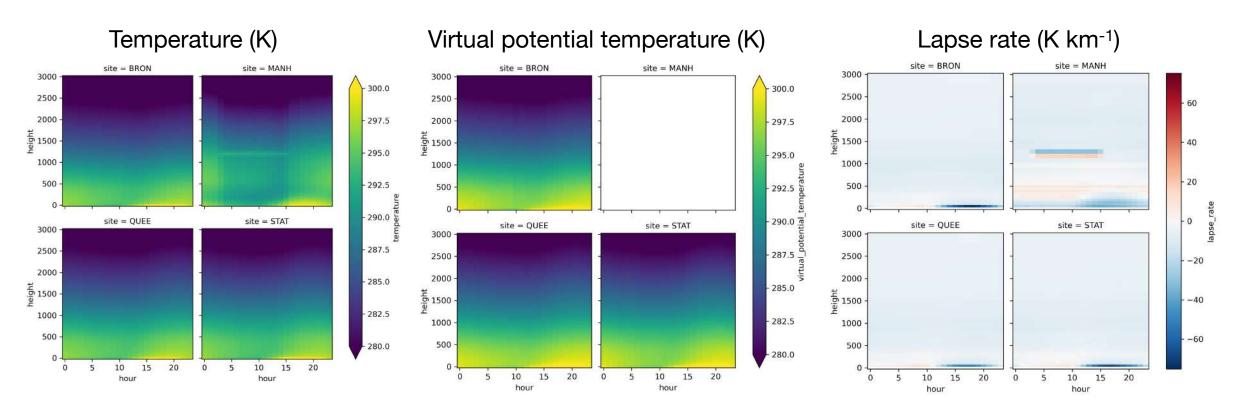


Vertical velocity (m s⁻¹)



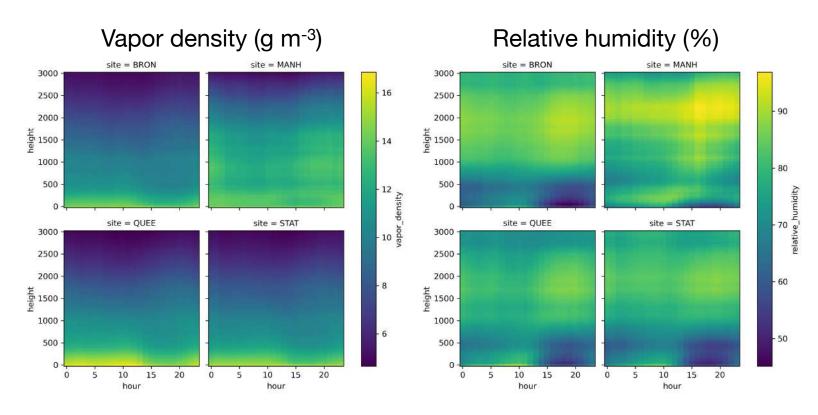
Project Updates - Heat Wave Climatology

Results – heat parameters



Project Updates - Heat Wave Climatology

Results – moisture parameters

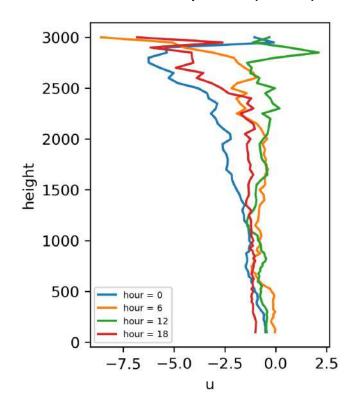


Project Updates - Anomaly Climatology

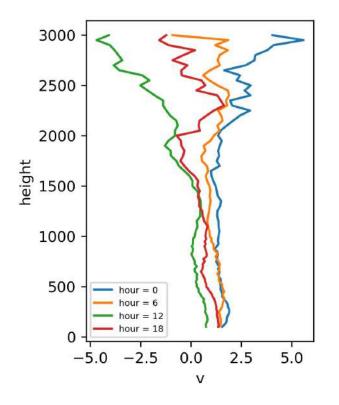
Anomaly data shows lower geostrophic winds towards top of ML

• Results – dynamic parameters (Queens shown for u, v)

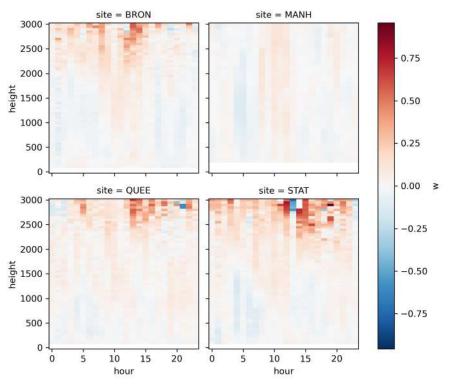
Zonal wind speed (m s⁻¹)



Meridional wind speed (m s⁻¹)



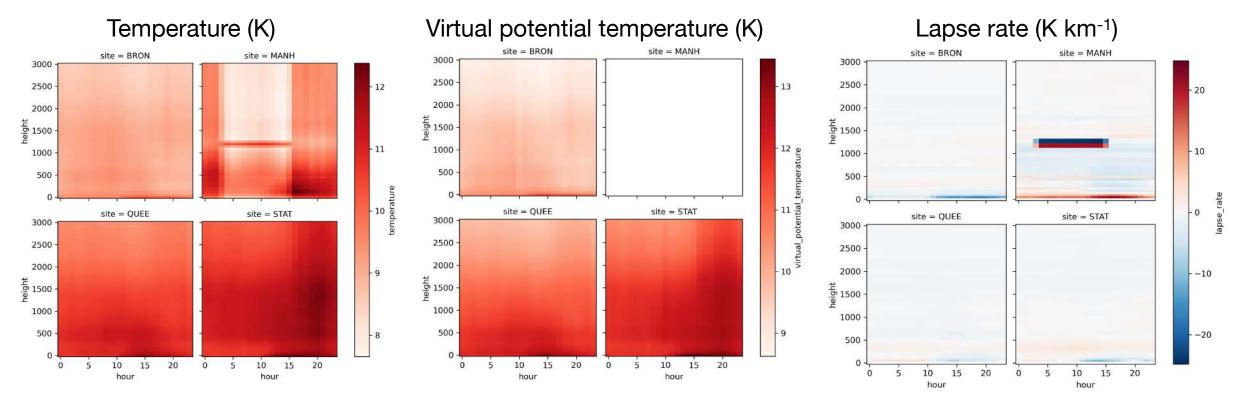
Vertical velocity (m s⁻¹)



Project Updates – Anomaly Climatology

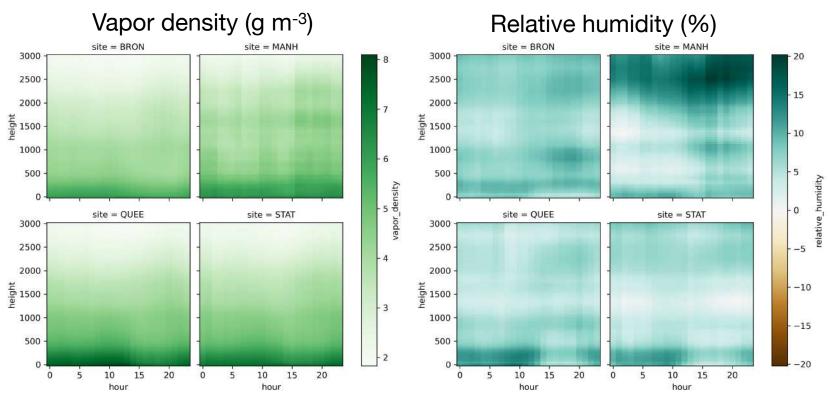
Results – heat parameters

Anomaly data shows warmer UBL, superadiabatic lapse rate in surface layer



Project Updates – Anomaly Climatology

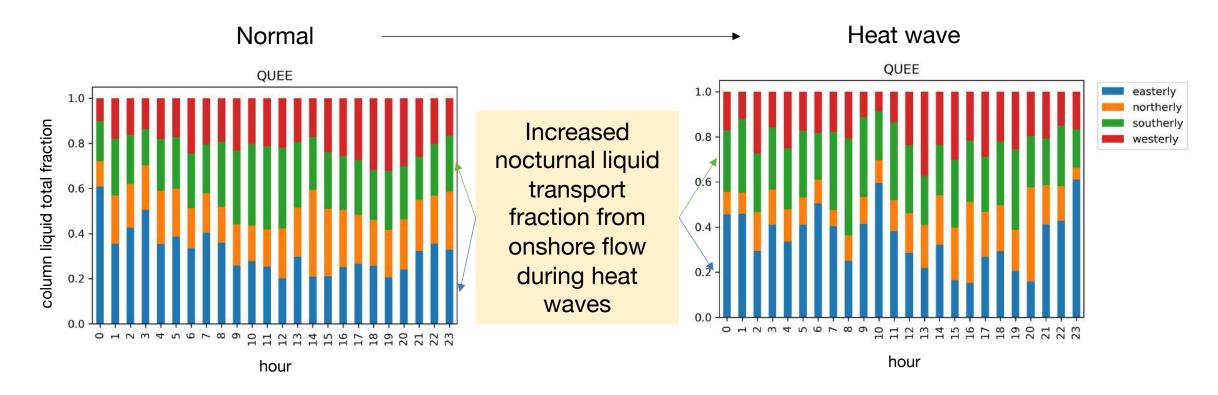
Results – moisture parameters



Anomaly data shows increased moisture content during heatwaves

Project Updates - Directionality of Parameters

- Exploration of parameter dependence on wind direction in progress
- Example: column-integrated liquid transport fraction in Queens



Backup

Project Overview

• Objective: address gap in literature concerning the atmospheric

boundary layer in urban areas

• Methods: (1) synthesize observations from various sources to

compile data on surface, surface layer, and mixed

layer properties;

(2) use analytical methods to obtain derived quantities

Outcome:

Project Schedule (as of 09/20)

Literature Review

Data Synthesis

Grouping and Patterns

Data Analysis & Statistics

Postprocessing & writing

Objective

Identify research gaps

Status

Completed

ECD

08/20/2021

Research gap(s)

- Sea-breeze effects during heat waves
- Effects of soil moisture on UBL in heat waves
- Nocturnal UBL properties during heat waves
- Effect of surface forcings on eddies
- BL height during heat waves

Objective

- Construct xArray
 Dataset (Python
 structure)
- Employ parallelization for big data handling

Status

In process

ECD

• 09/22/2021

Data sources

- NYS Mesonet
- CCNY instruments
- AMDAR

Objective

- Stability grouping
- Heat wave identif'n
- Wind direction

Status

In process

ECD

10/08/2021 (iterative)

Objective

- Spectral analysis (eddy analysis)
- Statistical analyses (surface forcings → UBL properties)
- Turbulence parameters

Status

To be completed

ECD

10/29/2021 (iterative)