

Starter - Homework

 Check your homework with the answers I have provided you with in your notebook. Mark any incorrect answers but keep your final score the same and record in your notebooks.

My Scores:							
1	2	3	4	5	6		
/20	/20	/20	/20	/20	/20		



Cambridge International School

Lesson 3 ASCII

Unit 1
Data Representation

```
!"#$%&'()*+,-./012
3456789:;<=>?@ABCDE
FGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX
YZ[\]^_`abcdefghijk
lmnopqrstuvwxyz{|}~
```

Mr. Teasdale

Today we are going to...



To understand how computers represent characters



Success Criteria

Must

Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters



Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text



Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary





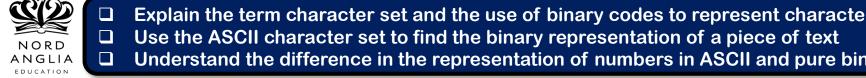
- We have seen that positive integers can be represented in binary
- Negative numbers, and numbers with a decimal point, can also be represented as "pure" binary numbers
- But what about text?
- A different system is needed



- ☐ ASCII
- □ Character set
- □ Extended **ASCII**
- □ Unicode



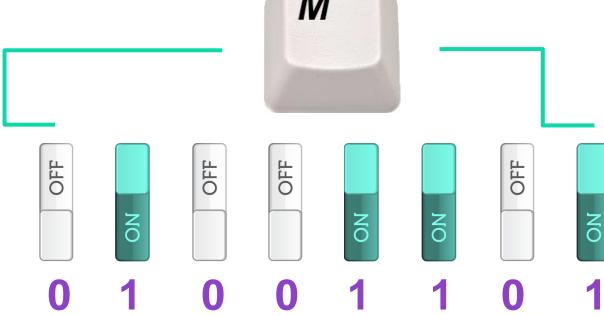
- Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary





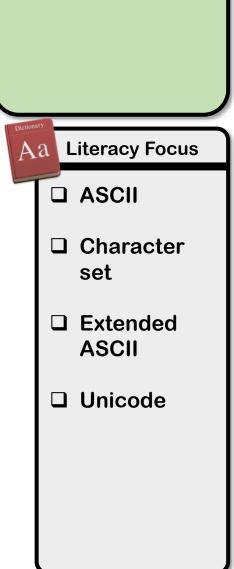
Representing text characters

• If a computer understands only 1s and 0s, what happens when the 'M' key is pressed on the keyboard?





- Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- ☐ Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary









Representing characters in binary

REMEMBER

- Every character on the keyboard is represented by a binary value
 - Uppercase letters (capitals)
 - Lowercase
 - Punctuation symbols have their own characters
- How many characters are there on a standard keyboard? How many bits would be required to represent this many combinations?

10 digits: 0123456789

26 lower case letters: Abcdefghijklmnopgrstuvwxyz

26 upper case letters: ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

33 special characters: `~!@#\$%^&*()- =+[]\{}|;':",./<>?



- ☐ ASCII
- ☐ Character set
- □ Extended ASCII
- □ Unicode



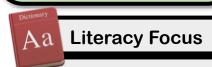
- Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- ☐ Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary



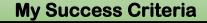




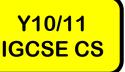
- ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) has become the standard code, used worldwide
- It was originally developed in the 1960s for representing the English alphabet
- It encodes 128 characters into 7-bit binary codes
- Characters include numbers 0 to 9, uppercase and lowercase letters A-Z, a-z, punctuation symbols and a space character



- ☐ ASCII
- □ Character set
- □ Extended **ASCII**
- □ Unicode



- Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary









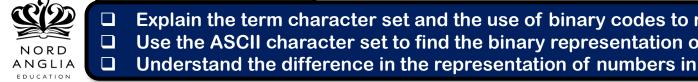
- In a word processor or Notepad, try pressing ALT+65 on your keyboard (hold down the ALT key while you type 65 using the numeric keypad on the right of the keyboard)
- Try typing your initials using ALT key combinations

Decimal	Binary	Character	Decimal	Binary	Character	Decimal	Binary	Character
32	00100000	space	64	01000000	@	96	01100000	,
33	00100001	ļ.	65	01000001	Α	97	01100001	а
34	00100010	"	66	01000010	В	98	01100010	b
35	00100011	£	67	01000011	С	99	01100011	С
36	00100100	\$	68	01000100	D	100	01100100	d
37	00100101	%	69	01000101	Е	101	01100101	е
38	00100110	&	70	01000110	F	102	01100110	f
39	00100111	'	71	01000111	G	103	01100111	g
40	00101000	(72	01001000	Н	104	01101000	h
41	00101001)	73	01001001	I	105	01101001	i

Literacy Focus

- ☐ ASCII
- □ Character set
- □ Extended **ASCII**
- □ Unicode

- Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary







- Numerous different codes for representing characters have been invented, but ASCII is commonly used nowadays on PCs
- Originally only 7 bits were used but now the eighth bit is used to give extra characters such as ©, ® and many more...

How many different characters can be encoded using

7 bits? 8 bits? 16 bits?



- ☐ ASCII
- ☐ Character set
- □ Extended ASCII
- □ Unicode

- Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- ☐ Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary



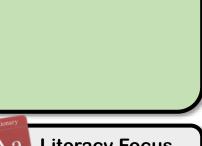


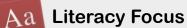




- Sometimes it is useful to be able to type special characters like á, à, ®
- Here are the codes for some of them:
 - Alt+0169 **(C)**
 - Alt+0174
 - á Alt+0225
 - à Alt+0224
 - Alt+0226
 - Alt+0228
- You can try them out!

- Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary





- ☐ ASCII
- □ Character set
- □ Extended **ASCII**
- □ Unicode





Working with string input

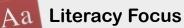
 In Python, two strings can be concatenated, or joined together, using the + symbol

```
firstname = input("Please input your first name: ")
secondname = input("Please input your second name: ")
fullname = firstname + " " + secondname
print ("Your full name is ",fullname)
```

 If you enter Mike for a first name and Bell for a second name, the computer will display

Your full name is Mike Bell

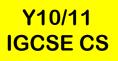




- ☐ ASCII
- ☐ Character set
- □ Extended ASCII
- □ Unicode



- ☐ Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- ☐ Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary





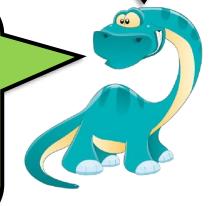


Complete Task 1 on the worksheet

Need some help?
Checkout the need help section

Challenge?
Checkout
the want to
go further

section



My Success Criteria

NORD

TASK 1 TASK 2 TASK 3

- Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- ☐ Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary



- Try typing *ALT + 55*
- What is the binary representation of the ASCII character 7? Is this the same as the binary value for 7?
- Why not? What does this mean?

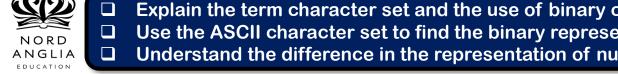
Decimal	Binary	Character	Decimal	Binary	Character	Decimal	Binary	Character
48	00110000	0	53	00110101	5	58	00111010	:
49	00110001	1	54	00110110	6	59	00111011	;
50	00110010	2	55	00110111	7	60	00111100	<
51	00110011	3	56	00111000	8	61	00111101	=
52	00110100	4	57	00111001	9	62	00111110	>



- ☐ ASCII
- □ Character set
- □ Extended **ASCII**
- □ Unicode



- Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary







- Clearly, we cannot do arithmetic with ASCII characters
- Programming languages deal with the input of numbers in different ways
- In some languages, variables have to be declared as type char, string, integer, real etc.
- In other languages such as Python, all data is input as string, and if it is to be regarded as an integer, it has to be converted using an inbuilt function

e.g. xString ←USERINPUT

x = INT(xString)

- ☐ Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- ☐ Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary



- ☐ ASCII
- ☐ Character set
- ☐ Extended ASCII
- □ Unicode







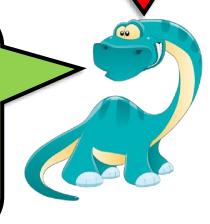


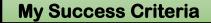
Task! Worksheet 3

Now try Task 2

Need some help?
Checkout the
need help
section

Challenge?
Checkout
the
extension
tasks!





- NORD ANGLIA
- ☐ Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- ☐ Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary



Using different alphabets

To represent other alphabets for different languages, a new code allowing for many more characters is needed...

Unicode was developed to use 16 bits

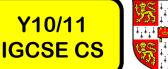
- gives 65,536 possible combinations – enough to represent every character in every language



- ☐ ASCII
- ☐ Character set
- □ Extended ASCII
- □ Unicode











- To display the word Olympian in the Greek alphabet, for example, you could use the **Control Panel in Windows to install a Greek** keyboard
- Then, of course, you need to buy a new keyboard so you know where the letters are!

ολύμπιος

- Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary



- ☐ ASCII
- □ Character set
- □ Extended **ASCII**
- □ Unicode









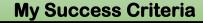
- Characters are represented using the ASCII code
- Seven bits is enough to represent all the characters and symbols on an English keyboard
- The extended 8-bit ASCII code allows for 128 extra special characters such as ©, ®, á
- You cannot do arithmetic on ASCII characters representing numbers – they must first be converted to pure binary numbers
- Unicode provides a unique binary code for every character in every language



Aa Literacy Focus

- □ Character set
- □ Extended **ASCII**
- □ Unicode

Y10/11



- Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary





Checkpoint



Must

Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters



Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text



Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary



Cool down

- 1. Complete the skills 'checklist'
- 2. Answer the confidence question and complete a row in you progress diary

 How confident do you feel about this topic?





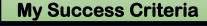


Join my Quizlet class!

quizlet.com/join/rd4V Kwq6F



- ☐ ASCII
- ☐ Character set
- □ Extended ASCII
- □ Unicode

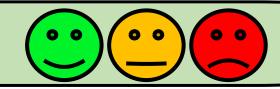


- Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- ☐ Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary





Let's Review





Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters



Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text



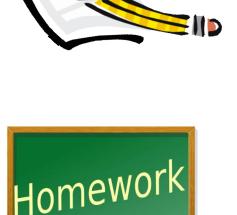
Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary



Homework

Homework is in your notebooks, complete for <u>next</u> lesson!







- ☐ ASCII
- ☐ Character set
- □ Extended ASCII
- □ Unicode



- ☐ Explain the term character set and the use of binary codes to represent characters
- ☐ Use the ASCII character set to find the binary representation of a piece of text
 - Understand the difference in the representation of numbers in ASCII and pure binary





