

→ Documentation

User's Guide

Custom Templates
Feature Roadmap
FAQ

→ Source Forge Pages

Project Page
Download

→ Project Documentation

► Project Information
► Project Reports

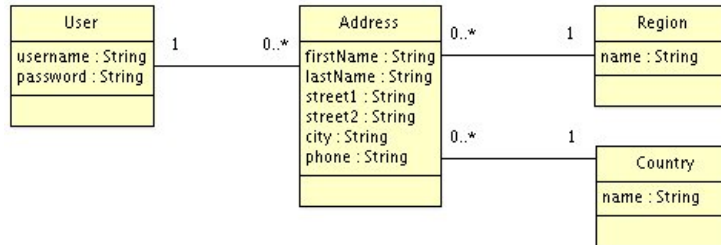


Last Published: Sep 22
2007

Using Groovy MDA

Start by creating a UML model in a tool that supports XMI. I am going to use [ArgoUML](#) for all of the examples.

For this example, we will create a simple address book application where a users can store addresses.



Running the groovymda.jar from the command line

```
java -jar groovymda-1.0.jar 'jar:file:./addressbook.zargo!/addressbook.xmi'
```

After running the command you will notice Java source files are created. If you want to change the output directory add a second argument for the output directory when running the command.

For the command above, there will be a generated directory structure and java source files show below :

```
-- com
  |-- acme
    |-- domain
      |-- Address.java
      |-- Country.java
      |-- Region.java
      |-- User.java
```

Example of the User entity that was generated:

```
package com.acme.domain;

import java.io.Serializable;
import java.util.Date;
import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.Set;
import javax.persistence.CascadeType;
import javax.persistence.Column;
import javax.persistence.Entity;
import javax.persistence.FetchType;
import javax.persistence.GeneratedValue;
import javax.persistence.GenerationType;
import javax.persistence.Id;
import javax.persistence.JoinColumn;
import javax.persistence.JoinTable;
import javax.persistence.Lob;
import javax.persistence.ManyToMany;
import javax.persistence.ManyToOne;
import javax.persistence.NamedQueries;
import javax.persistence.NamedQuery;
import javax.persistence.OneToOne;
import javax.persistence.OneToOne;
import javax.persistence.Table;
import javax.persistence.Temporal;
import javax.persistence.TemporalType;

/**
 * User Domain Object
 */
@Entity
@Table(name = "t_user")
@NamedQueries({
    @NamedQuery(name = "User.findAll", query = "from User")
})
public class User implements Serializable {
```

```

@Id
@GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.AUTO)
@Column(name = "pk_id")
private Long id;

@Column(name = "c_username")
private java.lang.String username;

@Column(name = "c_password")
private java.lang.String password;

@OneToMany(
    mappedBy = "user",
    cascade = {CascadeType.PERSIST, CascadeType.MERGE}
)
private java.util.Set<Address> addresss;

public java.lang.String getUsername() {
    return username;
}

public void setUsername(java.lang.String username) {
    this.username = username;
}

public java.lang.String getPassword() {
    return password;
}

public void setPassword(java.lang.String password) {
    this.password = password;
}

public java.util.Set<Address> getAddressss() {
    return addresss;
}

public void setAddressss(java.util.Set<Address> addresss) {
    Address[] tempAddressss = (Address[]) getAddressss().toArray(new Address[getAddressss().size()]);
    for (Address address : tempAddressss) {
        removeFromAddressss(address);
    }
    if (addressss != null) {
        for (Address address : addressss) {
            addToAddressss(address);
        }
    }
}

public void addToAddressss(Address address) {
    if (address != null) {
        address.setUser(this);
        getAddressss().add(address);
    }
}

public void removeFromAddressss(Address address) {
    if (address != null) {
        address.setUser(null);
        getAddressss().remove(address);
    }
}

public int hashCode() {
    int hashCode;
    if (id != null) {
        hashCode = 29 * id.hashCode();
    } else {
        hashCode = super.hashCode();
    }
    return hashCode;
}

public boolean equals(Object o) {
    if (this == o) {
        return true;
    }
    if (!(o instanceof User)) {
        return false;
    }
    final User otherUser = (User) o;
    if (hashCode() != otherUser.hashCode()) {
        return false;
    }
}

```

```
        return true;
    }
}
```

