

Data Visualization with Python

Cheat Sheet : Maps, Waffles, WordCloud and Seaborn

Function Description Syntax

Example

Visual

Folium

Map

Create a map object with specified center coordinates and zoom level.

```
folium.Map(location=[lat, lon], zoom_start=n)
```

```
world_map = folium.Map()
```

```
canada = folium.Map(location=[56.130, -106.35], zoom_start=4)
```



Marker

Add a marker to the map with custom icon, popup, and tiles

```
folium.Marker(location=[lat, lon],
              popup='Marker Popup',
              tiles='Stamen Toner').add_to(map)
```

```
folium.Marker(location=[556.130, -106.35],
              tooltip='Marker',
              tiles='Stamen Toner').add_to(world_map)
```



Tiles as Stamen Toner

Tiles as Stamen Terrain

```
folium.Marker(location=[lat, lon],
              popup='Marker Popup',
              tiles='Stamen Terrain').add_to(map)
```

```
folium.Marker(location=[556.130, -106.35],
              tooltip='Marker',
              tiles='Stamen Terrain').add_to(world_map)
```

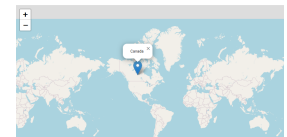


Circle

Add a circle to the map with specified radius, color, and fill opacity.

```
folium.features.CircleMarker(location=[lat, lon],
                             radius=n, color='red',
                             fill_opacity=n).add_to(map)
```

```
folium.features.CircleMarker(location=[56.130, -106.35],
                             radius=1000, color='red',
                             fill_opacity=0.5).add_to(world_map)
```

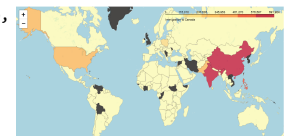


Chorpleth

Create a choropleth map based on a GeoJSON file and a specified data column.

```
folium.Choropleth(geo_data='path/to/geojson_file',
                  data=df, columns=['region', 'value_column'],
                  key_on='feature.properties.id',
                  fill_color='YlGnBu',
                  fill_opacity=0.7, line_opacity=0.2,
                  legend_name='Legend').add_to(map)
```

```
world_map.choropleth(geo_data=world_geo,
                    data=df_can, columns=['Country',
                    'Total'],
                    key_on='feature.properties.name',
                    fill_color='YlOrRd',
                    fill_opacity=0.7, line_opacity=0.2,
                    legend_name='Immigration to Canada')
```



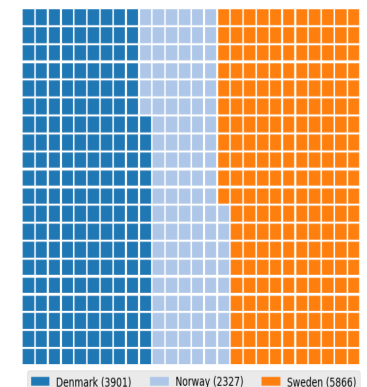
PyWaffle

Waffle

Create a waffle chart based on values and categories.

```
plt.figure(FigureClass = Waffle, rows = 20, columns = 30, values = values)
waffle_chart = waffle.Waffle(values=[value1, value2, ...],
                             rows=n, columns=n)
```

```
plt.figure(FigureClass = Waffle, rows = 20, columns = 30,
          values = df_dsn['Total'], cmap_name = 'tab20',
          legend = {'labels': label, 'loc': 'lower left',
                    'bbox_to_anchor': (0, -0.1), 'ncol': 3})
```



Legend

Add a legend to the waffle chart.

```
waffle_chart.legend(loc='upper left',
                    bbox_to_anchor=(1, 1))
```

Title

Add a title to the waffle chart.

```
waffle_chart.set_title('Waffle Chart Title')
```

Labels

Add labels to the waffle chart.

```
waffle_chart.set_labels(['Label 1', 'Label 2', ...])
```

WordCloud

Function Description Syntax

Example

Visual

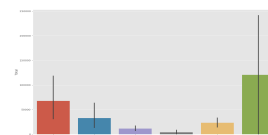
WordCloud	Create a word cloud object based on text data.	<code>wordcloud = WordCloud().generate(text_data)</code>
Generate	Generate the word cloud based on the text data.	<code>wordcloud.generate(text_data)</code>
Display	Display the word cloud using matplotlib or other plotting libraries.	<code>plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')</code>
Options	Set various options for the word cloud, such as font, colors, mask, and stopwords.	<code>wordcloud = WordCloud(font_path='path/to/font_file', background_color='white', colormap='Blues', mask=mask_image, stopwords=stopwords).generate(text_data)</code>

Seaborn

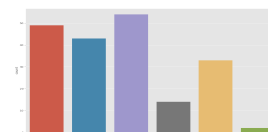
barplot	<p>Create a bar plot to visualize the relationship between a categorical variable and a numeric variable.</p> <pre>sns.barplot(x='x_variable', y='y_variable', data=dataframe)</pre>
countplot	<p>Create a count plot to display the frequency of each category in a categorical variable.</p> <pre>sns.countplot(x='category', data=dataframe)</pre>
regplot	<p>Create a scatter plot with a linear regression line to visualize the relationship between two numeric variables.</p> <pre>sns.regplot(x='x_variable', y='y_variable', data=dataframe)</pre>



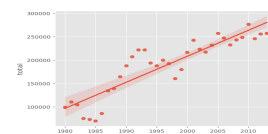
```
sns.barplot(x='Continent', y='Total',
data=df_can1)
```



```
sns.countplot(x='Continent',
data=df can)
```



```
sns.regplot(x='year', y='total',
data=df_tot)
```



Author(s)

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Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2023-06-18	0.1	Dr. Pooja	Initial version created