

Navigating the **Old** and **New Ways** to **Retrieve Last** **Element** in JS

Wondering what is the new way to retrieve last element of an array in JS ? This presentation will provide all the answers you need!



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OLD Way - To get Last Item of an Array

The traditional way to select the last item of an array in JavaScript is by using the array's length property.

In this example, `myArray.length` gives the total number of elements in the array, and `myArray.length - 1` gives the index of the last element. This method works reliably and is widely supported across all JavaScript environments.

```
const myArray = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5];  
  
// Old way using array length  
const lastItem = myArray[myArray.length - 1];  
  
console.log(lastItem); // Output: 5
```

NEW Way - To get Last Item of an Array

The new way to select the last item of an array in JavaScript is by using the `Array.prototype.at` method in combination with a negative index. Introduced in ECMAScript 2022 (ES13), the `at` method allows for more concise when accessing elements at specific indices.

- The `Array.prototype.at` method is employed to access an element at a specified index.
- A negative index, such as `-1`, refers to positions counting from the end of the array.
- In this example, `myArray.at(-1)` returns the last element of the array `myArray`.

```
// Sample array
const myArray = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50];

// Using Array.prototype.at with a negative index to select the last item
const lastItem = myArray.at(-1);

// Output the result
console.log("Last item of the array:", lastItem);
```