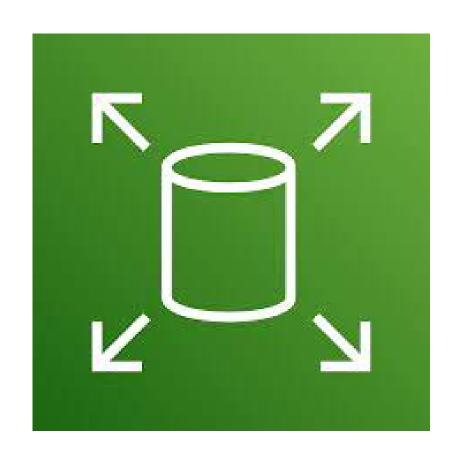
530

Lab - AWS re/Start Trabajo con Amazon EBS



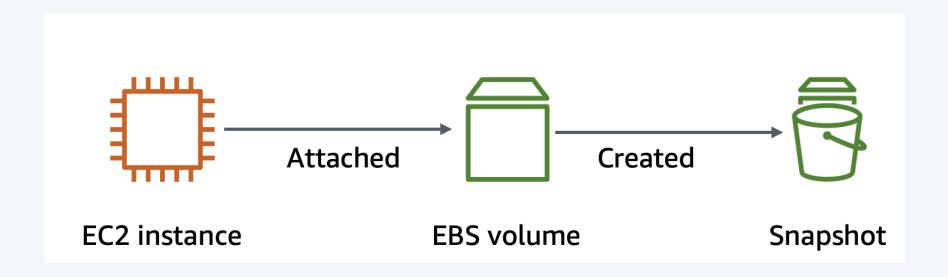




Interactuando con Amazon EBS

Los objetivos son:

- Crear un volumen EBS.
- Adjuntar y montar un volumen EBS a una instancia EC2.
- Creación de una instantánea de un volumen EBS.
- Creación de un volumen EBS a partir de una instantánea.

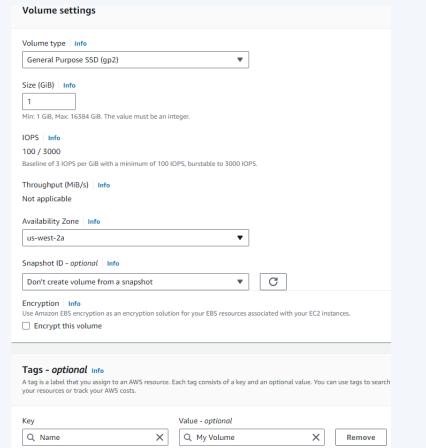


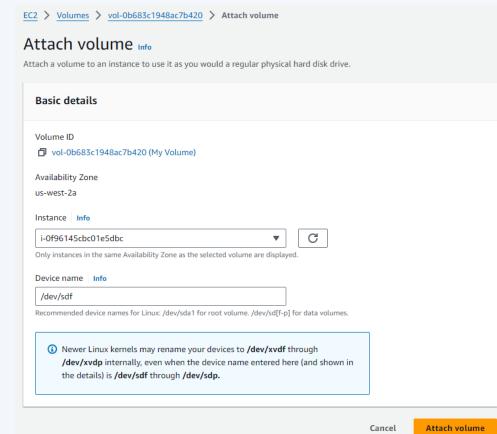


Tarea 01



Empezamos creando un volumen EBS





Después de montar el volumen EBS a nuestra instancia:

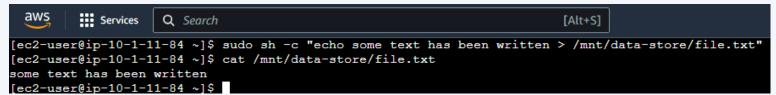
```
[ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$ df -h
Filesystem
               Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
devtmpfs
                465M
                         0 465M
                                  0% /dev
tmpfs
                473M
                           473M
                                  0% /dev/shm
                        0
tmpfs
                473M 464K
                           472M
                                   1% /run
tmpfs
                473M
                        0
                           473M
                                  0% /sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/nvme0n1p1
               8.0G
                     1.6G
                                  20% /
                           6.5G
                95M
                            95M
                                  0% /run/user/0
tmpfs
                        0
                 95M
                            95M
                                  0% /run/user/1000
[ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$ sudo mkfs -t ext3 /dev/sdf
mke2fs 1.42.9 (28-Dec-2013)
Filesystem label=
OS type: Linux
Block size=4096 (log=2)
Fragment size=4096 (log=2)
Stride=0 blocks, Stripe width=0 blocks
65536 inodes, 262144 blocks
13107 blocks (5.00%) reserved for the super user
First data block=0
Maximum filesystem blocks=268435456
block groups
32768 blocks per group, 32768 fragments per group
8192 inodes per group
Superblock backups stored on blocks:
       32768, 98304, 163840, 229376
Allocating group tables: done
Writing inode tables: done
Creating journal (8192 blocks): done
Writing superblocks and filesystem accounting information: done
[ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$ sudo mkdir /mnt/data-store
[ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$ sudo mount /dev/sdf /mnt/data-store
[ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$ echo "/dev/sdf /mnt/data-store ext3 defaults, noatime 1 2" | sudo tee -a /etc/fstab/dev/sdf /mnt/data-store ext3 defaults, noatime 1 2" |
 [ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$ cat /etc/fstab
UUID=54c25061-a380-4c86-b6d3-e0e6cdd7f106
                                                                                                                    defaults, noatime 1 1
//dev/sdf /mnt/data-store ext3 defaults, noatime 1 2 [ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$ df -h
Filesystem Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on devtmpfs 465M 0 465M 0% /dev
tmpfs 473M 0 473M 0% /dev/shm
                             473M 464K 472M
473M 0 473M
                                                              1% /run
0% /sys/fs/cgroup
tmpfs
tmpfs
                                                 6.5G
95M
                               95M
                                                              0% /run/user/0
                             975M
                                         60K
                                                               1% /mnt/data-store
[ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$
```

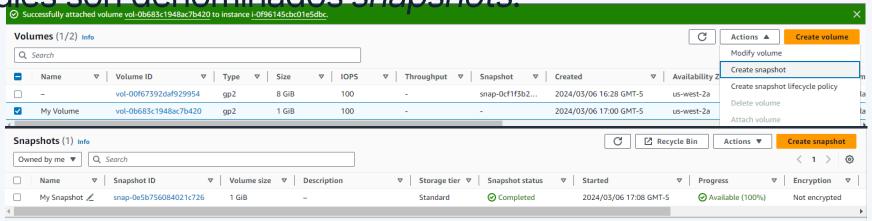


Tarea 01

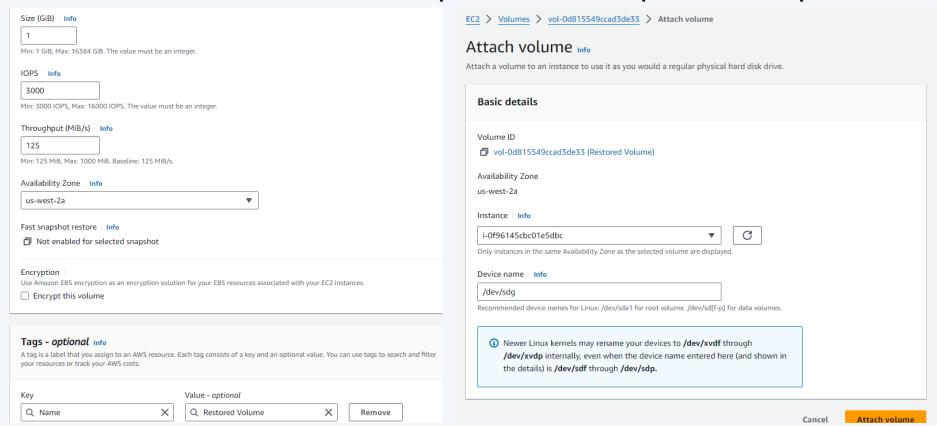




Ahora, crearemos un respaldo de este volumen EBS, los cuales son denominados *snapshots*.



Para crear un volumen EBS a partir del snapshot (respaldo).



Montamos el volumen EBS que hemos creado

```
WS Services Q Search [Alt+S]

[ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$ sudo mkdir /mnt/data-store2
[ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$ sudo mount /dev/sdg /mnt/data-store2
[ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$ ls /mnt/data-store2/file.txt
/mnt/data-store2/file.txt
[ec2-user@ip-10-1-11-84 ~]$
```

