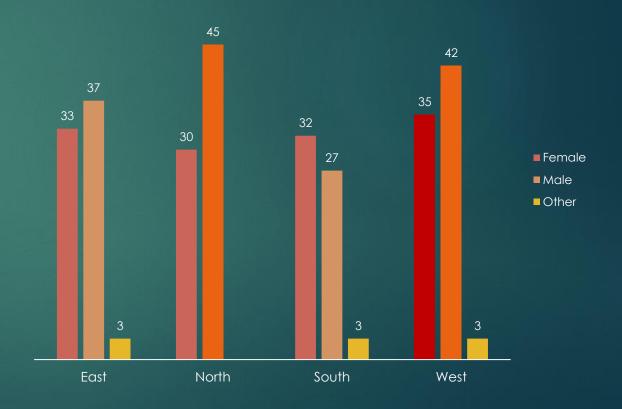
Health Conditions and Recovery Analysis

A STATISTICAL OVERVIEW OF REGIONAL AND GENDER-BASED TRENDS

Regional Distribution of Cases

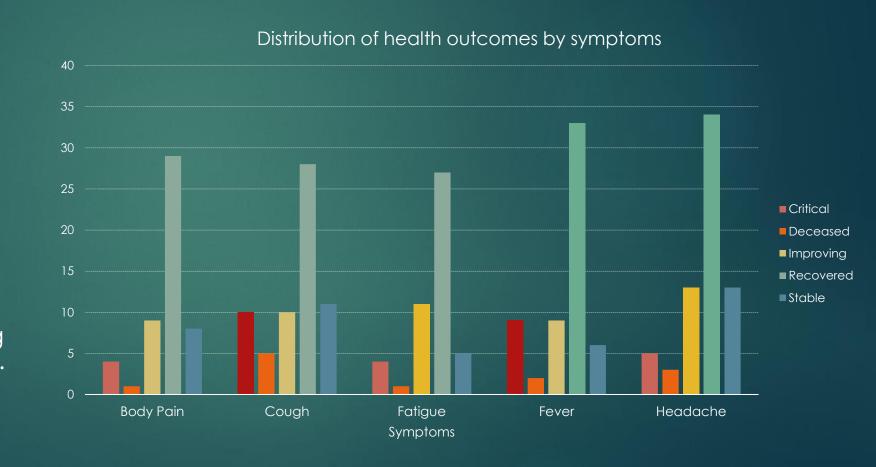
- ► Total cases: 290 distributed across four regions.
- The West region reported the highest cases (80), while the South recorded the lowest (62).
- East and North regions had comparable totals of 73 and 75, respectively.
- The gender distribution revealed more male cases (151) compared to females (130).
- 9 cases were classified as 'Other' gender.





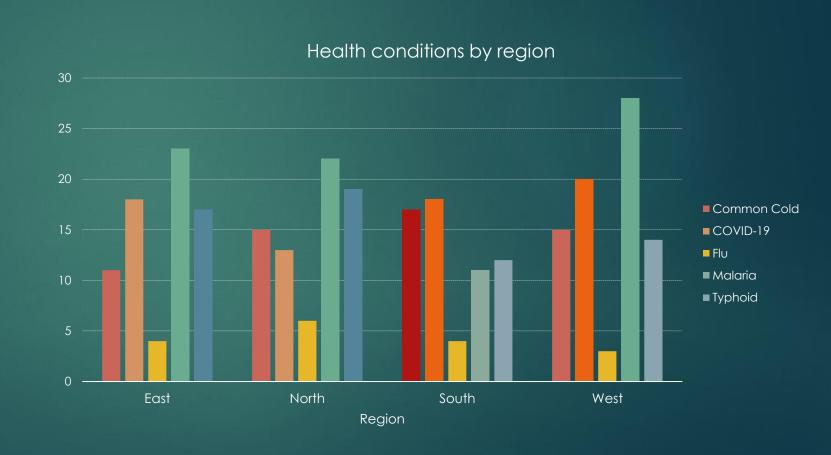
Symptoms and Recovery Outcomes

- Headache (68 cases) and cough (64 cases) were the most reported symptoms.
- Recovery rates were highest among patients with headache and fever.
- Critical and deceased outcomes were significantly lower compared to improving and recovered statuses.
- ► Total critical cases: 32; total fatalities: 12.



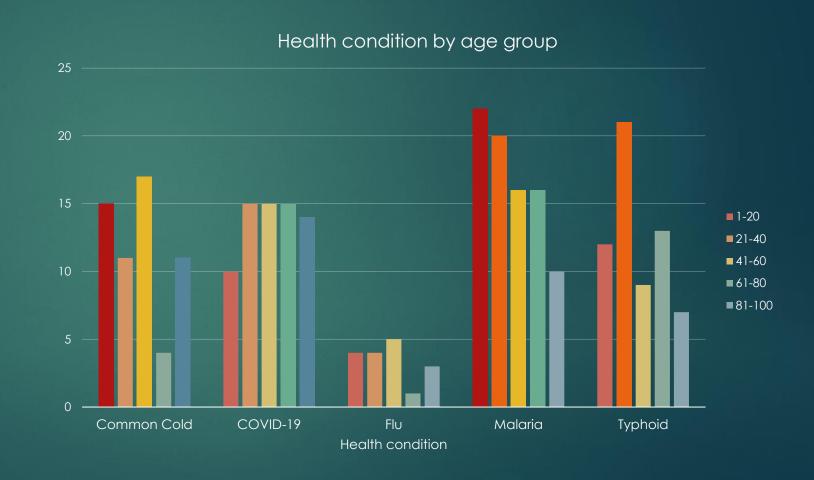
Disease Prevalence by Region

- Malaria had the highest prevalence with 84 cases, followed by COVID-19 with 69 cases.
- The East and West regions showed significant cases of malaria and COVID-19.
- Typhoid was more prominent in the North, with 19 cases reported.
- Flu was the least reported disease, with 17 cases.



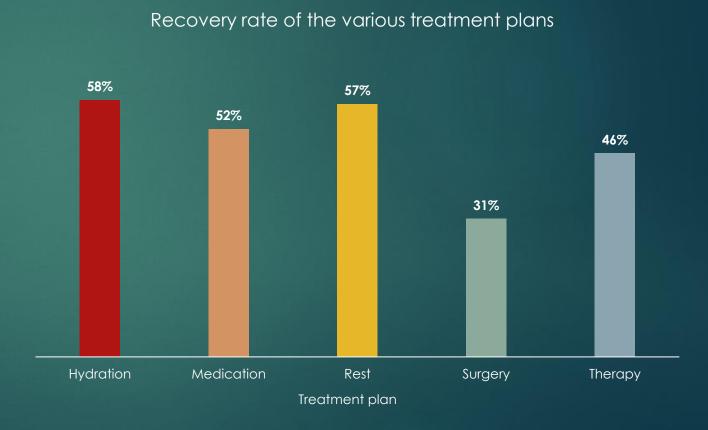
Age Group Analysis

- Age 21-40 reported the highest number of cases (71), followed by 1-20 (63).
- Malaria had the most balanced age distribution, with high cases across all age groups.
- Older age groups (61-100) showed higher rates of COVID-19 and typhoid.
- Common cold was more prominent in younger age groups (1-40).



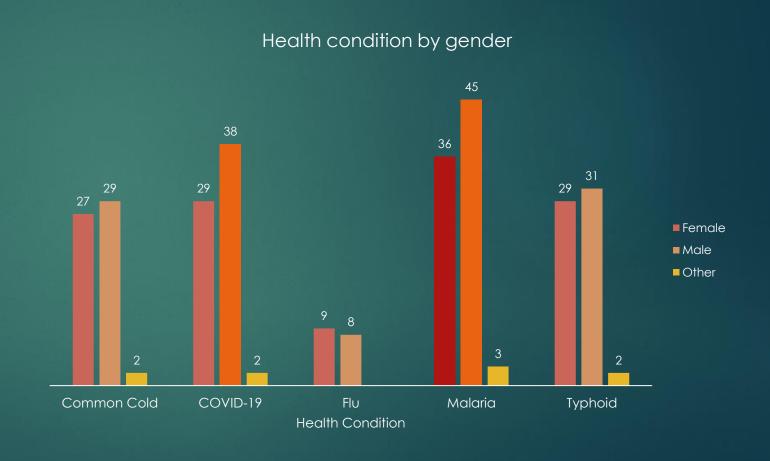
Treatment and Recovery Rates

- Medication was the most utilized treatment method, with 99 cases and a 52% success rate.
- Rest and hydration showed recovery rates of 57% and 58%, respectively.
- Surgery, though least utilized, had a lower success rate (31%).
- Therapy demonstrated moderate outcomes, with 46% success and significant critical cases.



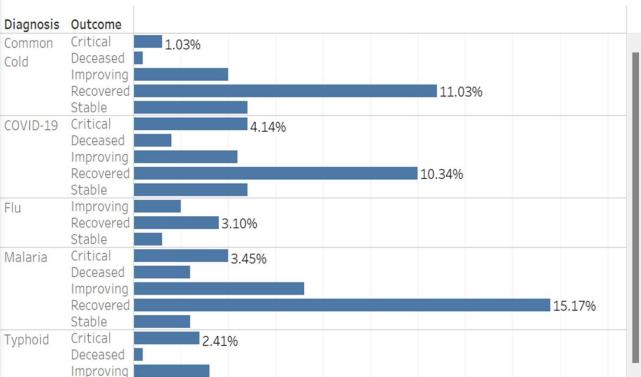
Gender and Disease Trends

- Malaria was the most reported disease across all genders, with 45 male cases and 36 female cases.
- COVID-19 had a similar pattern, affecting 38 males and 29 females.
- Flu cases were minimal, with no reports for the 'Other' gender category.
- Typhoid showed a slight male dominance (31 cases) over females (29).

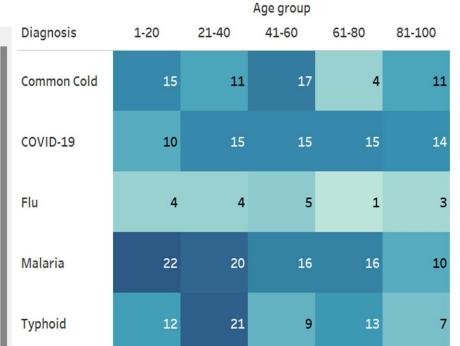


Patient Health Dashboard





Health condition by age group



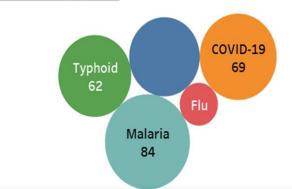
Geographical distribution of health conditions

Recovered

Region				Diagnosis		
East	50	23	18	17	11	4
North	50	22	13	19	15	6
South	50	11	18	12	17	4
West	50	28	20	14	15	3
		Malaria	COVID-19	Typhoid	Common Cold	Flu

12.41%

Health conditions





Conclusion

- ▶ This analysis highlights malaria and COVID-19 as the most prevalent diseases in Nigeria.
- Recovery outcomes are highest with medication, rest, and hydration.
- Age, region, and gender are significant factors influencing disease prevalence and outcomes.