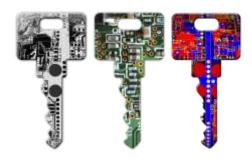


Physical & Environmental Security

- Lock your data center.
- Only provide access to those who need it.
- Keep track of access.
- Mount servers on racks with locks.
- Have redundant utilities.
- Build your data center with security in mind.



Network Security

- Identification & Authentication
- > Firewalls
- Patching
- Virus Protection
- Encryption



Shared Responsibility – AWS

Customer Data Sustom Platform, Applications, Identity and Access Management Operating System, Network and Firewall Configuration **Client-side Data Encryption Server-side Encryption Network Traffic Protection** and Data Integrity (File System and/or Data) (Encryption/Integrity/Identity) **Authentication** Foundation Services **Database Network** Compute **Storage Availability Zones** Edge **AWS Global** Locations Regions Infrastructure

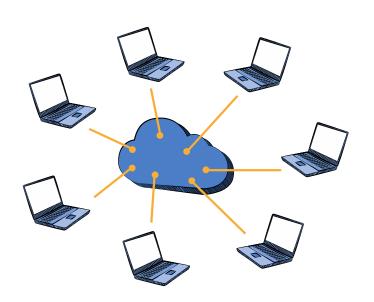
Physical Security

- 24/7 trained security staff
- AWS data centers in nondescript and undisclosed facilities
- Two-factor authentication for authorized staff
- Authorization for data center access



Hardware, Software, and Network

- Automated change-control process
- Bastion servers that record all access attempts
- Firewall and other boundary devices
- AWS monitoring tools



Certifications and Accreditations























ISO 9001, ISO 27001, ISO 27017, ISO 27018, IRAP (Australia), MLPS Level 3 (China), MTCS Tier 3 Certification (Singapore) and more ...

SSL Endpoints

SSL Endpoints

Secure Transmission

Establish secure communication sessions (HTTPS) using SSL/TLS.

Security Groups

Instance Firewalls

Configure firewall rules for instances using Security Groups.

VPC

Network Control

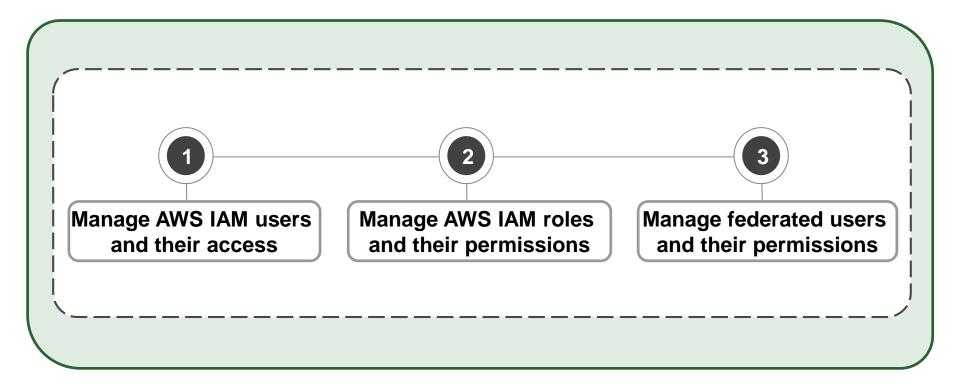
In your Virtual
Private Cloud, create
low-level networking
constraints for
resource access.
Public and private
subnets, NAT and
VPN support.



AWS Multi-Tier Security Groups Web Tier Application Tier EC₂ **HTTP** Ports 80 and 443 only Database Tier open to the Internet **Bastion** SSH/RDP Engineering staff have SSH/RDP access to Bastion Host All other internet ports blocked by default

AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM)





AWS IAM Authentication



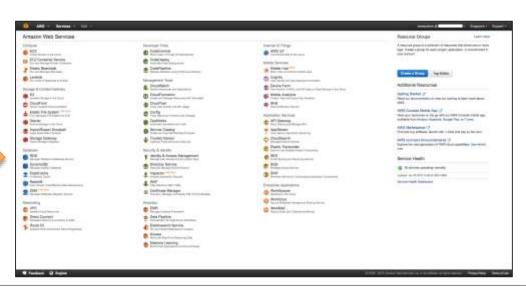
Authentication





User Name and Password





Training and

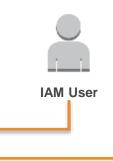
AWS IAM Authentication



Authentication



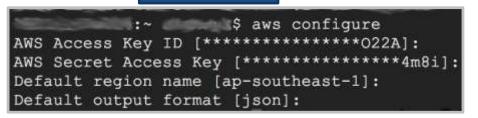
Access Key and Secret Key



Access Key ID: AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE

Secret Access Key: wJalrXUtnFEMI/K7MDENG/bPxRfiCYEXAMPLEKEY

AWS CLI



AWS SDK & API





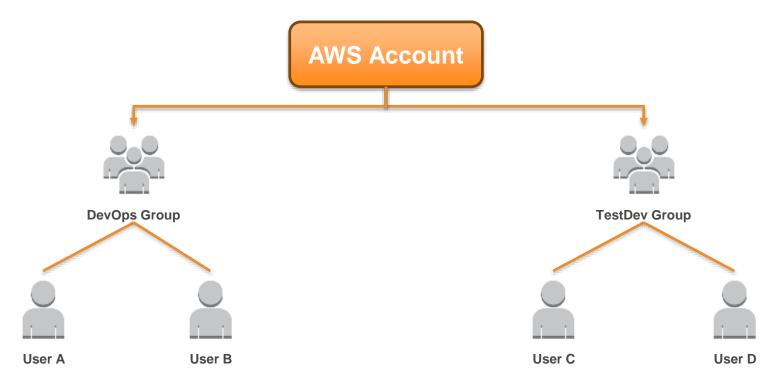


Python

.NET

AWS IAM User Management - Groups





AWS IAM Authorization



Authorization

- Policies:
 - Are JSON documents to describe permissions.
 - Are assigned to Users, Groups or Roles.

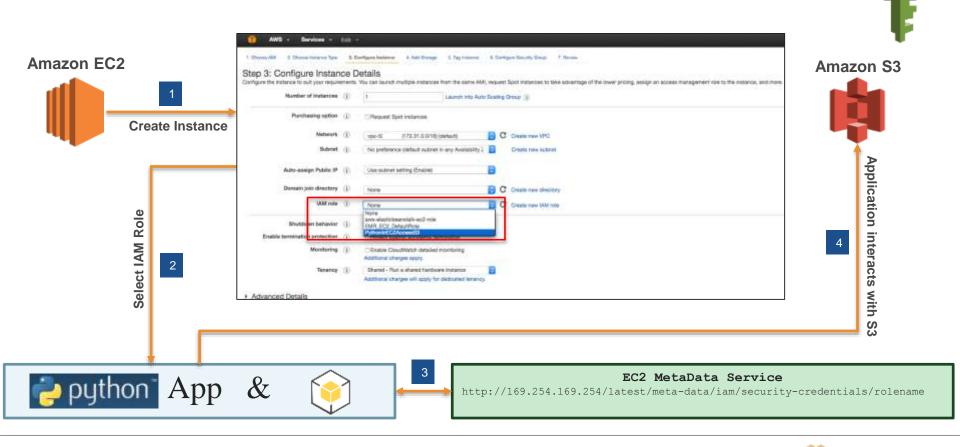








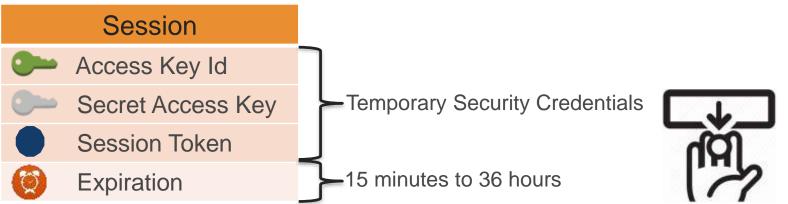
AWS IAM Roles - Instance Profiles



AWS IAM Roles – Assume Role **Amazon S3** Access **Access** IAM Restricted Policy **Assigned Assume Assume** IAM User B-1 IAM User A-1 **Assigned** IAM Admin Role IAM Admin Policy **AWS Account A AWS Account B**

Temporary Security Credentials (AWS STS)



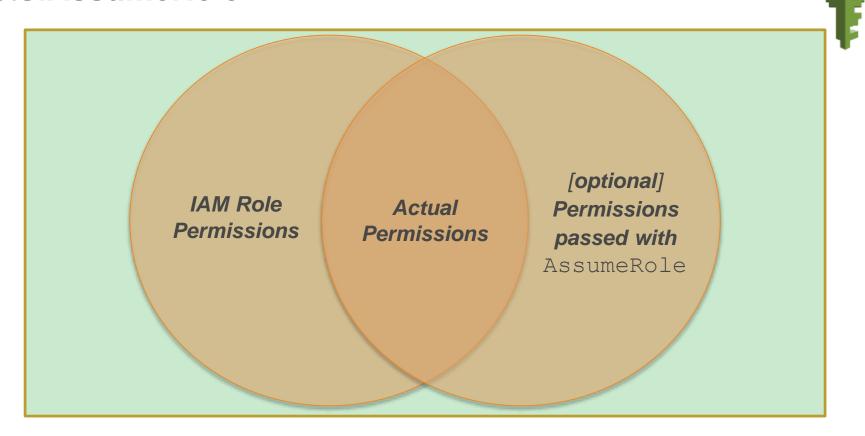


Use Cases

- Cross account access
- Federation

- Mobile Users
- Key rotation for Amazon EC2based apps

sts:AssumeRole



AWS IAM Federation



- IAM federation may be used for federated access to:
 - > AWS Management Console
 - > AWS APIs
- Supported Identities:
 - > AWS Directory Service
 - Microsoft Active Directory
 - OpenID Connect (OIDC) such as Amazon Cognito and Login with Amazon
 - > SAML 2.0



AWS Directory Service



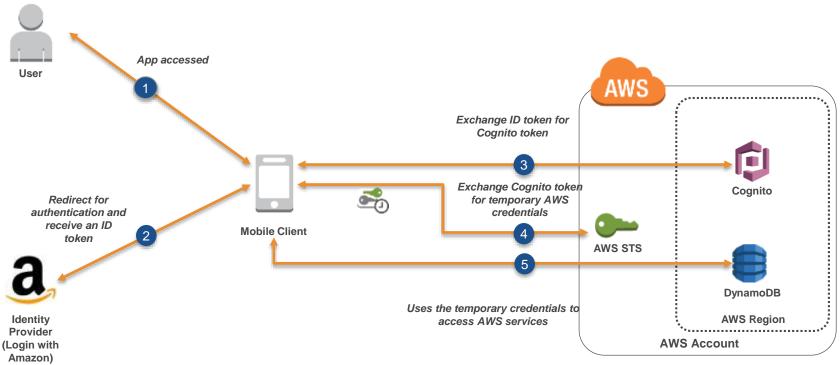


Login with Amazon



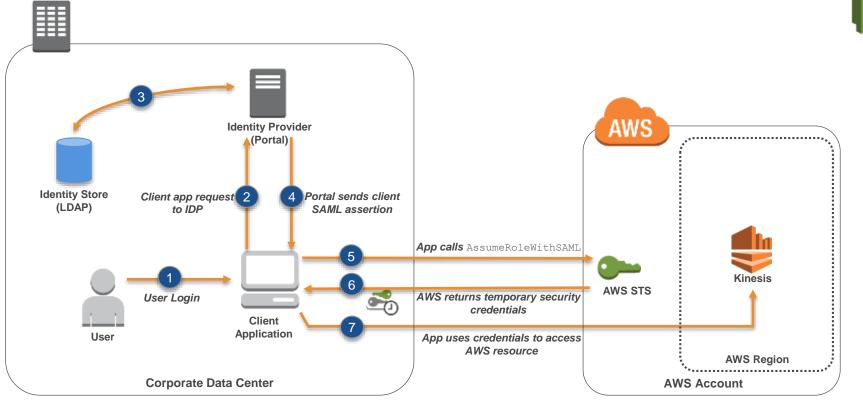
Amazon Cognito Federation for Mobile Applications





AWS IAM Federation using SAML 2.0





Application Authentication





AWS IAM Best Practices



- Delete AWS account (root) access keys.
- Create individual IAM users.
- Use groups to assign permissions to IAM users.
- Grant least privilege.
- Configure a strong password policy.
- Enable MFA for privileged users.



AWS IAM Best Practices (cont.)



- Use roles for applications that run on Amazon EC2 instances.
- Delegate by using roles instead of by sharing credentials.
- Rotate credentials regularly.
- Remove unnecessary users and credentials.
- Use policy conditions for extra security.
- Monitor activity in your AWS account.

AWS Resource-Based Policies

- Are an alternative to IAM and supported by some services.
- Grant cross-account access to your resources.
- Use a principal to uniquely identify account in the policy.
- Supported AWS services include :
 - Amazon S3 Bucket Policy
 - Amazon SNS Topic Policy
 - Amazon SQS Queue Policy
 - Amazon Glacier Vault Policy
 - AWS OpsWorks Stack Policy
 - AWS Lambda Function Policy



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