

PLANTIS EX MACHINA: PREDICTING PLANT STRESS WITH MACHINE LEARNING

FALL 2025

DATA 602

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Abstract

This study investigates environmental and nutrient factors that contribute to plant stress and develops predictive models to classify stress level based on these conditions. Effective management of plant stress is essential for growers, and identifying which factors most strongly influence stress can support more consistent plant health.

Ten plants were monitored every six hours. At each interval, eleven environmental and nutrient features were recorded, and a qualitative stress rating was assigned as Healthy, Moderate Stress, or High Stress. Analysis revealed an association between stress level and two key features: soil moisture and nitrogen level.

Several machine learning models were evaluated for their ability to predict stress level from these features. Logistic Regression achieved 76% accuracy, Support Vector Machines achieved 98% accuracy, and K-Nearest Neighbors reached 97%.

While these results demonstrate that plant stress can be predicted reliably within this controlled dataset, their generalizability is limited to this specific plant variety and environmental context.



Agenda

- Overview
- Data Source
- Data Wrangling
- Exploratory Data Analysis
- Data Analysis
 - *Logistic Regression with Recursive Feature Elimination*
 - *Support Vector Machines*
 - *K-Nearest Neighbors*
- Conclusions



Overview

- Modern Agriculture
 - *Data intensive growing of plants*
 - Environmental sensors and testing
 - *Temperature, humidity, nutrient levels, etc.*
- How to make that data useful?
 - *Identify critical metrics*
 - *Predict plant health status based on measured metrics*
 - *Anticipate what will cause plant stress*



Data Source

- Dataset of Plant-Health-Data from:
 - <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/ziya07/plant-health-data>
- 10 plants
 - *Monitored every 6 hours for 30 days*
 - *11 features (environmental and plant nutrition based)*
 - *At every recorded event a qualitative stress level was assigned:*
 - Healthy
 - Moderate Stress
 - High Stress



Data Wrangling

A preview of the data:

- A timestamp
- A plant id
- 11 numeric features/measurements
- A qualitative plant health status

	timestamp	plant_id	soil_moisture	ambient_temperature	soil_temperature	humidity	light_intensity	soil_ph	nitrogen_level	phosphorus_level	potassium_level	chlorophyll_content	electrochemical_signal	plant_health_status
0	2024-10-03 10:54:53.407995	1	27.521109	22.240245	21.900435	55.291904	556.172805	5.581955	10.003650	45.806852	39.076199	35.703006	0.941402	High Stress
1	2024-10-03 16:54:53.407995	1	14.835566	21.706763	18.680892	63.949181	596.136721	7.135705	30.712562	25.394393	17.944826	27.993296	0.164899	High Stress
2	2024-10-03 22:54:53.407995	1	17.086362	21.180946	15.392939	67.837956	591.124627	5.656852	29.337002	27.573892	35.706530	43.646308	1.081728	High Stress
3	2024-10-04 04:54:53.407995	1	15.336156	22.593302	22.778394	58.190811	241.412476	5.584523	16.966621	26.180705	26.257746	37.838095	1.186088	High Stress
4	2024-10-04 10:54:53.407995	1	39.822216	28.929001	18.100937	63.772036	444.493830	5.919707	10.944961	37.898907	37.654483	48.265812	1.609805	High Stress

```
# View the first five lines of the dataset
df.columns = df.columns.str.lower()
df.head()
[134]
```



Data Wrangling

- 10 plants
 - *120 entries for each plant*

```
df.groupby('plant_id').size()  
✓ [12] 28ms
```

```
plant_id  
1    120  
2    120  
3    120  
4    120  
5    120  
6    120  
7    120  
8    120  
9    120  
10   120  
dtype: int64
```



Data Wrangling

- Summary statistics of the numeric features
 - *Very different ranges*
 - *Important to scale data when applying certain models*

```
df.drop(columns=['plant_id']).describe()
```

```
[137]
```

	soil_moisture	ambient_temperature	soil_temperature	humidity	light_intensity	soil_ph	nitrogen_level	phosphorus_level	potassium_level	chlorophyll_content	electrochemical_signal
count	1200.000000	1200.000000	1200.000000	1200.000000	1200.000000	1200.000000	1200.000000	1200.000000	1200.000000	1200.000000	1200.000000
mean	25.106918	23.999130	19.957794	54.853165	612.637265	6.524102	30.106751	30.264484	30.112088	34.749591	0.987764
std	8.677725	3.441561	2.932073	8.784916	228.318853	0.581755	11.514396	11.466846	11.668085	8.766995	0.575116
min	10.000724	18.001993	15.003710	40.028758	200.615482	5.507392	10.003650	10.017690	10.000606	20.025511	0.002376
25%	17.131893	21.101766	17.353027	47.019694	416.878983	6.026042	20.249774	20.894445	19.585561	27.463350	0.487982
50%	25.168333	23.889044	19.911473	54.692069	617.240221	6.540524	30.138590	30.019385	30.495054	34.433427	0.981647
75%	32.370231	27.042634	22.596851	62.451053	811.474690	7.030039	40.184737	40.131459	40.108296	42.232637	1.473142
max	39.993164	29.990886	24.995929	69.968871	999.856262	7.497823	49.951136	49.980700	49.981945	49.990811	1.996116



Data Wrangling

- No missing data
- Data types are appropriate for analysis

```
# Inspect dataset for missing values  
df.isna().any()  
[149]
```

```
timestamp           False  
plant_id            False  
soil_moisture       False  
ambient_temperature False  
soil_temperature    False  
humidity            False  
light_intensity     False  
soil_ph              False  
nitrogen_level      False  
phosphorus_level    False  
potassium_level     False  
chlorophyll_content False  
electrochemical_signal False  
plant_health_status False  
stress_encoded      False  
dtype: bool
```

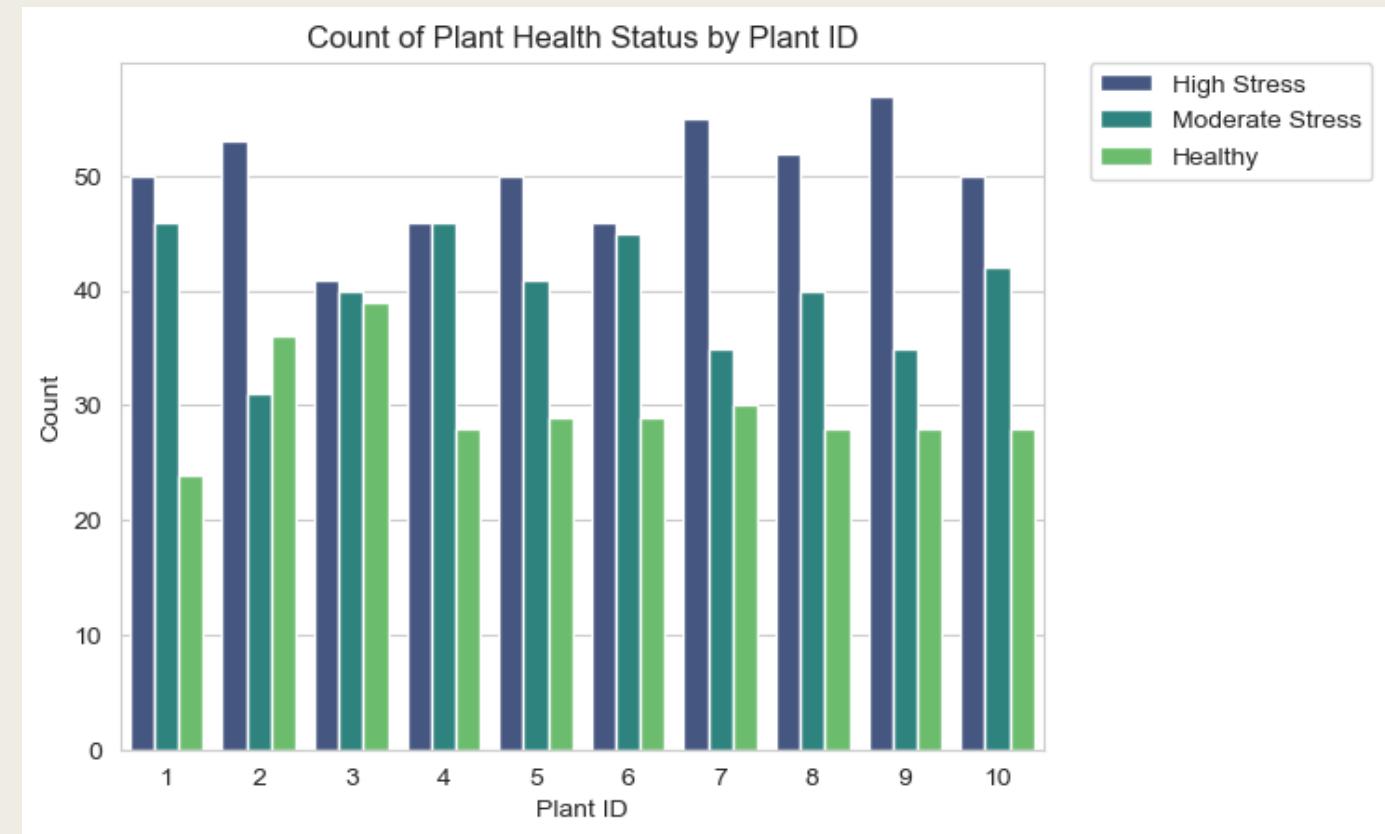
```
# Inspect data types  
df.dtypes  
[150]
```

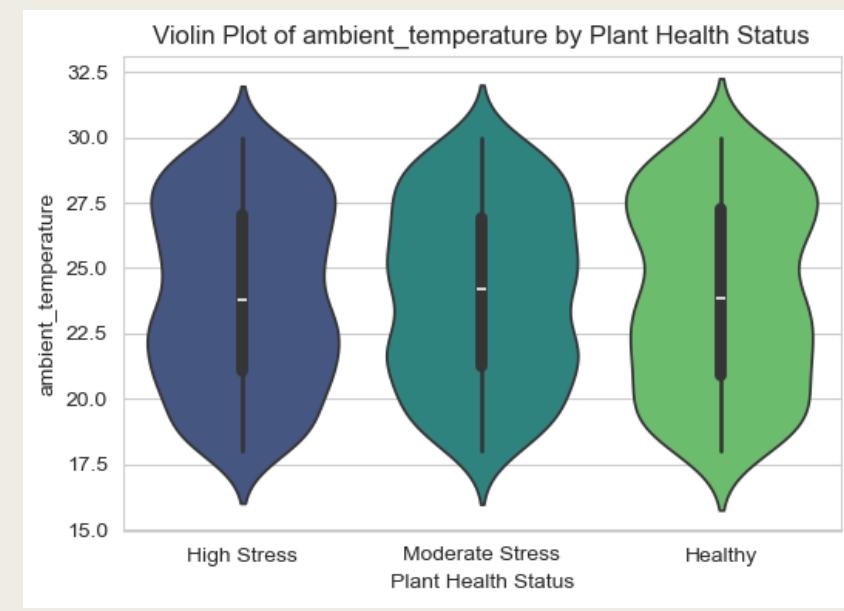
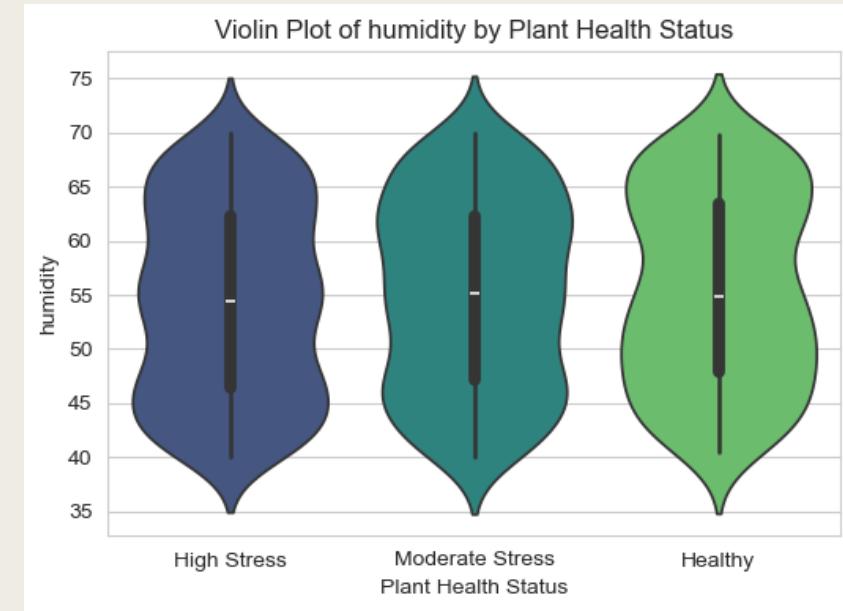
```
timestamp           datetime64[ns]  
plant_id             int64  
soil_moisture        float64  
ambient_temperature  float64  
soil_temperature     float64  
humidity             float64  
light_intensity      float64  
soil_ph               float64  
nitrogen_level       float64  
phosphorus_level     float64  
potassium_level      float64  
chlorophyll_content  float64  
electrochemical_signal float64  
plant_health_status  object  
stress_encoded       int64  
dtype: object
```



Exploratory Data Analysis

- Relatively even distributions of status assignments by plant
- More moderate and high stress statuses than healthy statuses

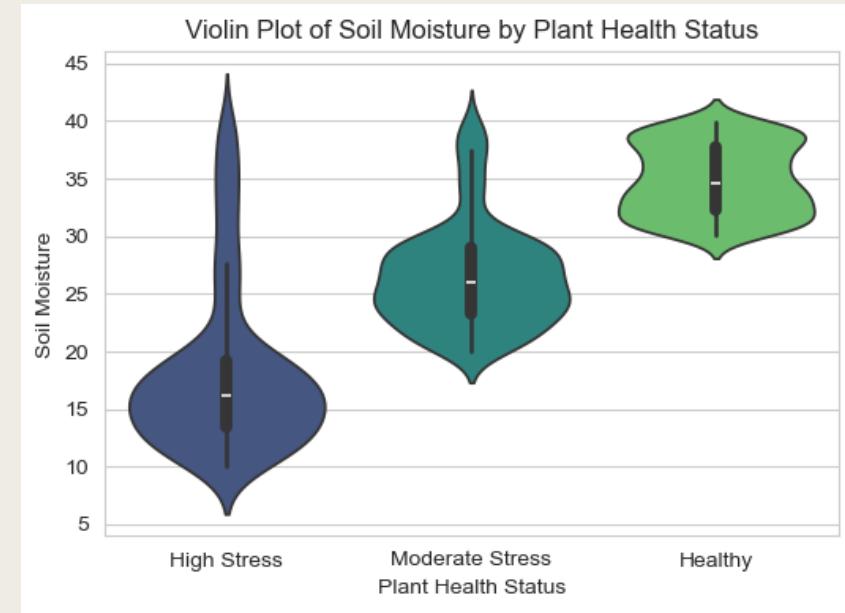
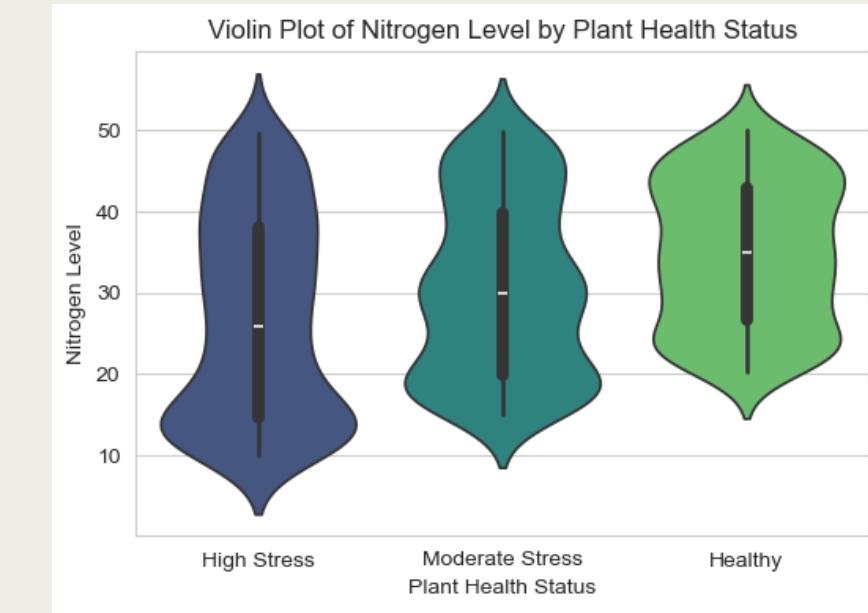




Exploratory Data Analysis

- Violin plots of features by plant health status
- Majority were non-distinct
- Shown are two examples of non-distinct plots, the violin plots look relatively even at all the plant health statuses

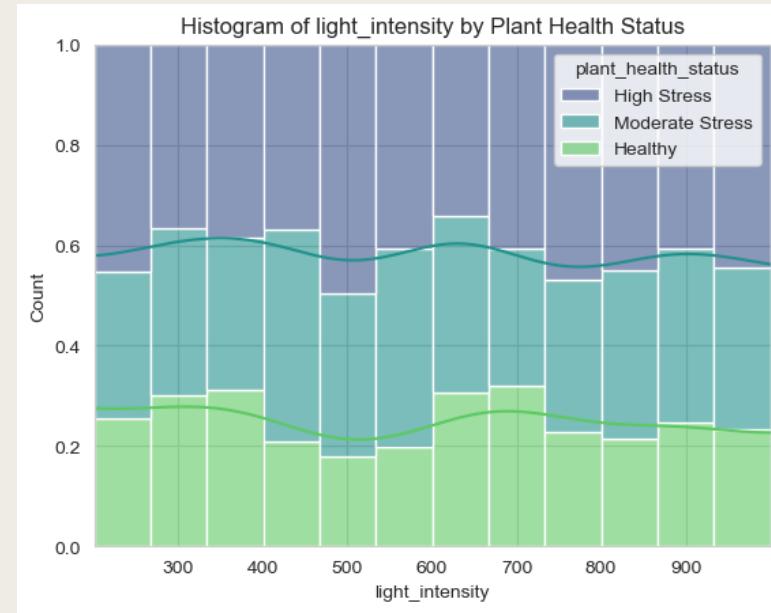
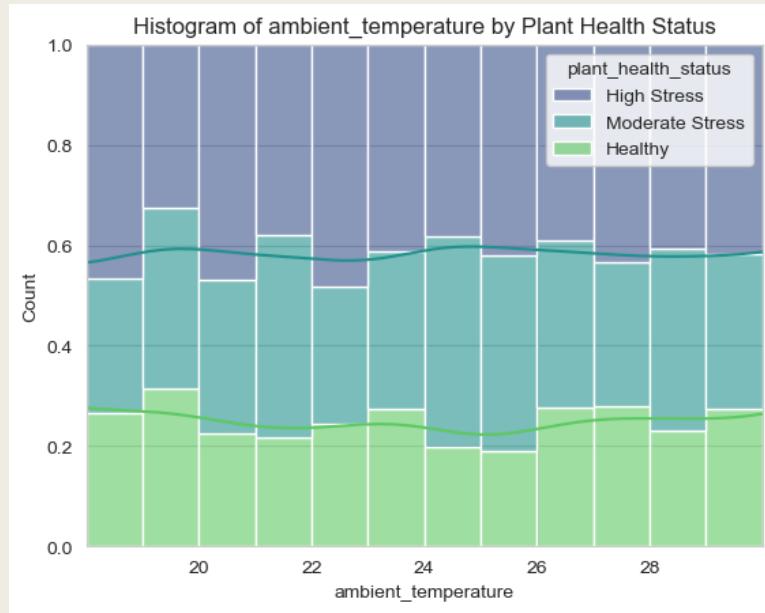




Exploratory Data Analysis

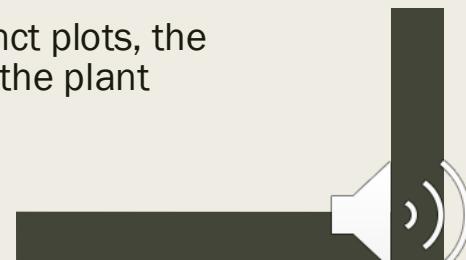
- Violin plots of features by plant health status
- Majority were non-distinct
- Two were variable:
 - *Nitrogen level*
 - *Soil moisture*

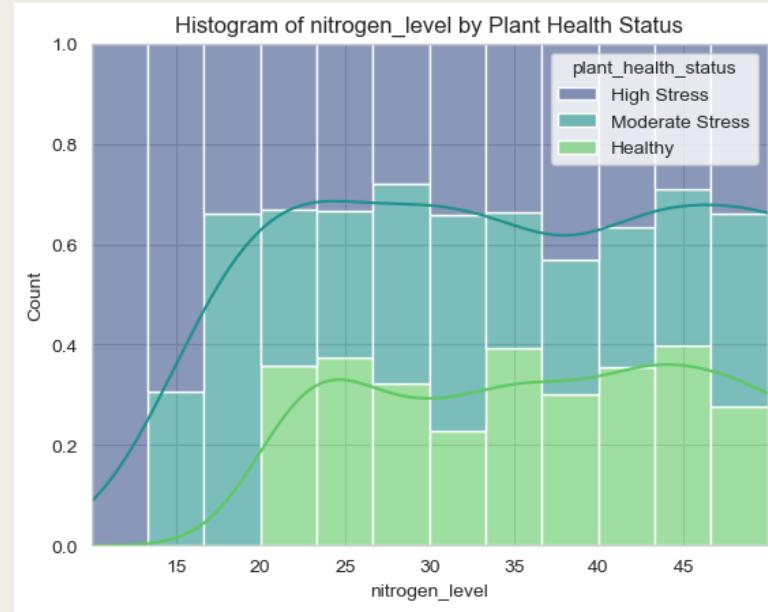
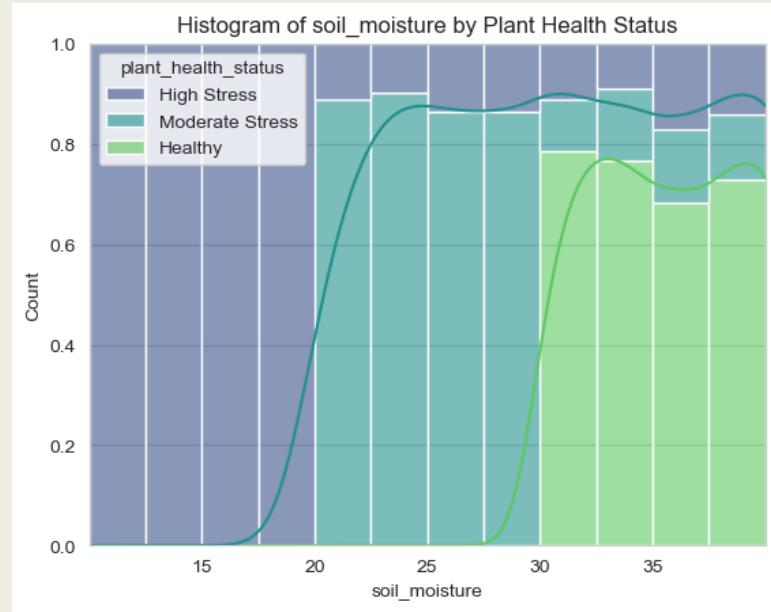




Exploratory Data Analysis

- Histogram plots of features by plant health status
- Similar to violin plots
- Majority were non-distinct
- Shown are two examples of non-distinct plots, the violin plots look relatively even at all the plant health statuses





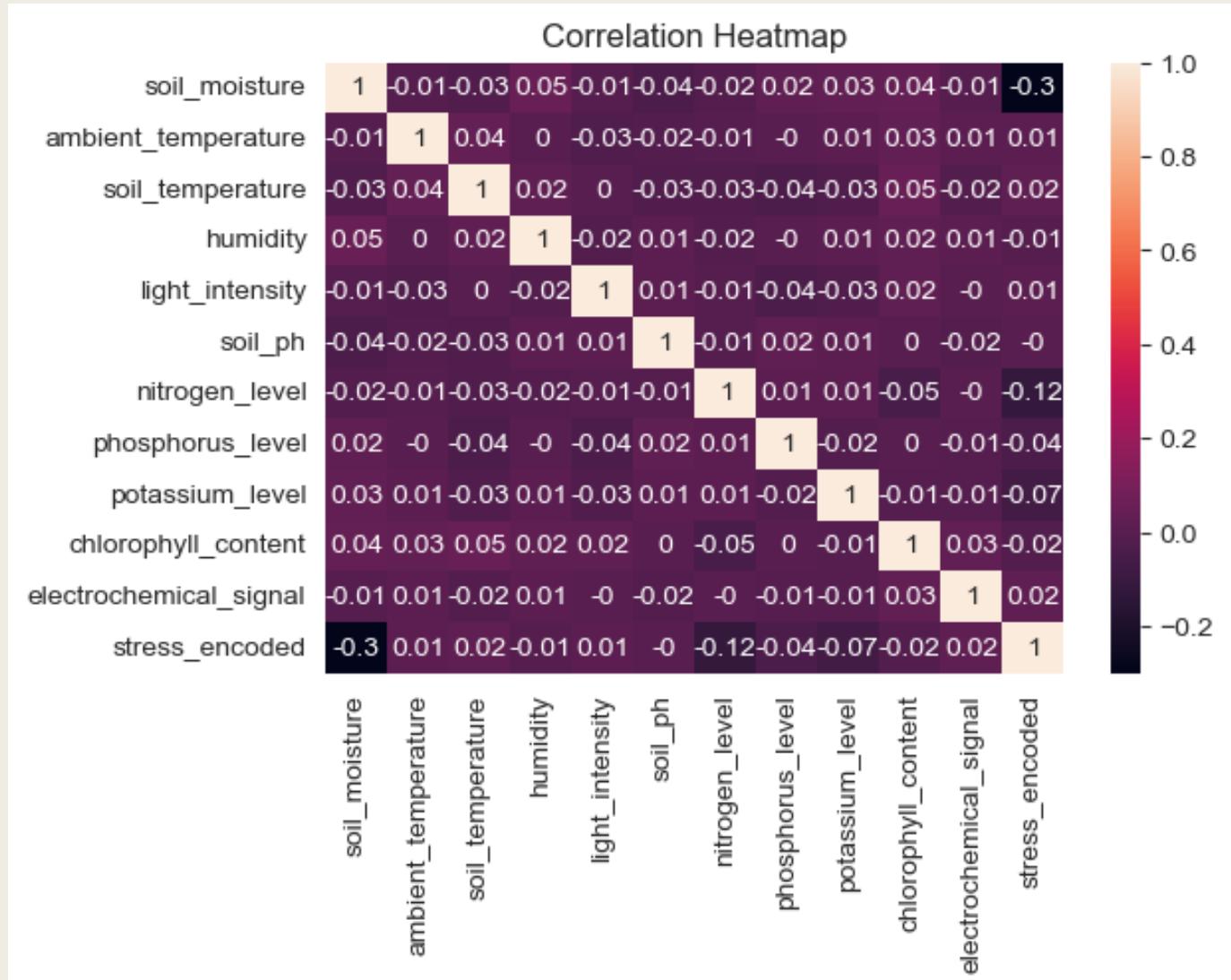
Exploratory Data Analysis

- Histogram plots of features by plant health status
- Similar to violin plots
- Majority were non-distinct
- Two were variable:
 - *Nitrogen level*
 - *Soil moisture*



Data Analysis

- Correlation heatmap confirms violin plots and histogram indications
- Largest correlation values with health status:
 - *Soil moisture* -0.3
 - *Nitrogen level* -0.12
- Both negatively correlated



Data Analysis

- Confirm correlations are statistically significant by checking the p-values
- p-values below 0.05 are statistically significant
- Three below this threshold:
 - *Soil moisture*
 - p-value = 0.000
 - Correlation = -0.3
 - *Nitrogen level*
 - p-value = 0.000
 - Correlation = -0.12
 - *Phosphorus level*
 - p-value = 0.24
 - Correlation = -0.04

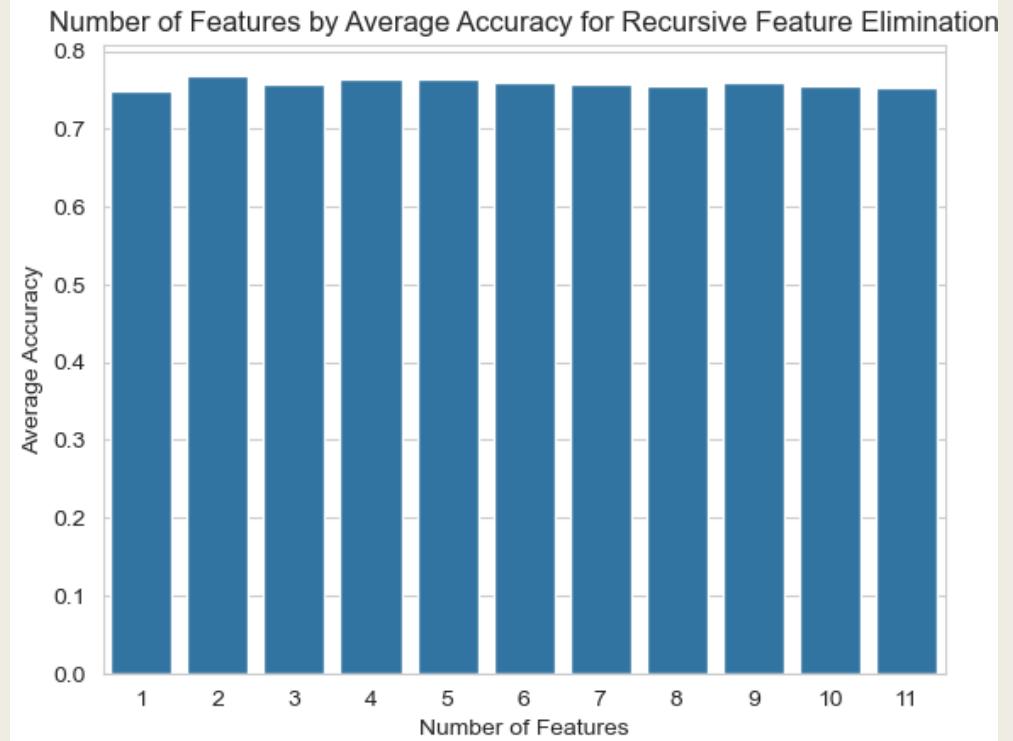
Optimization terminated successfully.							
Current function value: 0.532071							
Iterations: 44							
Function evaluations: 51							
Gradient evaluations: 51							
OrderedModel Results							
=====							
Dep. Variable:	plant_health_status	Log-Likelihood:	-478.86				
Model:	OrderedModel	AIC:	983.7				
Method:	Maximum Likelihood	BIC:	1046.				
Date:	Wed, 10 Dec 2025						
Time:	21:28:17						
No. Observations:	900						
Df Residuals:	887						
Df Model:	11						
=====							
	coef	std err	z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]	

soil_moisture	-0.3781	0.019	-19.988	0.000	-0.415	-0.341	
ambient_temperature	-0.0359	0.025	-1.431	0.152	-0.085	0.013	
soil_temperature	-0.0439	0.028	-1.540	0.124	-0.100	0.012	
humidity	-0.0044	0.010	-0.461	0.645	-0.023	0.014	
light_intensity	3.795e-05	0.000	0.102	0.919	-0.001	0.001	
soil_ph	0.0427	0.145	0.295	0.768	-0.241	0.327	
nitrogen_level	-0.1103	0.009	-12.165	0.000	-0.128	-0.093	
phosphorus_level	-0.0168	0.007	-2.260	0.024	-0.031	-0.002	
potassium_level	0.0052	0.007	0.720	0.471	-0.009	0.019	
chlorophyll_content	0.0048	0.010	0.486	0.627	-0.014	0.024	
electrochemical_signal	-0.0325	0.145	-0.224	0.823	-0.317	0.252	
Healthy/Moderate Stress	-17.5903	1.646	-10.684	0.000	-20.817	-14.363	
Moderate Stress/High Stress	1.3619	0.056	24.218	0.000	1.252	1.472	
=====							



Data Analysis

- Recursive Feature Elimination
 - Used logistic regression as model
 - A “for loop” to determine the best number of features to use
- Selected two features
 - Soil moisture
 - Nitrogen level
- Accuracy = 76.9%
- Same features identified during exploratory data analysis

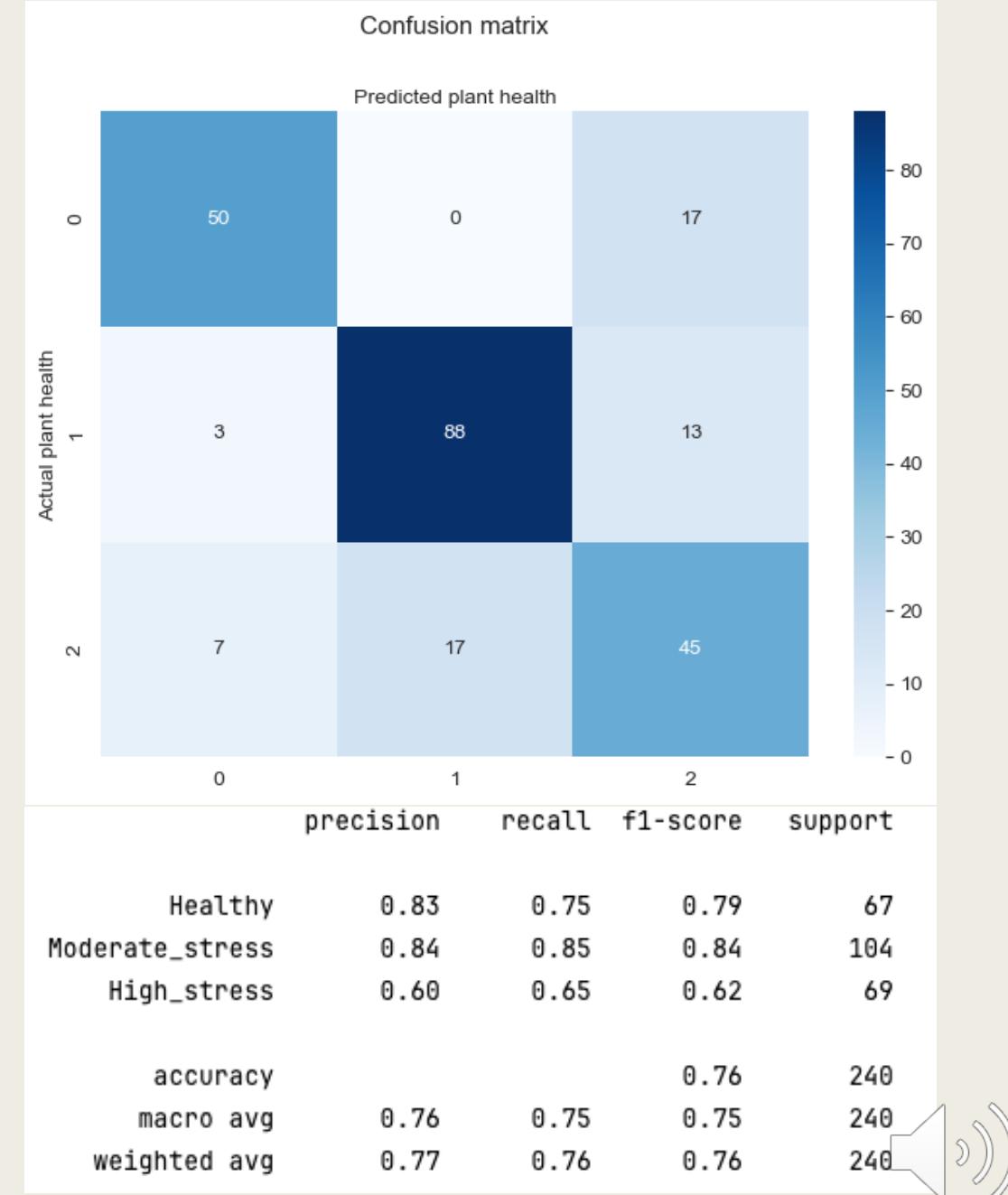


	n	mean	selected_features
2	1	0.769167	[soil_moisture, nitrogen_level]
3	3	0.764167	[soil_moisture, soil_temperature, nitrogen_level]
4	4	0.763333	[soil_moisture, ambient_temperature, soil_temperature]
5	5	0.760000	[soil_moisture, ambient_temperature, soil_temperature]
6	8	0.759167	[soil_moisture, ambient_temperature, soil_temperature]
7	2	0.758333	[soil_moisture, soil_temperature, nitrogen_level]
8	6	0.756667	[soil_moisture, ambient_temperature, soil_temperature]
9	9	0.755000	[soil_moisture, ambient_temperature, soil_temperature]
10	7	0.755000	[soil_moisture, ambient_temperature, soil_temperature]
11	10	0.753333	[soil_moisture, ambient_temperature, soil_temperature]
12	0	0.748333	[soil_moisture]



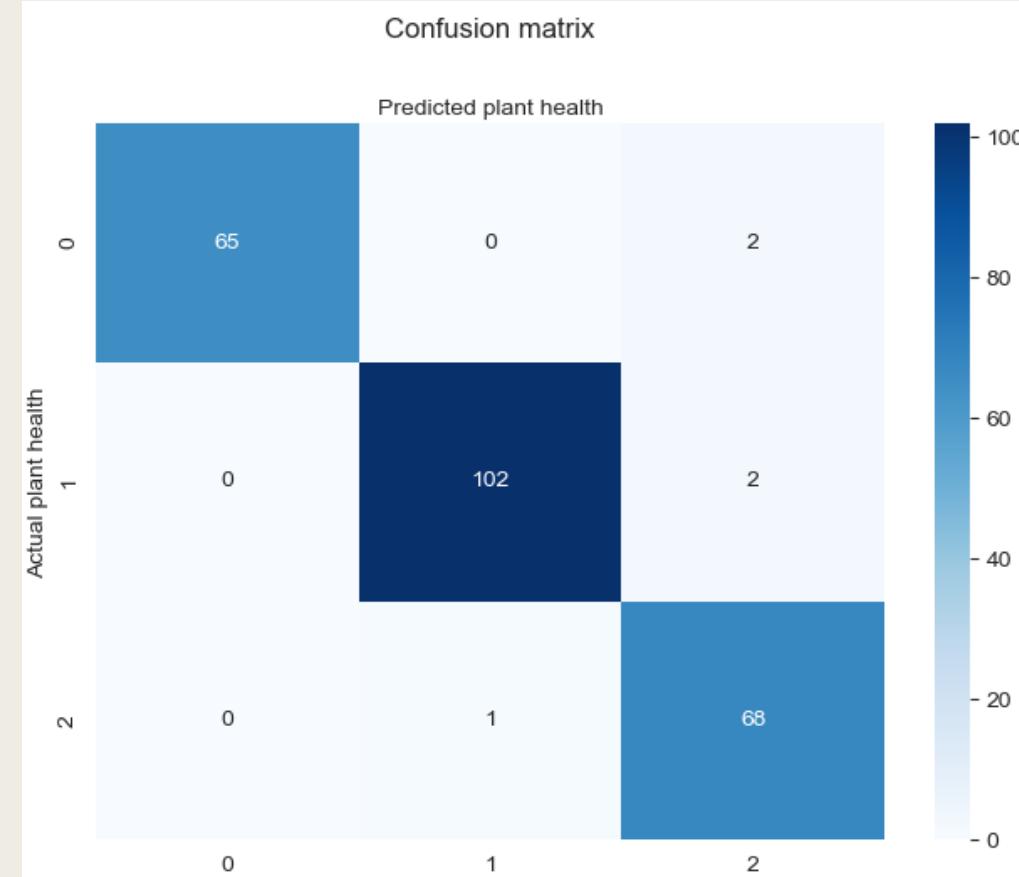
Logistic Regression

- Logistic Regression
 - *Cross validation*
 - *Scaled features*
 - *Using two selected features*
 - Soil moisture
 - Nitrogen level
 - *To confirm the results of the RFE*
- Accuracy = 76.9%
 - *Confirms the RFE*
- Model performance is not exceptional
 - *Struggles with High Stress plants*
- Confusion Matrix:
 - 0 = *Healthy*
 - 1 = *Moderate Stress*
 - 2 = *High Stress*



Support Vector Machines (SVM)

- SVM
 - Scaled features
 - Using two selected features
 - Soil moisture
 - Nitrogen level
- Accuracy = 98%
- Model performance is exceptional
 - Biggest error was false positives of High Stress
- Confusion Matrix:
 - 0 = Healthy
 - 1 = Moderate Stress
 - 2 = High Stress

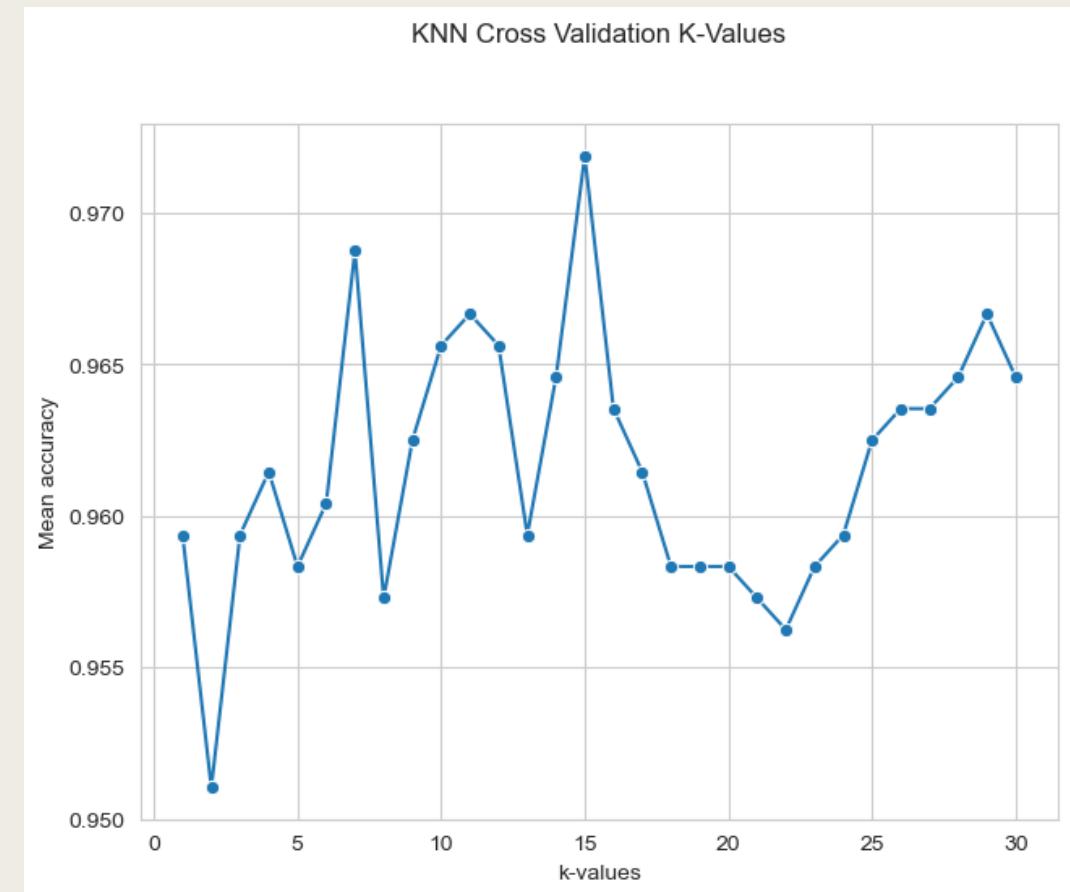


	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Healthy	1.00	0.97	0.98	67
Moderate_stress	0.99	0.98	0.99	104
High_stress	0.94	0.99	0.96	69
accuracy			0.98	240
macro avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	240
weighted avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	240



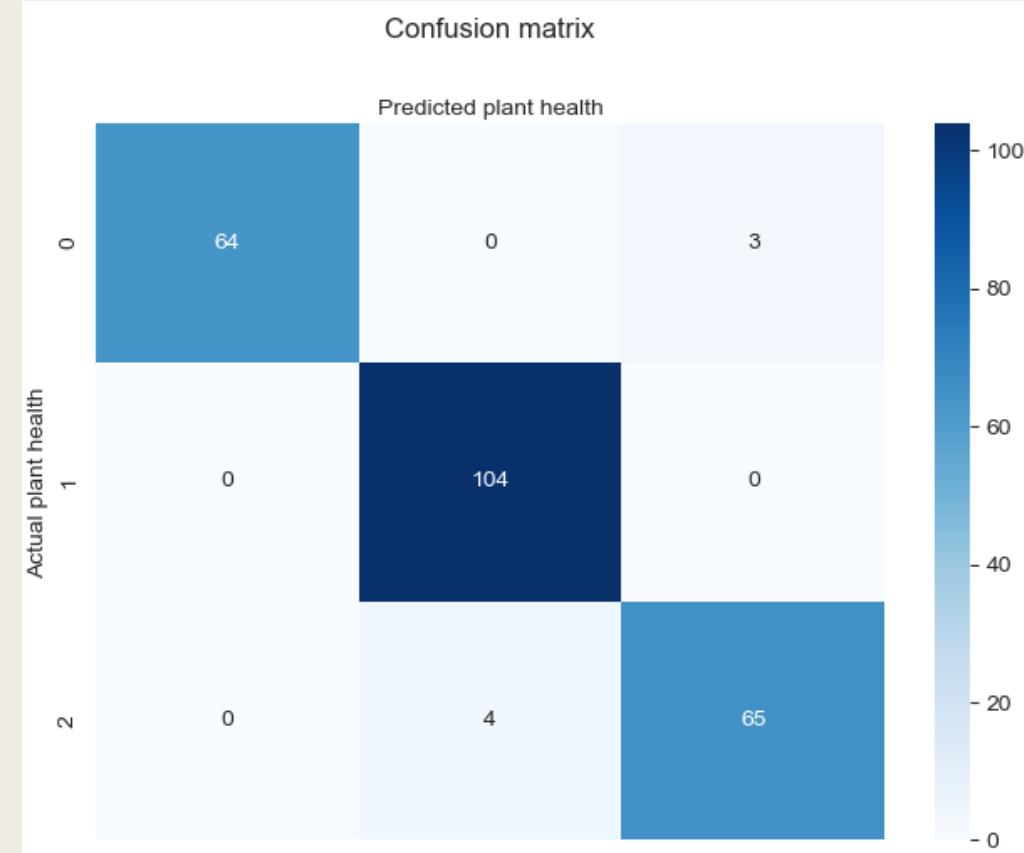
K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN)

- KNN
 - *Scaled features*
 - *Cross validation*
 - *Selected k-value:*
 - k-value = 15
 - *Using two selected features*
 - Soil moisture
 - Nitrogen level



K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN)

- KNN
 - Scaled features
 - Cross validation
 - For loop to select k-value:
 - Selected k-value = 15
 - Using two selected features
 - Soil moisture
 - Nitrogen level
- Accuracy = 97%
- Model performance is exceptional
 - Biggest errors:
 - False positives of High Stress when actually Healthy (3)
 - False positive of Moderate Stress when actually High Stress (4)
- Confusion Matrix:
 - 0 = Healthy
 - 1 = Moderate Stress
 - 2 = High Stress



	precision	recall	f1-score	support
Healthy	1.00	0.96	0.98	67
Moderate_stress	0.96	1.00	0.98	104
High_stress	0.96	0.94	0.95	69
accuracy			0.97	240
macro avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	240
weighted avg	0.97	0.97	0.97	240



Conclusion

- Within this dataset:
 - *From a range of environmental measurements -> identified two critical features*
 - *Confirmed the two features were critical using Recursive Factor Elimination*
 - *Instantiated three models to predict health status*
 - Logistic Regression -> 76% accurate
 - Support Vector Machines -> 98% accurate
 - K-Nearest Neighbors -> 97% accurate
 - *Excellent model performances*
 - *These results are not likely universally applicable, useful for:*
 - This specific data
 - This specific plant
 - This specific growing context
 - *Potentially this process would be useful to apply to other contexts*

