asgive 8/10/2015 Example 1.1 Two Coins I = SHH, TT, HT, TH3 Mote:  $P(HH) = \frac{1}{4} \left( = \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \right) \qquad \begin{cases} \xi HH \leq C \end{cases}$  $P(HT) = \frac{1}{4} = P(TH) = P(TT)$ A = {HH, HT}, B = {HH, TH}, C = {HT, TH}.  $P(A) = P(HH) + P(HT) = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$  $P(A) = P(H|H) + P(T|H) = \frac{1}{2}, \quad P(C) = \frac{1}{2}.$ Are A, B, C independent?

No, Lecause A \( \text{B} \cap C \) = \( \frac{1}{2} \) = \( \fra So, A, B and ( are not independent. Example 1.2 C= {HH, TT},  $P(A(\overline{c}) = \frac{P(An\overline{c})}{P(\overline{c})} = \frac{1}{1/2} = \frac{1}{2} P(B(\overline{c}) = \frac{1}{2})$  $P(A \cap B|E) = \frac{P(A \cap B \cap E)}{P(E)} = \frac{1}{2}$  $P(A \cap B \mid \overline{c}) = \frac{1}{2} \neq \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = P(A \mid \overline{c}) \cdot P(B \mid \overline{c})$ 

Thus, A and B are not conditionally independent given C.