

Example 3.14

$$E \sum_{i=1}^{100} x_i = 50$$

$$V \sum_{i=1}^{100} x_i = \frac{100}{12}$$

$$x_i \sim U(0,1)$$

$$P\left(\sum_{i=1}^{100} x_i \leq 60\right) = P\left(\sum_{i=1}^{100} x_i - 50 \leq 10\right)$$

$$= P\left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{100} x_i - 50}{10/\sqrt{12}} \leq \frac{10}{10/\sqrt{12}}\right) \approx \Phi(2\sqrt{3})$$

$2\sqrt{3} \approx 3.46$

From a table of the standard normal distribution,

$$\text{we get } \Phi(2\sqrt{3}) \approx 0.999734$$