

Aims

- practice writing simple functions in python that perform numerical computation and string operations
- learn how to test python functions using *nosetools*

Problem 1

- Write a function **quad**(*a, b, c, x*) that takes as input three floats *a, b, c*, a value *x* and returns the value of the quadratic function $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$. For example, *quad*(1, 2, 0, 1) = 5 and *quad*(1, 0, 0, 1) = 1.
- Write a function **quadIsZero**(*a, b, c, x*) that takes similar arguments as **quad**, calls **quad** and returns True if the quadratic expression evaluates to zero, otherwise False (return type is boolean). For example, *quadIsZero*(1, 2, 0, 1) = *False* and *quad*(1, 0, -1, 1) = *True*.
- Write a function **quadSolver**(*a, b, c, x*) that takes similar arguments as **quad** and returns the two roots of a quadratic equation with coefficients *a, b, c*. The roots value can be calculated using the following formula:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

There are two main cases:

- if $\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} \geq 0$ then the roots are real, in which case return them as a tuple (*x*₁, *x*₂) where *x*₁ < *x*₂.
- if $\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} < 0$ then the roots are imaginary, in which case return NaN instead of the tuple.

Problem 2

- write a function **toUpperCase**(*s*) which takes a lowercase string *s* and converts the letters at the beginning of every word to uppercase. For example:
1 `toUpperCase('a very simple example') = 'A Very Simple Example'`

Perform this in two ways:

- Perform a for loop over every character:

```
1 for char in s:
    # check if letter is at the beginning of the word. This requires
    # checking a boolean variable isAtBegWord at every loop
3     # if letter is at beginning of word, then transform it to
    uppercase.

5     # if the current character is a space ' ', set the boolean variable
    isAtBegWord to True, else False.
```

- Use the **str.split** function with delimiter ' ', which splits the string into words, then update the first letter of each word and assemble the words back together using **str.join**(wordList). Check on google the documentation of these two functions.