ABC Retail Data-Driven Analysis Documentation

1. Project Overview

- Project Title: Data-Driven Insights for ABC Retail
- **Objective**: Use data to identify underperforming products, peak sales days, and key customer behavior to support strategic decision-making.

2. Data Sources and Preprocessing

Data Files:

- customer_data.csv: Contains customer information.
- product_data.csv: Contains product details.
- sales_data.csv: Sales transaction records.

Data Cleaning and Preparation in R: The data was cleaned using R (ABC_Retail_Data_Exploration_and_Cleaning_script) to ensure consistency, remove duplicates, address missing values, and prepare data for analysis. Below is a summary of each cleaning step.

Customer Data Cleaning (customer_data)

- **Duplicate Check**: Verified CustomerID uniqueness and removed duplicates.
- Missing Values:
 - o Checked for missing values in CustomerID and CustomerName.
 - Replaced specific CustomerIDs with missing names.
- Address Formatting: Combined separate address fields into a single FullAddress_Combined column.
- **Phone Number Formatting**: Formatted phone numbers to (###) ### ####.
- Add Anonymous Customer: Added an entry with CustomerID = 0 for anonymous purchases.
- Saved Cleaned File: Saved as abc_customer_data.csv.

Product Data Cleaning (product_data)

• **Duplicate and Missing Values Check**: Verified ProductID uniqueness, filled missing values in Price and StockQuantity with 0.

- Category Updates: Manually updated missing Category values for certain products.
- Inventory Calculation: Added StockValue column by multiplying Price by StockQuantity.
- Add Unnamed Product: Included a ProductID = 0 entry for uncategorized sales.
- Saved Cleaned File: Saved as inventory_data.csv.

Sales Data Cleaning (sales_data)

- Duplicate and Missing Values Check: Removed rows with missing or blank SalesID.
- **Replace Missing Values**: Filled missing values in CustomerID, ProductID, and SaleAmount with 0.
- **Date Handling**: Converted SaleDate to date format, added SaleDay column for day of the week.
- Saved Cleaned File: Saved as customer_sales_data.csv.

Merged Dataset (customer_sales_data)

- **Join Operation**: Merged sales_data, customer_data, and product_data based on CustomerID and ProductID.
- **Reordering Columns**: Placed key fields like SaleDate, SaleDay, and SaleAmount prominently for easier analysis.

3. Analysis Tools and Techniques

This project employed a range of tools to analyze and visualize the data:

Python Analysis

- Purpose: Initial exploratory data analysis, visualization, and preliminary insights.
- Files/Code: Saved as ABC_Retail.ipynb

SQL Analysis in SQLite

- **Purpose**: Perform targeted queries for data aggregation.
- Files/Code: SQL queries saved as ABC_Retail_SQL_Queries.sql

Excel Pivot Tables and Macros

- **Purpose**: To dynamically explore data and automate repetitive tasks.
- Files: Excel workbook with pivot tables and macros saved as ABC_Retail.xlsm
- Macros Used:
 - TopCustomers: Displays top customers based on purchase amount.
 - TopProducts: Lists best-selling products.
 - o BestSellingDays: Shows sales distribution by day of the week.
 - TopSellingMonth: Highlights peak months for sales.

4. Key Analyses and Insights

4.1 Product Performance

- Objective: Identify high and low-performing products.
- Excel Pivot Table:
 - o Pivot Fields: ProductName as Row field, SaleAmount as Values.
 - Macro Used: TopProducts.
- Actionable Recommendation: Develop promotional strategies for underperforming products and stock more high-demand products.

4.2 Customer Behavior

- Objective: Categorized customers based on spending and purchase frequency.
- Excel Pivot Table:
 - o **Pivot Fields**: CustomerName as Row field, SaleAmount as Values.
 - Macro Used: TopCustomers.
- **Actionable Recommendation**: Implement loyalty programs to incentivize high-value and frequent customers.

4.3 Sales Timing Analysis

- Objective: Determine peak sales days and seasonal trends.
- Excel Pivot Table:
 - Best Day Analysis:
 - Pivot Fields: SaleDay as Row field, SaleAmount as Values.
 - Macro Used: BestSellingDays.
 - Best Month Analysis:
 - **Pivot Fields**: SaleDate (grouped by month) as Row field, SaleAmount as Values.
 - Macro Used: TopSellingMonth.
- **Actionable Recommendation**: Align marketing campaigns with peak days and months to maximize sales.

4.4 Inventory Insights

- **Objective**: Evaluate stock levels and identify inventory adjustments.
- Excel Pivot Table:
 - Pivot Fields: ProductName as Row field, StockQuantity and StockValue as Values.
- Actionable Recommendation: Identify slow-moving products and prioritize stock for high-demand items.

5. Implementation and Action Plan

- Marketing Initiatives: Targeted campaigns aligned with peak sales days and months.
- Inventory Management: Review stock levels regularly and adjust based on turnover rates.
- Customer Retention Programs: Introduce loyalty rewards for valuable and frequent customers.

6. Technical Details

Database Schema

• **customer_sales_data Table**: Merged sales data including customer and product information.

R Code: Data Cleaning Script

 The R script for data cleaning outlines steps such as removing duplicates, handling missing values, and formatting columns.

Excel Macros

- File: Data_Analysis.xlsx.
- Macro Functions:
 - TopCustomers: Summarizes top customers.
 - TopProducts: Lists best-selling products.
 - BestSellingDays: Shows high-performing days.
 - TopSellingMonth: Highlights peak sales months.
- Code: VBA code snippets are embedded within the Excel workbook.

7. Conclusion

The combination of R, Python, SQL, and Excel pivot tables provided a thorough analysis, enabling data-driven decisions for targeted marketing, improved inventory management, and enhanced customer engagement.