Charles Wu

Design Technologist

Portfolio of Work

Summary



Back when I was an engineering student, I first learned how products used to be designed for the "average" user. The problem with that was no one is truly average on all accounts—so engineers used research, measurements, and insights to build better products: clothing had multiple sizes, equipment had adjustable levers, and the science of ergonomics evolved. What used to be designed for the non-existent average, was now be designed with tolerances for actual human beings.

The techniques I learned back then regarding user-centered design and human factors introduced me to the world of user experience and successively, digital product design. It taught me to look at problems & solutions through data-driven evidence, which brought me to the realization that all problems are unique.

Knowing frameworks and methods can help towards creating a solution, but nothing delivers more impact than experience, intuition, and the thirst for finding answers to the never-ending question: "Why?" My drive to find that answer is why I love technology and product design.

Charles Wu

Portfolio Overview

1. CareerJSM

Job Search Web Application



careerJSM

2. SimplyMade

Meal-kit venture



SIMPLYMADE

3. Female Funders

Angel Investing Education Platform







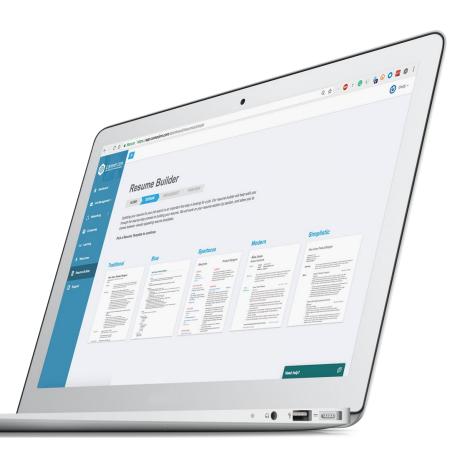
Summary

I designed a web application to help job seekers track and manage their job search. Through user interviews, design sprints, and iterative deployments, I helped build and pivot the product into a platform that helps train and coach any person to find a job in today's market. It's now being used in 8 countries, with over 6000 active users.

The following gives an overview of the *Job Tracker* feature I redesigned that increased customer engagement and value.

Skills Applied

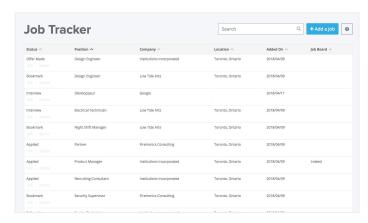
Interface design, user interviews, user research, copywriting, branding, web development.



Background

Job-seekers have a lot to worry about. Sometimes, they've been out of the job hunt for a while and need to refresh their skills to compete. If they've just lost a job, they can be in a sensitive emotional state so it's important to be empathetic and nurturing through their difficult time. CareerJSM was a small ~10 person startup that sought to help these people out by offering tools and education to help them find their next job.

I was in charge of the user experience of the app, so I was responsible for defining product features, creating designs, as well as assisting the engineering team with front-end development. Although I designed several features for the app, this case study will focus on a single feature: the *Job Tracker*.



The Job Tracker's original layout. The data were dense and hard to interact with.

The Need for a Better Job Tracker

To address our user's needs, I conducted user interviews and surveys to find pain points and areas of improvement. One common problem that I discovered was that the Job Tracker didn't provide any insights or actionable steps. User engagement was low, the navigation was tedious, and the information display was very dense.

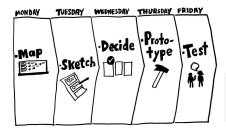
I decided take a week to do a Design Sprint with the product team to explore and test new ideas. The team—composed of developers and business/ops roles—was familiar with the concept as I had used it in designing another feature, so I knew this would be a good choice.

Measuring Success

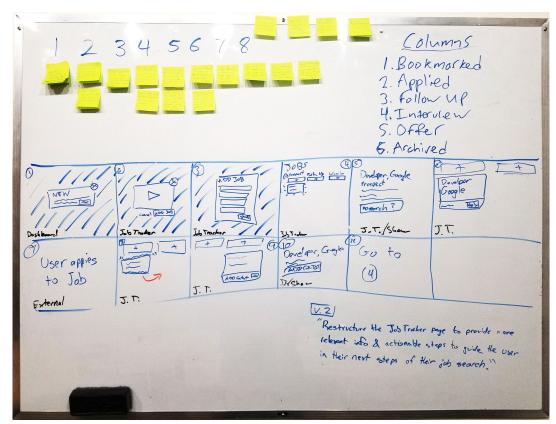
Based off of the data I found after interviewing users, I set a baseline goal that I wanted the update to meet:

- 1. Increase engagement (+50% usage rates)
- 2. Increase usability metrics (\uparrow customer satisfaction, \downarrow task time)

Having set preliminary goals, I went on to prepare for the week-long Design Sprint, creating slides, documentation, and examples for the engineers and business/operations roles to work collaboratively.



The schedule for the week, from Jake Knapp's Design Sprint. 3 days are spent on ideation, with the latter 2 days spent on prototyping and testing.



Design Sprint

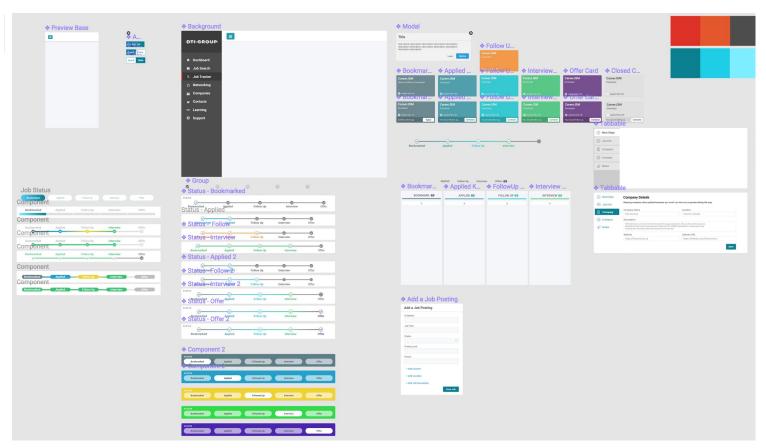
I facilitated the sprint with the team to search for better solutions. After much discussion, sketches, and deliberation over 3 days, we ended up with a rough storyboard outline for how the new feature would work, function, and feel. The functional goal was defined to be "restructure the Job Tracker page to provide relevant info and actionable steps, to guide the user in the next steps of their job search". This was the mantra that I repeated as I guided the team in collaborating and brainstorming ideas.

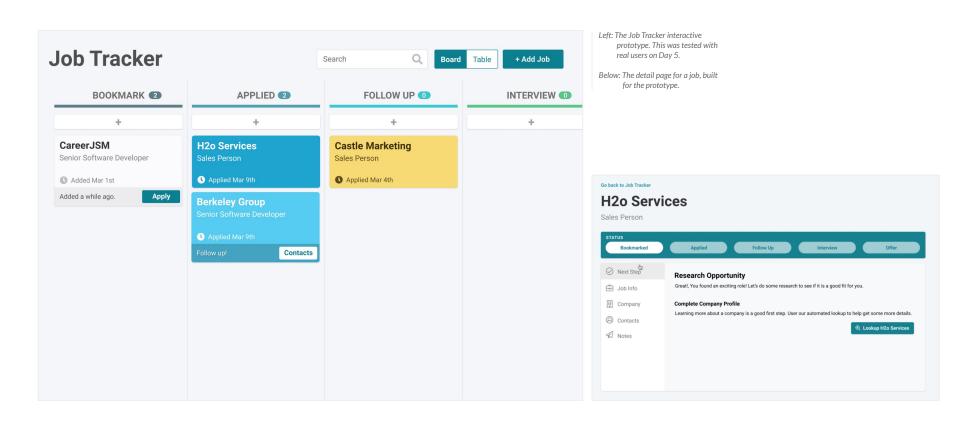
For the new design, the kanban style board was chosen because of its interactive nature and its visual component relating to job-search progress, but I had reservations about how users with low technical literacy would interact with it. I wanted to ensure that the feature wouldn't require advanced training so I came up with the idea to integrate an interactive onboarding feature with dummy data. Another valuable feature I introduced was adding contextual action buttons on the cards, which would surface insights about each job.

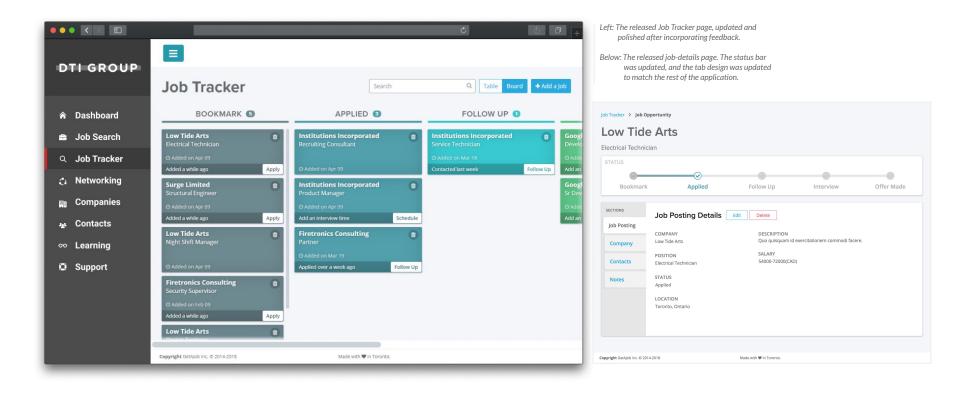
I kept that in mind as I created a simple design system and organized the components together to form a cohesive interactive prototype. Once this was done, I drafted the user-testing script and questionnaire, double-checking with the prototype to ensure tests would run smoothly.

The storyboard the team created on Day 3 for testing the new feature. It included an onboarding modal, demo data, and a feature list for recurring themes and problems we wanted to address.

The design components and system I created in Figma, which was used to develop the prototype.







Development and Tools

I helped develop this feature using HTML, CSS, and Ember JS.

For design, I used mainly Figma, with some Illustrator.

User Testing

On the last day of the design sprint, I conducted user testing at a local cafe, making sure to recruit users from various demographic groups. The results yielded positive feedback, as well as constructive criticism (since the prototype was built in one day, there were bound to be problems). The main takeaways I gathered were from how the users interacted with the dashboard and what they expected to see.

After testing, I analyzed the results, packaged up the raw data into useful insights (e.g. users understood the kanban board concept, it was easier to use than the original layout, some people had reservations about horizontal scrolling, among others), and presented it to the team by the end of the day. Since the outcome was so positive, everyone agreed to focus on implementing the feature in the next development cycle.

I drafted up product requirements and added tasks to our project tracker tool, addressing weaknesses and concerns, and then worked adding polish and consistency to the designs.

Results & Next Steps

After releasing the feature, I recorded the following improvements over the next few weeks:

- Unique user engagement more than doubled
- Usability improved
 - Subjective user satisfaction went from Satisfied to Very Satisfied
 - Task completion time to move job statuses went from ~8 seconds to ~1 second, a significant improvement

Unfortunately, the contextual buttons proved to be more difficult to implement due to handling all the edge cases, so the implementation of that feature was deferred to a later date.

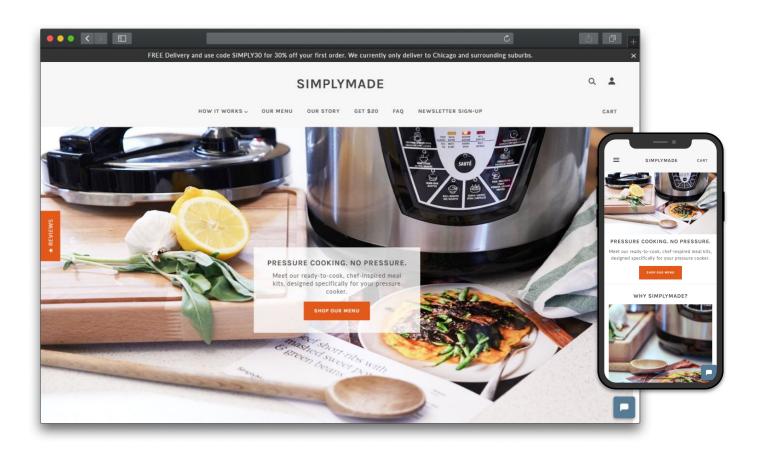
The integration of the *Job Tracker* widget was a success, and future improvements would include integrating other tools from the app (like the Resume Builder, or the Events Finder) into it to create a more immersive environment.

Summary

Simply Made is new venture focused on frozen meal kit delivery, created by Kraft Heinz Company in partnership with Highline Beta. I conducted early validation work and contributed to the design and development of the site.

Skills Applied

User testing/interviews, research, problem validation, copywriting, branding, web development.









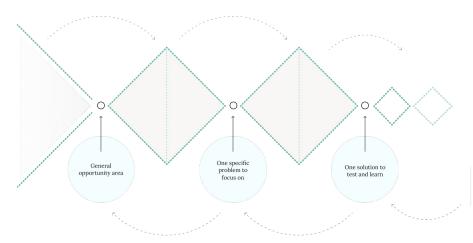
Background

SimplyMade was a new product, started by Evolv (Kraft-Heinz's venture branch), which was focused on a new vertical: frozen, meal-kit delivery for the Instant Pot. Highline Beta partnered with Evolv to help with the product validation and execution of the new venture.

On this project, I worked with a small team of managers and partners at Evolv, along with another designer and researcher at Highline Beta for 4 months.

Objective

As a UX Engineer with Highline Beta, I was tasked with validating the problem space, and if it proved to be lucrative, then help with building the product. To measure success, the team set an initial goal of validating the market demand and creating a growing & sustainable customer base. However, since it was a new venture, there was a possibility that the venture would fail; regardless there would be lessons to be learned, which could be used to pivot or create a new venture.



To validate the problem & solution areas, I used a modified Double Diamond framework. We worked in a flexible weekly design cycle to quickly iterate and make adjustments as necessary.

Problem Validation

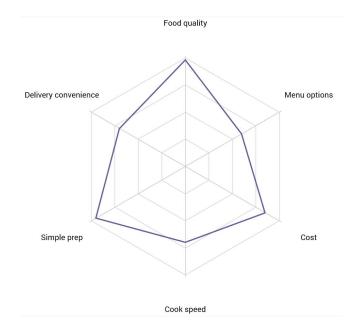
Evolv had previously done market research with another consulting firm and found that frozen meal-kit delivery was a market opportunity to be exploited, but unfortunately, they did not have access to the raw data. Rather than take their word for it, I conducted some user tests and interviews to re-validate the problem, and see if any adjustments needed to be made.

I created questionnaires to get a rough idea of what customers wanted, and conducted user interviews to get qualitative insights on use cases and expectations. Different customers prioritized different things, but prevailing the themes were good food quality and easy food preparation. Fortunately, the research data supported the original hypothesis, so my next task was to plan the user journey, design an interface, and help plan the logistics.

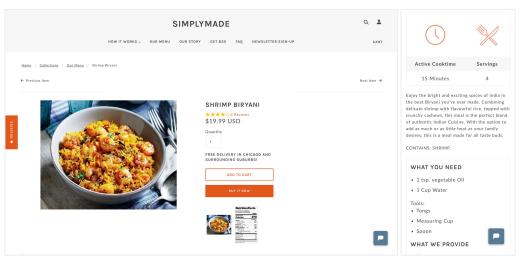
Designs

After researching e-commerce site hosting, I decided the best option to go with was Shopify. The goal of iterating fast was key here, as building a custom solution would take for too long.

I created a style guide and page designs for SimplyMade in a day, knowing the caveat that once the designs were imported over to Shopify's platform, the layout could look significantly different. Speed and iterative testing took priority over pixel perfection, as the goal of the site was to learn and improve, rather than agonize over details that would change in a week.



A radar chart of prioritized customer values.





Above: A screenshot of a product page, built using Shopify. The mobile version is to the right.

Left: A popup on the same page that appeared after some time with a promotional offer. Promo codes helped drive the majority of the sales.

Development and Tools

I used a combination of UserTesting.com, video, and in-person interviews for gathering data and research.

Figma was used to design the site map and layouts, as well as to organize the data collected from user interviews.

Shopify was used for site deployment and CMS changes.

Problems & Results

Over the first few weeks, the team saw slow user growth. I tried to address that problem with user interviews and various e-commerce tools/tactics like promo codes, referrals, and A/B Testing various types of ads and keywords. The results from this lead to a steady increase (double) of monthly customers, every month for 4 months.

Another issue was the logistics of delivery. The Evolv team needed to hand-deliver the goods, so their availability windows were a limiting factor. I built a custom time-picker into the Shopify store to make the customer experience better.

Consumer trust was also an issue since people are hesitant to buy food online from an unknown source. Although SimplyMade was technically owned by Kraft Heinz, they do not have the best reputation for healthy foods and wanted to distance themselves from that imagery. I addressed this issue by adding an "Our Story" section, to surface the intention of creating healthy, fast, family-oriented meals.

Next Steps

One problem was the available menu choices. Customers wanted more vegetarian, ketogenic, and low-calorie options, but since it took time to create and package the foods, it was something that couldn't be addressed in the short term. It should be a priority to expand on the offerings to cater to a wider audience.

Investing in a scalable delivery solution, such as hiring delivery people, would open up the potential customer base as well since many people aren't available at specified delivery times. Improving on the packaging would also allow the food to be stored for longer, meaning less priority would be put on delivery speed.



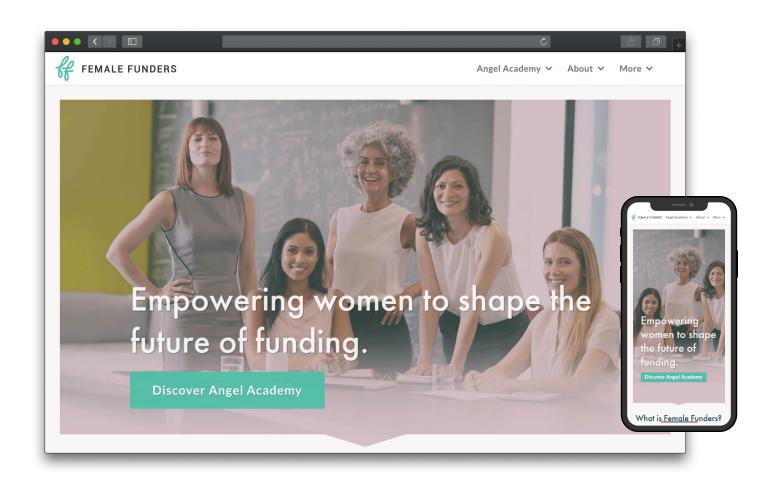
The delivery window time picker built into the checkout page.

Summary

I redesigned and built a website for an angel-investing educational platform, increasing SEO, accessibility, and conversion rates. This was a long-term project where I collaborated with other designers, directors, and marketers. I learned a lot about web strategy, site optimization, how to build scalable sites, and as well as many SEO methods. The resulting product had major performance and usability improvements, which generated leads and conversions.

Skills Applied

Information architecture, accessibility/responsive design, branding, SEO, web development.



Background

Female Funders is an educational platform that empowers females to get into angel investing. After undergoing a relaunch in the Spring of 2018, the program has rapidly evolved, changing education material, networking events, and marketing strategies.

As a result of the changing needs, I worked closely with the program director to help shape and redesign the site, with the goal of improving the company brand and site performance.

We conducted research on our target audience and discovered potential customers were abandoning the site because they were feeling inadequate. Something as abstract as a user's feelings was hard to quantify, but it was important to address; we wanted the site to be more warm and welcoming.



The site's Lighthouse audit score is near perfect after the site was redesigned and deployed.

Measuring Success

There were a few issues that necessitated the need for this project:

- 1. **Improve the site branding.** The related quantifiable metrics were:
 - a. Increase Time on Page by 50%. The existing average was less than 30 seconds.
 - b. Decrease bounce rates by 50%. There was an overwhelming amount of information, which made it difficult to understand what we were offering, and what the next steps were.
- Increase SEO ratings. The site lacked certain meta tags, settings, and social media integrations.
- Increase site speed. Image-heavy assets and non-optimized media assets slowed the site.
- Make the site accessible and mobile-responsive. While the site could work on mobile and met most WCAG 2.0 (A) requirements, there were still improvements to be made, especially with buttons and form design.
- 5. Empower users to make informed decisions. One large page of text and data was intimidating and made it difficult to track user flow since there was only one page. By splitting the content, and offering multiple chances to Learn More, we could gather more metrics.

Problems & Iterations

Visual identity

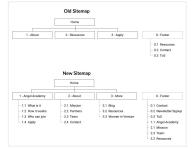
The key theme centered around empowering women, and there was a lot of effort put into finding the right imagery to set the tone to help visitors resonate with the site before reading a single word. Through research, I found that several prospective users left the site because they were intimidated and felt under-qualified, so I wanted to address this problem through the right designs.

I explored various themes and moods but ended up deciding to go with imagery that featured our target demographic. I added color treatment and photo-editing to compliment the rest of the site's colors. The colors were also chosen with care: while the teal hue was associated with the original branding, it caused a few problems with accessibility due to how light it was. To correct this, I adjusted the color value slightly and added subtle text-shadows to emphasize contrast. I also wanted to de-emphasize the blue, since it's traditionally known for being cold. The teal was feminine and helped set a more calming mood.

Site structure

The Angel Academy course was the focus of the site, but the features were diluted by having too much competing information on the home page. With a relatively high bounce rate, it was difficult to isolate what the problem was specifically. I opted to test out a new layout by rearranging the site into more 'bite-size' chunks and separated the content into sub-pages to have a more streamlined funnel of content. By analyzing behavior flow, I saw where users were dropping off, and that way I would be able to address those issues specifically.

The initial goal was to get visitors to learn more about Angel Academy, not increase the raw number of sign-ups. This seems counter-intuitive at first, because content became more difficult to access, but I found that it generated more quality leads with a higher rate of application approval!



A comparison of the old and new site layout.





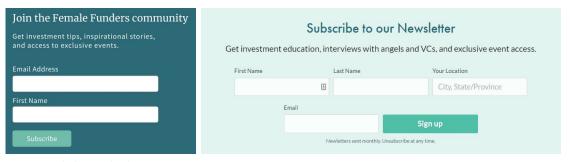


Problems & Iterations (Continued)

Form optimization

Throughout the design evolution, the monthly mailing list subscriptions increased, but the information gathered was hard to action on by the outreach team. While form best-practice indicates that fewer inputs is better, there were problems with reaching out to the users, as each candidate is vetted before engagement. We only operated in North America, but we were getting interest internationally which led to difficulties in researching individuals. Adding extra fields gave us the extra information to save time and make more efficient decisions

Like the previous section, it was more important to generate quality leads.



Before (left) and after (right) of the Newsletter Subscription form. After testing & optimization, I determined that having 4 input fields was more effective.

Development and Tools

For designing the site, I used Figma and Photoshop. Data analytics were gathered from Google Analytics.

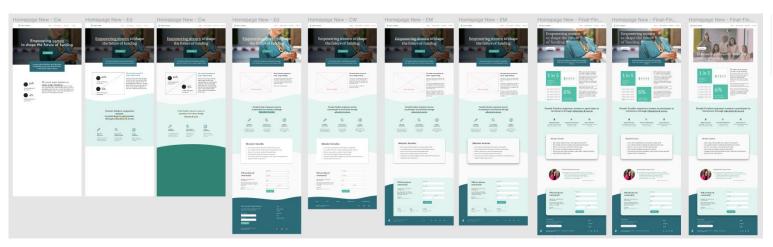
I built most of the site by myself on React, with Contentful as a CMS tool for the copy and blog updates, combined with Netlify for deployment, and Zapier for workflow automation.

I also used Cypress for integration testing, which was especially useful for testing the Angel Academy Learn More funnel.

Results & Reflections

Overall the designs underwent several iterations, but each iteration provided opportunities to learn and improve. By making well-informed hypotheses and adjusting based on the new data, the site update was a relative success.

Compared with the original design, the site was made fully WCAG 2.0 accessible, responsive, and had several SEO improvements. The user's *Time on Page* went up by 80%, and the *Bounce Rate* decreased by 30%. Other factors may have impacted this data such as news and press-releases, but it is a good start towards building better a website in this specific industry.



Figma artboards showing part of the design process for redesigning the home page. I worked with another designer and "ping-ponged" design iterations.

Questions?