ECE1779_Project1

Assignment Group 2

Group Members and Contributions:

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Contributions Graph

The contribution graph can be found on the last page of the report

Dependencies

The assignment project requires the following libraries Flask, gunicorn, mysql.connector, matplotlib.figure, flask_apscheduler

To Install

pip3 install -r requirements.txt

Setup and Run

To Start

sh start.sh

To Stop

sh shutdown.sh

Project Architecture

This assignment project has 2 independent flask instances

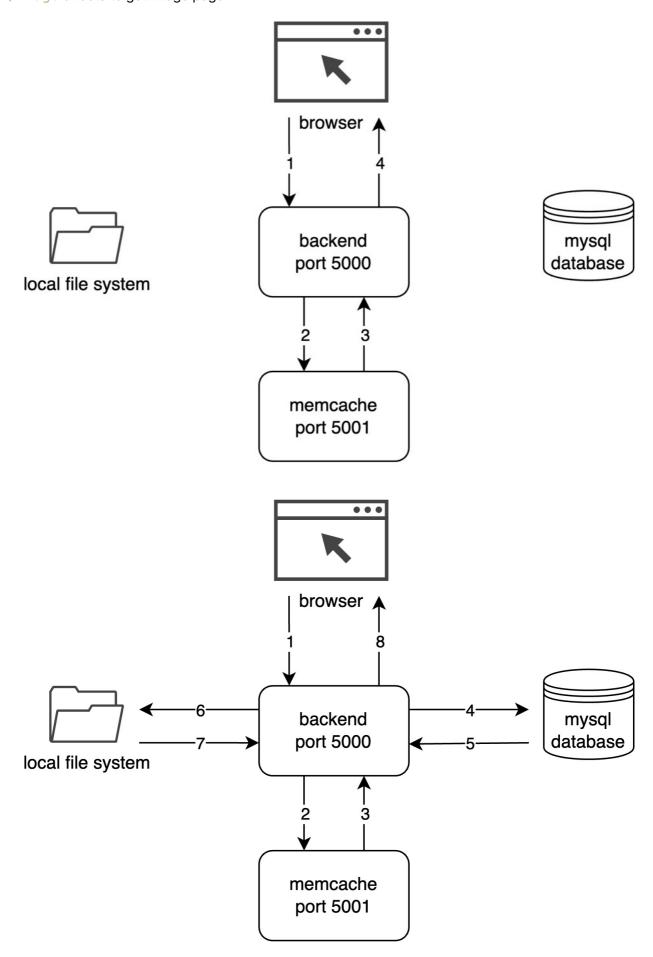
- 1 instance is for the backend service running on port 5000
- 1 instance is for the memcache service running on port 5001

The backend service returns web pages and responds to api requests. The memcache service is exposed to the public but is used as an internal service that the backend service calls to configure, add, update and reset the memcache. The memcache also updates the database periodically with the memcache data.

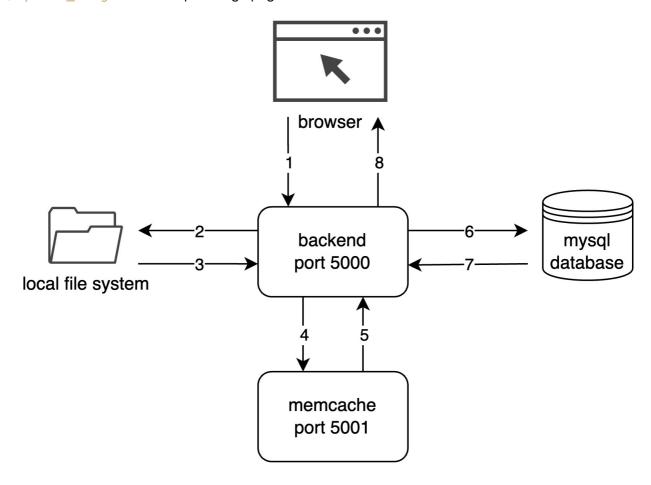
Web Pages (Port 5000)

/ directs to home page

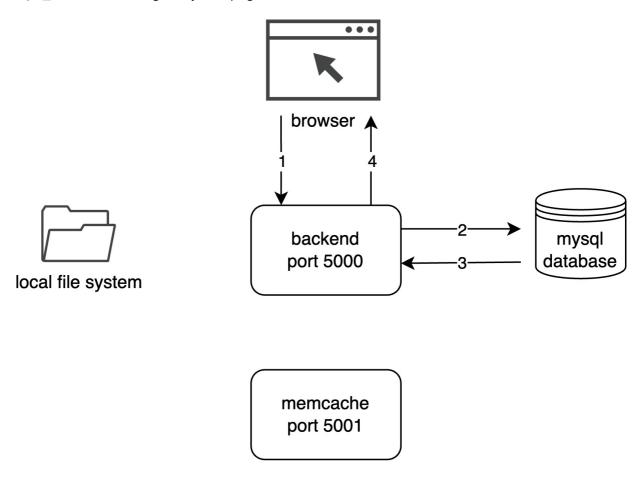
• /image directs to get image page



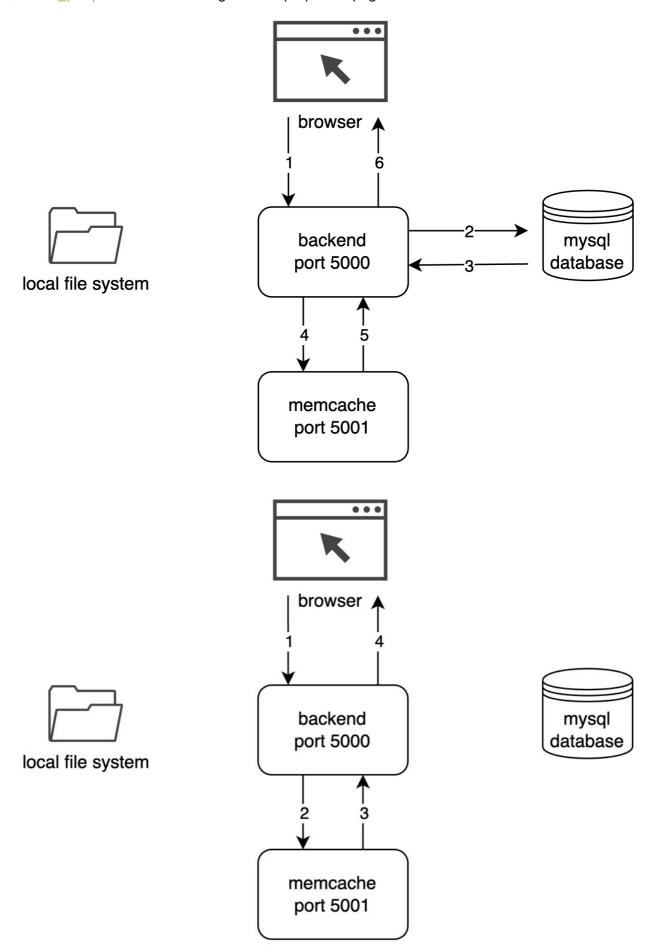
• /upload_image directs to put image page



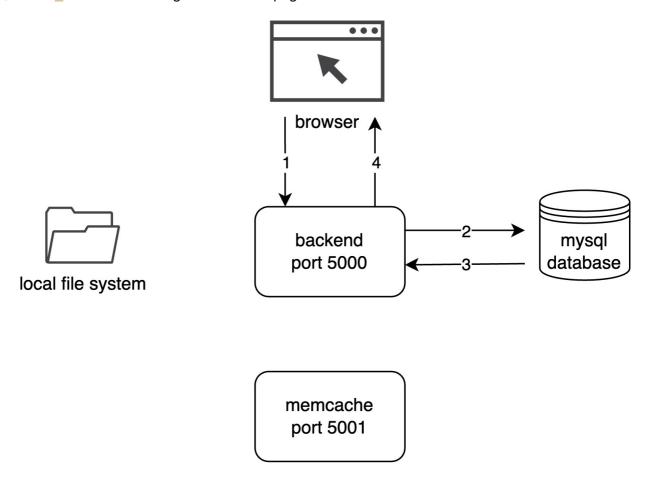
• /keys_list directs to get keys list page



• /cache_properties directs to get cache properties page



• /cache stats directs to get cache stats page



Backend API Endpoints (Port 5000)

- /api/upload post request to upload key and respective file image
- /api/list_keys post request to retrieve a list of keys
- /api/key/<key_value> post request to retrieve the fiile image of a respective key

Memcache API Endpoints (Port 5001)

- /clear_cache clear memcache and items
- /refresh_configuration refresh memcache configuration
- /put_into_memcache put key and image into memcache
- /get_from_memcache get key and image from memcache
- /invalidate_specific_key delete image and respective key from memcache

Database

This assignment project uses a local mysql database to store the following database. There are 3 different tables: 1 for the images, 1 for the cache properties, and 1 for cache stats.

Database Schema

images	
PK	<u>key</u>
	location

cache_properties		
PK	<u>id</u>	
	max_capacity	
	replacement_method	
	created_at	

	cache_stats	
PK	<u>id</u>	
	cache_size	
	key_count	
	request_count	
	hit_count	
	miss_count	
	created_at	
	!	

Design Decisions

Independent Flask Instance for Memcache and Backend

- Decision: The decision was to create 2 independent flask instances, one for the memcache, and one for the backend running on port 5001 and 5000 respectively.
- Alternative: The alternative is to have 1 flask instance and have the memcache to run within the backend service, the downside of this is that it is a monolith architecture which is difficult with scaling as there are more opportunities to conflict and overwrite the services.
- Reason: The reason why there are 2 independent flask instances is because they can be seen as individual services that a backend could potentially refactor out to be a microservice environment. In the future development, the 2 flask instances can be developed independently without interferring with each other and the 2 flask instances will communicate using HTTP requests.

Synchronous vs Asynchronous Operations

- Decision:
- Alternative:
- Reason:

Graphs

Graph 1 20:80 Read/Write Ratio Latency Graph

Graph 2 20:80 Read/Write Ratio Throughput Graph

Graph 3 50:50 Read/Write Ratio Latency Graph

Graph 4 50:50 Read/Write Ratio Throughput Graph

Graph 5 80:20 Read/Write Ratio Latency Graph

Graph 6 80:20 Read/Write Ratio Throughput Graph

Discussions

Contributions Graph

