



DOT HS 812 702 April 2019

# Crash Report Sampling System (CRSS) Analytical User's Manual, 2016-2017

## **Table of Contents**

New in 2017 CRSS	
Data Elements with Changes in Attributes	4
Summary of the SAS Naming Changes in 2017	7
Introduction	
CRSS Sample Design	
CRSS Operations	
National Estimates	
CRSS Imputation	
CRSS SAS Data Files	
CRSS Data Element List	
Data Element Definitions and Codes	
Key Data Elements	
The ACCIDENT Data File	
The VEHICLE Data File	
The PERSON Data File	
The PARKWORK Data File	
The PBTYPE Data File	
The CEVENT Data File	
The VEVENT Data File	
The VSOE Data File	
The DAMAGE Data File	
The DISTRACT Data File	
The DRIMPAIR Data File	
The FACTOR Data File	
The MANEUVER Data File	
The VIOLATN Data File	
The VISION Data File	
The NMCRASH Data File	
The NMIMPAIR Data File	
The NMPRIOR Data File	
The SAFETYEQ Data File	
The VINDECODE Data File	
Appendices	
Appendix A: PC23 Crash Type Diagram	
Appendix B: Summary Statistics	
Appendix C: Standard Errors	
Appendix D: Analytical Classification of Select CRSS Data Elements	
Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements	
Appendix F: Analysis of Pedestrian and Bicycle Crashes Around Intersections	
Appendix G: VIN Decoded Data Elements	290

## New in 2017 CRSS

## **Data Elements with Changes in Attributes**

Below is a list of CRSS data elements that have substantial changes for 2017. Changes are denoted in bold/italics for additions and strikethrough for deletions. More detailed information on each data element can be found in the FARS/CRSS Coding and Validation Manual. NHTSA's National Center for Statistics and Analysis (NCSA) publishes these manuals for each year of data collection and they can be found at:

NCSA Publications- Manuals and Documentation

DATA ELEMENT #	DATA ELEMENT NAME	SAS TABLE.NAME	COMMENTS
C18B	Areas of Impact (This Vehicle)	Cevent.AOI1, Vevent.AOI1, Vsoe.AOI	■ New Attribute: 20 (Object Set in Motion, Unknown if Cargo/Vehicle Parts or Other)
C18D	Areas of Impact (Other Vehicle)	Cevent.AOI2, Vevent.AOI2	■ New Attribute: 20 (Object Set in Motion, Unknown if Cargo/Vehicle Parts or Other)
C19	First Harmful Event	Accident.HARM_EV	■ New Attributes: 91 (Unknown Object Not Fixed), 93 (Unknown Fixed Object)
V10	Vehicle Model	Vehicle.MODEL, Parkwork.PMODEL	■ New Attribute: 707 (Electric Motorcycle)
V11	Body Type	Vehicle.BODY_TYP, Parkwork.PBODYTYP	<ul> <li>Discontinued Attributes: 30 Compact Pickup, 31 Standard Pickup</li> <li>New Attributes: 34 (Light Pickup), 84 (Motor Scooter), 85 (Unenclosed Three Wheel Motorcycle / Unenclosed Autocycle [1 Rear Wheel]), 86 (Enclosed Three Wheel Motorcycle / Enclosed Autocycle [1 Rear Wheel]), 87 (Unknown Three Wheel Motorcycle Type), 96 (Recreational Off-Highway Vehicle)</li> <li>Revised Attributes: 80 (Two Wheel Motorcycle [excluding motor scooters]), 81 (Moped or (motorized bicycle)), 82 (Three-wheel Motorcycle or Meped not All Terrain Vehicle [2 Rear Wheels]), 83 (Off-road Motorcycle) (2 wheel), 88 (Other motored cycle type [mini-bikes, motor scooters, pocket motorcycles "pocket bikes"])</li> </ul>

DATA ELEMENT #	DATA ELEMENT NAME	SAS TABLE.NAME	COMMENTS
V29	Areas of Impact- Initial Contact Point	Vehicle.IMPACT1, Parkwork.PIMPACT1	■ New Attribute: 20 (Object Set in Motion, Unknown if Cargo/Vehicle Parts or Other)
V32	Sequence of Events	Cevent.SOE, Vevent.SOE, Vsoe.SOE	New Attributes: 91 (Unknown Object Not Fixed), 93 (Unknown Fixed Object)
V33	Most Harmful Event	Vehicle.M_HARM, Parkwork.PM_HARM	New Attributes: 91 (Unknown Object Not Fixed), 93 (Unknown Fixed Object)
D23	Condition (Impairment) at Time of Crash	Drimpair.DRIMPAIR	■ Revised Attribute: 04 (Paraplegic or Restricted to in a Wheelchair)
D24	Related Factors- Driver Level	Vehicle.DR_SF1, Vehicle.DR_SF2, Vehicle.DR_SF3, Vehicle.DR_SF4	■ New Attributes: 55 (Improper Management of Vehicle Controls), 56 (Object Interference with Vehicle Controls), 57 (Driving with Tire-Related Problems), 60 (Alcohol and/or Drug Test Refused)
PC5	Trafficway Description	Vehicle.VTRAFWAY	<ul> <li>Revised Attribute: 2 (Two-Way, Divided, Unprotected (Painted &gt;4 Foot) Median)</li> </ul>
P10	Restraint System/Helmet Use	Person.REST_USE	<ul> <li>Discontinued Attributes: <del>0 (Not</del> Applicable), <del>7 (None Used)</del></li> <li>New Attribute: <b>20 (None Used / Not Applicable)</b></li> </ul>
P12	Air Bag Deployed	Person.AIR_BAG	Discontinued Attributes: <del>0 (Not</del> Applicable), 28 (Switched Off)
P18A/ NM17A	Alcohol Test Status	Person.ALC_STATUS	■ Discontinued Attribute: <del>1 (Test</del> <del>Refused)</del>
P21A/ NM20A	Drug Test Status	Person.DSTATUS	■ Discontinued Attribute: <del>1 (Test</del> <del>Refused)</del>
P26/NM25	Related Factors- Person Level	Person.P_SF1, Person.P_SF2, Person.P_SF3	■ New Attribute: 10 (Alcohol and/or Drug Test Refused)
NM13	Non-Motorist Safety Equipment	Safetyeq.MSAFEQMT  Safetyeq.NMHELMET Safetyeq.NMPROPAD Safetyeq.NMOTHPRO Safetyeq.NMREFCLO Safetyeq.NMLIGHT Safetyeq.NMOTHPRE	Change to structure of element and attributes
NM14	Condition (Impairment) at Time of Crash	Nmimpair.NMIMPAIR	<ul> <li>Revised Attribute: 04 (Paraplegic or Restricted to in a Wheelchair)</li> </ul>

DATA ELEMENT #	DATA ELEMENT NAME	SAS TABLE.NAME	COMMENTS
PB30	Crash Type - Pedestrian	Pbtype.PEDCTYPE	<ul><li>Revised Attribute: 341 (Transit Bus Stop-Related)</li></ul>
PB33	Pedestrian Initial Direction of Travel	Pbtype.PEDDIR	<ul><li>Revised Attribute: 9 (<i>Not</i> <i>Derived</i>/Unknown Initial Direction of Travel)</li></ul>
PB37	Pedestrian Scenario	Pbtype.PEDSNR	■ New Attributes: 1d (Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Other), 2d (Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Other), 3d (Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Other), 4d (Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Other), 5d (Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Other), 6d (Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Other), 7d (Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Other), 8d (Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Other), 9d (Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Other), 10d (Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Other), 11d (Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Other), 11d (Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Other), 12d (Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Other), 99 (Unknown/Insufficient Information)
PB38	Crash Group – Pedestrian	Pbtype.PEDCGP	Revised Attribute: 340 (Bus <b>Stop</b> -Related)

## **Summary of the SAS Naming Changes in 2017**

Locator Code	2016 SAS Name	New 2017 SAS Name	Data Element Name
NM13	Safetyeq.MSAFEQMT	Safetyeq.NMHELMET, Safetyeq.NMPROPAD, Safetyeq.NMOTHPRO, Safetyeq.NMREFCLO, Safetyeq.NMLIGHT, Safetyeq.NMOTHPRE	Non-Motorist Safety Equipment
		None	

The data elements in BLUE are changed in 2017 CRSS. The data elements in RED are new to 2017 CRSS.

## Introduction

One of the primary objectives of the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) is to reduce the human toll and property damage that motor vehicle traffic crashes inflict on our society. Crashes each year result in thousands of lives lost, hundreds of thousands of injured victims, and billions of dollars in property damage. Accurate data are required to support the development, implementation, and assessment of highway safety programs aimed at reducing this toll. NHTSA uses data from many sources, including the Crash Report Sampling System (CRSS). CRSS is a sample of police-reported crashes involving all types of motor vehicles, pedestrians, and cyclists, ranging from property-damage-only crashes to those that result in fatalities. CRSS is used to estimate the overall crash picture, identify highway safety problem areas, measure trends, drive consumer information initiatives, and form the basis for cost and benefit analyses of highway safety initiatives and regulations.

The CRSS obtains its data from a nationally representative probability sample selected from the more than seven million police-reported crashes which occur annually. Although various sources suggest that there are many more crashes that are not reported to the police, the majority of these unreported crashes involve only minor property damage and no significant personal injury. By restricting attention to police-reported crashes, the CRSS concentrates on those crashes of greatest concern to the highway safety community and the general public.

This multi-year analytical user's manual provides documentation on the evolution of coding practices of the CRSS. The manual will continue to grow each year and present the historical coding of the CRSS from inception through present. It includes documentation on the data elements that are contained in the CRSS and other useful information that will enable the users to become familiar with the data system. The FARS/CRSS Coding and Validation Manual provides more detailed definitions and coding rules for each data element and attribute. This manual is available at:

NCSA Publications- Manuals and Documentation.

The compilation of CRSS data is a priority for NHTSA. These data store valuable information that will be preserved over time and are available for present and future use. This analytical user's manual should help improve the usefulness and accessibility of the data. With the exception of personal notes, there is no reason to keep older versions of this reference manual. All information in earlier editions has been retained in this newer version.

## **CRSS Sample Design**

Beginning 2016, as part of the effort to modernize NHTSA's data collection system, NCSA designed two new national probability-based crash sampling systems – the Crash Report Sampling System (CRSS) – to replace the National Automotive Sampling System General Estimates System (NASS GES) and the Crash Investigation Sampling System (CISS) to replace the NASS Crashworthiness Data System (CDS). CRSS was designed completely independent of GES or CISS. CRSS has the same scope as GES: all police reported motor vehicle crashes that occur on a trafficway. The source of the information for CRSS continues solely to be the police crash report.

The CRSS police crash report sample is selected in multiple stages to produce a nationally representative probability sample since nationwide direct selection is infeasible. A brief description of the selection process at each of the three stages is given below.

- 1st Stage- PSU Sample: At the first stage, 3,117 counties in the country were grouped into 707 primary sampling units (PSU). US territories, some remote areas in Alaska, and small islands in Hawaii were excluded. A CRSS PSU is either a county or a group of counties. The 707 PSUs in the PSU frame were stratified into 50 strata by the four Census regions, urbanicity, vehicle miles traveled, total number of crashes, total truck miles traveled, and road miles. First, 101 PSUs were selected using a stratified probability proportional to size (PPS) sampling method. Then a sequence of sub-samples was selected from the original 101 PSU sample and strata were collapsed if necessary. This produced a sequence of nested PSU samples with different sample sizes selected from the collapsed strata. This sequence of nested PSU samples provides NHTSA flexibility to change and scale the PSU sample size in the future without reselecting the sample. Therefore, the final PSU sample was the result of a multiphase sampling mechanism in which the PSU selection probability is still approximately PPS. In the 2017 CRSS, 61 PSUs were selected from 25 PSU strata and 60 PSUs responded. (Note: In the 2016 CRSS, 60 PSUs were selected and 53 responded.)
- **2<sup>nd</sup> Stage PJ Sample**: The secondary sampling units (SSU) are police jurisdictions (PJs) or groups of police jurisdictions. Within each selected PSU, PJs were stratified into three strata by their measure of size (MOS) which is a combination of crash counts in six categories of interest. A Pareto sampling method was used to select PJ samples from each PJ strata. This method produces overlapping samples when the sample is reselected. This method reduces the potential of changes to the existing PJ sample when a new PJ sample has to be selected because of PJ frame changes. The PJ inclusion probability under Pareto sampling is approximately PPS. In the 2016 CRSS, a total of 350 SSUs were selected. In the 2017 CRSS, 397 SSUs were selected. Weight adjustments were made to mitigate the potential bias caused by the non-responding PJs.
- **3rd Stage Police Crash Report Sample**: The tertiary sampling units (TSU) are the police crash reports. The CRSS data collectors periodically obtain police crash reports from each selected PJ. During each collection, all new police crash reports accumulated since the last collection are sequentially stratified into nine police crash report strata (see table below). These nine strata were formed based on the results of NHTSA's internal and public data needs assessments. The stratification allows NHTSA to over-sample in Strata 2-6.

From each stratum, a systematic sampling method is used to select the police crash report sample. The sampling intervals are determined in such a way that the final weights are approximately equal for all the police crash reports in the same stratum with the ultimate aim of reducing the sampling variance for the domain estimates. The target annual sample size is approximately 50,000 PARs.

Please refer to the NHTSA Technical Report <u>Crash Report Sampling System: Design Overview, Analytic Guidance, and FAQs</u> for a more in-depth discussion of the CRSS sample design.

## CRSS Police Crash Report Domain Definition, Target Sample Allocation, and Population Distribution

Stratum	Description (Hierarchical Structure)	Target Percent of Sample	Estimated Percent of Population <sup>1</sup>	
2	Crashes with killed or injured pedestrian	9%	2.3%	
3	Crashes with killed or injured motorcycle rider	6%	1.4%	
4	LMY passenger vehicle crashes with killed or incapacitated occupant	4%	0.4%	
5	NLMY passenger vehicle crashes with killed or incapacitated occupant	7%	1.4%	
6	LMY passenger vehicle crashes with injured occupant	14%	7.5%	
7	Crashes involving medium or heavy truck or bus	6%	6.2%	
8	NLMY passenger vehicle crashes with injured occupant	12%	15.0%	
9	LMY passenger vehicle crashes AND no one is killed or injured	22%	28.8%	
10	Crashes not in strata 2-9	20%	37.1%	
Late Model Year (LMY) passenger vehicle: ≤ 4 years old, Non-Late Model Year (NLMY) passenger vehicle: ≥ 5 years old				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimated percent of population is based on 2016 CRSS estimates.

## **CRSS Operations**

The CRSS obtains its data from a nationally representative probability sample selected from the more than six million police-reported crashes that occur annually. To be eligible for the CRSS sample, a crash report must be completed by the police; it must involve at least one motor vehicle traveling on a trafficway; and the crash must result in property damage, injury, or death.

These crash reports are chosen from 60 selected sites across the United States that reflect the geography, population, miles driven, and crashes in the United States. CRSS data collectors review crash reports from hundreds of law enforcement agencies within the sites, systematically sampling tens of thousands of crash reports each year. The collectors obtain copies of the selected crash reports and send them to a central location for coding. No other data is collected beyond that in the selected crash reports.

Trained personnel interpret and code data directly from the crash reports into an electronic data file. Approximately 120 data elements are coded into a common format. After coding, quality checks are performed on the data to ensure validity and consistency. When these are completed, CRSS data files and coding documentation become publicly available.

The CRSS data are also used to respond to requests from the international and national highway safety communities, state and local governments, the Congress, federal agencies, research organizations, industry, the media, and the public.

## **National Estimates**

The CRSS police crash report sample is a complex multi-stage, stratified sample with unequal selection probabilities. Estimates from CRSS data must be properly weighted to ensure unbiased and robust estimates. The CRSS weights were created using the following steps:

- Calculate base weights the inverse of selection probabilities at all three stages (PSU, PJ, and Police Crash Report) to correct the selection bias caused by the unequal selection probabilities.
- 2. Adjust the base weights for non-response at all three stages to correct potential non-response bias.
- 3. Adjust the weights for duplicate crashes that were identified post sampling.
- 4. Calibrate PJ and Police Crash Report weights using the PSU level total crash report stratum counts to further correct potential non-response bias and coverage bias.
- 5. Calibrate case weights by benchmarking Census resident population counts and FARS crash counts.

The final CRSS weight variable that incorporates the above steps is called WEIGHT in the CRSS analysis file. Please refer to the NHTSA Technical Report <u>Crash Report Sampling System: Design Overview, Analytic Guidance, and FAQs</u> for a more in-depth discussion on the CRSS weighting procedure.

Complex sample design features employed in CRSS data collection should be considered in analysis of the CRSS data. Treating the CRSS sample as a simple random sample in estimation may cause severe bias to both point estimates and standard error estimates. Specialized computer software for complex survey data analysis, such as SAS PROC SURVEY procedures and SUDAAN procedures, should be used for CRSS data analysis along with proper design statements. Because of the low PSU level sampling rates, the CRSS PSU sample can be treated as a with-replacement sample with unequal selection probabilities. This simplifies the variance estimation.

In the CRSS analysis file, the variable PSUSTRAT defines the PSU strata, and PSU\_VAR identifies sampled PSUs for variance estimation. Also, certainty PSU is treated as a stratum in PSUSTRAT. The PJs selected in the certainty PSU are treated as PSUs in PSU\_VAR.

Because of the limited PSU sample size, CRSS data is mainly for national or major domain estimates. For other smaller analysis domains, the point estimates may have large standard errors and the variance estimates may be biased.

Please refer to the NHTSA Technical Report <u>Crash Report Sampling System: Design Overview</u>, <u>Analytic Guidance</u>, and <u>FAQs</u> for more detailed information on CRSS estimation and examples.

## **CRSS Imputation**

CRSS data are obtained either directly from an item on the police crash report or by interpreting the information provided in the crash report through a review of the crash diagrams, the police officer's written summary of the crash, or combinations of data elements on the report. During this process of data acquisition, some records of the data elements are found missing or entered as 'unknown' or 'not reported' resulting in incomplete data for analysis. To offer more complete CRSS data for analysis, NHTSA imputes selected data elements from the Accident, Vehicle, and Person files as follows:

- Accident file: Alcohol Involved in Crash, Atmospheric Conditions, Crash Date (Day of Week), Crash time (Hour), Crash Time (Minute), First Harmful Event, Light Condition, Manner of Collision, Maximum Injury Severity in Craash, Number of Injured in Crash, Relation to Junction Within Interchange Area, Relation to Junction - Specific Location;
- Vehicle file: Areas of Impact- Initial Contact Point, Body Type, Driver Drinking in Vehicle, Hit and Run, Number of Injured in Vehicle, Maximum Injury Severity in Vehicle, Most Harmful Event, Vehicle Model Year, Movement Prior to Critical Event;
- Person file: Age, Alcohol Test Status, Ejection, Injury Severity, Seating Position, Sex.

The above data elements are consistent with the ones imputed in the corresponding three files of NASS GES data from 2010 to 2015. More details about GES data imputation in 2015 and earlier years are available in the 1988-2015 NASS GES Analytical User's Manual.

The imputation process for CRSS data imputes a single value for each missing value. In other words, instead of filling in a missing value with a set of plausible values, a single estimated value is used to replace the missing value. The procedure is a multivariate imputation of each selected data element by means of its covariates. If this process produces inconsistent imputed values, a separate univariate imputation is conducted to impute the inconsistent imputed values. In the case of 'Body Type', however, imputation is done by univariate imputation only. In addition to the actual missing values, unknowns and not reported values are also imputed in the CRSS data.

The multivariate imputation is carried out by sequential regression modeling in which logistic regression models estimate missing values for the categorical data elements, and linear regression models for the continuous data elements. In each case, the stepwise regression algorithm automatically selects the covariates and computes the imputed (predicted) values of the data element. This process is done using the SAS callable software "IVEware" developed at the University of Michigan (<a href="http://www.isr.umich.edu/src/smp/ive/">http://www.isr.umich.edu/src/smp/ive/</a>). This multivariate imputation procedure may produce imputed values inconsistent with other observed values or may terminate prematurely because of the number of iterations or other convergence criteria provisioned in the software. Then the univariate imputation procedure will be used to impute the inconsistent values or the remaining missing values. All data elements, except "Body Type", are first imputed by the multivariate regression method.

It should be noted that the data elements produced by the imputation do not replace the originals; all original data elements are kept intact in the CRSS data files. Rather, new imputed data elements are created from the original data elements having each unknown, not reported, or missing value substituted by the estimated value. The imputed data elements, identified by the suffix \_IM (e.g. AGE\_IM, WEATHER\_IM for the data elements AGE and WEATHER, respectively) are added as additional data elements to their respective files. It is also worth noting that:

- the imputed maximum severity MAXSEV\_IM and imputed number of injured NO\_INJ\_IM
  at the accident level are derived from INJSEV\_IM which contains the imputed values of
  the Injury Severity at the person level;
- the imputed maximum severity MAXVSEV\_IM and imputed number of injured NUM\_INJV at the vehicle level are derived from INJSEV\_IM which contains the imputed values of the Injury Severity at the person level;
- the imputed police reported alcohol involvement ALCHL\_IM at the accident level is derived from PERALCH\_IM which contains the imputed values of alcohol involvement at the person level;
- the imputed police reported alcohol involvement V\_ALCH\_IM at the vehicle level is derived from PERALCH\_IM which contains the imputed values of alcohol involvement at the person level.

Overall, the CRSS imputation process employs IVEware software and several other programs written in SAS. Some text files input to this software provide additional controls to accurately and efficiently obtain the best estimates of the missing values. In addition, the process makes provision for edit- and consistency-checks on the data to avoid any implausible value that might have been predicted by the applicable regression models.

The table below shows the SAS names and the corresponding SAS labels of the selected data elements for both the original and imputed versions for the Accident, Vehicle, and Person files.

## Data Elements and Their Imputed Counterparts - SAS Names and Labels

SAS Data	Data Element		<u>Imputed</u> Data Element	
File	SAS Name	SAS Label	SAS Name	SAS Label
Accident	_	_		
Accident	ALCOHOL	Alcohol Involved	ALCHL_IM	Imputed Drinking in Crash
Accident	DAY_WEEK	Crash Date (Day of Week)	WKDY_IM	Imputed Day of the Week
Accident	HARM_EV	First Harmful Event	EVENT1_IM	Imputed First Harmful Event
Accident	HOUR	Crash Time (Hour)	HOUR_IM	Imputed Hour
Accident	LGT_COND	Light Condition	LGTCON_IM	Imputed Light Condition
Accident	MINUTE	Crash Time (Minute)	MINUTE_IM	Imputed Minute
Accident	MAN_COLL	Manner of Collision	MANCOL_IM	Imputed Manner of Collision
Accident	MAX_SEV	Maximum Injury Severity	MAXSEV_IM	Imputed Maximum Injury Severity
Accident	NUM_INJ	Number of Injured	NO_INJ_IM	Imputed Number Injured in Crash
Accident	RELJCT1	Relation to Junction – Within Interchange Area	RELJCT1_IM	Imputed Relation to Junction – Within Interchange Area
Accident	RELJCT2	Relation to Junction – Junction	RELJCT2_IM	Imputed Relation to Junction – Junction
Accident	WEATHER	Atmospheric Condition	WEATHR_IM	Imputed Weather Condition

## Data Elements and Their Imputed Counterparts - SAS Names and Labels *(continued)*

SAS Data		Data Element	<u>In</u>	nputed Data Element
File	SAS Name	SAS Label	SAS Name	SAS Label
Vehicle	_			
Vehicle	IMPACT1	Area of Impact – Initial	IMPACT1_IM	Imputed Area of Impact-Initial
Vehicle	BODY_TYP	Body Type	BDYTYP_IM	Imputed Body Type
Vehicle	VEH_ALCH	Driver Drinking in Vehicle	V_ALCH_IM	Imputed Driver Drinking in Vehicle
Vehicle	HIT_RUN	Hit and Run	HITRUN_IM	Imputed Hit and Run
Vehicle	MAX_VSEV	Max Injury Severity	MXVSEV_IM	Imputed Maximum Injury in Vehicle
Vehicle	MOD_YEAR	Model Year	MDLYR_IM	Imputed Model Year
Vehicle	P_CRASH1	Pre-Event Movement	PCRASH1_IM	Imputed Pre-Event Movement
Vehicle	M_HARM	Most Harmful Event	VEVENT_IM	Imputed Most Harmful Event
Vehicle	NUM_INJV	Number Injured in Vehicle	NUMINJ_IM	Imputed Number Injured in Vehicle
Person				
Person	AGE	Age	AGE_IM	Imputed Age
Person	EJECTION	Ejection	EJECT_IM	Imputed Ejection
Person	INJ_SEV	Injury Severity	INJSEV_IM	Imputed Injury Severity
Person	DRINKING	Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement	PERALCH_IM	Imputed Police Rep. Alcohol Inv.
Person	SEAT_POS	Seating Position	SEAT_IM	Imputed Seating Position
Person	SEX	Sex	SEX_IM	Imputed Sex

The following table shows percentages of 'Missing' values for the selected data elements for the Accident, Vehicle, and Person files in CRSS 2017 data.

**Data Elements and Percentages of Missing Values** 

SAS Data		Data Element	Missing
File	SAS Name	SAS Label	Percentage
Accident			
Accident	ALCOHOL	Alcohol Involved	14.4%
Accident	DAY_WEEK	Crash Date (Day of Week)	0.0%
Accident	HARM_EV	First Harmful Event	0.1%
Accident	HOUR	Crash Time (Hour)	0.3%
Accident	LGT_COND	Light Condition	0.8%
Accident	MINUTE	Crash Time (Minute)	0.3%
Accident	MAN_COLL	Manner of Collision	0.5%
Accident	MAX_SEV	Maximum Injury Severity	1.8%
Accident	NUM_INJ	Number of Injured	1.8%
Accident	RELJCT1	Relation to Junction – Within Interchange Area	21.4%
Accident	RELJCT2	Relation to Junction – Junction	2.1%
Accident	WEATHER	Atmospheric Condition	4.5%
Vehicle			
Vehicle	IMPACT1	Area of Impact - Initial	2.5%
Vehicle	BODY_TYP	Body Type	2.8%
Vehicle	VEH_ALCH	Driver Drinking in Vehicle	9.4%
Vehicle	HIT_RUN	Hit and Run	0.0%
Vehicle	MAX_VSEV	Max Injury Severity	4.2%
Vehicle	MOD_YEAR	Model Year	3.8%

## Data Elements and Percentages of Missing Values *(continued)*

SAS Data		Missing	
File	SAS Name	SAS Label	Percentage
Vehicle	P_CRASH1	Pre-Event Movement	2.1%
Vehicle	M_HARM	Most Harmful Event	0.0%
Vehicle	NUM_INJV	Number Injured in Vehicle	4.2%
Person			
Person	AGE	Age	6.9%
Person	EJECTION	Ejection	6.4%
Person	INJ_SEV	Injury Severity	3.5%
Person	DRINKING	Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement	29.8%
Person	SEAT_POS	Seating Position	1.7%
Person	SEX	Sex	4.2%

## **CRSS SAS Data Files**

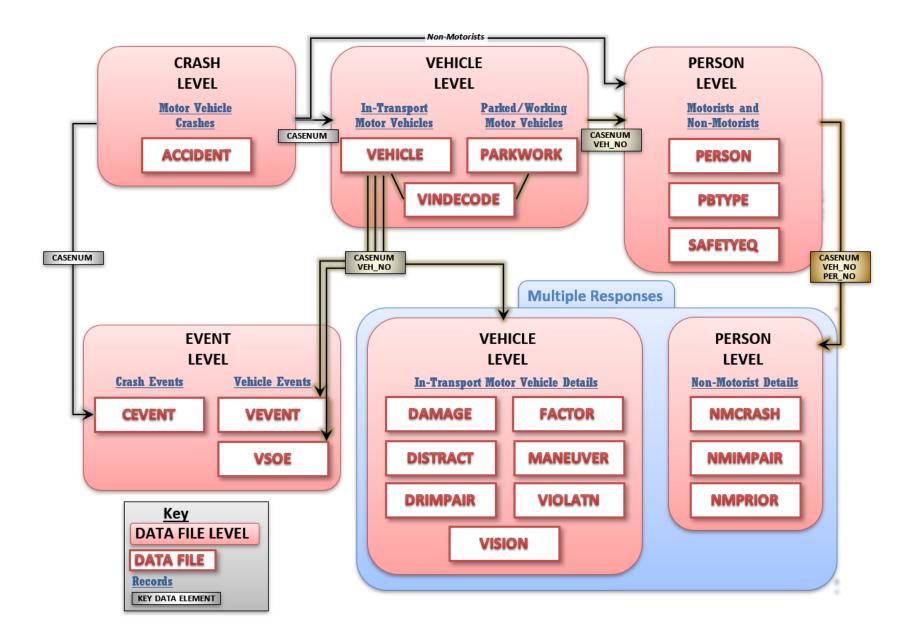
CRSS data are made available to the public in Statistical Analysis System (SAS) data files as well as comma-separated values (CSV) files. For the current data collection year, there are 20 data files. The current data files are: Accident, Vehicle, Person, Parkwork, Pbtype, Cevent, Vevent, Vsoe, Damage, Distract, Drimpair, Factor, Maneuver, Violatn, Vision, Nmcrash, Nmimpair, Nmprior, Safetyeq and Vindecode data files. Ten of these data files contain one data element each: MDAREAS, MDRSDTRD, MIMPAIR, MFACTOR, MDRMANAV, MVIOLATN, MVISOBSC, MTM\_CRSH, NMIMPAIR, and MPR\_ACT. For these data elements, the coder could code multiple responses (i.e., "select all that apply"); thus, there is a record for each response.

The data files are presented with their data elements in the Data Elements Definitions and Codes section. For each of the data elements, a brief definition is provided along with any additional information which could assist analyses. SAS names and values are also provided for the data elements.

## The SAS data files are:

- **Accident**: This data file contains information about crash characteristics and environmental conditions at the time of the crash. There is one record per crash.
- **Vehicle**: This data file contains information describing the in-transport motor vehicles and the drivers of in-transport motor vehicles who are involved in the crash: There is one record per in-transport motor vehicle. Parked and working vehicle information is in the Parkwork data file.
- **Person**: This data file contains information describing all persons involved in the crash including motorists (i.e., drivers and passengers of in-transport motor vehicles) and non-motorists (e.g., pedestrians and pedalcyclists). It provides information such as age, sex, vehicle occupant restraint use, and injury severity. There is one record per person.
- Parkwork: This data file contains information about parked and working vehicles which
  were involved in CRSS crashes. A parked vehicle is a motor vehicle which is stopped
  off the roadway, i.e., parked off the roadway. A working vehicle is a motor vehicle
  involved in trafficway maintenance, construction, or utility activities. It excludes vehicles
  performing private maintenance, construction, or utility activities. Data users are
  strongly advised to consult the annual FARS/CRSS Coding and Validation Manuals for a
  detailed discussion. There is one record per parked/working vehicle.
- Pbtype: This data set contains information about crashes between motor vehicles and
  pedestrians, people on personal conveyances and bicyclists. Data from the crash are
  enter into the Pedestrian and Bicycle Crash Analysis Tool (PBCAT). The output fields
  from PBCAT, including the pre-crash actions of the parties involved (crash type), are
  included in this data set. There is one record for each pedestrian, bicyclist or person on
  a personal conveyance.
- **Cevent**: This data file contains information for all of the qualifying events (both harmful and non-harmful) which occurred in the crash. This data file details the chronological sequence of events resulting from an unstabilized situation that constitutes a motor vehicle traffic crash. There is one record per event. Included in each record is a description of the event or object contacted (e.g., ran off road-right, crossed center line, guardrail, parked motor vehicle), the vehicles involved, and the vehicles' area of impact.

- Vevent: This data file contains the sequence of events for each in-transport motor
  vehicle involved in the crash. This data file has the same data elements as the Cevent
  data file. In addition, this data file has a data element that records the sequential event
  number for each vehicle (VEVENTNUM). There is one record for each event for each
  in-transport motor vehicle.
- **Vsoe**: This data file contains the sequence of events for each in-transport motor vehicle involved in the crash. This data file has a subset of the data elements contained in the Vevent data file (It is a simplified Vevent data file). There is one record for each event for each in-transport motor vehicle.
- **Damage**: This data set contains information about all of the areas on this vehicle that were damaged in the crash. There is one record per damaged area.
- **Distract**: This data file contains information about driver distractions. There is at least one record per in-transport motor vehicle. Each distraction is a separate record.
- **Drimpair**: This data file contains information about physical impairments of drivers of motor vehicles. There is one record per impairment and there is at least one record for each driver of an in-transport motor vehicle.
- *Factor*: This data file contains information about vehicle circumstances which may have contributed to the crash. There is at least one record per in-transport motor vehicle. Each factor is a separate record.
- **Maneuver**: This data file contains information about actions taken by the driver to avoid something or someone in the road. There is at least one record per in-transport motor vehicle. Each maneuver is a separate record.
- Violatn: This data file contains information about violations which were charged to
  drivers. There is at least one record per in-transport motor vehicle. Each violation is a
  separate record.
- **Vision**: This data file contains information about circumstances which may have obscured the driver's vision. There is at least one record per in-transport motor vehicle. Each obstruction is a separate record.
- *Nmcrash*: This data file contains information about contributing circumstances or any improper actions of people who are not occupants of motor vehicles (e.g., pedestrians and bicyclists) noted on the police report. There is one record per action and there is at least one record for each person who is not an occupant of a motor vehicle.
- **Nmimpair**: This data file contains information about physical impairments of people who are not occupants of motor vehicles. There is one record per impairment and there is at least one record for each person who is not an occupant of a motor vehicle.
- *Nmprior*. This data file contains information about the actions of people who are not occupants of motor vehicles (e.g., pedestrians and bicyclists) at the time of their involvement in the crash. There is one record per action and there is at least one record for each person who is not an occupant of a motor vehicle.
- **Safetyeq**: This data file contains information about safety equipment used by people who are not occupants of motor vehicles. There is one record for each person who is not an occupant of a motor vehicle.
- **Vindecode**: This data file contains vehicle descriptors for all vehicles, mainly passenger vehicles, trucks and motorcycles, based on the vehicle's VIN which is decoded using the VINtelligence program. There is one record per vehicle.



## **CRSS Data Element List**

The following lists all SAS data elements with their SAS data file locations.

## **DATA ELEMENT LIST**

	Case Number	CASENUM	30
	Primary Sampling Unit (PSU)	PSU	31
	Primary Sampling Unit for Variance Estimation	PSU_VAR	32
	Primary Sampling Unit Stratum	PSUSTRAT	33
	Region of the Country	REGION	34
	Urbanicity	URBANICITY	35
C34	Stratum	STRATUM	36
C35	Police Jurisdiction (PJ)	PJ	37
	Case Weight	WEIGHT	38
V3/D3/PC3/			
P3/NM4	Vehicle Number	VEH_NO	39
P4/NM3	Person Number	PER_NO	40
C18	Event Number	EVENTNUM	41
C18	Vehicle Event Number	VEVENTNUM	41
	The ACCIDENT Data File 42		
C3	Number of Persons Not in Motor Vehicles	PEDS	43
C3A	Number of Persons Not in Motor Vehicles	DED. (OT. () (IT	
	in Transport (MVIT)	PERNOTMVIT	43
C4	Number of Total Motor Vehicles	VE_TOTAL	44
C4A	Number of Motor Vehicles in Transport (MVIT)	VE_FORMS	44
C4B	Number of Parked/Working Vehicles	PVH_INVL	45
C5A	Number of Persons in Motor Vehicles	DEDAN/IT	40
	in Transport (MVIT)	PERMVIT	46
C8A	Month of Crash	MONTH	47
C8C	Day of Week	DAY_WEEK	48
C8CI	Imputed Day of Week	WKDY_IM	48
C8D	Year of Crash	YEAR	48
C9A	Hour of Crash	HOUR	49
C9AI	Imputed Hour of Crash	HOUR_IM	49
C9B	Minute of Crash	MINUTE	50
C9BI	Imputed Minute of Crash	MINUTE_IM	50
C19	First Harmful Event	HARM_EV	51
C19I	Imputed First Harmful Event	EVENT1_IM	52
C20	Manner of Collision	MAN_COLL	53
C20I	Imputed Manner of Collision	MANCOL_IM	53

C21A	Relation to Junction- Within Interchange Area	RELJCT1	54
C21AI	Imputed Relation to Junction- Within		
	Interchange Area	RELJCT1_IM	54
C21B	Relation to Junction- Specific Location	RELJCT2	55
C21BI	Imputed Relation to Junction- Specific Location	on RELJCT2_IM	55
C22	Type of Intersection	TYP_INT	56
C23	Relation to Trafficway	REL_ROAD	57
C24	Work Zone	WRK_ZONE	58
C25	Light Condition	LGT_COND	59
C25I	Imputed Light Condition	LGTCON_IM	59
C26	Atmospheric Conditions	WEATHER	60
C26	Atmospheric Conditions	WEATHER1	60
C26	Atmospheric Conditions	WEATHER2	60
C26I	Imputed Atmospheric Conditions	WEATHR_IM	61
C27	School Bus Related	SCH_BUS	62
C32	Related Factors- Crash Level	CF1	63
C32	Related Factors- Crash Level	CF2	63
C32	Related Factors- Crash Level	CF3	63
C33	Interstate Highway	INT_HWY	64
C90	Maximum Injury Severity in Crash	MAX_SEV	65
C90I	Imputed Maximum Injury Severity in Crash	MAXSEV_IM	65
C91	Number Known Injured in Crash	NUM_INJ	66
C91I	Imputed Number Known Injured in Crash	NO_INJ_IM	66
C92	Alcohol Involved in Crash	ALCOHOL	67
C92I	Imputed Alcohol Involved in Crash	ALCHL_IM	67
	The VEHICLE Data File 68		
V4	Number of Occupants	NUMOCCS	69
V5	Unit Type	UNITTYPE	70
V6	Hit and Run	HIT_RUN	71
V6I	Imputed Hit and Run	HITRUN_IM	71
V9	Vehicle Make	MAKE	72
V10	Vehicle Model	MODEL	76
V11	Body Type	BODY_TYP	77
V11I	Imputed Body Type	BDYTYP_IM	79
V12	Vehicle Model Year	MOD_YEAR	80
V12I	Imputed Model Year	MDLYR_IM	80
V13	Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)	VIN	81
V14	Vehicle Trailing	TOW_VEH	82
V15	Trailer Vehicle Identification Number	TRLR1VIN	83
V15	Trailer Vehicle Identification Number	TRLR2VIN	83
V15	Trailer Vehicle Identification Number	TRLR3VIN	83
V16	Jackknife	J_KNIFE	84

V17	Motor Carrier Identification Number (MCID)	MCARR_ID	85
V17A	MCID Issuing Authority	MCARR_I1	86
V17B	MCID Identification Number	MCARR_I2	87
V18	Gross Vehicle Weight Rating	GVWR	88
V19	Vehicle Configuration	V_CONFIG	89
V20	Cargo Body Type	CARGO_BT	90
V21A/HM1	Hazardous Materials Involvement	HAZ_INV	91
V21B/HM2	Hazardous Materials Placard	HAZ_PLAC	91
V21C/HM3	Hazardous Material Identification Number	HAZ_ID	91
V21D/HM4	Hazardous Material Class Number	HAZ_CNO	92
V21E/HM5	Release of Hazardous Material from the Cargo Compartment	HAZ_REL	92
V22	Bus Use	BUS_USE	93
V23	Special Use	SPEC_USE	94
V24	Emergency Use	EMER USE	95
V25	Travel Speed	TRAV_SP	96
V27	Rollover	ROLLOVER	97
V28	Location of Rollover	ROLINLOC	98
V29A	Initial Contact Point	IMPACT1	99
V29AI	Imputed Initial Contact Point	IMPACT1_IM	99
V30	Extent of Damage	DEFORMED	100
V31	Vehicle Removal	TOWED	101
V33	Most Harmful Event	M_HARM	102
V33I	Imputed Most Harmful Event	VEVENT_IM	103
V34	Related Factors- Vehicle Level	VEH_SC1	104
V34	Related Factors- Vehicle Level	VEH_SC2	104
V35	Fire Occurrence	FIRE EXP	105
V90	Maximum Injury Severity in Vehicle	MAX_VSEV	106
V90I	Imputed Maximum Injury Severity in Vehicle	MXVSEV_IM	106
V91	Number Injured in Vehicle	NUM_INJV	107
V91I	Imputed Number Injured in Vehicle	NUMINJ IM	107
V92	Driver Drinking in Vehicle	VEH ALCH	108
V92I	Imputed Driver Drinking in Vehicle	V_ALCH_IM	108
V100	Make Model Combined	MAK MOD	109
D4	Driver Presence	DR_PRES	110
D6	Driver's Zip Code	DR_ZIP	111
D22	Speeding Related	SPEEDREL	112
D24	Related Factors- Driver Level	DR_SF1	113
D24	Related Factors- Driver Level	DR_SF2	113
D24	Related Factors- Driver Level	DR_SF3	113
D24	Related Factors- Driver Level	DR_SF4	113
PC5	Trafficway Description	VTRAFWAY	114

PC6	Total Lanes in Roadway	VNUM_LAN	115
PC7	Speed Limit	VSPD_LIM	116
PC8	Roadway Alignment	VALIGN	117
PC9	Roadway Grade	VPROFILE	118
PC11	Roadway Surface Condition	VSURCOND	119
PC12	Traffic Control Device	VTRAFCON	120
PC13	Traffic Control Device Functioning	VTCONT_F	121
PC17	Pre-Event Movement (Prior to Recognition of Critical Event)	P_CRASH1	122
PC17I	Imputed Pre-Event Movement (Prior to Recognition of Critical Event)	PCRASH1_IM	122
PC19	Critical Event- Precrash	P_CRASH2	123
PC20	Attempted Avoidance Maneuver	P_CRASH3	125
PC21	Pre-Impact Stability	PCRASH4	126
PC22	Pre-Impact Location	PCRASH5	127
PC23	Crash Type	ACC_TYPE	128
	The PERSON Data File 131		
P5/NM5	Age	AGE	132
P5/NM5I	Imputed Age	AGE_IM	132
P6/NM6	Sex	SEX	133
P6/NM6I	Imputed Sex	SEX_IM	133
P7/NM7	Person Type	PER_TYP	134
P8/NM8	Injury Severity	INJ_SEV	135
P8/NM8I	Imputed Injury Severity	INJSEV_IM	135
P9	Seating Position	SEAT_POS	136
P9I	Imputed Seating Position	SEAT_IM	136
P10	Restraint System/Helmet Use	REST_USE	137
P11	Indication of Misuse of Restraint		
	System/Helmet	REST_MIS	138
P12	Air Bag Deployed	AIR_BAG	139
P13	Ejection	EJECTION	140
P13I	Imputed Ejection	EJECT_IM	140
P16/NM15	Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement	DRINKING	141
P16/NM15I	Imputed Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement	PERALCH_IM	141
P18A/NM17A	Alcohol Test Status	ALC_STATUS	142
P18B/NM17B	Alcohol Test Type	ATST_TYP	142
P18C/NM17C	Alcohol Test Result	ALC_RES	143
P19/NM18	Police Reported Drug Involvement	DRUGS	144
P21A/NM20A	Drug Test Status	DSTATUS	145
P21B/NM20B	Drug Test Type	DRUGTST1	145
P21B/NM20B	Drug Test Type	DRUGTST2	145
P21B/NM20B	Drug Test Type	DRUGTST3	145

D040/NIM4000	Davin Tool Doort	DDUODEO4	4.40
P21C/NM20C	Drug Test Result	DRUGRES1	146
P21C/NM20C	Drug Test Result	DRUGRES2	146
P21C/NM20C	Drug Test Result	DRUGRES3	146
P22/NM21	Transported to First Treatment Facility	HOSPITAL	147
P26/NM25	Related Factors- Person Level	P_SF1	148
P26/NM25	Related Factors- Person Level	P_SF2	148
P26/NM25	Related Factors- Person Level	P_SF3	148
NM4	Vehicle Number of Motor Vehicle Striking Non-Motorist	STR_VEH	149
NM10	Non-Motorist Location at Time of Crash	LOCATION	150
	The PARKWORK Data File 15	1	
C4A	Number of Motor Vehicles in Transport (MVIT		
	Involved	PVE_FORMS	152
C8A	Month of Crash	PMONTH	153
C9A	Hour of Crash	PHOUR	154
C9B	Minute of Crash	PMINUTE	154
C19	First Harmful Event	PHARM_EV	155
C20	Manner of Collision	PMAN_COLL	157
V4	Number of Occupants	PNUMOCCS	158
V5	Unit Type	PTYPE	159
V6	Hit and Run	PHIT_RUN	160
V9	Vehicle Make	PMAKE	161
V10	Vehicle Model	PMODEL	165
V11	Body Type	PBODYTYP	166
V12	Vehicle Model Year	PMODYEAR	169
V13	Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)	PVIN	170
V14	Vehicle Trailing	PTRAILER	171
V15	Trailer Vehicle Identification Number	PTRLR1VIN	172
V15	Trailer Vehicle Identification Number	PTRLR2VIN	172
V15	Trailer Vehicle Identification Number	PTRLR3VIN	172
V17	Motor Carrier Identification Number (MCID)	PMCARR_ID	173
V17A	MCID Issuing Authority	PMCARR_I1	174
V17B	MCID Identification Number	PMCARR_I2	175
V18	Gross Vehicle Weight Rating	PGVWR	176
V19	Vehicle Configuration	PV_CONFIG	177
V20	Cargo Body Type	PCARGTYP	178
V21A/HM1	Hazardous Materials Involvement	PHAZ_INV	179
V21B/HM2	Hazardous Materials Placard	PHAZPLAC	179
V21C/HM3	Hazardous Material Identification Number	PHAZ_ID	179
V21D/HM4	Hazardous Material Class Number	PHAZ_CNO	180
V21E/HM5	Release of Hazardous Material from the Cargo Compartment	PHAZ_REL	180
		· · · · · · <b>· · -</b>	.00

V22	Bus Use		PBUS_USE	181
V23	Special Use		PSP_USE	182
V24	Emergency Use		PEM_USE	183
V29A	Initial Contact Point		PIMPACT1	184
V30	Extent of Damage		PVEH_SEV	185
V31	Vehicle Removal		PTOWED	186
V33	Most Harmful Event		PM_HARM	187
V34	Related Factors- Vehicle Level		PVEH_SC1	189
V34	Related Factors- Vehicle Level		PVEH_SC2	189
V35	Fire Occurrence		PFIRE	190
V100	Make Model Combined		PMAK_MOD	191
	The PBTYPE Data File	192		
P5/NM5	Age	102	PBAGE	193
P6/NM6	Sex		PBSEX	194
P7/NM7	Person Type		PBPTYPE	195
NM9-PB27	Marked Crosswalk Present		PBCWALK	196
NM9-PB28	Sidewalk Present		PBSWALK	197
NM9-PB29	School Zone		PBSZONE	198
NM9-PB30	Crash Type – Pedestrian		PEDCTYPE	199
NM9-PB30B	Crash Type – Bicycle		BIKECTYPE	201
NM9-PB31	Crash Location – Pedestrian		PEDLOC	203
NM9-PB31B	Crash Location – Bicycle		BIKELOC	204
NM9-PB32	Pedestrian Position		PEDPOS	205
NM9-PB32B	Bicyclist Position		BIKEPOS	206
NM9-PB33	Pedestrian Initial Direction of Travel		PEDDIR	207
NM9-PB33B	Bicyclist Initial Direction of Travel		BIKEDIR	208
NM9-PB34	Motorist Initial Direction of Travel		MOTDIR	209
NM9-PB35	Motorist Maneuver		MOTMAN	210
NM9-PB36	Intersection Leg		PEDLEG	211
NM9-PB37	Pedestrian Scenario		PEDSNR	212
NM9-PB38	Crash Group – Pedestrian		PEDCGP	214
NM9-PB38B	Crash Group – Bicycle		BIKECGP	215
0404	The CEVENT Data File	216	VALUADED 4	~~~
C18A	Vehicle Number (This Vehicle)		VNUMBER1	217
C18B	Area of Impact (This Vehicle)		AOI1	218
V32	Sequence of Events		SOE	219
C18C	Vehicle Number (Other Vehicle)		VNUMBER2	221
C18D	Area of Impact (Other Vehicle)		AOI2	222

The VEVENT Data File	223		
Vehicle Number (This Vehicle)		VNUMBER1	224
Area of Impact (This Vehicle)		AOI1	225
Sequence of Events		SOE	226
Vehicle Number (Other Vehicle)		VNUMBER2	228
Area of Impact (Other Vehicle)		AOI2	229
The VSOE Data File 23	0		
Area of Impact Associated with the Event		AOI	231
Sequence of Events		SOE	232
The DAMAGE Data File	234		
Damaged Areas		MDAREAS	235
The DISTRACT Data File	236		
Driver Distracted By		MDRDSTRD	237
The DRIMPAIR Data File	238		
Driver		MIMPAIR	239
The FACTOR Data File	240		
Contributing Circumstances, Motor Vehicl	е	MFACTOR	241
The MANEUVER Data File	242		
Driver Maneuvered to Avoid		MDRMANAV	243
The VIOLATN Data File	244		
Violations Charged		MVIOLATN	245
The VISION Data File	248		
Driver's Vision Obscured By		MVISOBSC	249
The NMCRASH Data File	250		
Non-Motorist Contributing Circumstances		MTM_CRSH	251
The NMIMPAIR Data File	252		
Condition (Impairment) at Time of Crash-			
Non-Motorist		NMIMPAIR	253
The NMPRIOR Data File	254		
Non-Motorist Action/Circumstances		MPR_ACT	255
	Vehicle Number (This Vehicle) Area of Impact (This Vehicle) Sequence of Events Vehicle Number (Other Vehicle) Area of Impact (Other Vehicle)  The VSOE Data File 23 Area of Impact Associated with the Event Sequence of Events  The DAMAGE Data File Damaged Areas  The DISTRACT Data File Driver Distracted By  The DRIMPAIR Data File Condition (Impairment) at Time of Crash-Driver  The FACTOR Data File Contributing Circumstances, Motor Vehicl  The MANEUVER Data File Driver Maneuvered to Avoid  The VIOLATN Data File Violations Charged  The VISION Data File Driver's Vision Obscured By  The NMCRASH Data File Non-Motorist Contributing Circumstances  The NMIMPAIR Data File Condition (Impairment) at Time of Crash-Non-Motorist  The NMIMPAIR Data File	Vehicle Number (This Vehicle) Area of Impact (This Vehicle) Sequence of Events Vehicle Number (Other Vehicle) Area of Impact (Other Vehicle)  The VSOE Data File 230 Area of Impact Associated with the Event Sequence of Events  The DAMAGE Data File 234 Damaged Areas  The DISTRACT Data File 236 Driver Distracted By  The DRIMPAIR Data File 238 Condition (Impairment) at Time of Crash-Driver  The FACTOR Data File 240 Contributing Circumstances, Motor Vehicle  The MANEUVER Data File 242 Driver Maneuvered to Avoid  The VIOLATN Data File 244 Violations Charged  The VISION Data File 248 Driver's Vision Obscured By  The NMCRASH Data File 250 Non-Motorist Contributing Circumstances  The NMIMPAIR Data File 252 Condition (Impairment) at Time of Crash-Non-Motorist  The NMPRIOR Data File 254	Vehicle Number (This Vehicle) Area of Impact (This Vehicle) Area of Impact (This Vehicle) Sequence of Events SOE Vehicle Number (Other Vehicle) Area of Impact (Other Vehicle) Area of Impact (Other Vehicle) Area of Impact Associated with the Event AOI Sequence of Events SOE  The VSOE Data File 230 Area of Impact Associated with the Event SOE  The DAMAGE Data File 234 Damaged Areas MDAREAS  The DISTRACT Data File 236 Driver Distracted By MDRDSTRD  The DRIMPAIR Data File 238 Condition (Impairment) at Time of Crash-Driver MIMPAIR  The FACTOR Data File 240 Contributing Circumstances, Motor Vehicle MFACTOR  The MANEUVER Data File 242 Driver Maneuvered to Avoid MDRMANAV  The VIOLATN Data File 244 Violations Charged MVIOLATN The VISION Data File 248 Driver's Vision Obscured By MVISOBSC  The NMCRASH Data File 250 Non-Motorist Contributing Circumstances MTM_CRSH The NMIMPAIR Data File 252 Condition (Impairment) at Time of Crash-Non-Motorist NMIMPAIR  The NMIMPAIR Data File 252

#### The SAFETYEQ Data File 256 NM13A Non-Motorist Helmet Use 257 **NMHELMET** NM13B Non-Motorist Use of Protective Pads **NMPROPAD** 257 Non-Motorist Use of Other Protective NM13C Safety Equipment 257 **NMOTHPRO** NM13D Non-Motorist Use of Reflective Clothing/ Carried Item NMREFCLO 258 NM13E Non-Motorist Use of Lighting **NMLIGHT** 258 NM13F Non-Motorist Use of Other Preventive Safety Equipment **NMOTHPRE** 258 Non-Motorist Safety Equipment Use (discontinued) **MSAFEQMT** 259 The VINDECODE Data File 260 See Appendix G: VIN Decoded Data Elements 290

## **Data Element Definitions and Codes**

This section represents the majority of the manual. It provides detailed information on the data elements, including definitions, SAS names, attribute codes and attribute labels. The FARS/CRSS Coding and Validation Manual contains a detailed description of each data element including coding instructions and attribute definitions. The Coding Manual is published for each year of data collection and is available at:

NCSA Publications - Manuals & Documentation - Crash Report Sampling System (CRSS).

The data elements are listed under the data file in which they are stored. Some data elements are provided in more than one data file to facilitate analyses. For example, Month of Crash (MONTH) is a crash-level data element but for convenience it is also provided in the Vehicle, Parkwork and Person files. For such elements, they are listed under the primary data file only.

All data elements are numeric except the following which are character:

- V13 Vehicle Identification Number (VIN, PVIN) [12]
- D6 Driver's Zip Code (DR\_ZIP) [5]
- V16 & V16B Motor Carrier ID (MCARR\_ID) [11], (MCARR\_I2) [9]
- V21C/HM3 Hazardous Material Identification Number (HAZ\_ID) [4]
- V200-V280 VIN decoded data elements in the Vindecode data file [255]
- NM9-PB37 Pedestrian Scenario (PEDSNR) [10]

## **Key Data Elements**

All of the data files contain the following nine (9) crash-level data elements:

## **Case Number**

**Definition:** This data element is the unique case number assigned to each crash. It appears on each data file and is used to merge information from the data files together.

**Additional Information:** This data element is assigned by the data entry system to each crash and is the unique identifier for the crash within the year. It is used as the key, when any two of these files from the same year are merged.

**SAS Name: CASENUM** 

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

xx Case Number

## **Primary Sampling Unit (PSU)**

**Definition:** This data element identifies the general geographic location from where the police report was sampled. A PSU is either a large central city, a county surrounding a city, or a group of counties.

Additional Information: See the section <a href="CRSS Sample Design">CRSS Sample Design</a> for more information.

SAS Name: PSU

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

10-83 CRSS Primary Sampling Unit Number

## **Primary Sampling Unit for Variance Estimation**

**Definition:** This data element provides the PSU identifier to be used for variance estimation.

**Additional Information:** See <u>Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements</u> for an explanation of this data element and how it is derived.

SAS Name: PSU\_VAR

**Attribute Codes** 

**2016-Later** 10 to 206

## **Primary Sampling Unit Stratum**

**Definition:** The PSUs are grouped into strata to reflect the first stage of the sample selection. This data element is used by statistical software packages that use complex sample design for calculating variances, such as SUDAAN and SAS V9.

**Additional Information:** 

SAS Name: PSUSTRAT

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

1 to 25

## **Region of the Country**

**Definition:** This data element identifies the region of the country where the crash occurred.

**Additional Information:** This data element is derived based on the state in which the Primary Sampling Unit is located where the crash occurred.

See <u>Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements</u> for an explanation of this data element and how it is derived.

**SAS Name: REGION** 

## **Attribute Codes**

### 2016-Later

- 1 Northeast (PA, NJ, NY, NH, VT, RI, MA, ME, CT)
- 2 Midwest (OH, IN, IL, MI, WI, MN, ND, SD, NE, IA, MO, KS)
- 3 South (MD, DE, DC, WV, VA, KY, TN, NC, SC, GA, FL, AL, MS, LA, AR, OK, TX)
- 4 West (MT, ID, WA, OR, CA, NV, NM, AZ, UT, CO, WY, AK, HI)

## **Urbanicity**

**Definition:** This data element describes whether the geographical area of the crash is essentially urban or rural. The area is considered urban if it has a population of 250,000 or greater, otherwise it is rural.

**Additional Information:** See <u>Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements</u> for an explanation of this data element and how it is derived.

**SAS Name: URBANICITY** 

**Attribute Codes** 

## 2016-Later

1 Urban2 Rural

## C34 Stratum

**Definition:** This data element identifies the number of the category in which the police report was originally listed in the PARSE Program.

**Additional Information:** See CRSS Sample Design for more information.

SAS Name: STRATUM

## **Attribute Codes**

### 2016-Later

- 2 CRSS crashes involving at least one injured (A, B, C, or ISU) or Killed (K) person who was not in a motor vehicle (i.e., non-motorist).
  [Not a MV Occupant- Any Injury]
- 3 CRSS crashes not qualifying for Stratum 2 involving at least one injured (A, B, C, or ISU) or Killed (K) occupant of a motorcycle or moped.

  [Motorcycle- Any Injury]
- 4 CRSS crashes not qualifying for Strata 2 or 3 involving at least one occupant of a late model year (LMY) passenger vehicle who was injured with a Suspected Serious Injury (A) or Killed (K).
  - [Late Model Year Passenger Vehicle- Serious Injury]
- 5 CRSS crashes not qualifying for Strata 2, 3, or 4 involving at least one occupant of a non-late model year (NLMY) passenger vehicle who was injured with a Suspected Serious Injury (A) or Killed (K).
  - [Non-Late Model Year Passenger Vehicle- Serious Injury]
- 6 CRSS crashes not qualifying for Strata 2, 3, 4, or 5 involving at least one occupant of a late model year (LMY) passenger vehicle who was injured (B, C, or ISU). [Late Model Year Passenger Vehicle- Minor Injury]
- 7 CRSS crashes not qualifying for Strata 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 involving at least one medium or heavy truck or bus (includes school bus, transit bus, and motor coach) with GVWR equal to or greater than 10,001 pounds.

  [Medium/Heavy Truck or Bus]
- 8 CRSS crashes not qualifying for Strata 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7 involving at least one occupant of a non-late model year (NLMY) passenger vehicle who was injured (B, C, or ISU).
  - [Non-Late Model Year Passenger Vehicle- Minor Injury]
- 9 CRSS crashes not qualifying for Strata 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 involving at least one late model year (LMY) passenger vehicle AND no one in the crash was injured (A, B, C, or ISU) or Killed (K).
  - [Late Model Year Passenger Vehicle- No Injuries in Crash]
- 10 CRSS crashes not qualifying for Strata 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9. [Other]

## C35 Police Jurisdiction (PJ)

**Definition:** This data element identifies the number of the police jurisdiction from which the police crash report was originally sampled.

**Additional Information:** 

SAS Name: PJ

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

46-4060 CRSS Police Jurisdiction Number

# **Case Weight**

**Definition:** This data element is used to produce national estimates from the data. **Additional Information:** See the section <u>National Estimates</u> for more information.

SAS Name: WEIGHT

All of the vehicle level data files contain the preceding accident level data elements as well as VEH\_NO:

# V3/D3/PC3/P3/NM4 Vehicle Number

**Definition:** This data element is the consecutive number assigned to each vehicle in the case. This data element appears on each vehicle level data file and is used in conjunction with the CASENUM data element to merge information from vehicle level data files.

**Additional Information:** All vehicles (motor vehicles in-transport as well as parked/working vehicles) are sequentially ordered starting with 1.

SAS Name: VEH\_NO

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

0 Non-Motorist

1-999 Assigned Vehicle Number

All of the person level data files contain the preceding accident level and vehicle level data elements as well as PER\_NO:

### P4/NM3 Person Number

**Definition:** This data element is the consecutive number assigned to each person in the case (i.e., each occupant, pedestrian, or non-motorists involved in the crash). This data element appears on each person level data file and is used in conjunction with the CASENUM data element (and sometimes the VEH\_NO data element) to merge information from person level data files.

**Additional Information:** This data element is computer assigned. Each occupant of the vehicle is numbered and each non-occupant is numbered; in the case of a non-occupant the vehicle number is zero. The numbers for occupants are consecutive, for each vehicle, beginning with 1. Numbers are never skipped. Drivers do not have to be coded 1. Non-occupants are identified by vehicle number 0 and are numbered consecutively starting with 1 for each non-motorist. To get drivers see data element PER\_TYP, under Person Type.

SAS Name: PER\_NO

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

1-999 Assigned Person Number

The CEVENT and VEVENT data files contain the preceding crash level data elements as well as EVENTNUM:

### C18 Event Number

**Definition:** This data element is the consecutive number assigned to each harmful and non-harmful event in a crash, in chronological order.

**Additional Information:** Qualifying events are those which involve an in-transport motor vehicle or an object set in motion by an in-transport motor vehicle.

**SAS Name: EVENTNUM** 

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

1-999 Event Number

The VEVENT and VSOE data files contain the preceding crash level data elements and VEH\_NO as well as VEVENTNUM:

### C18 Vehicle Event Number

**Definition:** This data element is the consecutive number assigned to each harmful and non-harmful event for this vehicle, in chronological order.

**Additional Information:** The vehicle's event number shows the chronological sequence of the qualifying harmful and non-harmful events involving a particular vehicle. Qualifying events are those which involve an in-transport motor vehicle or an object set in motion by an in-transport motor vehicle.

**SAS Name: VEVENTNUM** 

Attribute Codes 2016-Later

1-999 Vehicle Event Number

### The ACCIDENT Data File

The Accident data file includes crash data. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, and WEIGHT, which are described in beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The Accident data file also contains the data elements on the following pages.

CASENUM is the unique case identifier for each record.

### C3 Number of Persons Not in Motor Vehicles

**Definition:** This data element is the number of Person Forms (Not a Motor Vehicle Occupant) that are applicable to this case (i.e., non-occupants).

**Additional Information:** This represents the number of forms created for persons *not* in motor vehicles. It is the number of persons in the crash where "Person Type" is in (4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19).

Note: Persons where "Person Type" = 3 (Occupant of a Motor Vehicle Not In-Transport) are *not* included in this data element but are counted in C3A below.

SAS Name: PEDS
Attribute Codes

2016-Later

0-99 Number of Persons Not in Motor Vehicles

# C3A Number of Persons Not in Motor Vehicles in Transport (MVIT)

**Definition:** This data element is a count of the number of non-motorists in the crash. A non-motorist is defined as a pedestrian, a cyclist, an occupant of a motor vehicle not intransport, a person riding a horse, an occupant of an animal drawn conveyance, person associated with non-motorist conveyance (e.g., baby carriage, skate board, wheelchair), or an other non-motorist (e.g., person outside a trafficway, person in a house).

**Additional Information:** This data element is calculated as the count of all persons in the crash where "Person Type" is in (3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19).

SAS Name: PERNOTMVIT

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

0-98 Number of Persons Not in Motor Vehicles in Transport

### C4 Number of Total Motor Vehicles

**Definition:** This data element is the number of contact motor vehicles that the officer reported on the police crash report as a unit involved in the crash.

**Additional Information:** This number represents all of the vehicles in the crash. This includes the vehicles in-transport which are documented in the Vehicle data file and the vehicles not intransport which are documented in the Parkwork data file. This data element only appears in the Accident data file.

SAS Name: VE\_TOTAL

Attribute Codes 2016-Later

1-999 Number of Vehicles in Crash

# C4A Number of Motor Vehicles in Transport (MVIT)

**Definition:** This data element is a count of the number of motor vehicles in-transport involved in the crash. Legally parked vehicles are not included.

**Additional Information:** This data element is derived as the count of all vehicles in the crash where "Unit Type" = 1. It is the number of records in the Vehicle data file.

This data element also appears in the Vehicle and Person data files, and in the Parkwork data file as PVE FORMS.

SAS Name: VE FORMS

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

1-999 Number of Vehicles

# C4B Number of Parked/Working Vehicles

**Definition:** This data element is a count of the number of parked and working vehicles involved in the crash.

**Additional Information:** This data element is derived as the count of all vehicles in the crash where "Unit Type" is in (2, 3 or 4). It is the number of records in the Parkwork data file.

Working vehicles include only vehicles involved in trafficway maintenance, construction, or utility activities. Vehicles performing private maintenance, construction, or utility activities are excluded.

SAS Name: PVH\_INVL

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

0-999 Number of Parked/Working Vehicles in the Crash

# C5A Number of Persons in Motor Vehicles in Transport (MVIT)

**Definition:** This data element is a count of the number of motorists in the crash. A motorist is a driver, passenger or unknown occupant type of a motor vehicle in-transport.

**Additional Information:** This data element is derived as the count of all persons in the crash where "Person Type" is in (1, 2 or 9).

Note: Persons where "Person Type" = 3 (Occupant of a Motor Vehicle Not In-Transport) are *not* included in this data element.

**SAS Name: PERMVIT** 

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

0-999 Number of Persons in Motor Vehicles In-Transport

# C8 Crash Date

# **C8A** Month of Crash

**Definition:** This data element records the month in which the crash occurred.

Additional Information: This data element also appears in the Vehicle and Person data files

and in the Parkwork data file as PMONTH.

SAS Name: MONTH

### **Attribute Codes**

- 1 January
- 2 February
- 3 March
- 4 April
- 5 May
- 6 June
- 7 July
- 8 August
- 9 September
- 10 October
- 11 November
- 12 December

# C8C Day of Week

**Definition:** This data element records the day of the week on which the crash occurred.

**Additional Information:** This data element is derived from the SAS Weekday function. The SAS Weekday function returns the day of the week from a date.

See <u>Appendix D: Analytical Classification of Select CRSS Data Elements</u> for the standard NCSA classifications for this data element.

SAS Name: DAY WEEK

### **Attribute Codes**

### 2016-Later

- 1 Sunday
- 2 Monday
- 3 Tuesday
- 4 Wednesday
- 5 Thursday
- 6 Friday
- 7 Saturday
- 9 Unknown

# **C8CI** Imputed Day of Week

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Day of Week, excluding value 9 for unknown day of week.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: WKDY IM

### C8D Year of Crash

**Definition:** This data element records the year in which the crash occurred.

**Additional Information:** 

SAS Name: YEAR

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

xxxx Year of the Crash

### C9 Crash Time

### **C9A** Hour of Crash

**Definition:** This data element records the hour at which the crash occurred.

**Additional Information:** Military time is used. Noon is coded as "12." Midnight is coded as HOUR=0 and MINUTE=0. Hour is coded 0 for one minute after midnight to fifty-nine minutes after midnight.

See <u>Appendix D: Analytical Classification of Select CRSS Data Elements</u> for the standard NCSA classifications for this data element.

This data element also appears in the Vehicle and Person data files and in the Parkwork data file as PHOUR.

SAS Name: HOUR

Attribute Codes 2016-Later

0-23 Hour 99 Unknown

# **C9Al** Imputed Hour of Crash

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Hour of the Crash, excluding value 99 for unknown hour.

**Additional Information:** See the <u>CRSS Imputation</u> section of this manual.

SAS Name: HOUR\_IM

### **C9B** Minute of Crash

**Definition:** This data element records the minutes after the hour at which the crash occurred. **Additional Information:** This data element also appears in the Vehicle and Person data files and in the Parkwork data file as PMINUTE.

**SAS Name: MINUTE** 

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

0-59 Minute 99 Unknown

# **C9BI** Imputed Minute of Crash

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Minute of the Crash, excluding value 99 for unknown minutes.

**Additional Information:** See the <u>CRSS Imputation</u> section of this manual.

SAS Name: MINUTE IM

### C19 First Harmful Event

**Definition:** This data element describes the first injury or damage producing event of the crash.

**Additional Information:** "First Harmful Event" applies to the crash. "Most Harmful Event" (M\_HARM) applies to the vehicle. "First Harmful Event," "Most Harmful Event," and the "Sequence of Events" data elements have the same harmful event attributes. "Sequence of Events" also has non-harmful event attributes.

This data element is derived from the "Sequence of Events" data element as the first value that is not between codes 60 and 71 (non-harmful events). See <u>Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements</u> for an explanation of this data element and how it is derived.

This data element also appears in the Vehicle and Person data files and in the Parkwork data file as PHARM\_EV.

SAS Name: HARM EV

#### **Attribute Codes** 2017-2016 Later NONCOLLISION 1 Rollover/Overturn 1 2 2 Fire/Explosion Immersion or Partial Immersion 3 3 4 4 Gas Inhalation 5 5 Fell/Jumped from Vehicle 6 6 Injured in Vehicle (Non-Collision) Other Noncollision 7 7 Thrown or Falling Object 16 16 44 44 Pavement Surface Irregularity (Ruts, Potholes, Grates, etc.) Jackknife (Harmful to This Vehicle) 51 51 Cargo/Equipment Loss or Shift (Harmful to This Vehicle) 72 72 COLLISION WITH MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT 12 12 Motor Vehicle In-Transport 54 54 Motor Vehicle In-Transport Strikes or is Struck by Cargo, Persons or Objects Set-in-Motion from/by Another Motor Vehicle In-Transport 55 Motor Vehicle in Motion Outside the Trafficway 55 COLLISION WITH OBJECT NOT FIXED 8 8 Pedestrian 9 9 Pedalcyclist 10 10 Railway Vehicle 11 11 Live Animal Parked Motor Vehicle 14 14 15 15 Non-Motorist on Personal Conveyance Other Object Not Fixed 18 18 Working Motor Vehicle 45 45 Ridden Animal or Animal Drawn Conveyance 49 49 Object That Had Fallen From Motor Vehicle In-Transport 73 73 Road Vehicle on Rails 74 74

91

Unknown Object Not Fixed

# C19 First Harmful Event (continued)

# **Attribute Codes**

2017-

# 2016 Later

2016	Later	
COL	LISION V	WITH FIXED OBJECT
17	17	Boulder
19	19	Building
20	20	Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion
21	21	Bridge Pier or Support
23	23	Bridge Rail (Includes Parapet)
24	24	Guardrail Face
25	25	Concrete Traffic Barrier
26	26	Other Traffic Barrier
30	30	Utility Pole/Light Support
31	31	Post, Pole or Other Support
32	32	Culvert
33	33	Curb
34	34	Ditch
35	35	Embankment
38	38	Fence
39	39	Wall
40	40	Fire Hydrant
41	41	Shrubbery
42	42	Tree (Standing Only)
43	43	Other Fixed Object
46	46	Traffic Signal Support
48	48	Snow Bank
50	50	Bridge Overhead Structure
52	52	Guardrail End
53	53	Mail Box

Cable Barrier

Traffic Sign Support Unknown Fixed Object

Ground

Unknown

# C19I Imputed First Harmful Event

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition as First Harmful Event, excluding value 99 for unknown first harmful event.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: EVENT1\_IM

57

58

59

99

57

58

59

93

99

### C20 Manner of Collision

**Definition:** This data element describes the orientation of two motor vehicles in-transport when they are involved in the "First Harmful Event" of a collision crash. If the "First Harmful Event" is not a collision between two motor vehicles in-transport it is classified as such.

**Additional Information:** This data element also appears in the Vehicle and Person data files and in the Parkwork data file as PMAN COLL.

SAS Name: MAN\_COLL

### **Attribute Codes**

### 2016-Later

- 0 Not Collision with Motor Vehicle in Transport
- 1 Front-to-Rear
- 2 Front-to-Front
- 6 Angle
- 7 Sideswipe, Same Direction
- 8 Sideswipe, Opposite Direction
- 9 Rear-to-Side
- 10 Rear-to-Rear
- 11 Other
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

# **C20I** Imputed Manner of Collision

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as "Manner of Collision," excluding value 99 for unknown manner of collision and value 98 for not reported manner of collision.

**Additional Information:** See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: MANCOL IM

### **C21** Relation to Junction

# **C21A** Relation to Junction- Within Interchange Area

**Definition:** This data element identifies the crash's location with respect to presence in an interchange area. The coding of this data element is done in two sub-fields (see also C21B) and is based on the location of the "First Harmful Event" of the crash.

#### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: RELJCT1

### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 0 No
- 1 Yes
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

# **C21Al** Imputed Relation to Junction- Within Interchange Area

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Relation to Junction – Within Interchange Area excluding value 8 for not reported and 9 for unknown.

**Additional Information:** See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: RELJCT1 IM

# C21B Relation to Junction- Specific Location

**Definition:** This data element identifies the crash's location with respect to presence in or proximity to components typically in junction or interchange areas. The coding of this data element is done in two sub-fields (see also C21A) and is based on the location of the "First Harmful Event" of the crash.

### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: RELJCT2

### **Attribute Codes**

### 2016-Later

- 1 Non-Junction
- 2 Intersection
- 3 Intersection Related
- 4 Driveway Access
- 5 Entrance/Exit Ramp Related
- 6 Railway Grade Crossing
- 7 Crossover Related
- 8 Driveway Access Related
- 16 Shared-Use Path Crossing
- 17 Acceleration/Deceleration Lane
- 18 Through Roadway
- 19 Other Location Within Interchange Area
- 20 Entrance/Exit Ramp
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

See <u>Appendix F: Analysis of Pedestrian and Bicycle Crashes Around Intersections</u> for guidance on analyzing Pedestrian/Bicyclist crash locations.

### **C21BI** Imputed Relation to Junction-Specific Location

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Relation to Junction – Specific Location, excluding value 98 for not reported and 99 for unknown.

**Additional Information:** See the <u>CRSS Imputation</u> section of this manual.

SAS Name: RELJCT2 IM

# **C22** Type of Intersection

**Definition:** This data element identifies and allows separation of various intersection types.

Additional Information:

SAS Name: TYP\_INT

# **Attribute Codes**

- 1 Not an Intersection
- 2 Four-Way Intersection
- 3 T-Intersection
- 4 Y-Intersection
- 5 Traffic Circle
- 6 Roundabout
- 7 Five-Point, or More
- 10 L-Intersection
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

# **C23** Relation to Trafficway

**Definition:** This data element identifies the location of the crash as it relates to its position within or outside the trafficway based on the "First Harmful Event."

### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: REL\_ROAD

### **Attribute Codes**

- 1 On Roadway
- 2 On Shoulder
- 3 On Median
- 4 On Roadside
- 5 Outside Trafficway
- 6 Off Roadway Location Unknown
- 7 In Parking Lane/Zone
- 8 Gore
- 10 Separator
- 11 Continuous Left Turn Lane
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

### C24 Work Zone

**Definition:** This data element identifies a motor vehicle traffic crash in which the first harmful event occurs within the boundaries of a work zone or on an approach to or exit from a work zone, resulting from an activity, behavior, or control related to the movement of the traffic units through the work zone.

**Additional Information:** This data element identifies a "Work Zone Accident" as defined in ANSI D16.1, 7th Edition. If the crash qualifies as a "Work Zone Accident" then the type of work activity is identified. Use of the codes does not imply that the crash was caused by the construction, maintenance, or work activity.

SAS Name: WRK\_ZONE

### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 None
- 1 Construction
- 2 Maintenance
- 3 Utility
- 4 Work Zone, Type Unknown

# C25 Light Condition

**Definition:** This data element records the type/level of light that existed at the time of the crash as indicated in the police crash report.

### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: LGT\_COND

### **Attribute Codes**

### 2016-Later

- 1 Daylight
- 2 Dark Not Lighted
- 3 Dark Lighted
- 4 Dawn
- 5 Dusk
- 6 Dark Unknown Lighting
- 7 Other
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

# **C25I** Imputed Light Condition

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Light Condition, excluding value 9 for unknown light condition and value 8 for not reported light condition.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: LGTCON\_IM

# **C26** Atmospheric Conditions

**Definition:** This data element records the prevailing atmospheric conditions that existed at the time of the crash as indicated in the police crash report.

**Additional Information:** This data element identifies up to two values. If more than two atmospheric conditions were reported, the two conditions that most affect visibility were selected. Accident.WEATHER1 and Accident.WEATHER2 are coded data elements, and Accident.WEATHER is derived from these two.

See <u>Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements</u> for an expanded explanation of this data element and how it is derived.

SAS Name: WEATHER, WEATHER1, WEATHER2

### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Additional Atmospheric Conditions
- 1 Clear
- 2 Rain
- 3 Sleet or Hail
- 4 Snow
- 5 Fog, Smog, Smoke
- 6 Severe Crosswinds
- 7 Blowing Sand, Soil, Dirt
- 8 Other
- 10 Cloudy
- 11 Blowing Snow
- 12 Freezing Rain or Drizzle
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

# **C26l** Imputed Atmospheric Conditions

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Atmospheric Conditions, excluding value 99 for unknown atmospheric conditions and value 98 for not reported atmospheric conditions.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: WEATHR\_IM

# C27 School Bus Related

**Definition:** This data element identifies if a school bus, or motor vehicle functioning as a school bus, is related to the crash.

**Additional Information:** The number of school bus related crashes may not equal the number of crashes with school buses involved. For example, if a vehicle goes around a stopped school bus and hits a pedestrian, the school bus usually will not be coded, but the crash is school bus related.

SAS Name: SCH\_BUS

**Attribute Codes** 

### 2016-Later

0 No

1 Yes

### C32 Related Factors- Crash Level

**Definition:** This data element records factors related to the crash expressed by the investigating officer.

**Additional Information:** There are also vehicle-level-related factors in the Vehicle data file, VEH\_SC1 and VEH\_SC2 and driver-related factors, also in the Vehicle data file, namely DR\_SF1, DR\_SF2, DR\_SF3, and DR\_SF4. In addition there are person-related factors P\_SF1, P\_SF2, and P\_SF3 in the Person data file.

The CRSS coder may have used any of the three data elements to code a related factor. One must test all three data elements to insure that the selected related factor is included.

SAS Name: CF1, CF2, CF3

### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 None
- 3 Other Maintenance or Construction-Created Condition
- 5 Surface Under Water
- 7 Surface Washed Out (Caved in, Road Slippage)
- 13 Aggressive Driving/Road Rage by Non-Contact Vehicle Driver
- 14 Motor Vehicle Struck By Falling Cargo or Something That Came Loose From or Something That Was Set in Motion By a Vehicle
- Non-Occupant Struck By Falling Cargo, or Something Came Loose From or Something That Was Set In Motion By A Vehicle
- 16 Non-Occupant Struck Vehicle
- 17 Vehicle Set In Motion By Non-Driver
- 19 Recent Previous Crash Scene Nearby
- 20 Police-Pursuit-Involved
- 21 Within Designated School Zone
- 23 Indication of a Stalled/Disabled Vehicle
- 24 Unstabilized Situation Began and All Harmful Events Occurred Off of the Roadway
- 25 Toll Booth/Plaza Related
- 26 Backup Due to Prior Non-Recurring Incident
- 27 Backup Due to Prior Crash
- 28 Backup Due to Regular Congestion
- 99 Unknown

# C33 Interstate Highway

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether the crash occurred on an interstate highway. Interstate highway is a Federal Highway Administration classification.

### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: INT\_HWY

### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No
- 1 Yes
- 9 Unknown

# **C90** Maximum Injury Severity in Crash

**Definition:** This data element records the single most severe injury of all persons involved in the crash, and is derived from "Injury Severity" in the Person data file.

**Additional Information:** The following order of severity is used.

- 4-Fatal
- 3-Suspected Serious Injury
- 2-Suspected Minor Injury
- 1-Possible Injury
- 5-Injured, Unknown Severity
- 0-No Apparent Injury
- 6-Died Prior
- 9- Unknown/Not Reported
- 8-No Person Involved in Crash

See <u>Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements</u> for an expanded explanation of this data element and how it is derived.

SAS Name: MAX\_SEV

# **Attribute Codes**

### 2016-Later

- 0 No Apparent Injury
- 1 Possible Injury
- 2 Suspected Minor Injury
- 3 Suspected Serious Injury
- 4 Fatal
- 5 Injured, Severity Unknown
- 6 Died Prior to Crash
- 8 No Person Involved in Crash
- 9 Unknown/Not Reported

# **C90I** Imputed Maximum Injury Severity in Crash

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Maximum Injury Severity in Crash, excluding value 9 for unknown maximum injury severity.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

This data element is derived from "Imputed Injury Severity" in the Person data file.

SAS Name: MAXSEV IM

### **C91** Number Known Injured in Crash

**Definition:** This data element records the number of persons injured in the crash and is derived by counting all persons with "Injury Severity" of (1, 2, 3, 4, or 5) in the crash. This count includes fatally injured occupants.

**Additional Information:** See <u>Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements</u> for an expanded explanation of this data element and how it is derived.

SAS Name: NUM\_INJ

### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 0 No Person Injured/Property Damage Only Crash
- x Number of Known Injured
- 98 No Person Involved in the Crash
- 99 All Persons in Crash are Unknown If Injured.

# **C91I** Imputed Number Known Injured in Crash

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Number Known Injured in Crash, excluding value 99 for unknown number injured, which is imputed, and the attribute code 98, which is converted to code 0.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

This data element is derived from "Imputed Injury Severity" in the Person data file.

SAS Name: NO\_INJ\_IM

### C92 Alcohol Involved in Crash

**Definition:** This data element records alcohol use for drivers, pedestrians, cyclists and other types of non-motorists (except occupants of motor vehicles not in-transport) involved in the crash. The data element is derived from "Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement" in the Person data file.

**Additional Information:** 8 (No Applicable Person) is coded if the crash involved only passengers of in-transport motor vehicles, occupants of motor vehicles not in-transport or unknown occupant types who are in an in-transport motor vehicle where there is no driver present.

See <u>Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements</u> for an expanded explanation of this data element and how it is derived.

SAS Name: ALCOHOL

### **Attribute Codes**

### 2016-Later

- Alcohol Involved
- 2 No Alcohol Involved
- 8 No Applicable Person
- 9 Unknown

# **C92I** Imputed Alcohol Involved in Crash

**Definition:** This data element has the same definition and data element values as Alcohol Involved in Crash, excluding value 9 for unknown alcohol involvement, which is imputed, and the value 8, which is converted to attribute code 2.

**Additional Information:** See the <u>CRSS Imputation</u> section of this manual.

This imputed data element is derived from "Imputed Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement" in the Person data file.

SAS Name: ALCHL\_IM

### The VEHICLE Data File

The Vehicle data file includes in-transport motor vehicle data as well as driver and precrash data. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, and VEH\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The Vehicle data file also contains the data elements on the following pages.

CASENUM and VEH\_NO are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM should be used to merge the Vehicle data file with the Accident data file. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Vehicle data file with other vehicle-level data files and the Person data file.

# V4 Number of Occupants

**Definition:** This data element is a count of the number of occupants in this vehicle.

Additional Information: This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as

PNUMOCCS.

**SAS Name: NUMOCCS** 

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

0 None

1-98 Number of Occupants

99 Unknown

# V5 Unit Type

**Definition:** This data element identifies the type of unit that applies to this motor vehicle at the time it became an involved vehicle in the crash and was reported as a unit on the police crash report.

**Additional Information:** This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as PTYPE. The valid attributes for PTYPE are:

- 2 Motor Vehicle Not in Transport Within the Trafficway
- 3 Motor Vehicle Not in Transport Outside the Trafficway
- 4 Working Motor Vehicle (Highway Construction, Maintenance, Utility Only)

**SAS Name: UNITTYPE** 

### **Attribute Codes**

### 2016-Later

1 Motor Vehicle in Transport (Inside or Outside the Trafficway)

### V6 Hit and Run

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether this vehicle was a contact vehicle in the crash that did not stop to render aid (this can include drivers who flee the scene on foot). Hit and run is coded when a motor vehicle in-transport, or its driver, departs from the scene; vehicles not intransport are excluded. It does not matter whether the hit-and-run vehicle was striking or struck.

Additional Information: This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as

PHIT\_RUN.

SAS Name: HIT\_RUN

**Attribute Codes** 

### 2016-Later

0 No 1 Yes

9 Unknown

# V6I Imputed Hit and Run

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as "Hit and Run," excluding value 9 for unknown hit and run.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: HITRUN\_IM

### V9 Vehicle Make

**Definition:** This data element identifies the make (manufacturer) of this vehicle.

Additional Information: This data element also appears in the Person data file and in the

Parkwork data file as PMAKE.

SAS Name: MAKE
Attribute Codes

### 2016-Later

- 1 American Motors
- 2 Jeep/Kaiser-Jeep/Willys-Jeep
- 3 AM General
- 6 Chrysler
- 7 Dodge
- 8 Imperial
- 9 Plymouth
- 10 Eagle
- 12 Ford
- 13 Lincoln
- 14 Mercury
- 18 Buick/Opel
- 19 Cadillac
- 20 Chevrolet
- 21 Oldsmobile
- 22 Pontiac
- 23 GMC
- 24 Saturn
- 25 Grumman
- 26 Coda
- 29 Other Domestic Manufacturers

Avanti

Checker

DeSoto

Excalibur

Hudson

Packard

Panoz

Saleen

Studebaker

Stutz

Tesla

- 30 Volkswagen
- 31 Alfa Romeo
- 32 Audi
- 33 Austin/Austin Healey
- 34 BMW
- 35 Datsun/Nissan
- 36 Fiat
- 37 Honda

# V9 Vehicle Make (continued)

# **Attribute Codes**

### 2016-Later

- 38 Isuzu
- 39 Jaguar
- 40 Lancia
- 41 Mazda
- 42 Mercedes-Benz
- 43 MG
- 44 Peugeot
- 45 Porsche
- 46 Renault
- 47 Saab
- 48 Subaru
- 49 Toyota
- 50 Triumph
- 51 Volvo
- 52 Mitsubishi
- 53 Suzuki
- 54 Acura
- 55 Hyundai
- 56 Merkur
- 57 Yugo
- 58 Infiniti
- 59 Lexus
- 60 Diahatsu
- 61 Sterling
- 62 Land Rover
- 63 Kia
- 64 Daewoo
- 65 Smart
- 67 Scion
- 69 Other Import

Aston Martin

Bentley

**Bertone** 

Bricklin

Bugatti

Caterham

Citroen DeLorean

Desta

Ferrari

Fisker

Gazelle

Hillman

Jensen

# V9 Vehicle Make (continued)

### **Attribute Codes**

```
2016-Later
```

```
69
     Other Import (continued)
          Koenigsegg
          Lada
          Lamborghini
          Lotus
          Mahindra
          Maserati
          Maybach
          McLaren
          Mini Cooper
          Morgan
          Morris
          Reliant (British)
          Rolls-Royce
          Simca
          Singer
          Spyker
          Sunbeam
          TVR
70
     BSA
71
     Ducati
     Harley-Davidson
72
73
     Kawasaki
74
     Moto-Guzzi
75
     Norton
76
     Yamaha
78
     Other Make Moped
79
     Other Make Motored Cycle
80
     Brockway
     Diamond Reo/Reo
81
82
     Freightliner/White
     FWD
83
84
     International Harvester/Navistar
85
     Kenworth
86
     Mack
87
     Peterbilt
88
     Iveco/Magirus
89
     White/Autocar, White/GMC
90
     Bluebird
91
     Eagle Coach
92
     Gillig
93
     MCI
```

**Thomas Built** 

94

# V9 Vehicle Make (continued)

# **Attribute Codes**

```
2016-Later
```

99

```
97
     Not Reported
     Other Make
98
          Auto-Union-DKW
          Carpenter
          Collins Bus
          DINA
          Divco
          Hino
          Meyers Motors
          Mid Bus
          Neoplan
          Orion
          Oshkosh
          Scania
          Sterling
          Think
          UD
          Van Hool
          Western Star
```

Unknown Make

# V10 Vehicle Model

**Definition:** This data element identifies the model of this vehicle within a given make. **Additional Information:** This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as

PMODEL.

SAS Name: MODEL

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

See the current FARS/CRSS Coding and Validation Manual for vehicle model codes.

# V11 Body Type

**Definition:** This data element identifies a classification of this vehicle based on its general body configuration, size, shape, doors, etc.

**Additional Information:** See <u>Appendix D: Analytical Classification of Select CRSS Data Elements</u> for the standard NCSA classifications for this data element.

This data element also appears in the Person data file and in the Parkwork data file as PBODYTYP.

SAS Name: BODY TYP

#### **Attribute Codes** 2017-2016 Later **AUTOMOBILES** Convertible (Excludes Sun-Roof, T-Bar) 1 1 2 2 2-Door Sedan, Hardtop, Coupe 3 3-Door/2-Door Hatchback 3 4-Door Sedan, Hardtop 4 5 5 5-Door/4-Door Hatchback 6 6 Station Wagon (Excluding Van And Truck Based) 7 Hatchback, Number Of Doors Unknown 7 8 Sedan/Hardtop, Number of Doors Unknown 8 9 9 Other or Unknown Automobile Type 17 17 3-Door Coupe AUTOMOBILE DERIVATIVES 10 Auto Based Pickup (Includes El Camino, Caballero, Ranchero, SSR, G8-ST, Baha, Brat, And Rabbit Pickup) 11 11 Auto Based Panel (Cargo Station Wagon, Auto-Based Ambulance/Hearse) Large Limousine (More Than Four Side Doors Or Stretched Chassis) 12 12 Three Wheel Automobile Or Automobile Derivative 13 13 **UTILITY VEHICLES** 14 Compact Utility (ANSI D-16 Utility Vehicle Categories "Small" and "Midsize") 14 15 15 Large Utility (ANSI D-16 Utility Vehicle Categories "Full Size" and "Large") **Utility Station Wagon** 16 16 19 Utility Vehicle, Unknown Body Type 19 VAN-BASED LIGHT TRUCKS (GVWR ≤ 10,000 LBS) 20 20 Minivan 21 21 Large Van – Includes Van-Based Buses 22 22 Step Van Or Walk-In Van (GVWR ≤ 10,000 lbs) Other Van Type 28 28 Unknown Van Type 29 29 LIGHT CONVENTIONAL TRUCKS (PICKUP STYLE CAB, GVWR ≤10,000 LBS) Compact Pickup (S-10, LUV, Ram 50, Rampage, Courier, Ranger, S-5, Pup, 30 Mazda Pickup, Mitsubishi Truck, Datsun/Nissan Pickup, Arrow Pickup,

Scamp, Toyota Pickup, VW Pickup, D50, Colt P/U, T-10, S-15, T-15, Ram

100, Dakota, Sonoma)

# V11 Body Type (continued)

Attribute	Codes	
2016	2017- Later	
31		Standard Pickup (C10-C35, Jeep P/U, Comanche, Ram P/U, K10-K35, D100-D350, W100-350, F100-F350, R100-500, R10-R35, V10-35, Silverado, Sierra, T100)
32	32	Pickup With Slide-In Camper
33	33	Convertible Pickup
	34	Light Pickup
39	39	Unknown (Pickup Style) Light Conventional Truck
ОТНЕ	ER LIGH	T TRUCKS (GVWR ≤10,000 LBS)
40	40	Cab Chassis Based (Included Rescue Vehicle, Light Stake, Dump, And Tow Truck)
41	41	Truck Based Panel
45	45	Other Light Conventional Truck Type
48	48	Unknown Light Truck Type
49	49	Unknown Light Vehicle Type (Automobile, Utility, Van, Or Light Truck)
BUSE	ES (EXC	LUDES VAN BASED BUSES WITH A GVWR ≤ 10,000 LBS.)
50	50	School Bus (Designed To Carry Students, Not Cross Country Or Transit)
51	51	Cross Country/Intercity Bus (i.e., Greyhound)
52	52	Transit Bus (City Bus)
55	55	Van-Based Bus GVWR > 10,000 lbs.
58	58	Other Bus Type
59	59	Unknown Bus Type
MEDI	UM/HEA	AVY TRUCKS (GVWR > 10,000 LBS)
60	60	Step Van
61	61	Single-Unit Straight Truck or Cab-Chassis (10,000 lbs <gvwr< lbs)<="" or="19,500" td=""></gvwr<>
62	62	Single-Unit Straight Truck or Cab-Chassis (19,500 lbs <gvwr< lbs)<="" or="26,000" td=""></gvwr<>
63	63	Single-Unit Straight Truck or Cab-Chassis (GVWR>26,000 lbs)
64	64	Single Unit Straight Truck or Cab-Chassis (GVWR unknown)
66	66	Truck-Tractor (Cab Only, Or With Any Number Of Trailing Units; Any Weight)
67	67	Medium/Heavy Pickup (GVWR > 10,000 lbs)
71	71	Unknown if Single-Unit or Combination-Unit Medium Truck (10,000 lbs < GVWR < 26,000 lbs)
72	72	Unknown if Single-Unit or Combination-Unit Heavy Truck (GVWR>26,000 lbs)
78	78	Unknown Medium/Heavy Truck Type
79	79	Unknown Truck Type (Light/Medium/Heavy)
MOT	OR HOM	MES .
42	42	Light Truck Based Motor Home (Chassis Mounted)
65	65	Medium/Heavy Truck-Based Motor Home
73	73	Camper or Motor Home, Unknown Truck Type

#### V11 Body Type (continued)

#### **Attribute Codes**

2017-

#### 2016 Later

MOTORED CYCLES.	MOPEDS.	<b>ALL-TERRAIN</b>	VEHICLES, A	LL-TERRAIN CYCLES

S 80 Motorcycle Two Wheel Motorcycle (excluding motor scooters) 80 Moped (Motorized Bicycle) 81 --81 Moped or Motorized Bicycle Three Wheeled Motorcycle Or Moped 82 Three-wheel Motorcycle (2 Rear Wheels) 82 83 Off-Road Motorcycle (2-Wheel) Off-Road Motorcycle 83 --84 Motor Scooter Unenclosed Three Wheel Motorcycle / Unenclosed Autocycle (1 Rear Wheel) 85 Enclosed Three Wheel Motorcycle / Enclosed Autocycle (1 Rear Wheel) 86 Unknown Three Wheel Motorcycle Type 87 Other Motored Cycle Type (Minibike, Motor Scooter, Pocket Motorcycles, 88 Pocket Bikes) Other Motored Cycle Type (Mini-bikes, Pocket Motorcycles, "Pocket Bikes") 88 Unknown Motored Cycle Type 89 89 ATV (All-Terrain Vehicle) / ATC (All-Terrain Cycle) 90 90 OTHER VEHICLES 91 91 Snowmobile 92 Farm Equipment Other Than Trucks 92 93 93 Construction Equipment Other Than Trucks (Includes Graders) Low Speed Vehicle (LSV)/Neighborhood Electric Vehicle (NEV) 94 94 95 95 Golf Cart Recreational Off-Highway Vehicle (ROV) 96 Other Vehicle Type (Includes Go-Cart, Fork-Lift, City Street Sweeper) 97 97 98 98 Not Reported

#### V11I **Imputed Body Type**

99

99

**Definition:** The attributes for this imputed data element have changed over the years to mirror the values for "Body Type," excluding values 49, 79, and 99 for unknown light vehicle type, unknown truck type (light/medium/heavy), and unknown body type, respectively, and value 98 for not reported body type.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

Unknown Body Type

SAS Name: BDYTYP IM

### V12 Vehicle Model Year

**Definition:** This data element identifies the manufacturer's model year of this vehicle.

Additional Information: This data element also appears in the Person data file and in the

Parkwork data file as PMODYEAR.

SAS Name: MOD\_YEAR

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

xxxx Actual Model Year 9998 Not Reported 9999 Unknown

# V12I Imputed Model Year

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Model Year, excluding value 9999 for unknown model year and value 9998 for not reported.

**Additional Information:** See the <u>CRSS Imputation</u> section of this manual.

SAS Name: MDLYR\_IM

# V13 Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)

**Definition:** This data element records the vehicle identification number (VIN) of this vehicle assigned by the vehicle manufacturer. The VIN contains information on the vehicle such as: manufacturer, model year, model, body type, restraint type, etc.

**Additional Information:** The vehicle manufacturers use the VIN to describe certain characteristics of a vehicle and to assign a serial number to the vehicle.

If a character of the VIN is missing or undecipherable, the VIN length will be less than 12 characters.

This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as PVIN.

SAS Name: VIN Attribute Codes

2016-Later

00000000000 No VIN Required

xxxxxxxxxxx First 12 Characters of the VIN

# V14 Vehicle Trailing

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether this vehicle had any attached trailing units or was towing another motor vehicle. A trailing unit can be a horse trailer, fifth wheel trailer, camper, boat, truck trailer, towed vehicle or any other trailer.

**Additional Information:** This data element also appears in the Person data file and in the Parkwork data file as PTRAILER.

SAS Name: TOW\_VEH

### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Trailing Units
- 1 Yes, One Trailing Unit
- 2 Yes, Two Trailing Units
- 3 Yes, Three or More Trailing Units
- 4 Yes, Number of Trailing Units Unknown
- 5 Vehicle Towing Another Motor Vehicle Fixed Linkage
- 6 Vehicle Towing Another Motor Vehicle Non-fixed Linkage
- 9 Unknown

### V15 Trailer Vehicle Identification Number

**Definition:** This data element records the vehicle identification number (VIN) of any trailing units of a combination vehicle.

Additional Information: These data elements also appear in the Parkwork data file as

PTRLR1VIN, PTRLR2VIN, and PTRLR3VIN.

SAS Name: TRLR1VIN, TRLR2VIN, TRLR3VIN

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

0000000000 No VIN Required

xxxxxxxxxxx First 12 Characters of the VIN

77777777777 No Trailing Units 8888888888 Not Reported 99999999999 Unknown

### V16 Jackknife

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether this vehicle experienced a jackknife anytime during the unstabilized situation.

**Additional Information:** Jackknife applies to a condition which occurs to a "semi" truck (i.e., cab and one or more trailers) while in motion. The condition reflects a loss of control of the truck by the driver in which the trailer yaws more than 15 degrees from its normal straight line path behind the cab. If the final resting configuration of the vehicle is in the jackknife position, it does not necessarily mean that the vehicle has jackknifed (such as, a crash occurring while the vehicle is backing up or parking).

SAS Name: J\_KNIFE

### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not an Articulated Vehicle
- 1 No
- 2 Yes, First Event
- 3 Yes, Subsequent Event

# V17 Motor Carrier Identification Number (MCID)

**Definition:** This data element records the issuing authority and motor carrier identification number (if applicable) to this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** This 11-character data element is the combination of two data elements, the 2-digit "Motor Carrier Issuing Authority" code (MCARR\_I1) followed by the 9-character "Identification Number" (MCARR\_I2).

The Carrier Identification Number is found only on vehicles of interstate for-hire or private carriers in the transportation business. It is the unique number assigned to the Carrier by the United States Department of Commerce Commission, or the State. The number can be either a US DOT number (on interstate private carriers) or an ICC MC number (interstate for-hire carriers). Collected only for buses and trucks over 4,500 kg GVWR (Body type = 60, 64, 66-79), this data element is applicable to the following vehicles:

- Medium/Heavy Trucks: vehicles with two axles/six tires and/or gross weight greater than 10,000 pounds.
- Buses with 16 or more seats (including the driver)
- Trucks and Vans of any size carrying hazardous cargo.
- Light commercial trucks pulling a trailer with gross combination weight rating (GCWR) greater than 10,000 pounds.

This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as PMCARR\_ID.

SAS Name: MCARR\_ID

### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

xxxxxxxxxx 11-Character Combination of MCARR\_I1 followed by MCARR\_I2

0000000000 Not Applicable 7777777777 Not Reported

8888888888 None 9999999999 Unknown

# V17A MCID Issuing Authority

**Definition:** This data element records the issuing authority if applicable to this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** This data element is only applicable for the following vehicles:

- Medium/Heavy Trucks: vehicles with two axles/six tires and/or gross weight greater than 10,000 pounds.
- Buses with 16 or more seats (including the driver)
- Trucks and Vans of any size carrying hazardous cargo.
- Light commercial trucks pulling a trailer with gross combination weight rating (GCWR) greater than 10,000 pounds.

This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as PMCARR\_I1.

# SAS Name: MCARR\_I1

### **Attribute Codes**

0	Not Applicable
1-56	State Code
57	US DOT
58	MC/MX (ICC)
77	Not Reported
88	None
95	Canada
96	Mexico
99	Unknown

#### V17B MCID Identification Number

**Definition:** This data element records the motor carrier identification number if applicable to this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** The Carrier Identification Number is found only on vehicles of interstate for-hire or private carriers in the transportation business. It is the unique number assigned to the Carrier by the United States Department of Commerce Commission, or the State. The number can be either a US DOT number (on interstate private carriers) or an ICC MC number (interstate for-hire carriers). Collected only for buses and trucks over 4,500 kg GVWR (Body type = 60, 64, 66-79), this data element is applicable to the following vehicles:

- Medium/Heavy Trucks: vehicles with two axles/six tires and/or gross weight greater than 10,000 pounds.
- Buses with 16 or more seats (including the driver)
- Trucks and Vans of any size carrying hazardous cargo.
- Light commercial trucks pulling a trailer with gross combination weight rating (GCWR) greater than 10,000 pounds.

This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as PMCARR\_I2.

SAS Name: MCARR\_I2

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

xxxxxxxxx Actual 9-Digit Number 000000000 Not Applicable 777777777 Not Reported 888888888 None

# V18 Gross Vehicle Weight Rating

**Definition:** This data element identifies the gross vehicle weight rating of this vehicle if applicable.

**Additional Information:** The Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) or Gross Combination Weight Rating (GCWR) is a value specified by the manufacturer for a single-unit truck, truck tractor, or trailer. In the absence of a gross vehicle weight rating, an estimate of the gross weight of a fully loaded unit can be substituted.

This data element is the gross vehicle weight of the Power Unit only. The weight of trailers is not added.

This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as PGVWR.

SAS Name: GVWR

# **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not Applicable
- 1 10,000 lbs or Less
- 2 10,001 lbs 26,000 lbs
- 3 26,001 lbs or More
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

# V19 Vehicle Configuration

**Definition:** This data element describes the general configuration of this vehicle if applicable.

**Additional Information:** Not Applicable is used for automobiles, motorcycles, passenger vans (with less than 9 seats, including driver) and single-unit light trucks or cargo vans (10,000 lbs. or less GVWR), not carrying hazardous cargo.

This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as PV CONFIG.

SAS Name: V CONFIG

### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not Applicable
- 1 Single-Unit Truck (2 axles and GVWR more than 10,000 lbs.)
- 2 Single-Unit Truck (3 or More axles)
- 4 Truck Pulling Trailer(s)
- 5 Truck Tractor (Bobtail, i.e., Tractor Only, No Trailer)
- 6 Truck Tractor/Semi-Trailer
- 7 Truck Tractor/Double
- 8 Truck Tractor/Triple
- 10 Vehicle 10,000 lbs or Less Placarded for Hazardous Materials
- 19 Truck More than 10,000 lbs, Cannot Classify
- 20 Bus/Large Van (Seats for 9-15 Occupants, Including Driver)
- 21 Bus (Seats for More Than 15 Occupants, Including Driver)
- 99 Unknown

# V20 Cargo Body Type

**Definition:** This data element describes the primary cargo carrying capability of this vehicle if applicable.

**Additional Information:** Passenger vehicles and light trucks that display a hazardous cargo placard are coded "No Cargo Body," as are medium/heavy trucks with no cargo carrying capability. "Not Applicable" is coded only for passenger vehicles and light trucks and vans that do not display a hazardous cargo placard.

This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as PCARGTYP.

SAS Name: CARGO BT

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not Applicable
- 1 Van/Enclosed Box
- 2 Cargo Tank
- 3 Flatbed
- 4 Dump
- 5 Concrete Mixer
- 6 Auto Transporter
- 7 Garbage/Refuse
- 8 Grain/Chips/Gravel
- 9 Pole-Trailer
- 10 Log
- 11 Intermodal Container Chassis
- 12 Vehicle Towing Another Vehicle
- 22 Bus
- 96 No Cargo Body
- 97 Other
- 98 Unknown Cargo Body Type
- 99 Unknown

### V21A/HM1 Hazardous Materials Involvement

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether this vehicle was carrying hazardous

materials.

Additional Information: This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as

PHAZ INV.

SAS Name: HAZ\_INV

### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

1 No

2 Yes

### V21B/HM2 Hazardous Materials Placard

**Definition:** This data element identifies the presence of hazardous materials for this vehicle and whether this vehicle displayed a hazardous materials placard.

Additional Information: This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as

PHAZPLAC.

SAS Name: HAZ\_PLAC

### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

0 Not Applicable

1 No

2 Yes

8 Not Reported

#### V21C/HM3 Hazardous Material Identification Number

**Definition:** This data element identifies the 4-digit hazardous material identification number for this vehicle.

Additional Information: This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as

PHAZ\_ID.

SAS Name: HAZ ID

#### **Attribute Codes**

### 2016-Later

0 Not Applicable

xxxx Actual 4-Digit Number

8888 Not Reported

#### V21D/HM4 Hazardous Material Class Number

**Definition:** This data element identifies the single-digit hazardous material class number for

this vehicle.

Additional Information: This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as

PHAZ CNO.

SAS Name: HAZ CNO

### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 0 Not Applicable
- 1 Explosives
- 2 Gases
- 3 Flammable / Combustible Liquid
- 4 Flammable Solid, Spontaneously Combustible, and Dangerous When Wet
- 5 Oxidizer and Organic Peroxide
- 6 Poison and Poison Inhalation Hazard
- 7 Radioactive
- 8 Corrosive
- 9 Miscellaneous
- 88 Not Reported

# **V21E/HM5** Release of Hazardous Material from the Cargo Compartment

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether any hazardous cargo was released from the cargo tank or compartment of this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as PHAZ\_REL.

SAS Name: HAZ REL

- 0 Not Applicable
- 1 No
- 2 Yes
- 8 Not Reported

### V22 Bus Use

**Definition:** This data element describes the common type of bus service this vehicle was being used as at the time of the crash or the primary use for the bus if not in service at the time of the crash.

Additional Information: This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as

PBUS USE.

SAS Name: BUS\_USE

### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not a Bus
- 1 School
- 4 Intercity
- 5 Charter/Tour
- 6 Transit/Commuter
- 7 Shuttle
- 8 Modified for Personal/Private Use
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

### V23 Special Use

**Definition**: This data element identifies any special use associated with this vehicle at the time of the crash.

**Additional Information:** All military vehicles are classified as "4" even if they are police, ambulance, or fire trucks.

This data element also appears in the Person data file and in the Parkwork data file as PSP\_USE.

SAS Name: SPEC\_USE

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Special Use
- 1 Taxi
- 2 Vehicle Used for School Transport
- 3 Vehicle Used as Other Bus
- 4 Military
- 5 Police
- 6 Ambulance
- 7 Fire Truck
- 8 Non-Transport Emergency Services Vehicle
- 13 Incident Response
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

# V24 Emergency Use

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether this vehicle was engaged in emergency use. Emergency Use indicates operation of any motor vehicle that is legally authorized by a government authority to respond to emergencies with or without the use of emergency warning equipment, such as a police vehicle, fire truck or ambulance while actually engaged in such response.

**Additional Information:** This data element also appears in the Person data file and in the Parkwork data file as PEM\_USE.

SAS Name: EMER USE

### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not Applicable
- 2 Non-Emergency, Non-Transport
- 3 Non-Emergency Transport
- 4 Emergency Operation, Emergency Warning Equipment Not In Use
- 5 Emergency Operation, Emergency Warning Equipment In Use
- 6 Emergency Operation, Emergency Warning Equipment in Use Unknown
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

# V25 Travel Speed

**Definition:** This data element records the speed the vehicle was traveling prior to the occurrence of the crash as reported by the investigating officer.

#### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: TRAV\_SP

### **Attribute Codes**

### 2016-Later

Stopped Motor Vehicle in Transport
 1-151 Reported Speed Up to 151 mph
 Speed Greater than 151 mph
 Not Reported

999 Unknown

### V27 Rollover

**Definition:** This data element identifies this vehicle's involvement in a rollover or overturn during the crash. Rollover is defined as any vehicle rotation of 90 degrees or more about any true longitudinal or lateral axis. Rollover can occur at any time during the crash.

**Additional Information:** This data element also appears in the Person data file.

**SAS Name: ROLLOVER** 

### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Rollover
- 1 Rollover, Tripped By Object/Vehicle
- 2 Rollover, Untripped
- 9 Rollover, Unknown Type

### V28 Location of Rollover

**Definition:** This data element identifies the location of the trip point or start of this vehicle's roll.

Additional Information: SAS Name: ROLINLOC

# **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Rollover
- 1 On Roadway
- 2 On Shoulder
- 3 On Median/Separator
- 4 In Gore
- 5 On Roadside
- 6 Outside of Trafficway
- 7 In Parking Lane/Zone
- 9 Unknown

#### **V29A** Initial Contact Point

**Definition:** This data element identifies the area on this vehicle that produced the first instance of injury to non-motorists or occupants of this vehicle, or that resulted in the first instance of damage to other property or to this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** This data element is derived from the crash events for the vehicle. It is the first recorded "Area of Impact (This Vehicle)" value for this vehicle. See <u>Appendix E: Rules</u> for <u>Derived Data Elements</u> for an explanation of this data element and how it is derived.

This data element also appears in the Person data file and in the Parkwork data file as PIMPACT1.

SAS Name: IMPACT1

# **Attribute Codes**

2016	2017- Later	
0	0	Non-Collision
1-12	1-12	Clock points
13	13	Тор
14	14	Undercarriage
18	18	Cargo/Vehicle Parts Set-In-Motion
19	19	Other Objects Set-In-Motion
	20	Object Set in Motion, Unknown if Cargo/Vehicle Parts or Other
61	61	Left
62	62	Left-Front Side
63	63	Left-Back Side
81	81	Right
82	82	Right-Front Side
83	83	Right-Back Side
98	98	Not Reported
99	99	Unknown

### **V29Al** Imputed Initial Contact Point

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Initial Contact Point, excluding value 99 for unknown initial contact point and value 98 for not reported initial contact point.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: IMPACT1 IM

# V30 Extent of Damage

**Definition:** This data element records the amount of damage sustained by this vehicle as indicated on the police crash report based on an operational damage scale.

**Additional Information:** This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as PVEH\_SEV.

SAS Name: DEFORMED

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Damage
- 2 Minor Damage
- 4 Functional Damage
- 6 Disabling Damage
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

### V31 Vehicle Removal

**Definition:** This data element describes the mode by which this vehicle left the scene of the crash.

Additional Information: This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as

PTOWED.

SAS Name: TOWED

### **Attribute Codes**

- 2 Towed Due to Disabling Damage
- 3 Towed Not Due to Disabling Damage
- 5 Not Towed
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

### V33 Most Harmful Event

**Definition:** This data element describes the event that resulted in the most severe injury or, if no injury, the greatest property damage involving this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** "First Harmful Event" applies to the crash (HARM\_EV). "Most Harmful Event" applies to the vehicle. "First Harmful Event," "Most Harmful Event," and the "Sequence of Events" data elements have the same harmful event attributes. "Sequence of Events" also has non-harmful event attributes.

This data element also appears in the Parkwork data file as PM\_HARM.

SAS Name: M\_HARM

### **Attribute Codes**

2017-

#### 2016 Later

#### NONCOLLISION

- 1 1 Rollover/Overturn
- 2 2 Fire/Explosion
- 3 Immersion or Partial Immersion
- 4 4 Gas Inhalation
- 5 5 Fell/Jumped from Vehicle
- 6 Injured in Vehicle (Non-Collision)
- 7 Other Noncollision
- 16 16 Thrown or Falling Object
- 44 Pavement Surface Irregularity (Ruts, Potholes, Grates, etc.)
- 51 Jackknife (Harmful to This Vehicle)
- 72 Cargo/Equipment Loss or Shift (Harmful to This Vehicle)

# COLLISION WITH MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT

- 12 12 Motor Vehicle In-Transport
- 54 Motor Vehicle In-Transport Strikes or is Struck by Cargo, Persons or Objects Set-in-Motion from/by Another Motor Vehicle In-Transport
- 55 55 Motor Vehicle in Motion Outside the Trafficway

#### COLLISION WITH OBJECT NOT FIXED

- 8 8 Pedestrian
- 9 9 Pedalcyclist
- 10 10 Railway Vehicle
- 11 11 Live Animal
- 14 14 Parked Motor Vehicle
- 15 Non-Motorist on Personal Conveyance
- 18 Other Object Not Fixed
- 45 45 Working Motor Vehicle
- 49 49 Ridden Animal or Animal Drawn Conveyance
- 73 Object That Had Fallen From Motor Vehicle In-Transport
- 74 74 Road Vehicle on Rails
- -- 91 Unknown Object Not Fixed

# V33 Most Harmful Event (continued)

### **Attribute Codes**

2016

2017-Later

#### \_\_\_\_\_

COLLISION WITH FIXED OBJECT

- 17 17 Boulder
   19 19 Building
   20 20 Impact A
- 20 20 Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion
- 21 21 Bridge Pier or Support
- 23 Bridge Rail (Includes Parapet)
- 24 24 Guardrail Face
- 25 25 Concrete Traffic Barrier
- 26 26 Other Traffic Barrier30 30 Utility Pole/Light Support
- 32 32 Culvert
- 33 33 Curb
- 34 34 Ditch
- 35 35 Embankment
- 39 39 Wall
- 40 40 Fire Hydrant
- 41 41 Shrubbery
- 42 42 Tree (Standing Only)
- 43 43 Other Fixed Object
- 46 46 Traffic Signal Support
- 48 48 Snow Bank
- 50 50 Bridge Overhead Structure
- 52 52 Guardrail End
- 53 53 Mail Box
- 57 Cable Barrier
- 59 59 Traffic Sign Support
  - 93 Unknown Fixed Object
- 99 99 Unknown

# **V33I** Imputed Most Harmful Event

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same data element values as Most Harmful Event, excluding value 99 for unknown most harmful event.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: VEVENT IM

#### V34 Related Factors- Vehicle Level

**Definition:** This data element records factors related to this vehicle expressed by the investigating officer.

**Additional Information:** There are also crash-level-related factors in the Accident data file, CF1, CF2, and CF3; driver-related factors in the Vehicle data file, namely DR\_SF1, DR\_SF2, DR\_SF3 and DR\_SF4; and person-related factors P\_SF1, P\_SF2, and P\_SF3 in the Person data file.

The CRSS coder may have used either of the two data elements to code a related factor. One must test both data elements to insure that the selected related factor is included.

These data elements also appear in the Parkwork data file as PVEH\_SC1 and PVEH\_SC2.

SAS Name: VEH\_SC1, VEH\_SC2

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 None
- 30 Multi-Wheeled Motorcycle Conversion
- 33 Vehicle Being Pushed by Non-Motorist
- 35 Reconstructed/Altered Vehicle
- 39 Highway Construction, Maintenance or Utility Vehicle, In Transport (Inside or Outside Work Zone)
- 40 Highway Incident Response Vehicle
- 41 Police Fire or EMS Vehicle Working at the Scene of an Emergency or Performing Other Traffic Control Activities
- 42 Other Working Vehicle (Not Construction, Maintenance, Utility, Police, Fire, or EMS Vehicle)
- 44 Adaptive Equipment
- 99 Unknown

# V35 Fire Occurrence

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether a fire in any way related to the crash occurred in this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** This data element also appears in the Person data file and in the Parkwork data file as PFIRE.

SAS Name: FIRE\_EXP

**Attribute Codes** 

### 2016-Later

0 No or Not Reported

1 Yes

# V90 Maximum Injury Severity in Vehicle

**Definition:** This data element records the single most severe injury level reported for any occupant in this vehicle. This data element is derived by comparing "Injury Severity" from the Person data file for each occupant record in this vehicle. The following is the order of severity codes.

- 4-Fatal
- 3-Suspected Serious Injury
- 2-Suspected Minor Injury
- 1-Possible Injury
- 5-Injured, Unknown Severity
- 0-No Apparent Injury
- 6-Died Prior
- 9- Unknown/Not Reported
- 8-No Person in Vehicle

**Additional Information:** See <u>Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements</u> for an expanded explanation of this data element and how it is derived.

SAS Name: MAX VSEV

### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 0 No Apparent Injury
- 1 Possible Injury
- 2 Suspected Minor Injury
- 3 Suspected Serious Injury
- 4 Fatal
- 5 Injured, Severity Unknown
- 6 Died Prior to Crash
- 8 No Person in Vehicle
- 9 Unknown/Not Reported

# **V90I** Imputed Maximum Injury Severity in Vehicle

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Maximum Injury Severity in Vehicle, excluding value 9 for unknown maximum injury severity.

**Additional Information:** See the <u>CRSS Imputation</u> section of this manual.

The data element is derived from "Imputed Injury Severity" in the Person data file.

SAS Name: MXVSEV IM

# V91 Number Injured in Vehicle

**Definition:** This data element records the number of persons injured in the vehicle and is derived by counting all the persons with "Injury Severity" of (1, 2, 3, 4, or 5) in a vehicle. This count includes fatally injured occupants.

**Additional Information:** See <u>Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements</u> for an expanded explanation of this data element and how it is derived.

SAS Name: NUM INJV

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 0 No Person Injured in Vehicle
- 1-97 Actual Number
- 98 No Person in the Vehicle
- 99 All Persons in the Vehicle are Unknown if Injured

### **V91I** Imputed Number Injured in Vehicle

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as "Number Injured in Vehicle," excluding value 99 for unknown number injured, which is imputed, and the attribute code 98, which is converted to code 0.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

This data element is derived from "Imputed Injury Severity" in the Person data file.

SAS Name: NUMINJ IM

# V92 Driver Drinking in Vehicle

**Definition:** This data element records alcohol use by the driver of the vehicle. The data element is derived from "Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement" in the Person data file.

**Additional Information:** See <u>Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements</u> for an expanded explanation of this data element and how it is derived.

SAS Name: VEH\_ALCH

### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 1 Alcohol Involved
- 2 No Alcohol Involved
- 8 No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present
- 9 Unknown

# **V92I** Imputed Driver Drinking in Vehicle

**Definition:** This data element has the same definition and data element values as Driver "Drinking in Vehicle," excluding value 9 for unknown alcohol involvement, which is imputed, and value 8, which is converted to attribute code 2.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

This imputed data element is derived from "Imputed Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement" in the Person data file.

SAS Name: V\_ALCH\_IM

### V100 Make Model Combined

**Definition:** This derived data element represents the 5-digit combination of two data elements, the 2-digit "Vehicle Make" code (MAKE) followed by the 3-digit "Vehicle Model" code (MODEL).

**Additional Information:** This data element also appears in the Person data file and in the Parkwork data file as PMAK\_MOD.

SAS Name: MAK MOD

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

See the current <u>FARS/CRSS Coding and Validation Manual</u> for vehicle make and model codes.

# **D4** Driver Presence

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether a driver was present in this vehicle at the onset of the unstabilized situation.

**Additional Information:** 

SAS Name: DR\_PRES

**Attribute Codes** 

- 0 No Driver Present / Not Applicable
- 1 Yes
- 9 Unknown

# D6 Driver's Zip Code

**Definition:** This data element records the zip code of the driver's address as listed on the police crash report.

## **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: DR\_ZIP

## **Attribute Codes**

## 2016-Later

00000	Not Resident of U.S. or Territories
XXXXX	Actual Zip Code

99997 No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present

99999 Unknown

# D22 Speeding Related

**Definition:** This data element records whether the driver's speed was related to the crash as indicated by law enforcement.

#### **Additional Information:**

**SAS Name: SPEEDREL** 

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No
- 2 Yes, Racing
- 3 Yes, Exceeded Speed Limit
- 4 Yes, Too Fast for Conditions
- 5 Yes, Specifics Unknown
- 8 No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present
- 9 Unknown

#### D24 Related Factors- Driver Level

**Definition:** This data element records factors related to this driver expressed by the investigating officer.

**Additional Information:** There are also crash-level-related factors in the Accident data file, CF1, CF2, and CF3; vehicle-related factors, namely VEH\_SC1 and VEH\_SC2 in the Vehicle data file; and person-related factors P\_SF1, P\_SF2, and P\_SF3 in the person data file.

The CRSS coder may have used any of the four data elements to code a related factor. One must test all four data elements to insure that the selected related factor is included.

The person-related factors P SF1, P SF2, and P SF3 are all set to 0 for drivers.

SAS Name: DR SF1, DR SF2, DR SF3, DR SF4

#### **Attribute Codes** 2017-2016 Later 0 0 None PHYSICAL / MENTAL CONDITION 6 6 Careless Driving 8 8 Road Rage/Aggressive Driving MISCELLANEOUS FACTORS 16 16 Police or Law Enforcement Officer Traveling on Prohibited Trafficways 18 18 20 20 Leaving Vehicle Unattended with Engine Running; Leaving Vehicle Unattended in Roadway Overloading or Improper Loading of Vehicle with Passenger or Cargo 21 21 Towing or Pushing Vehicle Improperly 22 22 Failing to Dim Lights or to Have Lights on When Required 23 23 **Operating Without Required Equipment** 24 24 Opening Vehicle Closure into Moving Traffic or Vehicle is in Motion or 32 32 Operating at Erratic or Suddenly Changing Speeds Operating the Vehicle in an Erratic, Reckless, Careless or Negligent Manner 36 36 Police Pursuing this Driver or Police Officer in Pursuit 37 37 Driving Wrong Way on One-Way Trafficway 50 50 Driving on Wrong Side of Two-Way Trafficway (Intentionally or 51 51 Unintentionally) Stopping in Roadway (Vehicle Not Abandoned) 54 54 55 Improper Management of Vehicle Controls --Object Interference with Vehicle Controls 56 --57 **Driving with Tire-Related Problems** Over Correcting 58 58 Getting Off/Out of a Vehicle 59 59 Alcohol and/or Drug Test Refused 60 SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES 91 91 Non-Traffic Violation Charged (Manslaughter, Homicide or Other Assault Offense Committed Without Malice) 99 99 Unknown

# **PC5** Trafficway Description

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute that best describes the trafficway flow just prior to this vehicle's critical precrash event.

#### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: VTRAFWAY

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Non-Trafficway or Driveway Access
- 1 Two-Way, Not Divided
- 2 Two-Way, Divided, Unprotected Median
- 3 Two-Way, Divided, Positive Median Barrier
- 4 One-Way Trafficway
- 5 Two-Way, Not Divided With a Continuous Left-Turn Lane
- 6 Entrance/Exit Ramp
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

# PC6 Total Lanes in Roadway

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute that best describes the number of travel lanes just prior to this vehicle's critical precrash event.

Additional Information: The number of lanes refers to the number of lanes of a continuous cross-section of roadway. For example, a local roadway with one lane going north and one lane going south would be coded as two lanes. However, if a trafficway is a divided highway with two lanes going north, a median, and two lanes going south, then the number of lanes is coded as two. If a trafficway has two lanes going north immediately adjacent to two lanes going south, one continuous cross-section of roadway, then the number of lanes is coded as four. This data element can be used with the Trafficway Description data element VTRAFWAY to determine the trafficway geometry. For example: If (VNUM\_LAN=2) AND (VTRAFWAY=1), then one has a two-lane roadway that is not physically divided, which is what most people think of as a two-lane road (i.e., one lane going in each direction).

If the roadway is a divided trafficway, the number of travel lanes counts only lanes in the direction of travel of the first harmful event. If the roadway is an undivided trafficway, the number of travel lanes are all the lanes regardless of their direction of travel.

SAS Name: VNUM\_LAN

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Non-Trafficway or Driveway Access
- 1 One Lane
- 2 Two Lanes
- 3 Three Lanes
- 4 Four Lanes
- 5 Five Lanes
- 6 Six Lanes
- 7 Seven or More Lanes
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

# PC7 Speed Limit

**Definition:** This data element records the posted speed limit in miles per hour.

Additional Information: SAS Name: VSPD\_LIM

**Attribute Codes** 

# 2016-Later

0 No Statutory Limit/Non-Trafficway or Driveway Access

5-95 Speed Limit (In 5 mph Increments)

98 Not Reported 99 Unknown

# PC8 Roadway Alignment

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute that best represents the roadway alignment prior to this vehicle's critical precrash event.

## **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: VALIGN

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Non-Trafficway or Driveway Access
- 1 Straight
- 2 Curve Right
- 3 Curve Left
- 4 Curve Unknown Direction
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

# **PC9** Roadway Grade

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute that best represents the roadway grade prior to this vehicle's critical precrash event.

## **Additional Information:**

**SAS Name: VPROFILE** 

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Non-Trafficway or Driveway Access
- 1 Level
- 2 Grade, Unknown Slope
- 3 Hillcrest
- 4 Sag (Bottom)
- 5 Uphill
- 6 Downhill
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

# **PC11** Roadway Surface Condition

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute that best represents the roadway surface condition prior to this vehicle's critical precrash event.

#### **Additional Information:**

**SAS Name: VSURCOND** 

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Non-Trafficway or Driveway Access
- 1 Dry
- 2 Wet
- 3 Snow
- 4 Ice/Frost
- 5 Sand
- 6 Water (Standing or Moving)
- 7 Oil
- 8 Other
- 10 Slush
- 11 Mud, Dirt, Gravel
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

#### PC12 Traffic Control Device

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute that best describes the traffic controls in the vehicle's environment just prior to this vehicle's critical precrash event.

**Additional Information:** If a vehicle is controlled by more than one device, the device coded is based on the following priority:

- 51 Officer, Crossing Guard, Flagman, etc.
- The lowest numbered device shown below
- 0 No traffic control device.

See <u>Appendix D: Analytical Classification of Select CRSS Data Elements</u> for the standard NCSA classifications for this data element.

**SAS Name: VTRAFCON** 

## **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

0 No Controls

#### TRAFFIC SIGNALS

- 1 Traffic Control Signal (On Colors) Without Pedestrian Signal
- 2 Traffic Control Signal (On Colors) With Pedestrian Signal
- 3 Traffic Control Signal (On Colors) Not Known if Pedestrian Signal
- 4 Flashing Traffic Control Signal
- 7 Lane Use Control Signal
- 8 Other Highway Traffic Signal
- 9 Unknown Highway Traffic Signal

# REGULATORY SIGNS

- 20 Stop Sign
- 21 Yield Sign
- 23 School Zone Sign/Device
- 28 Other Regulatory Sign
- 29 Unknown Regulatory Sign

#### OTHER

- 40 Warning Sign
- 50 Person
- 65 Railway Crossing Device
- 97 Not Reported
- 98 Other
- 99 Unknown

# **PC13** Traffic Control Device Functioning

**Definition:** This data element identifies the functionality of the traffic control device recorded for this vehicle in the data element "Traffic Control Device."

#### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: VTCONT\_F

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Controls
- 1 Device Not Functioning
- 2 Device Functioning Functioning Improperly
- 3 Device Functioning Properly
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

# PC17 Pre-Event Movement (Prior to Recognition of Critical Event)

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute that best describes this vehicle's activity prior to the driver's realization of an impending critical event or just prior to impact if the driver took no action or had no time to attempt any evasive maneuvers.

**Additional Information:** These data elements were designed to identify: (1) what the vehicle was doing just prior to the critical precrash event, (2) what made the vehicle's situation critical, (3) what was the corrective action made, if any, to this critical situation, and what was the (4) location and (5) stability of the vehicle just prior to impact.

SAS Name: P CRASH1

#### **Attribute Codes**

## 2016-Later

- 0 No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present
- 1 Going Straight
- 2 Decelerating in Road
- 3 Accelerating in Road
- 4 Starting in Road
- 5 Stopped in Roadway
- 6 Passing or Overtaking Another Vehicle
- 7 Disabled or Parked in Travel Lane
- 8 Leaving a Parking Position
- 9 Entering a Parking Position
- 10 Turning Right
- 11 Turning Left
- 12 Making a U-turn
- 13 Backing Up (Other Than for Parking Position)
- 14 Negotiating a Curve
- 15 Changing Lanes
- 16 Merging
- 17 Successful Corrective Action to a Previous Critical Event
- 98 Other
- 99 Unknown

## PC17I Imputed Pre-Event Movement (Prior to Recognition of Critical Event)

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Movement Prior to Critical Event, excluding value 99 for unknown movement prior to critical event.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: PCRASH1 IM

#### PC19 Critical Event- Precrash

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute that best describes the critical event which made this crash imminent (i.e., something occurred which made the collision possible).

**Additional Information:** A critical event is coded for each vehicle and identifies the circumstances leading to the vehicle's first impact in the crash.

These data elements were designed to identify: (1) what the vehicle was doing just prior to the critical precrash event, (2) what made the vehicle's situation critical, (3) what was the corrective action made, if any, to this critical situation, and what was the (4) location and (5) stability of the vehicle just prior to impact.

SAS Name: P CRASH2

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

#### THIS VEHICLE LOSS OF CONTROL DUE TO:

- 1 Blow Out/Flat Tire
- 2 Stalled Engine
- 3 Disabling Vehicle Failure (e.g., Wheel Fell Off)
- 4 Non-Disabling Vehicle Problem (e.g., Hood Flew Up)
- 5 Poor Road Conditions (*Puddle, Pothole, Ice, etc.*)
- 6 Traveling Too Fast For Conditions
- 8 Other Cause of Control Loss
- 9 Unknown Cause of Control Loss

## THIS VEHICLE TRAVELING:

- 10 Over The Lane Line on Left Side of Travel Lane
- 11 Over The Lane Line on Right Side of Travel Lane
- 12 Off The Edge of The Road on The Left Side
- 13 Off The Edge of The Road on The Right Side
- 14 End Departure
- 15 Turning Left
- 16 Turning Right
- 17 Crossing Over (Passing Through) Junction
- 18 This Vehicle Decelerating
- 19 Unknown Travel Direction
- 20 Backing
- 21 Making a U-Turn

## OTHER MOTOR VEHICLE IN LANE

- 50 Other Vehicle Stopped
- 51 Traveling in Same Direction with Lower Steady Speed
- 52 Traveling in Same Direction while Decelerating
- 53 Traveling in Same Direction with Higher Speed
- 54 Traveling in Opposite Direction
- 55 In Crossover
- 56 Backing
- 59 Unknown Travel Direction Of The Other Motor Vehicle in Lane

## PC19 Critical Event- Precrash (continued)

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

#### OTHER MOTOR VEHICLE ENCROACHING INTO LANE

- 60 From Adjacent Lane (Same Direction)-Over Left Lane Line
- 61 From Adjacent Lane (Same Direction)-Over Right Lane Line
- 62 From Opposite Direction Over Left Lane Line
- 63 From Opposite Direction Over Right Lane Line
- 64 From Parking Lane/Shoulder, Median/Crossover, Roadside
- 65 From Crossing Street, Turning Into Same Direction
- 66 From Crossing Street, Across Path
- 67 From Crossing Street, Turning Into Opposite Direction
- 68 From Crossing Street, Intended Path Not Known
- 70 From Driveway, Turning Into Same Direction
- 71 From Driveway, Across Path
- 72 From Driveway, Turning Into Opposite Direction
- 73 From Driveway, Intended Path Not Known
- 74 From Entrance to Limited Access Highway
- 78 Encroaching By Other Vehicle Details Unknown

## PEDESTRIAN, PEDACYLIST OR OTHER NON-MOTORIST

- 80 Pedestrian in Road
- 81 Pedestrian Approaching Road
- 82 Pedestrian Unknown Location
- 83 Pedalcyclist/Other Non-Motorist in Road
- 84 Pedalcyclist/Other Non-Motorist Approaching Road
- 85 Pedalcyclist Or Other Non-Motorist Unknown Location

#### OBJECT OR ANIMAL

- 87 Animal in Road
- 88 Animal Approaching Road
- 89 Animal Unknown Location
- 90 Object in Road
- 91 Object Approaching Road
- 92 Object Unknown Location

#### OTHER

98 Other Critical Precrash Event

## UNKNOWN

99 Unknown

# PC20 Attempted Avoidance Maneuver

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute that best describes the movements/actions taken by this driver, within a critical crash envelope, in response to the "Critical Precrash Event."

**Additional Information:** This data element identifies the actions taken by the driver in response to the impending danger. Because this data element focuses upon the driver's action just prior to the first harmful event it is coded independently of any maneuvers associated with this vehicle's "Crash Type."

These data elements were designed to identify: (1) what the vehicle was doing just prior to the critical precrash event, (2) what made the vehicle's situation critical, (3) what was the corrective action made, if any, to this critical situation, and what was the (4) location and (5) stability of the vehicle just prior to impact.

SAS Name: P\_CRASH3

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present
- 1 No Avoidance Maneuver
- 5 Releasing Brakes
- 6 Steering Left
- 7 Steering Right
- 8 Braking And Steering Left
- 9 Braking And Steering Right
- 10 Accelerated
- 11 Accelerating And Steering Left
- 12 Accelerating And Steering Right
- 15 Braking and Unknown Steering Direction
- 16 Braking
- 98 Other Actions
- 99 Unknown/Not Reported

# PC21 Pre-Impact Stability

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute that best describes the stability of this vehicle after the "Critical Precrash Event," but before the impact.

**Additional Information:** These data elements were designed to identify: (1) what the vehicle was doing just prior to the critical precrash event, (2) what made the vehicle's situation critical, (3) what was the corrective action made, if any, to this critical situation, and what was the (4) location and (5) stability of the vehicle just prior to impact.

SAS Name: PCRASH4

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present
- 1 Tracking
- 2 Skidding Longitudinally Rotation Less Than 30 Degrees
- 3 Skidding Laterally Clockwise Rotation
- 4 Skidding Laterally Counterclockwise Rotation
- 5 Skidding Laterally Rotation Direction Unknown
- 7 Other Vehicle Loss-of-Control
- 9 Precrash Stability Unknown

# PC22 Pre-Impact Location

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute that best describes the location of this vehicle after the "Critical Precrash Event," but before the impact.

**Additional Information:** These data elements were designed to identify: (1) what the vehicle was doing just prior to the critical precrash event, (2) what made the vehicle's situation critical, (3) what was the corrective action made, if any, to this critical situation, and what was the (4) location and (5) stability of the vehicle just prior to impact.

SAS Name: PCRASH5

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present
- 1 Stayed In Original Travel Lane
- 2 Stayed On Roadway But Left Original Travel Lane
- 3 Stayed On Roadway, Not Known If Left Original Travel Lane
- 4 Departed Roadway
- 5 Remained Off Roadway
- 6 Returned To Roadway
- 7 Entered Roadway
- 9 Unknown

# PC23 Crash Type

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute that best describes the type of crash this vehicle was involved in based on the "First Harmful Event" and the precrash circumstances. For graphic descriptions of possible values see <u>Appendix A: PC23 Crash Type Diagram</u>.

#### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: ACC\_TYPE

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

0 No Impact

#### **CATEGORY I: SINGLE DRIVER**

## CONFIGURATION A: RIGHT ROADSIDE DEPARTURE

- 1 Drive Off Road
- 2 Control/Traction Loss
- 3 Avoid Collision with Vehicle, Pedestrian, Animal
- 4 Specifics Other
- 5 Specifics Unknown

## CONFIGURATION B: LEFT ROADSIDE DEPARTURE

- 6 Drive Off Road
- 7 Control/Traction Loss
- 8 Avoid Collision With Vehicle, Pedestrian, Animal
- 9 Specifics Other
- 10 Specifics Unknown

## CONFIGURATION C: FORWARD IMPACT

- 11 Parked Vehicle
- 12 Stationary Object
- 13 Pedestrian/Animal
- 14 End Departure
- 15 Specifics Other
- 16 Specifics Unknown

# **CATEGORY II: SAME TRAFFICWAY, SAME DIRECTION**

## CONFIGURATION D: REAR END

- 20 Stopped
- 21 Stopped, Straight
- 22 Stopped, Left
- 23 Stopped, Right
- 24 Slower
- 25 Slower, Going Straight
- 26 Slower, Going Left
- 27 Slower, Going Right
- 28 Decelerating (Slowing)
- 29 Decelerating (Slowing), Going Straight

# PC23 Crash Type (continued)

## **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 30 Decelerating (Slowing), Going Left
- 31 Decelerating (Slowing), Going Right
- 32 Specifics Other
- 33 Specifics Unknown

## CONFIGURATION E: FORWARD IMPACT

- 34 This Vehicles Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle.
- 35 This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
- 36 This Vehicles Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle.
- 37 This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
- 38 This Vehicles Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle.
- 39 This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
- 40 This Vehicles Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle.
- 41 This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
- 42 Specifics Other
- 43 Specifics Unknown

#### CONFIGURATION F: SIDESWIPE/ANGLE

- 44 Straight Ahead on Left.
- 45 Straight Ahead on Left/Right.
- 46 Changing Lanes to the Right
- 47 Changing Lanes to the Left
- 48 Specifics Other
- 49 Specifics Unknown

# CATEGORY III: SAME TRAFFICWAY, OPPOSITE DIRECTION

## CONFIGURATION G: HEAD-ON

- 50 Lateral Move (Left/Right)
- 51 Lateral Move (Going Straight)
- 52 Specifics Other
- 53 Specifics Unknown

# CONFIGURATION H: FORWARD IMPACT

- 54 This Vehicles Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle.
- 55 This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
- 56 This Vehicles Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle.
- 57 This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
- 58 This Vehicles Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle.
- 59 This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
- 60 This Vehicles Frontal Area Impacts Another Vehicle.
- 61 This Vehicle Is Impacted by Frontal Area of Another Vehicle
- 62 Specifics Other
- 63 Specifics Unknown

# PC23 Crash Type (continued)

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

#### CONFIGURATION I: SIDESWIPE/ANGLE

- 64 Lateral Move (Left/Right)
- 65 Lateral Move (Going Straight)
- 66 Specifics Other
- 67 Specifics Unknown

## CATEGORY IV: CHANGING TRAFFICWAY, VEHICLE TURNING

## CONFIGURATION J: TURN ACROSS PATH

- 68 Initial Opposite Directions (Left/Right)
- 69 Initial Opposite Directions (Going Straight)
- 70 Initial Same Directions (Turning Right)
- 71 Initial Same Directions (Going Straight)
- 72 Initial Same Directions (*Turning Left*)
- 73 Initial Same Directions (Going Straight)
- 74 Specifics Other
- 75 Specifics Unknown

## CONFIGURATION K: TURN INTO PATH

- 76 Turn Into Same Direction (Turning Left)
- 77 Turn Into Same Direction (Going Straight)
- 78 Turn Into Same Direction (*Turning Right*)
- 79 Turn Into Same Direction (Going Straight)
- 80 Turn Into Opposite Directions (Turning Right)
- 81 Turn Into Opposite Directions (Going Straight)
- 82 Turn Into Opposite Directions (Turning Left)
- 83 Turn Into Opposite Directions (Going Straight)
- 84 Specifics Other
- 85 Specifics Unknown

## CATEGORY V: INTERSECTING PATHS (VEHICLE DAMAGE)

# CONFIGURATION L: STRAIGHT PATHS

- 86 Striking from the Right
- 87 Struck on the Right
- 88 Striking from the Left
- 89 Struck on the Left
- 90 Specifics Other
- 91 Specifics Unknown

#### **CATEGORY VI: MISCELLANEOUS**

## CONFIGURATION M: BACKING, ETC.

- 92 Backing Vehicle
- 93 Other Vehicle or Object
- 93 Other Vehicle
- 97 Untripped Rollover
- 98 Other Crash Type
- 99 Unknown Crash Type

#### The PERSON Data File

The Person data file includes motorist and non-motorist data. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, VEH\_NO, and PER\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The Person data file also contains the data elements on the following pages.

CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and PER\_NO are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM should be used to merge the Person data file with the Accident data file for a set of all motorists and non-motorists. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Person data file with the Vehicle and Parkwork data files for a set of all motor vehicle occupants. CASENUM and PER\_NO should be used to merge the Person data file with non-motorist person-level data files.

In the Person data file, motor vehicle occupants are PER\_TYPE = 1, 2, 3, 9. Motor vehicle occupants have assigned vehicle numbers starting with 1. When PER\_TYPE = 3, the occupied vehicle will be found in the PARKWORK data file. Non-motor vehicle occupants are PER\_TYPE = 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19. VEH\_NO = 0 for non-motor vehicle occupants.

## P5/NM5 Age

**Definition:** This data element identifies this person's age at the time of the crash, in years, with respect to their last birthday.

#### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: AGE
Attribute Codes

# 2016-Later

0 Less than One Year

1-120 Years of Age998 Not Reported999 Unknown

# P5/NM5I Imputed Age

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Age, excluding the value 999 for unknown age and value 998 for not reported age.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: AGE\_IM

## P6/NM6 Sex

**Definition:** This data element identifies the sex of this person involved in the crash.

**Additional Information:** 

SAS Name: SEX
Attribute Codes

# 2016-Later

- 1 Male
- 2 Female
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

# P6/NM6I Imputed Sex

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Sex, excluding value 9 for unknown sex and value 8 for not reported sex.

**Additional Information:** See the <u>CRSS Imputation</u> section of this manual.

SAS Name: SEX\_IM

# P7/NM7 Person Type

**Definition:** This data element describes the role of this person involved in the crash.

Additional Information: See Appendix D: Analytical Classification of Select CRSS Data

**Elements** for the standard NCSA classifications for this data element.

SAS Name: PER\_TYP

# **Attribute Codes**

# 2016-Later

#### **MOTORISTS**

- 1 Driver of a Motor Vehicle in Transport
- 2 Passenger of a Motor Vehicle in Transport
- 9 Unknown Occupant Type in a Motor Vehicle in Transport

## NON-MOTORISTS-OCCUPANT

- 3 Occupant of a Motor Vehicle Not in Transport
- 4 Occupant of a Non-Motor Vehicle Transport Device

# NON-MOTORISTS-NON-OCCUPANT

- 5 Pedestrian
- 6 Bicyclist
- 7 Other Cyclist
- 8 Persons on Personal Conveyances
- 10 Persons in or on Buildings
- 19 Unknown Type of Non-Motorist

# P8/NM8 Injury Severity

**Definition:** This data element describes the severity of the injury to this person in the crash using the KABCO scale.

**Additional Information:** See the Accident data file for C90 Maximum Injury Severity in Crash and the Vehicle data file for V90 Maximum Injury Severity in Vehicle, both of which are derived from this data element.

See <u>Appendix D: Analytical Classification of Select CRSS Data Elements</u> for the standard NCSA classifications for this data element.

SAS Name: INJ SEV

#### **Attribute Codes**

## 2016-Later

- 0 No Apparent Injury (O)
- 1 Possible Injury (C)
- 2 Suspected Minor Injury (B)
- 3 Suspected Serious Injury (A)
- 4 Fatal Injury (K)
- 5 Injured, Severity Unknown (U)
- 6 Died Prior to Crash
- 9 Unknown/Not Reported

# P8/NM8I Imputed Injury Severity

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Injury Severity, excluding value 9 for unknown if injured or not reported if injured.

**Additional Information:** See the <u>CRSS Imputation</u> section of this manual.

SAS Name: INJSEV\_IM

# P9 Seating Position

**Definition:** This data element identifies the location of this person in or on the vehicle.

Additional Information: More than one person can be assigned the same seat position,

however this is coded only when a person is sitting on someone's lap.

**SAS Name: SEAT POS** 

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 0 Not a Motor Vehicle Occupant
- 11 Front Seat Left Side (*Driver's Side*)
- 12 Front Seat Middle
- 13 Front Seat Right Side
- 18 Front Seat Other
- 19 Front Seat Unknown
- 21 Second Seat Left Side
- 22 Second Seat Middle
- 23 Second Seat Right Side
- 28 Second Seat Other
- 29 Second Seat Unknown
- 31 Third Seat Left Side
- 32 Third Seat Middle
- 33 Third Seat Right Side
- 38 Third Seat Other
- 39 Third Seat Unknown
- 41 Fourth Seat Left Side
- 42 Fourth Seat Middle
- 43 Fourth Seat Right Side
- 48 Fourth Seat Other
- 49 Fourth Seat Unknown50 Sleeper Section of Cab (*Truck*)
- 51 Other Passenger in Enclosed Passenger or Cargo Area
- 52 Other Passenger in Unenclosed Passenger or Cargo Area
- 53 Other Passenger in Passenger or Cargo Area, Unknown Whether or Not Enclosed
- 54 Trailing Unit
- 55 Riding on Exterior of Vehicle
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

## P9I Imputed Seating Position

**Definition:** This imputed data element has the same definition and data element values as Seating Position, excluding values 19, 29, 39, 49 and 99 for unknown seating position and values 98 for not reported seating position.

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: SEAT IM

# P10 Restraint System/Helmet Use

**Definition:** This data element records the restraint equipment in use by the occupant, or the helmet in use by a motorcyclist, at the time of the crash, as reported on the police crash report.

**Additional Information:** See <u>Appendix D: Analytical Classification of Select CRSS Data Elements</u> for the standard NCSA classifications for this data element.

SAS Name: REST\_USE

# **Attribute Codes**

2046	2017-	
2016	Later	
0		Not Applicable
1	1	Shoulder Belt Only Used
2	2	Lap Belt Only Used
3	3	Lap and Shoulder Belt Used
4	4	Child Restraint Type Unknown
5	5	DOT-Compliant Motorcycle Helmet
7		None Used
8	8	Restraint Used – Type Unknown
10	10	Child Restraint System – Forward Facing
11	11	Child Restraint System – Rear Facing
12	12	Booster Seat
16	16	Helmet, Other than DOT-Compliant Motorcycle Helmet
17	17	No Helmet
19	19	Helmet, Unknown if DOT-Compliant
	20	None Used / Not Applicable
29	29	Unknown if Helmet Worn
96	96	Not a Motor Vehicle Occupant
97	97	Other
98	98	Not Reported
99	99	Unknown

# P11 Indication of Misuse of Restraint System/Helmet

**Definition:** This data element identifies any mis-use of the restraint system or helmet used by this person.

**Additional Information:** 

SAS Name: REST\_MIS

**Attribute Codes** 

- 0 No
- 1 Yes
- 8 Not a Motor Vehicle Occupant

# P12 Air Bag Deployed

**Definition:** This data element records air bag availability and deployment for this person as reported in the police crash report.

**Additional Information:** This data element is designed to collect both air bag availability and deployment for each occupied seat position. Variation in the presentation of the source data on the state crash report forms and the selections coded on the police report may produce unlikely combinations or missing data. For example:

- 1. If the seat position does not have an air bag at the time of manufacture, but the information on the police report indicates an air bag was available or deployed, the information on the police report takes precedence.
- If the seat position has an air bag installed at the time of manufacture and the police report indicates there is no air bag available, then the police report information takes precedence.

SAS Name: AIR BAG

## **Attribute Codes**

2016	2017- Later	
0		Not Applicable
1	1	Deployed – Front
2	2	Deployed – Side (Door, Seat Back)
3	3	Deployed – Curtain (Roof)
7	7	Deployed – Other (Knee, Air Belt, etc.)
8	8	Deployed – Combination
9	9	Deployment – Unknown Location
20	20	Not Deployed
28		Switched Off
97	97	Not a Motor Vehicle Occupant
98	98	Not Reported
99	99	Deployment Unknown

#### P13 **Ejection**

**Definition:** This data element describes the ejection status and the degree of ejection for this person, excluding motorcycle occupants.

**Additional Information:** 

**SAS Name: EJECTION** 

**Attribute Codes** 

## 2016-Later

- 0 Not Ejected
- 1 **Totally Ejected**
- 2 Partially Ejected
- 3 Ejected - Unknown Degree
- 7 Not Reported
- Not Applicable 8
- 9 Unknown

#### P13I Imputed Ejection

**Definition:** This imputed data element had the same definition and data element values as Ejection, excluding 9 (Unknown) and 7 (Not Reported).

Additional Information: See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: EJECT IM

# P16/NM15 Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement

**Definition:** This data element records whether alcohol was involved for this person and reflects the judgment of law enforcement.

**Additional Information:** This data element does not indicate that alcohol was a cause of the crash. If a police crash report indicates that opened or unopened alcohol bottles were found in the vehicle, then this information does not by itself constitute involvement.

SAS Name: DRINKING

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 0 No (Alcohol Not Involved)
- 1 Yes (Alcohol Involved)
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown (Police Reported)

# P16/NM15I Imputed Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement

**Definition:** The definition and data element values are the same as Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement, excluding 8 for not reported and 9 for unknown alcohol involvement.

**Additional Information:** See the CRSS Imputation section of this manual.

SAS Name: PERALCH IM

#### P18/NM17 Alcohol Test

## P18A/NM17A Alcohol Test Status

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether an alcohol test was given to this person.

**Additional Information:** 

SAS Name: ALC\_STATUS

#### **Attribute Codes**

	2017-	
2016	Later	
0	0	Test Not Given
1		Test Refused
2	2	Test Given
8	8	Not Reported
9	9	Unknown if Tested

# P18B/NM17B Alcohol Test Type

**Definition:** This data element identifies the type of alcohol test that was given to this person.

**Additional Information:** If a valid blood test is administered along with another type of test then blood test is coded.

SAS Name: ATST TYP

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Test Not Given
- 1 Blood
- 2 Breath Test (AC)
- 3 Urine
- 8 Other Test Type
- 10 Preliminary Breath Test (PBT)
- 95 Not Reported
- 98 Unknown Test Type
- 99 Unknown if Tested

## P18C/NM17C Alcohol Test Result

**Definition:** This data element identifies the alcohol test result for this person.

**Additional Information:** A BAC of .10 is coded as 100. The decimal is implied. The BAC is expressed in grams per deciliter (g/dL) or a clinical evaluation of the same.

See <u>Appendix D: Analytical Classification of Select CRSS Data Elements</u> for the standard NCSA classifications for this data element.

SAS Name: ALC\_RES

#### **Attribute Codes**

0-939	Actual Value
940	0.94 or Greater
995	Not Reported
996	Test Not Given
997	Test Performed, Results Unknown
998	Positive Reading With No Actual Value
999	Unknown if Tested

# P19/NM18 Police Reported Drug Involvement

**Definition:** This data element records whether drugs were involved for this person and reflects the judgment of law enforcement.

**Additional Information:** Involvement is not an indication that drugs were in any way cause of the crash, even though it may have been. If the police crash report indicates that drugs were found in the vehicle, then this information does not by itself constitute involvement.

SAS Name: DRUGS

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No (Drugs Not Involved)
- 1 Yes (Drugs Involved)
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown (Police Reported)

# P21/NM20 Drug Test

# P21A/NM20A Drug Test Status

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether a drug test was given to this person.

# Additional Information: SAS Name: DSTATUS

#### **Attribute Codes**

	2017-	
2016	Later	
0	0	Test Not Given
1		Test Refused
2	2	Test Given
8	8	Not Reported
9	9	Unknown if Tested

# P21B/NM20B Drug Test Type

**Definition:** This data element identifies the type of drug test that was given to this person.

**Additional Information:** 

SAS Name: DRUGTST1, DRUGTST2, DRUGTST3

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Test Not Given
- 1 Blood
- 2 Urine
- 3 Both Blood and Urine Tests
- 6 Not Reported
- 7 Unknown Test Type
- 8 Other Test Type
- 9 Unknown if Tested

# P21C/NM20C Drug Test Result

**Definition:** This data element identifies the drug test result for this person.

SAS Name: DRUGRES1, DRUGRES2, DRUGRES3

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Test Not Given
- 1 Tested for Drugs, No Drugs Found/Negative
- 95 Not Reported
- 997 Tested for Drugs, Result Unknown
- 998 Tested for Drugs, Drugs Found, Type Unknown/Positive
- 999 Unknown if Tested

# P22/NM21 Transported to First Treatment Facility

**Definition:** This data element identifies the mode of transportation to a hospital or medical facility provided for this person.

**Additional Information:** 

**SAS Name: HOSPITAL** 

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not Transported
- 1 EMS Air
- 2 Law Enforcement
- 3 EMS Unknown Mode
- 4 Transported Unknown Source
- 5 EMS Ground
- 6 Other
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

#### P26/NM25 Related Factors- Person Level

**Definition:** This data element records factors related to motor vehicle occupants other than drivers and persons not in motor vehicles as expressed by the investigating officer.

**Additional Information:** There are also vehicle-level-related factors in the Vehicle data file, VEH\_SC1 and VEH\_SC2 and driver-related factors, also in the Vehicle data file, namely DR\_SF1, DR\_SF2, DR\_SF3 and DR\_SF4. There are also crash-related factors CF1, CF2, and CF3 in the Accident data file.

Any of the three data elements may have been used to code a related factor. One must test all three data elements to insure that the selected related factor is included.

Person-related factors for all drivers are coded 0. Person-related factors for non-drivers can have non-zero values as listed below.

SAS Name: P SF1, P SF2, P SF3

### **Attribute Codes**

2016	2017- Later	
2010	Later	
0	0	None/Not Applicable-Driver
5	5	Interfering With Driver*
9	9	Construction/Maintenance/Utility Worker/Highway Department, Contractor, Utility Company Personnel, etc.
	10	Alcohol and/or Drug Test Refused
13	13	Motorized Wheelchair Rider**
21	21	Overloading or Improper Loading of Vehicle with Passengers or Cargo
32	32	Opening Vehicle Closure into Moving Traffic or While Vehicle is in Motion*
56	56	Non-Driver Flees Scene
86	86	Emergency Services Personnel
87	87	Police or Law Enforcement Officer
89	89	Parked Motor Vehicle With Equipment Extending into the Travel Lane *
90	90	Non-Motorist Pushing a Vehicle**
91	91	Portable Electronic Devices
92	92	Person in Ambulance Treatment Compartment*
93	93	Non-Motorist Wearing Motorcycle Helmet**
99	99	Unknown

<sup>\*</sup> Attribute is only applicable to occupants (other than drivers) of motor vehicles.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Attribute is only applicable to persons not in motor vehicles.

# NM4 Vehicle Number of Motor Vehicle Striking Non-Motorist

**Definition:** This data element identifies the "Vehicle Number" (VEH\_NO) of the in-transport vehicle that made contact with this non-motorist.

**Additional Information:** This data element applies only to non-motorists/non-occupants and reflects the vehicle that made contact with the non-motorist/non-occupant being coded.

The number must match the vehicle number of the striking vehicle. This number is similar to VEH\_NO, except that the non-motorist/non-occupant was struck by the vehicle, rather than being within the vehicle.

SAS Name: STR VEH

#### **Attribute Codes**

## 2016-Later

0 Occupant of Motor Vehicle

1-998 Vehicle Number of Striking Vehicle

999 Unknown

#### NM10 Non-Motorist Location at Time of Crash

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute which best describes the location of this non-motorist with respect to the roadway at the time of the crash.

**Additional Information:** Non-motorists who are occupants of motor vehicles not in-transport are coded with respect to the location of the vehicle.

SAS Name: LOCATION

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 0 Not Applicable-Motor Vehicle Occupant
- 1 At Intersection-In Marked Crosswalk
- 2 At Intersection-Unmarked/Unknown If Marked Crosswalk
- 3 At Intersection-Not in Crosswalk
- 9 At Intersection-Unknown Location
- 10 Not At Intersection-In Marked Crosswalk
- 11 Not At Intersection-On Roadway, Not in Marked Crosswalk Unknown
- 13 Not At Intersection-On Roadway, Crosswalk Availability Unknown
- 14 Parking Lane/Zone
- 16 Bicycle Lane
- 20 Shoulder/Roadside
- 21 Sidewalk
- 22 Median/Crossing Island
- 23 Driveway Access
- 24 Shared-Use Path
- 25 Non-Trafficway Area
- 28 Other
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown Location

See <u>Appendix F: Analysis of Pedestrian and Bicycle Crashes Around Intersections</u> for guidance on analyzing Pedestrian/Bicyclist crash locations.

# The PARKWORK Data File

The Parkwork data file includes Vehicle data elements applicable to Parked and Working Vehicles. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, and VEH\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The Parkwork data file also contains the data elements on the following pages.

CASENUM and VEH\_NO are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM should be used to merge the Parkwork data file with the Accident data file. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Parkwork data file with the Vindecode and Person data files.

# C4A Number of Motor Vehicles in Transport (MVIT) Involved

**Definition:** This data element is a count of the number of vehicles in-transport involved in the crash. Legally parked vehicles are not included.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Accident data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PVE FORMS

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

1-100 Number of Vehicles

# C8 Crash Date

# **C8A** Month of Crash

**Definition:** This data element records the month in which the crash occurred.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Accident data file section for more

information.

SAS Name: PMONTH

# **Attribute Codes**

- 1 January
- 2 February
- 3 March
- 4 April
- 5 May
- 6 June
- 7 July
- 8 August
- 9 September
- 10 October
- 11 November
- 12 December

## C9 Crash Time

## **C9A** Hour of Crash

**Definition:** This data element records the hour at which the crash occurred.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Accident data file section for more

information.

SAS Name: PHOUR

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

0-23 Hour

99 Unknown

# **C9B** Minute of Crash

**Definition:** This data element records the minutes after the hour at which the crash occurred.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Accident data file section for more

information.

**SAS Name: PMINUTE** 

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

0-59 Minute 99 Unknown

#### C19 First Harmful Event

**Definition:** This data element describes the first injury or damage producing event of the crash.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Accident data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PHARM\_EV

#### **Attribute Codes**

# 2016-Later

#### NONCOLLISION

- 1 Rollover/Overturn
- 2 Fire/Explosion
- 3 Immersion or Partial Immersion
- 4 Gas Inhalation
- 5 Fell/Jumped from Vehicle
- 6 Injured in Vehicle (Non-Collision)
- 7 Other Noncollision
- 16 Thrown or Falling Object
- 44 Pavement Surface Irregularity (Ruts, Potholes, Grates, etc.)
- 51 Jackknife (Harmful to This Vehicle)
- 72 Cargo/Equipment Loss or Shift (Harmful to This Vehicle)

## COLLISION WITH MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT

- 12 Motor Vehicle In-Transport
- Motor Vehicle In-Transport Strikes or is Struck by Cargo, Persons or Objects Set-in-Motion from/by Another Motor Vehicle In-Transport
- 55 Motor Vehicle in Motion Outside the Trafficway

## COLLISION WITH OBJECT NOT FIXED

- 8 Pedestrian
- 9 Pedalcyclist
- 10 Railway Vehicle
- 11 Live Animal
- 14 Parked Motor Vehicle
- 15 Non-Motorist on Personal Conveyance
- 18 Other Object Not Fixed
- 45 Working Motor Vehicle
- 49 Ridden Animal or Animal Drawn Conveyance
- 73 Object That Had Fallen From Motor Vehicle In-Transport
- 74 Road Vehicle on Rails

## C19 First Harmful Event (continued)

## **Attribute Codes**

# 2016-Later

## COLLISION WITH FIXED OBJECT

- 17 Boulder
- 19 Building
- 20 Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion
- 21 Bridge Pier or Support
- 23 Bridge Rail (Includes Parapet)
- 24 Guardrail Face
- 25 Concrete Traffic Barrier
- 26 Other Traffic Barrier
- 30 Utility Pole/Light Support
- 31 Post, Pole or Other Support
- 32 Culvert
- 33 Curb
- 34 Ditch
- 35 Embankment
- 38 Fence
- 39 Wall
- 40 Fire Hydrant
- 41 Shrubbery
- 42 Tree (Standing Only)
- 43 Other Fixed Object
- 46 Traffic Signal Support
- 48 Snow Bank
- 50 Bridge Overhead Structure
- 52 Guardrail End
- 53 Mail Box
- 57 Cable Barrier
- 58 Ground
- 59 Traffic Sign Support

# NOT REPORTED AND UNKNOWN

99 Unknown

## C20 Manner of Collision

**Definition:** This data element describes the orientation of two motor vehicles in-transport when they are involved in the "First Harmful Event" of a collision crash. If the "First Harmful Event" is not a collision between two motor vehicles in-transport it is classified as such.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Accident data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PMAN\_COLL

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not Collision with Motor Vehicle in Transport
- 1 Front-to-Rear
- 2 Front-to-Front
- 6 Angle
- 7 Sideswipe, Same Direction
- 8 Sideswipe, Opposite Direction
- 9 Rear-to-Side
- 10 Rear-to-Rear
- 11 Other
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

# V4 Number of Occupants

**Definition:** This data element is a count of the number of occupants in this vehicle.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more

information.

**SAS Name: PNUMOCCS** 

**Attribute Codes** 

## 2016-Later

0 None

1-98 Number of Occupants

99 Unknown

# V5 Unit Type

**Definition:** This data element identifies the type of unit that applies to this motor vehicle at the time it became an involved vehicle in the crash and was reported as a unit on the police crash report.

**Additional Information:** This data element also appears in the Vehicle data file as UNITTYPE. The only valid attribute for UNITTYPE is 1 (Motor Vehicle in Transport (*Inside or Outside the Trafficway*)).

SAS Name: PTYPE

## **Attribute Codes**

- 2 Motor Vehicle Not in Transport Within the Trafficway
- 3 Motor Vehicle Not in Transport Outside the Trafficway
- 4 Working Motor Vehicle (Highway Construction, Maintenance, Utility Only)

## V6 Hit and Run

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether this vehicle was a contact vehicle in the crash that did not stop to render aid (this can include drivers who flee the scene on foot). Hit and run is coded when a motor vehicle in-transport, or its driver, departs from the scene; vehicles not intransport are excluded. It does not matter whether the hit-and-run vehicle was striking or struck.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PHIT\_RUN

**Attribute Codes** 

#### 2016-Later

0 No 1 Yes

9 Unknown

## V9 Vehicle Make

**Definition:** This data element identifies the make (manufacturer) of this vehicle.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more

information.

SAS Name: PMAKE

### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 1 American Motors
- 2 Jeep/Kaiser-Jeep/Willys-Jeep
- 3 AM General
- 6 Chrysler
- 7 Dodge
- 8 Imperial
- 9 Plymouth
- 10 Eagle
- 12 Ford
- 13 Lincoln
- 14 Mercury
- 18 Buick/Opel
- 19 Cadillac
- 20 Chevrolet
- 21 Oldsmobile
- 22 Pontiac
- 23 GMC
- 24 Saturn
- 25 Grumman
- 26 Coda
- 29 Other Domestic Manufacturers

Avanti

Checker

DeSoto

Excalibur

Hudson

Packard

Panoz

Saleen

Studebaker

Stutz

Tesla

- 30 Volkswagen
- 31 Alfa Romeo
- 32 Audi
- 33 Austin/Austin Healey
- 34 BMW
- 35 Datsun/Nissan
- 36 Fiat
- 37 Honda

# V9 Vehicle Make (continued)

# **Attribute Codes**

## 2016-Later

- 38 Isuzu
- 39 Jaguar
- 40 Lancia
- 41 Mazda
- 42 Mercedes-Benz
- 43 MG
- 44 Peugeot
- 45 Porsche
- 46 Renault
- 47 Saab
- 48 Subaru
- 49 Toyota
- 50 Triumph
- 51 Volvo
- 52 Mitsubishi
- 53 Suzuki
- 54 Acura
- 55 Hyundai
- 56 Merkur
- 57 Yugo
- 58 Infiniti
- 59 Lexus
- 60 Diahatsu
- 61 Sterling
- 62 Land Rover
- 63 Kia
- 64 Daewoo
- 65 Smart
- 67 Scion
- 69 Other Import

Aston Martin

Bentley

**Bertone** 

Bricklin

Bugatti

Caterham

Citroen DeLorean

Desta

Ferrari

Fisker

Gazelle

Hillman

Jensen

## V9 Vehicle Make (continued)

## **Attribute Codes**

```
2016-Later
```

```
69
     Other Import (continued)
          Koenigsegg
          Lada
          Lamborghini
          Lotus
          Mahindra
          Maserati
          Maybach
          McLaren
          Mini Cooper
          Morgan
          Morris
          Reliant (British)
          Rolls-Royce
          Simca
          Singer
          Spyker
          Sunbeam
          TVR
70
     BSA
71
     Ducati
     Harley-Davidson
72
73
     Kawasaki
74
     Moto-Guzzi
75
     Norton
76
     Yamaha
78
     Other Make Moped
79
     Other Make Motored Cycle
80
     Brockway
     Diamond Reo/Reo
81
82
     Freightliner/White
     FWD
83
84
     International Harvester/Navistar
85
     Kenworth
86
     Mack
87
     Peterbilt
88
     Iveco/Magirus
89
     White/Autocar, White/GMC
90
     Bluebird
91
     Eagle Coach
92
     Gillig
93
     MCI
```

**Thomas Built** 

94

# V9 Vehicle Make (continued)

# **Attribute Codes**

```
2016-Later
```

99

```
97
     Not Reported
     Other Make
98
          Auto-Union-DKW
          Carpenter
          Collins Bus
          DINA
          Divco
          Hino
          Meyers Motors
          Mid Bus
          Neoplan
          Orion
          Oshkosh
          Scania
          Sterling
          Think
          UD
          Van Hool
          Western Star
```

Unknown Make

# V10 Vehicle Model

**Definition:** This data element identifies the model of this vehicle within a given make.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more

information.

**SAS Name: PMODEL** 

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

See the current FARS/CRSS Coding and Validation Manual for vehicle model codes.

# V11 Body Type

**Definition:** This data element identifies a classification of this vehicle based on its general body configuration, size, shape, doors, etc.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PBODYTYP

### **Attribute Codes**

2017-

#### 2016 Later

#### **AUTOMOBILES**

- 1 1 Convertible (Excludes Sun-Roof, T-Bar)
- 2 2-Door Sedan, Hardtop, Coupe
- 3 3-Door/2-Door Hatchback
- 4 4 4-Door Sedan, Hardtop
- 5 5-Door/4-Door Hatchback
- 6 Station Wagon (Excluding Van And Truck Based)
- 7 Hatchback, Number Of Doors Unknown
- 8 Sedan/Hardtop, Number of Doors Unknown
- 9 Other or Unknown Automobile Type
- 17 17 3-Door Coupe

#### **AUTOMOBILE DERIVATIVES**

- 10 10 Auto Based Pickup (Includes El Camino, Caballero, Ranchero, SSR, G8-ST, Baha, Brat, And Rabbit Pickup)
- 11 Auto Based Panel (Cargo Station Wagon, Auto-Based Ambulance/Hearse)
- 12 Large Limousine (More Than Four Side Doors Or Stretched Chassis)
- 13 Three Wheel Automobile Or Automobile Derivative

#### UTILITY VEHICLES

- 14 14 Compact Utility (ANSI D-16 Utility Vehicle Categories "Small" and "Midsize")
- 15 Large Utility (ANSI D-16 Utility Vehicle Categories "Full Size" and "Large")
- 16 16 Utility Station Wagon
- 19 19 Utility Vehicle, Unknown Body Type

# VAN-BASED LIGHT TRUCKS (GVWR ≤ 10,000 LBS)

- 20 20 Minivan
- 21 21 Large Van Includes Van-Based Buses
- 22 Step Van Or Walk-In Van (GVWR ≤ 10,000 lbs)
- 28 28 Other Van Type
- 29 Unknown Van Type

## LIGHT CONVENTIONAL TRUCKS (PICKUP STYLE CAB, GVWR ≤10,000 LBS)

- 30 -- Compact Pickup (S-10, LUV, Ram 50, Rampage, Courier, Ranger, S-5, Pup, Mazda Pickup, Mitsubishi Truck, Datsun/Nissan Pickup, Arrow Pickup, Scamp, Toyota Pickup, VW Pickup, D50, Colt P/U, T-10, S-15, T-15, Ram 100, Dakota, Sonoma)
- 31 -- Standard Pickup (C10-C35, Jeep P/U, Comanche, Ram P/U, K10-K35, D100-D350, W100-350, F100-F350, R100-500, R10-R35, V10-35, Silverado, Sierra, T100)

# V11 Body Type (continued)

#### **Attribute Codes** 2017-2016 Later 33 33 Convertible Pickup 34 Light Pickup 39 Unknown (Pickup Style) Light Conventional Truck 39 OTHER LIGHT TRUCKS (GVWR ≤10,000 LBS) Cab Chassis Based (Included Rescue Vehicle, Light Stake, Dump, And Tow 40 Truck) Truck Based Panel 41 41 45 45 Other Light Conventional Truck Type 48 48 Unknown Light Truck Type Unknown Light Vehicle Type (Automobile, Utility, Van, Or Light Truck) 49 49 BUSES (EXCLUDES VAN BASED BUSES WITH A GVWR ≤ 10,000 LBS.) 50 50 School Bus (Designed To Carry Students, Not Cross Country Or Transit) Cross Country/Intercity Bus (i.e., Greyhound) 51 51 Transit Bus (City Bus) 52 52 Van-Based Bus GVWR > 10,000 lbs. 55 55 Other Bus Type 58 58 59 59 Unknown Bus Type MEDIUM/HEAVY TRUCKS (GVWR > 10,000 LBS) 60 60 Step Van 61 61 Single-Unit Straight Truck or Cab-Chassis (10,000 lbs<GVWR< or =19,500 lbs) 62 Single-Unit Straight Truck or Cab-Chassis (19,500 lbs<GVWR< or =26,000 62 lbs) 63 63 Single-Unit Straight Truck or Cab-Chassis (GVWR>26,000 lbs) Single Unit Straight Truck or Cab-Chassis (GVWR unknown) 64 64 Truck-Tractor (Cab Only, Or With Any Number Of Trailing Units; Any Weight) 66 66 Medium/Heavy Pickup (GVWR > 10,000 lbs) 67 67 Unknown if Single-Unit or Combination-Unit Medium Truck (10,000 lbs < 71 71 GVWR < 26,000 lbs) 72 Unknown if Single-Unit or Combination-Unit Heavy Truck (GVWR>26,000 72 78 78 Unknown Medium/Heavy Truck Type Unknown Truck Type (Light/Medium/Heavy) 79 79 **MOTOR HOMES** 42 42 Light Truck Based Motor Home (Chassis Mounted) Medium/Heavy Truck-Based Motor Home 65 65 Camper or Motor Home, Unknown Truck Type 73 73 MOTORED CYCLES, MOPEDS, ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLES, ALL-TERRAIN CYCLES 80 Motorcycle Two Wheel Motorcycle (excluding motor scooters) --80 Moped (Motorized Bicycle) 81 Moped or Motorized Bicycle 81

# V11 Body Type (continued)

# **Attribute Codes**

2016	2017- Later			
82		Three Wheeled Motorcycle Or Moped		
	82	Three-wheel Motorcycle (2 Rear Wheels)		
83		Off-Road Motorcycle (2-Wheel)		
	83	Off-Road Motorcycle		
	84	Motor Scooter		
	85	Unenclosed Three Wheel Motorcycle / Unenclosed Autocycle (1 Rear Wheel)		
	86	Enclosed Three Wheel Motorcycle / Enclosed Autocycle (1 Rear Wheel)		
	87	Unknown Three Wheel Motorcycle Type		
88		Other Motored Cycle Type (Minibike, Motor Scooter, Pocket Motorcycles, Pocket Bikes)		
	88	Other Motored Cycle Type (Mini-bikes, Pocket Motorcycles, "Pocket Bikes")		
89	89	Unknown Motored Cycle Type		
90	90	ATV (All-Terrain Vehicle) / ATC (All-Terrain Cycle)		
OTHER VEHICLES				
91	91	Snowmobile		
92	92	Farm Equipment Other Than Trucks		
93	93	Construction Equipment Other Than Trucks (Includes Graders)		
94	94	Low Speed Vehicle (LSV)/Neighborhood Electric Vehicle (NEV)		
95	95	Golf Cart		
	96	Recreational Off-Highway Vehicle (ROV)		
97	97	Other Vehicle Type (Includes Go-Cart, Fork-Lift, City Street Sweeper)		
98	98	Not Reported		
99	99	Unknown Body Type		

# V12 Vehicle Model Year

**Definition:** This data element identifies the manufacturer's model year of this vehicle.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more

information.

SAS Name: PMODYEAR

**Attribute Codes** 

## 2016-Later

xxxx Actual Model Year 9998 Not Reported 9999 Unknown

# V13 Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)

**Definition:** This data element records the vehicle identification number (VIN) of this vehicle assigned by the vehicle manufacturer. The VIN contains information on the vehicle such as: manufacturer, model year, model, body type, restraint type, etc.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more

information.

SAS Name: PVIN Attribute Codes

2016-Later

00000000000 No VIN Required

xxxxxxxxxxx First 12 Characters of the VIN

88888888888 Not Reported 99999999999 Unknown

# V14 Vehicle Trailing

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether this vehicle had any attached trailing units or was towing another motor vehicle. A trailing unit can be a horse trailer, fifth wheel trailer, camper, boat, truck trailer, towed vehicle or any other trailer.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

**SAS Name: PTRAILER** 

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Trailing Units
- 1 Yes, One Trailing Unit
- 2 Yes, Two Trailing Units
- 3 Yes, Three or More Trailing Units
- 4 Yes, Number of Trailing Units Unknown
- 5 Vehicle Towing Another Motor Vehicle Fixed Linkage
- 6 Vehicle Towing Another Motor Vehicle Non-fixed Linkage
- 9 Unknown

## V15 Trailer Vehicle Identification Number

**Definition:** This data element records the vehicle identification number (VIN) of any trailing units of a combination vehicle.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more

information.

SAS Name: PTRLR1VIN, PTRLR2VIN, PTRLR3VIN

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

00000000000 No VIN Required xxxxxxxxxxx First 12 Characters of the VIN

77777777777 No Trailing Units 8888888888 Not Reported 9999999999 Unknown

# V17 Motor Carrier Identification Number (MCID)

**Definition:** This data element records the issuing authority and motor carrier identification number if applicable to this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** This 11-character data element is the combination of two data elements, the 2-digit Motor Carrier Issuing Authority code (MCARR\_I1) followed by the 9-character Identification Number (MCARR\_I2).

See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PMCARR\_ID

#### **Attribute Codes**

## 2016-Later

xxxxxxxxxxx 11-Character Combination of MCARR\_I1 followed by MCARR\_I2

0000000000 Not Applicable 7777777777 Not Reported

8888888888 None 9999999999 Unknown

# **V17A** MCID Issuing Authority

**Definition:** This data element records the issuing authority if applicable to this vehicle. **Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more

information.

SAS Name: PMCARR\_I1

## **Attribute Codes**

0	Not Applicable
1-56	CRSS State Code
57	US DOT
58	MC/MX (ICC)
77	Not Reported
88	None
95	Canada
96	Mexico
99	Unknown

# **V17B** MCID Identification Number

**Definition:** This data element records the motor carrier identification number if applicable to

this vehicle.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more

information.

SAS Name: PMCARR\_I2

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

xxxxxxxx Actual 9-Digit Number 000000000 Not Applicable

77777777 Not Reported

888888888 None 99999999 Unknown

# V18 Gross Vehicle Weight Rating

**Definition:** This data element identifies the gross vehicle weight rating of this vehicle if applicable.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more

information.

SAS Name: PGVWR

# **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not Applicable
- 1 10,000 lbs or Less
- 2 10,001 lbs 26,000 lbs
- 3 26,001 lbs or More
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

# V19 Vehicle Configuration

**Definition:** This data element describes the general configuration of this vehicle if applicable.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more

information.

SAS Name: PV\_CONFIG

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not Applicable
- 1 Single-Unit Truck (2 axles and GVWR more than 10,000 lbs.)
- 2 Single-Unit Truck (3 or More axles)
- 4 Truck Pulling Trailer(s)
- 5 Truck Tractor (Bobtail, i.e., Tractor Only, No Trailer)
- 6 Truck Tractor/Semi-Trailer
- 7 Truck Tractor/Double
- 8 Truck Tractor/Triple
- 10 Vehicle 10,000 lbs or Less Placarded for Hazardous Materials
- 19 Truck More than 10,000 lbs, Cannot Classify
- 20 Bus/Large Van (Seats for 9-15 Occupants, Including Driver)
- 21 Bus (Seats for More Than 15 Occupants, Including Driver)
- 99 Unknown

# V20 Cargo Body Type

**Definition:** This data element identifies the primary cargo carrying capability of this vehicle if applicable.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

**SAS Name: PCARGTYP** 

# **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not Applicable
- 1 Van/Enclosed Box
- 2 Cargo Tank
- 3 Flatbed
- 4 Dump
- 5 Concrete Mixer
- 6 Auto Transporter
- 7 Garbage/Refuse
- 8 Grain/Chips/Gravel
- 9 Pole-Trailer
- 10 Log
- 11 Intermodal Container Chassis
- 12 Vehicle Towing Another Vehicle
- 22 Bus
- 96 No Cargo Body
- 97 Other
- 98 Unknown Cargo Body Type
- 99 Unknown

## **V21A/HM1** Hazardous Materials Involvement

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether this vehicle was carrying hazardous materials.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more

information.

SAS Name: PHAZ\_INV

**Attribute Codes** 

#### 2016-Later

1 No

2 Yes

## V21B/HM2 Hazardous Materials Placard

**Definition:** This data element identifies the presence of hazardous materials for this vehicle and whether this vehicle displayed a hazardous materials placard.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PHAZPLAC

# **Attribute Codes**

## 2016-Later

- 0 Not Applicable
- 1 No
- 2 Yes
- 8 Not Reported

## **V21C/HM3** Hazardous Material Identification Number

**Definition:** This data element identifies the 4-digit hazardous material identification number for this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PHAZ ID

## **Attribute Codes**

# 2016-Later

0 Not Applicable

xxxx Actual 4-Digit Number

8888 Not Reported

## V21D/HM4 Hazardous Material Class Number

**Definition:** This data element identifies the single-digit hazardous material class number for this vehicle.

Additional Information: See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more

information.

SAS Name: PHAZ\_CNO

## **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 0 Not Applicable
- 1 Explosives
- 2 Gases
- 3 Flammable / Combustible Liquid
- 4 Flammable Solid, Spontaneously Combustible, and Dangerous When Wet
- 5 Oxidizer and Organic Peroxide
- 6 Poison and Poison Inhalation Hazard
- 7 Radioactive
- 8 Corrosive
- 9 Miscellaneous
- 88 Not Reported

# **V21E/HM5** Release of Hazardous Material from the Cargo Compartment

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether any hazardous cargo was released from the cargo tank or compartment of this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PHAZ REL

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not Applicable
- 1 No
- 2 Yes
- 8 Not Reported

## V22 Bus Use

**Definition:** This data element describes the common type of bus service this vehicle was being used as at the time of the crash or the primary use for the bus if not in service at the time of the crash.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PBUS\_USE

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not a Bus
- 1 School
- 4 Intercity
- 5 Charter/Tour
- 6 Transit/Commuter
- 7 Shuttle
- 8 Modified for Personal/Private Use
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

## V23 Special Use

**Definition:** This data element identifies any special use associated with this vehicle at the time of the crash.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PSP USE

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Special Use
- 1 Taxi
- 2 Vehicle Used for School Transport
- 3 Vehicle Used as Other Bus
- 4 Military
- 5 Police
- 6 Ambulance
- 7 Fire Truck
- 8 Non-Transport Emergency Services Vehicle
- 13 Incident Response
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

## V24 Emergency Use

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether this vehicle was engaged in emergency use. Emergency Use indicates operation of any motor vehicle that is legally authorized by a government authority to respond to emergencies with or without the use of emergency warning equipment, such as a police vehicle, fire truck or ambulance while actually engaged in such response.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PEM USE

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not Applicable
- 2 Non-Emergency, Non-Transport
- 3 Non-Emergency Transport
- 4 Emergency Operation, Emergency Warning Equipment Not In Use
- 5 Emergency Operation, Emergency Warning Equipment In Use
- 6 Emergency Operation, Emergency Warning Equipment in Use Unknown
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

## **V29A** Initial Contact Point

**Definition:** This data element identifies the area on this vehicle that produced the first instance of injury to non-motorists or occupants of this vehicle, or that resulted in the first instance of damage to other property or to this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PIMPACT1

## **Attribute Codes**

2016	2017- Later	
0	0	Non-Collision
1-12	1-12	Clock points
13	13	Тор
14	14	Undercarriage
18	18	Cargo/Vehicle Parts Set-In-Motion
19	19	Other Objects Set-In-Motion
	20	Object Set in Motion, Unknown if Cargo/Vehicle Parts or Other
61	61	Left
62	62	Left-Front Side
63	63	Left-Back Side
81	81	Right
82	82	Right-Front Side
83	83	Right-Back Side
98	98	Not Reported
99	99	Unknown

## V30 Extent of Damage

**Definition:** This data element records the amount of damage sustained by this vehicle as indicated on the police crash report based on an operational damage scale.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PVEH\_SEV

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Damage
- 2 Minor Damage
- 4 Functional Damage
- 6 Disabling Damage
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

## V31 Vehicle Removal

**Definition:** This data element describes the mode by which this vehicle left the scene of the crash.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

**SAS Name: PTOWED** 

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 2 Towed Due to Disabling Damage
- 3 Towed Not Due to Disabling Damage
- 5 Not Towed
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

#### V33 Most Harmful Event

**Definition:** This data element describes the event that resulted in the most severe injury or, if no injury, the greatest property damage involving this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PM HARM

#### **Attribute Codes**

2017-

#### 2016 Later

#### NONCOLLISION

- 1 1 Rollover/Overturn
- 2 2 Fire/Explosion
- 3 Immersion or Partial Immersion
- 4 4 Gas Inhalation
- 5 5 Fell/Jumped from Vehicle
- 6 Injured in Vehicle (Non-Collision)
- 7 Other Noncollision
- 16 Thrown or Falling Object
- 44 Pavement Surface Irregularity (Ruts, Potholes, Grates, etc.)
- 51 51 Jackknife (Harmful to This Vehicle)
- 72 Cargo/Equipment Loss or Shift (Harmful to This Vehicle)

## COLLISION WITH MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT

- 12 12 Motor Vehicle In-Transport
- 54 Motor Vehicle In-Transport Strikes or is Struck by Cargo, Persons or Objects Set-in-Motion from/by Another Motor Vehicle In-Transport
- 55 55 Motor Vehicle in Motion Outside the Trafficway

#### COLLISION WITH OBJECT NOT FIXED

- 8 8 Pedestrian
- 9 Pedalcyclist
- 10 10 Railway Vehicle
- 11 11 Live Animal
- 14 14 Parked Motor Vehicle
- 15 Non-Motorist on Personal Conveyance
- 45 45 Working Motor Vehicle
- 49 49 Ridden Animal or Animal Drawn Conveyance
- 73 Object That Had Fallen From Motor Vehicle In-Transport
- 74 74 Road Vehicle on Rails
  - -- 91 Unknown Object Not Fixed

## V33 Most Harmful Event(continued)

## **Attribute Codes**

2017-2016 Later

CO	LLISION	WITH FIXED OBJECT
17	17	Boulder
19	19	Building
20	20	Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion
21	21	Bridge Pier or Support
23	23	Bridge Rail (Includes Parapet)
24	24	Guardrail Face
25	25	Concrete Traffic Barrier
26	26	Other Traffic Barrier
30	30	Utility Pole/Light Support
31	31	Post, Pole or Other Support
32	32	Culvert
33	33	Curb
34	34	Ditch
35	35	Embankment
38	38	Fence
39	39	Wall
40	40	Fire Hydrant
41	41	Shrubbery
42	42	Tree (Standing Only)
43	43	Other Fixed Object
46	46	Traffic Signal Support
48	48	Snow Bank
50	50	Bridge Overhead Structure
52	52	Guardrail End
53	53	Mail Box
57	57	Cable Barrier
58	58	Ground
59	59	Traffic Sign Support
	93	Unknown Fixed Object

99

99

Unknown

## V34 Related Factors- Vehicle Level

**Definition:** This data element records factors related to this vehicle expressed by the investigating officer.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PVEH\_SC1, PVEH\_SC2

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 None
- 30 Multi-Wheeled Motorcycle Conversion
- 33 Vehicle Being Pushed by Non-Motorist
- 35 Reconstructed/Altered Vehicle
- 39 Highway Construction, Maintenance or Utility Vehicle, In Transport (Inside or Outside Work Zone)
- 40 Highway Incident Response Vehicle
- 41 Police Fire or EMS Vehicle Working at the Scene of an Emergency or Performing Other Traffic Control Activities
- 42 Other Working Vehicle (Not Construction, Maintenance, Utility, Police, Fire, or EMS Vehicle)
- 44 Adaptive Equipment
- 99 Unknown

## V35 Fire Occurrence

**Definition:** This data element identifies whether a fire in any way related to the crash occurred in this vehicle.

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PFIRE

**Attribute Codes** 

## 2016-Later

0 No or Not Reported

1 Yes

## V100 Make Model Combined

**Definition:** This derived data element represents the 5-digit combination of two data elements, the 2-digit "Vehicle Make" code (MAKE) followed by the 3-digit "Vehicle Model" code (MODEL).

**Additional Information:** See this data element in the Vehicle data file section for more information.

SAS Name: PMAK MOD

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

See the current <u>FARS/CRSS Coding and Validation Manual</u> for vehicle make and model codes.

## The PBTYPE Data File

The Pbtype data file includes data on pedestrians, bicyclists, and people on personal conveyances. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, VEH\_NO and PER\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The Pbtype data file also contains the data elements on the following pages.

CASENUM, VEH\_NO and PER\_NO are the unique identifiers. CASENUM should be used to merge the Pbtype data file with the Accident data file.

## P5/NM5 Age

**Definition:** This data element identifies the person's age, in years, with respect to the person's last birthday.

## **Additional Information:**

**SAS Name: PBAGE** 

## **Attribute Codes**

## 2016-Later

0 Less than One Year

1-120 Age of the Individual in Years

998 Not Reported 999 Unknown

## P6/NM6 Sex

**Definition:** This data element identifies the sex of the person involved in the crash

**Additional Information:** 

SAS Name: PBSEX

**Attribute Codes** 

- 1 Male
- 2 Female
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

## P7/NM7 Person Type

**Definition:** This data element describes the role of this person involved in the crash.

Additional Information: SAS Name: PBPTYPE

**Attribute Codes** 

- 5 Pedestrian6 Bicyclist
- 7 Other Cyclist
- 8 Person on Personal Conveyances

## NM9-PB27 Marked Crosswalk Present

**Definition:** This data element indicates if a marked crosswalk was present at the crash site. **Additional Information:** This data element is applicable to both pedestrians and bicyclists.

**SAS Name: PBCWALK** 

**Attribute Codes** 

- 0 None Noted
- 1 Yes
- 9 Unknown

## NM9-PB28 Sidewalk Present

**Definition:** This data element indicates if a sidewalk was present at the crash site.

**Additional Information:** This data element is applicable to both pedestrians and bicyclists.

SAS Name: PBSWALK

**Attribute Codes** 

## 2016-Later

0 None Noted

1 Yes

9 Unknown

## NM9-PB29 School Zone

**Definition:** This data element indicates if the crash occurred in a school zone.

Additional Information: This data element is applicable to both pedestrians and bicyclists.

**SAS Name: PBSZONE** 

**Attribute Codes** 

## 2016-Later

0 None Noted

1 Yes

9 Unknown

## NM9-PB30 Crash Type – Pedestrian

**Definition:** This data element summarizes the circumstances of the crash for this pedestrian.

Additional Information: This data element is applicable to pedestrians only.

**SAS Name: PEDCTYPE** 

**Attribute Codes** 

2016	2017- Later	
		Not a Dadactrian
0 120	0 120	Not a Pedestrian
130	130	Dispute-Related Pedestrian on Vehicle
140	140	Vehicle-Vehicle/Object
150	150	Motor Vehicle Loss of Control
160	160	Pedestrian Loss of Control
190	190	Other Unusual Circumstances
211	211	Backing Vehicle – Non-Trafficway – Driveway
212	212	Backing Vehicle – Driveway Access
213	213	Backing Vehicle – Trafficway
214	214	Backing Vehicle – Non-Trafficway – Parking Lot
219	219	Backing Vehicle – Other/Unknown
220	220	Driverless Vehicle
230	230	Disabled Vehicle-Related
240	240	Emergency Vehicle-Related
250	250	Play Vehicle-Related
311	311	Working in Roadway
312	312	Playing in Roadway
313	313	Lying in Roadway
320	320	Entering/Exiting Parked or Stopped Vehicle
330	330	Mailbox-Related
341		Transit Bus-Related
	341	Transit Bus Stop-Related
342	342	School Bus Stop-Related
360	360	Ice Cream/Vendor Truck-Related
410	410	Walking/Running Along Roadway With Traffic – From Behind
420	420	Walking/Running Along Roadway With Traffic – From Front
430	430	Walking/Running Along Roadway Against Traffic – From Behind
440	440	Walking/Running Along Roadway Against Traffic – From Front
459	459	Walking/Running Along Roadway – Direction/Position Unknown
461	461	Motorist Entering Driveway
465	465	Motorist Exiting Driveway
469	469	Driveway Access – Other/Unknown
510	510	Waiting to Cross – Vehicle Turning
520	520	Waiting to Cross – Vehicle Not Turning
590 610	590 610	Waiting to Cross – Vehicle Action Unknown
610 620	610 620	Standing in Roadway
680	680	Walking in Roadway Not At Intersection – Other/Unknown
690	690	At Intersection – Other/Unknown
030	090	At IIITE 3ECTION - OTHER OHIVIOWIL

## NM9-PB30 Crash Type – Pedestrian (continued)

## **Attribute Codes**

2016	2017- Later	
710	710	Multiple Threat
730	730	Trapped
741	741	Dash
742	742	Dart-Out
760	760	Pedestrian Failed to Yield
770	770	Motorist Failed to Yield
781	781	Motorist Left Turn – Parallel Paths
782	782	Motorist Left Turn – Perpendicular Paths
791	791	Motorist Right Turn – Parallel Paths
792	792	Motorist Right Turn on Red – Parallel Paths
794	794	Motorist Right Turn on Red – Perpendicular Paths
795	795	Motorist Right Turn – Perpendicular Paths
799	799	Motorist Turn/Merge – Other/Unknown
830	830	Non-Trafficway – Parking Lot
890	890	Non-Trafficway – Other/Unknown
900	900	Other – Unknown Location
910	910	Crossing an Expressway

## NM9-PB30B Crash Type – Bicycle

**Definition:** This data element summarizes the circumstances of the crash for this bicyclist.

**Additional Information:** This data element is applicable to bicyclists only.

**SAS Name: BIKECTYPE** 

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not a Cyclist
- 111 Motorist Turning Error Left Turn
- 112 Motorist Turning Error Right Turn
- 113 Motorist Turning Error Other
- 114 Bicyclist Turning Error Left Turn
- 115 Bicyclist Turning Error Right Turn
- 116 Bicyclist Turning Error Other
- 121 Bicyclist Lost Control Mechanical Problems
- 122 Bicyclist Lost Control Oversteering, Improper Braking, Speed
- 123 Bicyclist Lost Control Alcohol/Drug Impairment
- 124 Bicyclist Lost Control Surface Conditions
- 129 Bicyclist Lost Control Other/Unknown
- 131 Motorist Lost Control Mechanical Problems
- 132 Motorist Lost Control Oversteering, Improper Braking, Speed
- 133 Motorist Lost Control Alcohol/Drug Impairment
- 134 Motorist Lost Control Surface Conditions
- 139 Motorist Lost Control Other/Unknown
- 141 Motorist Drive-Out Sign-Controlled Intersection
- 142 Bicyclist Ride-Out Sign-Controlled Intersection
- 143 Motorist Drive-Through Sign-Controlled Intersection
- 144 Bicyclist Ride-Through Sign-Controlled Intersection
- 147 Multiple Threat Sign-Controlled Intersection
- 148 Sign-Controlled Intersection Other/Unknown
- 151 Motorist Drive-Out Right Turn on Red
- 152 Motorist Drive-Out Signalized Intersection
- 153 Bicyclist Ride-Out Signalized Intersection
- 154 Motorist Drive-Through Signalized Intersection
- 155 Bicyclist Ride-Through Signalized Intersection
- 156 Bicyclist Failed to Clear Trapped
- 157 Bicyclist Failed to Clear Multiple Threat
- 158 Signalized Intersection Other/Unknown
- 159 Bicyclist Failed to Clear Unknown
- 160 Crossing Paths Uncontrolled Intersection
- 180 Crossing Paths Intersection Other/Unknown
- 211 Motorist Left Turn Same Direction
- 212 Motorist Left Turn Opposite Direction
- 213 Motorist Right Turn Same Direction
- 214 Motorist Right Turn Opposite Direction
- 215 Motorist Drive-In/Out Parking

## NM9-PB30B Crash Type – Bicycle (continued)

## **Attribute Codes**

- 216 Bus/Delivery Vehicle Pullover
- 217 Motorist Right Turn on Red Same Direction
- 218 Motorist Right Turn on Red Opposite Direction
- 219 Motorist Turn/Merge Other/Unknown
- 221 Bicyclist Left Turn Same Direction
- 222 Bicyclist Left Turn Opposite Direction
- 223 Bicyclist Right Turn Same Direction
- 224 Bicyclist Right Turn Opposite Direction
- 225 Bicyclist Ride-out Parallel Path
- 231 Motorist Overtaking Undetected Bicyclist
- 232 Motorist Overtaking Misjudged Space
- 235 Motorist Overtaking Bicyclist Swerved
- 239 Motorist Overtaking Other/Unknown
- 241 Bicyclist Overtaking Passing on Right
- 242 Bicyclist Overtaking Passing on Left
- 243 Bicyclist Overtaking Parked Vehicle
- 244 Bicyclist Overtaking Extended Door
- 249 Bicyclist Overtaking Other/Unknown
- 250 Wrong-Way/Wrong-Side Bicyclist
- 255 Wrong-Way/Wrong-Side Motorist
- 259 Wrong-Way/Wrong-Side Unknown
- 280 Parallel Paths Other/Unknown
- 311 Bicyclist Ride-Out Residential Driveway
- 312 Bicyclist Ride-Out Commercial Driveway
- 313 Bicyclist Ride-Out Driveway, Unknown Type
- 318 Bicyclist Ride-Out Other Midblock
- 319 Bicyclist Ride-Out Unknown
- 321 Motorist Drive-Out Residential Driveway
- 322 Motorist Drive-Out Commercial Driveway
- 323 Motorist Drive-Out Driveway, Unknown Type
- 328 Motorist Drive-Out Other Midblock
- 329 Motorist Drive-Out Midblock Unknown
- 357 Multiple Threat Midblock
- 380 Crossing Paths Midblock Other/Unknown
- 610 Backing Vehicle
- 700 Play Vehicle-Related
- 800 Unusual Circumstances
- 910 Non-Trafficway
- 970 Unknown Approach Paths
- 980 Unknown Location

## NM9-PB31 Crash Location – Pedestrian

**Definition:** This data element identifies where the pedestrian crash occurred with respect to an intersection.

Additional Information: This data element is applicable to pedestrians only.

**SAS Name: PEDLOC** 

**Attribute Codes** 

#### 2016-Later

- 1 At Intersection
- 2 Intersection-Related
- 3 Not At Intersection
- 4 Non-Trafficway Location
- 7 Not a Pedestrian
- 9 Unknown/Insufficient Information

## NM9-PB31B Crash Location - Bicycle

**Definition:** This data element identifies where the bicyclist crash occurred with respect to an

intersection.

**Additional Information:** This data element is applicable to bicyclists only.

**SAS Name: BIKELOC** 

## **Attribute Codes**

## 2016-Later

- 1 At Intersection
- 2 Intersection-Related
- 3 Not At Intersection
- 4 Non-Trafficway Location
- 7 Not a Cyclist
- 9 Unknown/Insufficient Information

#### NM9-PB32 Pedestrian Position

**Definition:** This data element identifies the position/location of the pedestrian with respect to the trafficway when contacted.

**Additional Information:** This data element is applicable to pedestrians only.

**SAS Name: PEDPOS** 

## **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 1 Intersection Area
- 2 Crosswalk Area
- 3 Travel Lane
- 4 Paved Shoulder/Bicycle Lane/Parking Lane
- 5 Sidewalk/Shared-Use Path/Driveway Access
- 6 Unpaved Right-of-Way
- 7 Non-Trafficway Driveway
- 8 Non-Trafficway Parking Lot/Other
- 9 Other/Unknown
- 77 Not a Pedestrian

## NM9-PB32B Bicyclist Position

**Definition:** This data element identifies the position/location of the bicyclist with respect to the trafficway when contacted.

**Additional Information:** This data element is applicable to bicyclists only.

**SAS Name: BIKEPOS** 

## **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 1 Travel Lane
- 2 Bicycle Lane/Paved Shoulder/Parking Lane
- 3 Sidewalk/Crosswalk/Driveway Access
- 4 Shared-Use Path
- 5 Non-Trafficway Driveway
- 6 Non-Trafficway Parking Lot/Other
- 7 Not a Cyclist
- 8 Other
- 9 Unknown

## NM9-PB33 Pedestrian Initial Direction of Travel

**Definition:** This data element identifies the initial direction of travel of the pedestrian prior to being contacted in the crash.

Additional Information: This data element is applicable to pedestrians only.

SAS Name: PEDDIR

## **Attribute Codes**

2016	2017- Later	
1	1	Northbound
2	2	Eastbound
3	3	Southbound
4	4	Westbound
7	7	Not a Pedestrian
8	8	Not Applicable
9		Unknown Initial Direction of Travel
	9	Not Derived / Unknown Initial Direction of Travel

## NM9-PB33B Bicyclist Initial Direction of Travel

**Definition:** This data element identifies the initial travel direction of the bicyclist with respect to the flow of traffic prior to being contacted in the crash.

**Additional Information:** This data element is applicable to bicyclists only.

**SAS Name: BIKEDIR** 

## **Attribute Codes**

- 1 With Traffic
- 2 Facing Traffic
- 3 Not Applicable
- 7 Not a Cyclist
- 9 Unknown

## NM9-PB34 Motorist Initial Direction of Travel

**Definition:** This data element identifies the initial direction of travel of the motorist prior to being involved in a pedestrian crash.

**Additional Information:** This data element is applicable to pedestrians only.

**SAS Name: MOTDIR** 

## **Attribute Codes**

- 1 Northbound
- 2 Eastbound
- 3 Southbound
- 4 Westbound
- 7 Not a Pedestrian
- 8 Not Applicable
- 9 Unknown Initial Direction of Travel

## NM9-PB35 Motorist Maneuver

**Definition:** This data element identifies if the motorist was engaged in a turning maneuver at an intersection prior to being involved in a pedestrian crash. The data element indicates the maneuver being made by the motorist at the time of a pedestrian collision.

**Additional Information:** This data element is applicable to pedestrians only.

**SAS Name: MOTMAN** 

## **Attribute Codes**

- 1 Left Turn
- 2 Right Turn
- 3 Straight Through
- 7 Not a Pedestrian
- 8 Not Applicable
- 9 Unknown Motorist Maneuver

## NM9-PB36 Intersection Leg

**Definition:** The data element identifies the leg of the intersection where the pedestrian crash

occurred.

**Additional Information:** This data element is applicable to pedestrians only.

**SAS Name: PEDLEG** 

## **Attribute Codes**

- 1 Nearside
- 2 Farside
- 7 Not a Pedestrian
- 8 Not Applicable
- 9 Unknown/None of the Above

#### NM9-PB37 Pedestrian Scenario

**Definition:** This data element identifies the location and travel directions of the motorist and pedestrian for those crashes that occur at intersections. This data element summarizes the movements of the pedestrian and motorist in an intersection area.

**Additional Information:** This data element is applicable to pedestrians only.

SAS Name: PEDSNR

#### **Attribute Codes**

2017-

2016 Later

# MOTORIST TRAVELING STRAIGHT THROUGH – CRASH OCCURRED ON NEAR (APPROACH) SIDE OF INTERSECTION

- 1a 1a Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Left.
- 1b 1b Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Right.
- 1c 1c Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Unknown.
- -- 1d Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Other
- 2a Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Left.
- 2b Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Right.
- 2c 2c Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Unknown.
- -- 2d Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Other

# MOTORIST TRAVELING STRAIGHT THROUGH – CRASH OCCURRED ON FAR SIDE OF INTERSECTION

- 3a Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Left.
- 3b 3b Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Right.
- 3c 3c Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Unknown.
- -- 3d Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Other
- 4a 4a Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Left.
- 4b 4b Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Right.
- 4c 4c Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Unknown.
- -- 4d Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area. Other

# MOTORIST TURNING RIGHT – CRASH OCCURRED ON NEAR (APPROACH) SIDE OF INTERSECTION

- 5a 5a Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Left.
- 5b Fedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Right.
- 5c 5c Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Unknown.
- -- 5d Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area. Other
- 6a Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Left.
- 6b 6b Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Right.
- 6c 6c Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Unknown.
- -- 6d Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Other

## NM9-PB37 Pedestrian Scenario (continued)

#### **Attribute Codes**

2017-

2016 Later

#### MOTORIST TURNING RIGHT - CRASH OCCURRED ON FAR SIDE OF INTERSECTION

- 7a Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Same as Motorist's.
- 7b Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Opposite Motorist's.
- 7c 7c Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Unknown.
- -- 7d Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Other
- 8a Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Same as Motorist's.
- 8b 8b Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Opposite Motorist's.
- 8c 8c Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Unknown.
- -- 8d Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Other

# MOTORIST TURNING LEFT – CRASH OCCURRED ON NEAR (APPROACH) SIDE OF INTERSECTION

9a	9a	Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Left.
----	----	--

- 9b 9b Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Right.
- 9c 9c Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Unknown.
- -- 9d Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Other
- 10a 10a Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Left.
- 10b 10b Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Traveled From Motorist's Right.
- 10c 10c Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Unknown.
- -- 10d Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Other

#### MOTORIST TURNING LEFT - CRASH OCCURRED ON FAR SIDE OF INTERSECTION

- 11a 11a Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Same as Motorist's.
- 11b Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Opposite Motorist's.
- 11c 11c Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Unknown.
- -- 11d Pedestrian Within Crosswalk Area, Other
- 12a 12a Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Same as Motorist's.
- 12b 12b Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Opposite Motorist's.
- 12c 12c Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Approach Direction Unknown.
- -- 12d Pedestrian Outside Crosswalk Area, Other
- 7 Not a Pedestrian
- 8 Not Applicable
- -- 99 Unknown/Insufficient Information

## NM9-PB38 Crash Group – Pedestrian

**Definition:** This data element provides general groupings of the more specific individual

Pedestrian Crash Types.

Additional Information: This data element is applicable to pedestrians only.

SAS Name: PEDCGP

## **Attribute Codes**

2016	2017- Later	
0	0	Not a Pedestrian
100	100	Unusual Circumstances
200	200	Backing Vehicle
310	310	Working or Playing in Roadway
340		Bus-Related
	340	Bus Stop-Related
350	350	Unique Midblock
400	400	Walking/Running Along Roadway
460	460	Driveway Access/ Driveway Access Related
500	500	Waiting to Cross
600	600	Pedestrian in Roadway – Circumstances Unknown
720	720	Multiple Threat/Trapped
740	740	Dash/Dart-Out
750	750	Crossing Roadway – Vehicle Not Turning
790	790	Crossing Roadway – Vehicle Turning
800	800	Non-Trafficway
910	910	Crossing Expressway
990	990	Other/Unknown - Insufficient Details

## NM9-PB38B Crash Group – Bicycle

**Definition:** This data element provides general groupings of the more specific individual Bicyclist Crash Types.

Additional Information: This data element is applicable to bicyclists only.

SAS Name: BIKECGP

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not a Cyclist
- 110 Loss of Control/Turning Error
- 140 Motorist Failed to Yield Sign-Controlled Intersection
- 145 Bicyclist Failed to Yield Sign-Controlled Intersection
- 150 Motorist Failed to Yield Signalized Intersection
- 158 Bicyclist Failed to Yield Signalized Intersection
- 190 Crossing Paths Other Circumstances
- 210 Motorist Left Turn/Merge
- 215 Motorist Right Turn/Merge
- 219 Parking/Bus-Related
- 220 Bicyclist Left Turn/Merge
- 225 Bicyclist Right Turn/Merge
- 230 Motorist Overtaking Bicyclist
- 240 Bicyclist Overtaking Motorist
- 258 Wrong-Way/Wrong-Side
- 290 Parallel Paths Other Circumstances
- 310 Bicyclist Failed to Yield Midblock
- 320 Motorist Failed to Yield Midblock
- 600 Backing Vehicle
- 850 Other/Unusual Circumstances
- 910 Non-Trafficway
- 990 Other/Unknown Insufficient Details

## The CEVENT Data File

The Cevent data file includes harmful and non-harmful events in the crash. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, and EVENTNUM, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The Cevent data file also contains the data elements on the following pages.

CASENUM and EVENTNUM are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM should be used to merge the Cevent data file with the Accident data file.

## C18A Vehicle Number (This Vehicle)

**Definition:** This data element identifies the "Vehicle Number" (VEH\_NO) of this in-transport motor vehicle described in this event.

**Additional Information:** This is the vehicle described in "Sequence of Events" for this event.

SAS Name: VNUMBER1

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

1-999 Vehicle Number

# C18B Area of Impact (This Vehicle)

**Definition:** This data element identifies the impact point, if any, on this in-transport motor vehicle that produced property damage or personal injury in this event.

**Additional Information:** This is the impact area of the vehicle recorded in "Vehicle Number (This Vehicle)" and described in "Sequence of Events."

SAS Name: AOI1
Attribute Codes

	2017-	
2016	Later	
0	0	Non-Collision
1-12	1-12	Clock points
13	13	Тор
14	14	Undercarriage
18	18	Cargo/Vehicle Parts Set-In-Motion
19	19	Other Objects Set-In-Motion
	20	Object Set in Motion, Unknown if Cargo/Vehicle Parts or Other
55	55	Non-Harmful Event
61	61	Left
62	62	Left-Front Side
63	63	Left-Back Side
81	81	Right
82	82	Right-Front Side
83	83	Right-Back Side
98	98	Not Reported
99	99	Unknown

## V32 Sequence of Events

**Definition:** This data element describes this event. A motor vehicle traffic crash is a series of events resulting from an unstabilized situation. This series of harmful and non-harmful events is recorded in chronological order based on the police crash report narrative and diagram.

**Additional Information:** "First Harmful Event, Most Harmful Event," and the "Sequence of Events" data elements have the same harmful event attributes. "Sequence of Events" also has non-harmful event attributes.

SAS Name: SOE **Attribute Codes** 2017-2016 Later NON-HARMFUL EVENTS Cargo/Equipment Loss or Shift (non-harmful) 60 60 Equipment Failure (blown tire, brake failure, etc.) 61 61 62 62 Separation of Units Ran Off Roadway-Right 63 63 Ran Off Roadway-Left 64 64 Cross Median 65 65 66 Downhill Runaway 66 67 67 Vehicle Went Airborne Cross Centerline 68 68 69 Re-entering Roadway 69 70 70 Non-harmful, Swaying Trailer/Jackknife 71 **End Departure** 71 79 79 Ran off Roadway - Direction Unknown NON-COLLISION HARMFUL EVENTS 1 1 Rollover/Overturn 2 2 Fire/Explosion 3 3 Immersion or Partial Immersion 4 4 Gas Inhalation 5 5 Fell/Jumped from Vehicle 6 6 Injured in Vehicle (Non-Collision) 7 Other Noncollision 7 Thrown or Falling Object 16 16 Pavement Surface Irregularity (Ruts, Potholes, Grates, etc.) 44 44 Jackknife (Harmful to This Vehicle) 51 51 Cargo/Equipment Loss or Shift (Harmful to This Vehicle) 72 72 COLLISION WITH MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT 12 12 Motor Vehicle In-Transport 54 Motor Vehicle In-Transport Strikes or is Struck by Cargo, Persons or Objects 54 Set-in-Motion from/by Another Motor Vehicle In-Transport Motor Vehicle in Motion Outside the Trafficway 55 55

# V32 Sequence of Events (continued)

#### **Attribute Codes** 2017-Later COLLISION WITH OBJECT NOT FIXED Pedestrian Pedalcyclist Railway Vehicle Live Animal Parked Motor Vehicle Non-Motorist on Personal Conveyance Other Object Not Fixed Working Motor Vehicle Ridden Animal or Animal Drawn Conveyance Object That Had Fallen From Motor Vehicle In-Transport Road Vehicle on Rails Unknown Object Not Fixed **COLLISION WITH FIXED OBJECT** Boulder **Building** Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion Bridge Pier or Support Bridge Rail (Includes Parapet) **Guardrail Face** Concrete Traffic Barrier Other Traffic Barrier Utility Pole/Light Support Post, Pole or Other Support Culvert Curb Ditch **Embankment** Fence Wall Fire Hydrant Shrubbery Tree (Standing Only) Other Fixed Object **Traffic Signal Support Snow Bank Bridge Overhead Structure** Guardrail End Mail Box Cable Barrier Ground Traffic Sign Support **Unknown Fixed Object**

Unknown

# C18C Vehicle Number (Other Vehicle)

**Definition:** This data element identifies the "Vehicle Number" (VEH\_NO) of the other motor vehicle, if any, in this event.

**Additional Information:** This is the vehicle contacted by the motor vehicle in-transport recorded in "Vehicle Number (This Vehicle)." Another vehicle must have been involved in this event for this data element to be a valid vehicle number (i.e., "Sequence of Events" for this event must be 12, 14, 45, 54, or 55).

SAS Name: VNUMBER2

### **Attribute Codes**

1-999	Vehicle Number
5555	Non-Harmful Event
9999	Not a Motor Vehicle

# C18D Area of Impact (Other Vehicle)

**Definition:** This data element identifies the impact point on the other motor vehicle, if any, in this event.

**Additional Information:** This is the impact area of the vehicle recorded in "Vehicle Number (Other Vehicle)." Another vehicle must have been involved in this event for this data element to be a valid impact location (i.e., "Sequence of Events" for this event must be 12, 14, 45, 54, or 55).

SAS Name: AOI2

### **Attribute Codes**

2016	2017- Later	
0	0	Non-Collision
1-12	1-12	Clock points
13	13	Тор
14	14	Undercarriage
18	18	Cargo/Vehicle Parts Set-In-Motion
19	19	Other Objects Set-In-Motion
	20	Object Set in Motion, Unknown if Cargo/Vehicle Parts or Other
55	55	Non-Harmful Event
61	61	Left
62	62	Left-Front Side
63	63	Left-Back Side
81	81	Right
82	82	Right-Front Side
83	83	Right-Back Side
98	98	Not Reported
99	99	Unknown

### The VEVENT Data File

The Vevent data file includes harmful and non-harmful events for each in-transport motor vehicle. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, VEH\_NO, EVENTNUM, and VEVENTNUM, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The Vevent data file also contains the data elements on the following pages.

CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and VEVENTNUM are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Vevent data file with the Vehicle data file.

# C18A Vehicle Number (This Vehicle)

**Definition:** This data element identifies the "Vehicle Number" (VEH\_NO) of the in-transport motor vehicle described in this event.

**Additional Information:** This is the vehicle described in "Sequence of Events" for this event.

If Vehicle #1 (V1) impacts Vehicle #2 (V2), then we have at least 2 Vevent records.

Example:

<u>VEH NO</u>	<b>EVENTNUM</b>	VNUMBER1	SOE	<b>VNUMBER2</b>
1	1	1	12	2
2	1	1	12	2

The explanation of these 2 records is as follows:

V1 was involved in event 1 where V1 impacts V2 V2 was involved in event 1 where V1 impacts V2

SAS Name: VNUMBER1

**Attribute Codes** 

2016-Later

1-999 Vehicle Number

# C18B Area of Impact (This Vehicle)

**Definition:** This data element identifies the impact point, if any, on this in-transport motor vehicle that produced property damage or personal injury in this event.

# **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: AOI1

**Attribute Codes** 

2016	2017- Later	
0	0	Non-Collision
1-12	1-12	Clock points
13	13	Тор
14	14	Undercarriage
18	18	Cargo/Vehicle Parts Set-In-Motion
19	19	Other Objects Set-In-Motion
	20	Object Set in Motion, Unknown if Cargo/Vehicle Parts or Other
55	55	Non-Harmful Event
61	61	Left
62	62	Left-Front Side
63	63	Left-Back Side
81	81	Right
82	82	Right-Front Side
83	83	Right-Back Side
98	98	Not Reported
99	99	Unknown

## V32 Sequence of Events

**Definition:** This data element describes this event. A motor vehicle traffic crash is a series of events resulting from an unstabilized situation. This series of harmful and non-harmful events is recorded in chronological order based on the police crash report narrative and diagram.

**Additional Information:** "First Harmful Event, Most Harmful Event," and the "Sequence of Events" data elements have the same harmful event attributes. "Sequence of Events" also has non-harmful event attributes.

SAS Name: SOE **Attribute Codes** 2017-2016 Later NON-HARMFUL EVENTS Cargo/Equipment Loss or Shift (non-harmful) 60 60 Equipment Failure (blown tire, brake failure, etc.) 61 61 62 62 Separation of Units Ran Off Roadway-Right 63 63 Ran Off Roadway-Left 64 64 Cross Median 65 65 66 Downhill Runaway 66 67 67 Vehicle Went Airborne Cross Centerline 68 68 69 Re-entering Roadway 69 70 70 Non-harmful, Swaying Trailer/Jackknife **End Departure** 71 71 79 79 Ran off Roadway - Direction Unknown NON-COLLISION HARMFUL EVENTS 1 1 Rollover/Overturn 2 2 Fire/Explosion 3 3 Immersion or Partial Immersion 4 4 Gas Inhalation 5 5 Fell/Jumped from Vehicle 6 6 Injured in Vehicle (Non-Collision) 7 Other Noncollision 7 Thrown or Falling Object 16 16 Pavement Surface Irregularity (Ruts, Potholes, Grates, etc.) 44 44 Jackknife (Harmful to This Vehicle) 51 51 Cargo/Equipment Loss or Shift (Harmful to This Vehicle) 72 72 COLLISION WITH MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT 12 12 Motor Vehicle In-Transport 54 Motor Vehicle In-Transport Strikes or is Struck by Cargo, Persons or Objects 54 Set-in-Motion from/by Another Motor Vehicle In-Transport Motor Vehicle in Motion Outside the Trafficway 55 55

# V32 Sequence of Events (continued)

#### **Attribute Codes** 2017-Later COLLISION WITH OBJECT NOT FIXED Pedestrian Pedalcyclist Railway Vehicle Live Animal Parked Motor Vehicle Non-Motorist on Personal Conveyance Other Object Not Fixed Working Motor Vehicle Ridden Animal or Animal Drawn Conveyance Object That Had Fallen From Motor Vehicle In-Transport Road Vehicle on Rails Unknown Object Not Fixed **COLLISION WITH FIXED OBJECT** Boulder **Building** Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion Bridge Pier or Support Bridge Rail (Includes Parapet) **Guardrail Face** Concrete Traffic Barrier Other Traffic Barrier Utility Pole/Light Support Post, Pole or Other Support Culvert Curb Ditch **Embankment** Fence Wall Fire Hydrant Shrubbery Tree (Standing Only) Other Fixed Object **Traffic Signal Support Snow Bank Bridge Overhead Structure** Guardrail End Mail Box Cable Barrier Ground Traffic Sign Support **Unknown Fixed Object**

Unknown

# C18C Vehicle Number (Other Vehicle)

**Definition:** This data element identifies the "Vehicle Number" (VEH\_NO) of the other motor vehicle, if any, in this event.

**Additional Information:** This is the vehicle contacted by the motor vehicle in-transport recorded in "Vehicle Number (This Vehicle)." Another vehicle must have been involved in this event for this data element to be a valid vehicle number (i.e., "Sequence of Events" for this event must be 12, 14, 45, 54, or 55).

SAS Name: VNUMBER2

### **Attribute Codes**

1-999	Vehicle Number
5555	Non-Harmful Event
9999	Not a Motor Vehicle

# C18D Area of Impact (Other Vehicle)

**Definition:** This data element identifies the impact point on the other motor vehicle, if any, in this event.

**Additional Information:** This is the impact area of the vehicle recorded in "Vehicle Number (Other Vehicle)." Another vehicle must have been involved in this event for this data element to be a valid impact location (i.e., "Sequence of Events" for this event must be 12, 14, 45, 54, or 55).

SAS Name: AOI2

### **Attribute Codes**

2016	2017- Later	
0	0	Non-Collision
1-12	1-12	Clock points
13	13	Тор
14	14	Undercarriage
18	18	Cargo/Vehicle Parts Set-In-Motion
19	19	Other Objects Set-In-Motion
	20	Object Set in Motion, Unknown if Cargo/Vehicle Parts or Other
55	55	Non-Harmful Event
61	61	Left
62	62	Left-Front Side
63	63	Left-Back Side
81	81	Right
82	82	Right-Front Side
83	83	Right-Back Side
98	98	Not Reported
99	99	Unknown

# The VSOE Data File

The Vsoe data file includes harmful and non-harmful events for each in-transport motor vehicle. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, VEH\_NO, and VEVENTNUM, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The Vsoe data file also contains the data elements on the following pages.

CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and VEVENTNUM are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Vsoe data file with the Vehicle data file.

# C18B Area of Impact Associated with the Event

**Definition:** This data element identifies the impact point, if any, on this in-transport motor vehicle that produced property damage or personal injury in this event.

**Additional Information:** This is the impact area of the vehicle recorded in "Vehicle Number (This Vehicle)" and described in "Sequence of Events."

SAS Name: AOI
Attribute Codes

	2017-	
2016	Later	
0	0	Non-Collision
1-12	1-12	Clock points
13	13	Тор
14	14	Undercarriage
18	18	Cargo/Vehicle Parts Set-In-Motion
19	19	Other Objects Set-In-Motion
	20	Object Set in Motion, Unknown if Cargo/Vehicle Parts or Other
55	55	Non-Harmful Event
61	61	Left
62	62	Left-Front Side
63	63	Left-Back Side
81	81	Right
82	82	Right-Front Side
83	83	Right-Back Side
98	98	Not Reported
99	99	Unknown

## V32 Sequence of Events

**Definition:** The events in sequence related to this motor vehicle, regardless of injury and/or property damage. Events for the vehicle are recorded in the order in which they occur, timewise, from the police crash report narrative and diagram.

**Additional Information:** "First Harmful Event," "Most Harmful Event," and the "Sequence of Events" data elements have the same harmful event attributes. "Sequence of Events" also has non-harmful event attributes.

SAS Name: SOE **Attribute Codes** 2017-2016 Later **NON-HARMFUL EVENTS** Cargo/Equipment Loss or Shift (non-harmful) 60 60 Equipment Failure (blown tire, brake failure, etc.) 61 61 62 62 Separation of Units Ran Off Roadway-Right 63 63 Ran Off Roadway-Left 64 64 Cross Median 65 65 66 Downhill Runaway 66 67 67 Vehicle Went Airborne Cross Centerline 68 68 69 Re-entering Roadway 69 70 70 Non-harmful, Swaying Trailer/Jackknife **End Departure** 71 71 79 79 Ran off Roadway - Direction Unknown NON-COLLISION HARMFUL EVENTS 1 1 Rollover/Overturn 2 2 Fire/Explosion 3 3 Immersion or Partial Immersion 4 4 Gas Inhalation 5 5 Fell/Jumped from Vehicle 6 6 Injured in Vehicle (Non-Collision) 7 Other Noncollision 7 Thrown or Falling Object 16 16 Pavement Surface Irregularity (Ruts, Potholes, Grates, etc.) 44 44 Jackknife (Harmful to This Vehicle) 51 51 Cargo/Equipment Loss or Shift (Harmful to This Vehicle) 72 72 COLLISION WITH MOTOR VEHICLE IN TRANSPORT 12 12 Motor Vehicle In-Transport 54 Motor Vehicle In-Transport Strikes or is Struck by Cargo, Persons or Objects 54 Set-in-Motion from/by Another Motor Vehicle In-Transport Motor Vehicle in Motion Outside the Trafficway 55 55

# V32 Sequence of Events (continued)

#### **Attribute Codes** 2017-Later COLLISION WITH OBJECT NOT FIXED Pedestrian Pedalcyclist Railway Vehicle Live Animal Parked Motor Vehicle Non-Motorist on Personal Conveyance Other Object Not Fixed Working Motor Vehicle Ridden Animal or Animal Drawn Conveyance Object That Had Fallen From Motor Vehicle In-Transport Road Vehicle on Rails Unknown Object Not Fixed **COLLISION WITH FIXED OBJECT** Boulder **Building** Impact Attenuator/Crash Cushion Bridge Pier or Support Bridge Rail (Includes Parapet) **Guardrail Face** Concrete Traffic Barrier Other Traffic Barrier Utility Pole/Light Support Post, Pole or Other Support Culvert Curb Ditch **Embankment** Fence Wall Fire Hydrant Shrubbery Tree (Standing Only) Other Fixed Object **Traffic Signal Support Snow Bank Bridge Overhead Structure** Guardrail End Mail Box Cable Barrier Ground Traffic Sign Support **Unknown Fixed Object**

Unknown

## The DAMAGE Data File

The Damage data file identifies each area of damage as a separate record. That is, there can be more than one damage record for each vehicle. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, and VEH\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The Damage data file also contains the data elements on the following pages.

CASENUM and VEH\_NO are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Damage data file with vehicles from the Vehicle data file.

# **V29B** Damaged Areas

**Definition:** This data element identifies all the areas on this vehicle that were damaged in the crash as reflected in the case materials.

### **Additional Information:**

**SAS Name: MDAREAS** 

### **Attribute Codes**

1-12	Clock points
13	Тор
14	Undercarriage
15	No Damage
99	Unknown

# The DISTRACT Data File

The Distract data file identifies each driver distraction as a separate record. That is, there can be more than one distraction record for each driver. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, and VEH\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The data file also contains MDRDSTRD which is described below.

CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and MDRDSTRD are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Distract data file with drivers from the Vehicle data file.

#### PC16 Driver Distracted By

**Definition:** This data element identifies the attribute(s) which best describe this driver's attention to driving prior to the driver's realization of an impending critical event or just prior to impact if realization of an impending critical event does not occur.

**Additional Information:** Distraction from the primary task of driving occurs when drivers divert their attention from the driving task to some other activity. Also, driving while daydreaming or lost in thought is identified as distracted driving by NHTSA. Physical conditions/impairments (fatigue, alcohol, medical condition, etc.) or psychological states (anger, emotional, depressed, etc.) are not identified as distractions by NHTSA.

SAS Name: MDRDSTRD

## **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Not Distracted
- 1 Looked But Did Not See
- 3 By Other Occupants
- 4 By a Moving Object In Vehicle
- 5 While Talking Or Listening To Cellular Phone
- 6 While Manipulating Cellular Phone
- 7 While Adjusting Audio Or Climate Controls
- 9 While Using Other Component/Controls Integral To Vehicle
- 10 While Using Or Reaching For Device/Object Brought into Vehicle
- 12 Distracted By Outside Person, Object Or Event
- 13 Eating Or Drinking
- 14 Smoking Related
- 15 Other Cellular Phone Related
- 16 No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present
- 17 Distraction/Inattention
- 18 Distraction/Careless
- 19 Careless/Inattentive
- 92 Distraction (Distracted), Details Unknown
- 93 Inattention (Inattentive), Details Unknown
- 96 Not Reported
- 97 Lost In Thought/Day Dreaming
- 98 Other Distraction
- 99 Unknown If Distracted

### The DRIMPAIR Data File

The Drimpair data file identifies each driver impairment as a separate record. That is, there can be more than one impairment record for each driver. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, and VEH\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The data file also contains DRIMPAIR which is described below.

CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and DRIMPAIR are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Drimpair data file with drivers from the Vehicle data file.

# D23 Condition (Impairment) at Time of Crash- Driver

**Definition:** This data element identifies physical impairments to this driver that may have contributed to the crash as identified by law enforcement.

### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: MIMPAIR

### **Attribute Codes**

2016	2017- Later	
0	0	None/Apparently Normal
1	1	III, Blackout
2	2	Asleep or Fatigued
3	3	Walking with a Cane or Crutches, etc.
4		Paraplegic or Restricted to Wheelchair
	4	Paraplegic or in a Wheelchair
5	5	Impaired Due to Previous Injury
6	6	Deaf
7	7	Blind
8	8	Emotional (Depressed, Angry, Disturbed, etc.)
9	9	Under the Influence of Alcohol, Drugs or Medication
10	10	Physical Impairment – No Details
95	95	No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present
96	96	Other Physical Impairment
98	98	Not Reported
99	99	Unknown if Impaired

### The FACTOR Data File

The Factor data file identifies each vehicle factor as a separate record. That is, there can be more than one factor record for each vehicle. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, and VEH\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The data file also contains MFACTOR which is described below.

CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and MFACTOR are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Factor data file with vehicles from the Vehicle data file.

# PC4 Contributing Circumstances, Motor Vehicle

**Definition:** This data element describes this vehicle's possible pre-existing defects or maintenance conditions that may have contributed to the crash.

#### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: MFACTOR

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 None
- 1 Tires
- 2 Brake System
- 3 Steering System-Tie Rod, Kingpin, Ball Joint, etc.
- 4 Suspension-Springs, Shock Absorbers, McPherson Struts, Control Arms, etc.
- 5 Power Train-Universal Joint, Drive Shaft, Transmission, etc.
- 6 Exhaust System
- 7 Headlights
- 8 Signal Lights
- 9 Other Lights
- 10 Wipers
- 11 Wheels
- 12 Mirrors
- 13 Windows/Windshield
- 14 Body, Doors
- 15 Truck Coupling/Trailer Hitch/Safety Chains
- 16 Safety Systems
- 17 Vehicle Contributing Factors-No Details
- 97 Other
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

### The MANEUVER Data File

The Maneuver data file identifies each avoidance attempt as a separate record. That is, there can be more than one maneuver record for each driver. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, and VEH\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The data file also contains MDRMANAV which is described below.

CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and MDRMANAV are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Maneuver data file with vehicles from the Vehicle data file.

#### PC15 Driver Maneuvered to Avoid

**Definition:** This data element identifies the thing(s) this driver attempted to avoid while the vehicle was on the road portion of the trafficway, just prior to the first harmful event for this vehicle.

### **Additional Information:**

**SAS Name: MDRMANAV** 

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 Driver Did Not Maneuver To Avoid
- 1 Object In Road
- 2 Poor Road Conditions (Puddle, Ice, Pot Hole, etc.)
- 3 Live Animal
- 4 Motor Vehicle
- 5 Pedestrian, Pedalcyclist, or Other Non-Motorist in the Road
- 92 Phantom/Non-Contact Motor Vehicle
- 95 No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown If Driver Maneuvered To Avoid

## The VIOLATN Data File

The Violatn data file identifies each violation as a separate record. That is, there can be more than one violation record for each driver. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, and VEH\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The data file also contains MVIOLATN which is described below.

CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and MVIOLATN are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Violatn data file with drivers from the Vehicle data file.

#### **D21** Violations Charged

**Definition:** This data element identifies all violations charged to this driver.

Additional Information: SAS Name: MVIOLATN

**Attribute Codes** 

#### 2016-Later

0 None

## RECKLESS/CARELESS/HIT-AND-RUN TYPE OFFENSES

- 1 Manslaughter or Homicide
- 2 Willful Reckless Driving; Driving to Endanger; Negligent Driving
- 3 Unsafe Reckless (Not Willful, Wanton Reckless) Driving
- 4 Inattentive, Careless, Improper Driving
- 5 Fleeing or Eluding Police
- 6 Fail to Obey Police, Fireman, Authorized Person Directing Traffic
- 7 Hit-And-Run, Fail to Stop After Crash
- 8 Fail to Give Aid, Information, Wait For Police After Crash
- 9 Serious Violation Resulting In Death
- 10 Use of Telecommunications Device

#### IMPAIRMENT OFFENSES

- Driving While Intoxicated (Alcohol Or Drugs) Or BAC Above Limit (Any Detectable BAC for CDLs)
- 12 Driving While Impaired
- 13 Driving Under Influence of Substance Not Intended To Intoxicate
- 14 Drinking While Operating
- 15 Illegal Possession of Alcohol or Drugs
- 16 Driving With Detectable Alcohol
- 18 Refusal to Submit to Chemical Test
- 19 Alcohol, Drug or Impairment Violations Generally

#### SPEED-RELATED OFFENSES

- 21 Racing
- 22 Speeding (Above The Speed Limit)
- 23 Speed Greater than Reasonable & Prudent (Not Necessarily Over The Limit)
- 24 Exceeding Special Limit
- 25 Energy Speed (Exceeding 55 mph, Non-Pointable)
- 26 Driving Too Slowly
- 29 Speed Related Violations, Generally

# D21 Violations Charged (continued)

### RULES OF THE ROAD - TRAFFIC SIGN & SIGNALS

- 31 Fail to Stop For Red Signal
- 32 Fail to Stop For Flashing Red
- 33 Violation of Turn On Red (Fail to Stop & Yield, Yield to Pedestrians Before Turning)
- 34 Fail to Obey Flashing Signal (Yellow Or Red)
- 35 Fail to Obey Signal, Generally
- 36 Violate RR Grade Crossing Device/Regulations
- 37 Fail to Obey Stop Sign
- 38 Fail to Obey Yield Sign
- 39 Fail to Obey Traffic Control Device

# RULES OF THE ROAD - TURNING, YIELDING, SIGNALING

- Turn in Violation of Traffic Control (Disobey Signs, Turn Arrow Or Pavement Markings; This Is Not A Right-On-Red Violation)
- 42 Improper Method & Position of Turn (*Too Wide, Wrong Lane*)
- 43 Fail to Signal For Turn or Stop
- 45 Fail to Yield to Emergency Vehicle
- 46 Fail to Yield, Generally
- 48 Enter Intersection when Space Insufficient
- 49 Turn, Yield, Signaling Violations, Generally

## RULES OF THE ROAD - WRONG SIDE, PASSING & FOLLOWING

- 51 Driving Wrong Way on One-Way Road
- 52 Driving On Left, Wrong Side of Road, Generally
- 53 Improper, Unsafe Passing
- 54 Pass on Right (Drive Off Pavement To Pass)
- 55 Pass Stopped School Bus
- 56 Fail to Give Way When Overtaken
- 58 Following Too Closely
- 59 Wrong Side, Passing, Following Violations, Generally

#### RULES OF THE ROAD - LANE USAGE

- 61 Unsafe or Prohibited Lane Change
- 62 Improper Use of Lane (Enter of 3-Lane Road, HOV Designated Lane)
- 63 Certain Traffic to Use Right Lane (*Trucks, Slow-Moving, etc.*)
- 66 Motorcycle Lane Violations (More than Two per Lane, Riding Between Lanes, etc.)
- 67 Motorcyclist Attached to Another Vehicle
- 69 Lane Violations, Generally

# NON-MOVING - LICENSE AND REGISTRATION VIOLATIONS

- 71 Driving While License Withdrawn (Including Violation of Provisions of Work Permit)
- 71 Driving While License Withdrawn
- 72 Other Driver License Violations
- 73 Commercial Driver Violations (Log Book, Hours, Permits Carried)
- 74 Vehicle Registration Violations
- 75 Fail to Carry Insurance Card
- 76 Driving Uninsured Vehicle
- 79 Non-Moving Violations, Generally

# D21 Violations Charged (continued)

# **EQUIPMENT**

- 81 Lamp Violations
- 82 Brake Violations
- 83 Failure to Require Restraint Use (By Self or Passengers)
- 84 Motorcycle Equipment Violations (Helmet, Special Equipment)
- 85 Violation of Hazardous Cargo Regulations
- 86 Size, Weight, Load Violations
- 89 Equipment Violations, Generally

# LICENSE, REGISTRATION & OTHER VIOLATIONS

- 91 Parking
- 92 Theft, Unauthorized Use of Motor Vehicle
- 93 Driving Where Prohibited (Sidewalk, Limited Access, Off Truck Route)
- 95 No Driver Present / Unknown if Driver Present
- 97 Not Reported
- 98 Other Moving Violation (Coasting, Backing, Opening Door)
- 99 Unknown Violation(s)

#### The VISION Data File

The Vision data file identifies each visual obstruction as a separate record. That is, there can be more than one vision record for each driver. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, and VEH\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The data file also contains MVISOBSC which is described below.

CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and MVISOBSC are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Vision data file with drivers from the Vehicle data file.

# PC14 Driver's Vision Obscured By

**Definition:** This data element records impediments to this driver's visual field that were noted in the police crash report.

#### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: MVISOBSC

### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 No Obstruction Noted
- 1 Rain, Snow, Fog, Smoke, Sand, Dust
- 2 Reflected Glare, Bright Sunlight, Headlights
- 3 Curve, Hill, or Other Roadway Design Feature
- 4 Building, Billboard, or Other Structure
- 5 Trees, Crops, Vegetation
- 6 In-Transport Motor Vehicle (Including Load)
- 7 Not-in-Transport Motor Vehicle (Parked, Working)
- 8 Splash or Spray of Passing Vehicle
- 9 Inadequate Defrost or Defog System
- 10 Inadequate Vehicle Lighting System
- 11 Obstruction Interior to Vehicle
- 12 External Mirrors
- 13 Broken or Improperly Cleaned Windshield
- 14 Obstructing Angles on Vehicle
- 95 No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present
- 97 Vision Obscured No Details
- 98 Other Visual Obstruction
- 99 Unknown Whether Vision was Obstructed

#### The NMCRASH Data File

The Nmcrash data file identifies each non-motorist action or circumstance that may have contributed to the crash as a separate record. That is, there can be more than one contributing circumstance record for each non-motorist. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, VEH\_NO, and PER\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The data file also contains MTM\_CRSH which is described below.

CASENUM, PER\_NO, and MTM\_CRSH are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and PER\_NO should be used to merge the Nmcrash data file with non-motorists from the Person data file. VEH\_NO equals 0 for all records in this data file.

# NM12 Non-Motorist Contributing Circumstances

**Definition:** This data element describes the action(s) and/or circumstances of this non-motorist that law enforcement indicated may have contributed to the crash.

**Additional Information:** It selects all that apply. This data element is based on the judgment of the law enforcement officer investigating the crash.

SAS Name: MTM\_CRSH

#### **Attribute Codes**

- 0 None Noted
- 1 Dart-Out
- 2 Failure to Yield Right-Of-Way
- 3 Failure to Obey Traffic Signs, Signals or Officer
- 4 In Roadway Improperly (Standing, Lying, Working, Playing)
- 5 Entering/Exiting Parked or Stopped Vehicle
- 6 Inattentive (Talking, Eating, etc.)
- 7 Improper Turn/Merge
- 8 Improper Passing
- 9 Wrong-Way Riding or Walking
- 10 Riding on Wrong Side of Road
- 11 Dash
- 12 Improper Crossing of Roadway or Intersection (Jaywalking)
- 13 Failing to Have Lights on When Required
- 14 Operating Without Required Equipment
- 15 Improper or Erratic Lane Changing
- 16 Failure to Keep in Proper Lane or Running Off Road
- 17 Making Improper Entry to or Exit from Trafficway
- 18 Operating in Other Erratic, Reckless, Careless or Negligent Manner
- 19 Not Visible (Dark Clothing, No Lighting, etc.)
- 20 Passing with Insufficient Distance or Inadequate Visibility or Failing to Yield to Overtaking Vehicle
- 21 Other
- 99 Unknown

#### The NMIMPAIR Data File

The Nmimpair data file identifies each non-motorist impairment as a separate record. That is, there can be more than one impairment record for each non-motorist. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, VEH\_NO, and PER\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The data file also contains NMIMPAIR which is described below.

CASENUM, PER\_NO, and NMIMPAIR are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and PER\_NO should be used to merge the Nmimpair data file with non-motorists from the Person data file. VEH\_NO equals 0 for all records in this data file.

# NM14 Condition (Impairment) at Time of Crash- Non-Motorist

**Definition:** This data element identifies physical impairments to this non-motorist that may have contributed to the crash as identified by law enforcement.

### **Additional Information:**

**SAS Name: NMIMPAIR** 

# **Attribute Codes**

2016	2017- Later	
0	0	None/Apparently Normal
1	1	III, Blackout
2	2	Asleep or Fatigued
3	3	Walking with a Cane or Crutches, etc.
4		Paraplegic or Restricted to Wheelchair
	4	Paraplegic or in a Wheelchair
5	5	Impaired Due to Previous Injury
6	6	Deaf
7	7	Blind
8	8	Emotional (Depressed, Angry, Disturbed, etc.)
9	9	Under the Influence of Alcohol, Drugs or Medication
10	10	Physical Impairment – No Details
96	96	Other Physical Impairment
98	98	Not Reported
99	99	Unknown if Impaired

#### The NMPRIOR Data File

The Nmprior data file identifies each non-motorist action at the time of their involvement in the crash as a separate record. That is, there can be more than one action record for each non-motorist. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSUSTRAT, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, VEH\_NO, and PER\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The data file also contains MPR\_ACT which is described below.

CASENUM, PER\_NO, and MPR\_ACT are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and PER\_NO should be used to merge the Nmprior data file with non-motorists from the Person data file. VEH\_NO equals 0 for all records in this data file.

#### NM11 Non-Motorist Action/Circumstances

**Definition:** This data element describes the action(s) of the non-motorist immediately prior to their involvement in the crash.

**Additional Information:** It is also an indication of whether the non-motorist was walking/cycling to/from school in addition to the action of the non-motorist immediately prior to their involvement in the crash.

SAS Name: MPR\_ACT

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016-Later

- 1 Going to or from School (K-12)
- 2 Waiting to Cross Roadway
- 3 Crossing Roadway
- 4 Jogging/Running
- 5 Movement Along Roadway with Traffic (In or Adjacent to Travel Lane)
- 6 Movement Along Roadway Against Traffic (In or Adjacent to Travel Lane)
- 8 In Roadway-Other (Working, Playing, etc.)
- 9 Adjacent to Roadway (e.g., Shoulder, Median)
- 10 Working in Trafficway (Incident Response)
- 11 Entering/Exiting a Parked or Stopped Vehicle
- 12 Disabled Vehicle Related (Working on, Pushing, Leaving/Approaching)
- 14 Other
- 16 Movement Along Roadway Direction Unknown
- 98 Not Reported
- 99 Unknown

#### The SAFETYEQ Data File

The Safetyeq data file includes non-motorist safety equipment. It contains the data elements CASENUM, PSU, PJ, STRATUM, PSU\_VAR, REGION, URBANICITY, WEIGHT, VEH\_NO, and PER\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. The data file also contains the data elements on the following pages.

CASENUM and PER\_NO are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM, VEH\_NO, and PER\_NO should be used to merge the Safetyeq data file with non-motorists from the Person data file. VEH\_NO equals 0 for all records in this data file.

Prior to 2017, the Safetyeq data file identified each item of safety equipment as a separate record. That is, there could be more than one safety equipment record for each non-motorist. The data element that captured each item of safety equipment was MSAFEQMT. This element has been moved to the Discontinued Safetyeq Data Elements.

#### NM13 Non-Motorist Safety Equipment Use

#### NM13A Non-Motorist Helmet Use

**Definition:** This data element indicates if the non-motorist was wearing a safety helmet.

Additional Information: This includes all helmets (e.g., bicycle helmet, motorcycle helmet,

racing helmets, etc.).

SAS Name: NMHELMET

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2017-Later

- 1 No
- 2 Yes
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

#### NM13B Non-Motorist Use of Protective Pads

**Definition:** This data element indicates if the non-motorist was wearing padded, shaped attachments to protect specific areas of the body (elbows, knees, shins, etc.) from injury.

#### Additional Information:

**SAS Name: NMPROPAD** 

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2017-Later

- 1 No
- 2 Yes
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

#### NM13C Non-Motorist Use of Other Protective Safety Equipment

**Definition:** This data element indicates if the non-motorist was using protective safety equipment other than a helmet or pads (e.g., eye wear/face shields, gloves, wrist guards, etc.).

#### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: NMOTHPRO

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2017-Later

- 1 No
- 2 Yes
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

#### NM13D Non-Motorist Use of Reflective Clothing/Carried Item

**Definition:** This data element indicates if the non-motorist was wearing or carrying some type of reflective item (e.g., jacket, backpack, vest, etc.).

#### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: NMREFCLO

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2017-Later

- 1 No
- 2 Yes
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

#### NM13E Non-Motorist Use of Lighting

**Definition:** This data element indicates if the non-motorist was using a light on his/her person or on a pedalcycle or personal conveyance for safety purposes, to include flashlights.

#### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: NMLIGHT

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2017-Later

- 1 No
- 2 Yes
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

#### NM13F Non-Motorist Use of Other Preventive Safety Equipment

**Definition:** This data element indicates if the non-motorist was using preventive safety equipment other than a reflective clothing/carried item or light (e.g., bicycle reflectors and flags, reflectors and triangles on a buggy, hi-glo orange clothing, rollerblade stoppers, etc.).

#### **Additional Information:**

SAS Name: NMOTHPRE

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2017-Later

- 1 No
- 2 Yes
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown

#### **Discontinued SAFETYEQ Data Elements**

#### Non-Motorist Safety Equipment Use (discontinued)

**Definition:** This data element indicates the safety equipment that was used by this non-motorist involved in the crash.

**Additional Information:** There can be one or more safety equipment responses for each non-motorist.

SAS Name: MSAFEQMT

#### **Attribute Codes**

#### 2016

- 1 None Used
- 2 Helmet
- 3 Reflective Clothing (Jacket, Backpack, etc.)
- 4 Protective Pads (Elbows, Knees, Shins, etc.)
- 5 Lighting
- 7 Other Safety Equipment
- 8 Not Reported
- 9 Unknown if Used

#### The VINDECODE Data File

The Vindecode data file provides vehicle specification data for all vehicle types, mainly passenger vehicles, trucks and motorcycles. It contains the data elements CASENUM and VEH\_NO, which are described in the beginning of the Data Element Definitions and Codes section. CASENUM and VEH\_NO are the unique identifiers for each record. CASENUM and VEH\_NO should be used to merge the Vindecode data file with the Vehicle or Parkwork data file.

The Vindecode data file contains over 100 data elements derived from the VIN using the R L Polk VIN verification and decoding program, VINtelligence. Descriptions of the data elements and their contents can be found in the Polk VINtelligence Deluxe Package and Field Descriptions documentation in Appendix G: VIN Decoded Data Elements.

The data file also includes the data element FLAG. This element identifies if the VIN used to decode the data is from the NASS GES original source data or obtained from Polk by linking NASS GES license plate data.

# **Appendices**

Appendix A: PC23 Crash Type Diagram

Appendix B: Summary Statistics
Appendix C: Statistical Methods

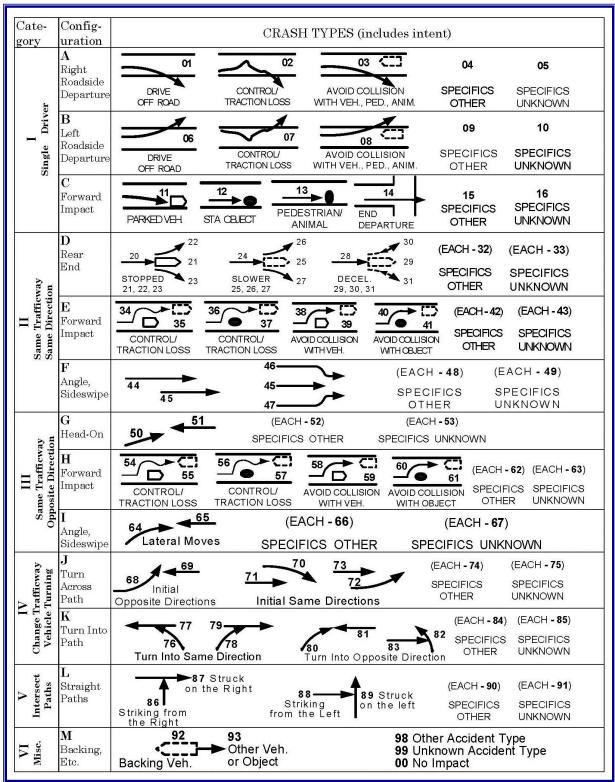
Appendix D: Analytical Data Classification of Select CRSS Data Elements

Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements

Appendix F: Analysis of Pedestrian and Bicycle Crashes Around Intersections

Appendix G: VIN Decoded Data Elements

Appendix A: PC23 Crash Type Diagram



# Appendix B: Summary Statistics

The following two tables provide a summary of descriptive statistics from the CRSS data files. Table 1: Unweighted Sample represents the actual number of records and Table 2: Weighted Sample represents the national estimates. These statistics provide the analyst a benchmark to compare against numbers obtained from the analytical data files.

Table 1: Unweighted Sample

Year	Crashes	Vehicles (In-Transport)	People	Drivers	Occupants	Pedestrians	Pedalcyclists
2016	46,511	82,149	117,759	82,000	113,405	2,257	1,576
2017	54,969	97,625	138,913	97,388	133,408	2,881	1,946

Table 2: Weighted Sample

Year	Crashes	Vehicles (In-Transport)	People	Drivers	Occupants	Pedestrians	Pedalcyclists
2016	6,821,129	12,094,306	16,617,091	12,074,087	16,386,624	95,492	69,929
2017	6,452,285	11,547,079	15,758,853	11,521,902	15,557,000	78,671	55,067

Drivers: PERSON TYPE = 1 Pedestrians: PERSON TYPE = 5
Occupants: PERSON TYPE IN (1,2,9) Pedalcyclists: PERSON TYPE IN (6,7)

# Appendix C: Standard Errors

The estimates generated using CRSS data are subject to sampling errors because they are based on a probability sample of crashes instead of all crashes. The sampling error is a measure of the variability of an estimator from its mean under repeated sample selections. The magnitude of sampling error depends on the study variable, the estimator used, and the CRSS sample design.

For various reasons, it is necessary to use design features such as stratification, clustering, and unequal selection probabilities to select the CRSS probability sample. As a result, the CRSS sample is not a simple random sample. Failing to consider these design features in estimation can cause bias to both CRSS point estimates and the associated standard error estimates.

Estimation methods and computer software have been developed to make estimates from complex survey data like CRSS. Specialized procedures for complex survey data analysis, such as SAS PROC SURVEY procedures and SUDAAN procedures, should be used for CRSS data analysis along with proper design statements. A SAS PROC SURVEY procedure and a SUDAAN procedure are provided below as examples of CRSS estimation. See the NHTSA Technical Report "NHTSA's New Crash Report Sampling System (CRSS): Design Overview and Analytic Guidance" for some basic concepts of complex survey data analysis and more examples.

#### SAS and SUDAAN Examples for Single Year CRSS Estimation

```
/*SAS Example*/
PROC SURVEYFREQ DATA=IMPUTED.ACCIDENT VARMETHOD=JK;
    STRATA PSUSTRAT;
    CLUSTER PSU_VAR;
    TABLES MAXSEV_IM;
    WEIGHT WEIGHT;
    RUN;

/*SUDAAN Example*/
PROC CROSSTAB DATA=IMPUTED.ACCIDENT DESIGN=JACKKNIFE NOTSORTED;
    NEST PSUSTRAT PSU_VAR;
    WEIGHT WEIGHT;
    TABLES MAXSEV_IM;
    CLASS MAXSEV_IM;
    CLASS MAXSEV_IM;
    PRINT NSUM="SAMSIZE" WSUM="POPSIZE" SEWGT;
    RUN;
```

While the illustrations above are the preferred way to generate standard errors of estimates, NHTSA has also published the Generalized variance function (GVF) method in the past in the GES Analytic User's Manual.

The GVF provides a framework to generate ballpark standard error estimates for a large quantity of estimates in a simpler way. In this approach, it is assumed that in CRSS, the standard error (SE) of a point estimate x can be approximated by a function of x:

$$SE \approx e^{a+b*ln^2(x)}$$

To estimate the a and b in the approximation equation, first a group of point estimates (x's) and their associated standard error estimates (SE's) are made from the CRSS sample using specialized software such as SAS PROC SURVEY procedures or SUDAAN procedures. These point estimates and associated standard error estimates are then used to find the best a and b for the approximation. Once the best a and b are estimated, they are plugged back into the above approximation equation to make a ballpark standard estimate for any point estimate x.

NHTSA will issue updates to the GVF upon completion of the analysis required to generated the function parameters discussed above.

#### Appendix D: Analytical Classification of Select CRSS Data Elements

Several data elements in the CRSS are classified or collapsed according to analytical needs. In various NCSA's published reports and analysis, select CRSS data elements have been given a standard classification. This section shows how CRSS data elements are classified, assisting users in understanding and duplicating statistics presented in NCSA's published reports.

For analytical purposes, fatal crashes and fatalities are extracted from the Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS), not CRSS. FARS contains data on a census of fatal traffic crashes within the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. To be included in FARS, a crash must involve a motor vehicle traveling on a trafficway customarily open to the public and result in the death of a person (occupant of a vehicle or non-motorist) within 30 days of the crash. Since FARS contains records on all fatal crashes, it's a more accurate representation of fatal crashes and fatalities than the sample contained in CRSS.

It is important to note that these are NCSA's classifications and are subject to modification.

The following tables show the specific coding schemes of select CRSS data elements that are used in NCSA's publications and analysis:

## Time of Day / Day of Week

Classification	Data Year and Code 2016-Later	
Time of Day	HOUR (Military)	
Daytime (6:00 a.m. – 5:59 p.m.)	6-17	
Nighttime (6:00 p.m. – 5:59 a.m.)	0-5, 18-24*	
Unknown	99	
Day of Week	WKDY_I w/ HOUR_I	
Weekday 6 a.m. Monday thru 5:59 p.m. Friday	(WKDY_I =2 and 6<=HOUR_I<=23) or (WKDY_I in (3,4,5)) or (WKDY_I =6 and (0<= HOUR_I <=17 or HOUR_I=24*))	
Weekend 6 p.m. Friday thru 5:59 a.m. Monday	(WKDY_I =6 and 18<= HOUR_I <=23) or (WKDY_I in (1,7)) or (WKDY_I =2 and (0<= HOUR_I <=5 or HOUR_I=24*))	
Unknown	NA	

<sup>\*</sup> Hour 24 is the beginning of the day.

#### **Vehicle Body Type**

Classification	Data Year and Code
Classification	2016-Later
Passenger Cars	01-11, 17
Light Trucks & Vans	14-16, 19-22, 28-41, 45-49
Large Trucks	60-63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 71, 72, 78
Motorcycles <sup>1</sup>	80-89
Buses	50-59
Other/Unknown Vehicles	12, 13, 42, 65, 73, 90-97, 98
Passenger Vehicles	01-11, 14-22, 28-41, 45-49
Utility Vehicles (a.k.a. On/Off Road)	14-16, 19
Pickups <sup>2</sup>	30-39
Vans	20, 21, 22, 28, 29
Medium Trucks	60-62, 64, 67, 68, 71
Heavy Trucks	63, 66, 72, 78
Combination Trucks	( 60-63, 64, 67, 68, 71, 72, 78 and TOW_VEH in (1-4) ) or 66
Single Unit Trucks	60-63, 64, 67, 68, 71, 72, 78, 79 and TOW_VEH in (0, 5, 6, 9)
Unknown (not in Imputed Body Type)	98, 99

<sup>(1)</sup> In 2017, new attributes were added to the motorcycle range: motor scooter (84); unenclosed three wheel motorcycle / unenclosed autocycle (1 rear wheel) (85); enclosed three wheel motorcycle / enclosed autocycle (1 rear wheel) (86); unknown three wheel motorcycle type (87).

<sup>(2)</sup> In 2017, attributes compact pickup (30) and standard pickup (31) were deleted and replaced with attribute light pickup (34).

### **Traffic Control Device**

Classification	Data Year and Code
Classification	2016-Later
None	0
Traffic Signal	01, 04, 08, 09
Stop Sign	21
Other	22,23,28,29, 40-43,49,51,61,62,97,98

## **Injury Severity**

CRSS Description	Data Year and Code 2016-Later	Classification
No Apparent Injury (O)	0	Not Injured
Died Prior	6	Not Injured
Possible Injury (C)	1	
Suspected Minor Injury (B)	2	lajura d
Suspected Serious Injury (A)	3	Injured
Unknown Injury Severity (U)	5	
Fatal (K)*	4	Killed

<sup>\*</sup> Fatality counts from the FARS are used in NCSA's publications and analysis.

#### **Person Type**

CRSS Description	Data Year and Code	Classification
Безеприон	2016-Later	
Occupants		
Driver of a motor vehicle in-transport	01	Driver
Passenger of a motor vehicle in-transport	02	Passenger
Unknown occupant type of a motor vehicle intransport (1)	09	Passenger
Non-occupants		
Occupant of a motor vehicle not in-transport (2)	03	Other non-occupant
Occupant of a non-motor vehicle transport device (3)	04	Other non-occupant
Pedestrian	05	Pedestrian
Bicyclist	06	Pedalcyclist
Other Cyclist	07	Pedalcyclist
Persons on personal conveyances	08	Other non-occupant
Persons in/on buildings	10	Other non-occupant
Unknown type of non-occupant	19	Unknown non-occupant type

<sup>(1)</sup> Customarily, "Unknown Occupant" is placed in the "Passenger" category, unless they need to be distinguished from "Passengers".

<sup>(2) &</sup>quot;Occupant of motor vehicle not in-transport" refers to occupants of parked motor vehicles (any motor vehicle stopped off the roadway). This includes occupants of motor vehicles in motion outside the trafficway boundaries.

<sup>(3) &</sup>quot;Occupant of non-motor vehicle transport device" refers to persons riding in an animal-drawn conveyance, on an animal, or injured occupants of railway trains, etc.

#### **Restraint System Use**

The restraint use classification should be used for all vehicle occupants, except for motorcyclists. However, most restraint use analysis focuses on child safety seat use or belt use for <u>passenger vehicle</u> occupants. Be sure to include the appropriate vehicle body type occupied in your selection criteria - see the section on <u>Vehicle Body Type Classification</u>.

CRSS	Data Year	and Code	Classification
Description	2016	2017-Later	Classification
Not Applicable	0		
None Used – Motor Vehicle Occupant	7		
None Used/Not Applicable		20	
No Helmet	17	17	Not Used
DOT-Compliant Motorcycle Helmet	5	5	
Helmet, Other than DOT-Compliant Motorcycle Helmet	16	16	
Helmet, Unknown if DOT-Compliant	19	19	
Shoulder and Lap Belt Used	3	3	
Shoulder Belt Only	1	1	
Lap Belt Only	2	2	
Child Restraint System – Forward Facing	10	10	
Child Restraint System – Rear Facing	11	11	Used
Booster Seat	12	12	
Child Restraint – Type Unknown	4	4	
Other Restraint/ Safety Equipment Used	97	97	
Restraint Used – Type Unknown	8	8	
Not Reported	98	98	
Unknown If Helmet Worn	29	29	Unknown
Unknown If Used	99	99	

#### **Helmet Use**

The helmet use classification should be used for motorcyclists only. Be sure to include the appropriate vehicle body type occupied in your selection criteria - see the section on <u>Vehicle Body Type Classification</u>.

CRSS	Data Year	Olasaifiaatian	
Description	2016	2017-Later	Classification
Not Applicable	0		
None Used – Motor Vehicle Occupant	7		
None Used/Not Applicable		20	
Shoulder And Lap Belt Used	3	3	
Shoulder Belt Only	1	1	
Lap Belt Only	2	2	
Child Restraint System – Forward Facing	10	10	Not Helmeted
Child Restraint System – Rear Facing	11	11	
Booster Seat	12	12	
Child Restraint – Type Unknown	4	4	
No Helmet	17	17	
Helmet Used Improperly	(5, 16, 19) and REST_MIS=1	(5, 16, 19) and REST_MIS=1	
Restraint Used – Other or Type Unknown	(8, 97) and REST_MIS=1	(8, 97) and REST_MIS=1	
DOT-Compliant Motorcycle Helmet	5 and REST_MIS=0	5 and REST_MIS=0	
Other/Unknown Helmet	(16, 19) and REST_MIS=0	(16, 19) and REST_MIS=0	Helmeted
Other Restraint/ Safety Equipment Used	97 and REST_MIS=0	97 and REST_MIS=0	петпетеа
Restraint Used – Type Unknown	8 and REST_MIS=0	8 and REST_MIS=0	
Not Reported	98	98	
Unknown If Helmet Worn	29	29	Unknown
Unknown If Used	99	99	

#### **Alcohol Test Result**

CRSS Description	Data Year and Code 2016-Later	Classit	ication
.00 - Actual Value	0-9	No Alcohol	
.0193 – Actual Value	10-939		Tested with
.94 or Greater	940	Positive BAC	Known Results
Positive Reading with No Actual Value	998		
None Given	996	Not Tested	
AC Test Performed, Results Unknown	997	Tested, with Unknown Results	
Unknown if Tested / Not Reported	-		Unknown BAC
Unknown if Tested	999	Unknown if Tested	
Not Reported	995		

# Appendix E: Rules for Derived Data Elements

Several derived data elements are included in the data files. A derived data element is any element that is not coded (i.e., data directly entered into the system) but translated from existing data. Derived data elements include:

- translations from coded data elements (e.g., "Driver Drinking in Vehicle")
- translations from collected information (e.g., "Urbanicity"),
- records counted from vehicle and person levels as crash level counters (e.g., "Number of Parked/Working Vehicles"),
- data extracted across several records (e.g., "First Harmful Event"), and
- element combinations (e.g., "Motor Carrier Issuing Authority and ID Number").

The derived data elements are provided to facilitate analyses and as a common platform for presenting findings. These elements and the translations used to derive them are described in this Appendix.

#### **Crash Level Counts**

#### **Number of Motor Vehicles in Transport (MVIT)**

Accident. VE\_FORMS

(also provided as Vehicle.VE\_FORMS, Parkwork.PVE\_FORMS, Person.VE\_FORMS)

#### Logic of Derivation

All Vehicle records linked to the crash are used. This data element is derived as the count of all vehicles in the crash where "Unit Type" = 1. It is the number of records in the Vehicle data file.

#### **Number of Parked/Working Vehicles**

Accident. PVH\_INVL

#### Logic of Derivation

All Vehicle records linked to the crash are used. This data element is derived as the count of all vehicles in the crash where "Unit Type" is in (2, 3 or 4). It is the number of records in the Parkwork data file.

#### **Number of Persons in Motor Vehicles in Transport (MVIT)**

Accident, PERMVIT

#### Logic of Derivation

All Person records linked to the crash are used. This data element is derived as the count of all persons in the crash where "Person Type" is in (1, 2 or 9).

#### **Number of Persons Not in Motor Vehicles in Transport (MVIT)**

Accident, PERNOTMVIT

#### Logic of Derivation

All Person records linked to the crash are used. This data element is derived as the count of all persons in the crash where "Person Type" is in (3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 or 19).

#### **Crash and Vehicle Level Derived Data Elements**

#### **Maximum Injury Severity in Crash**

Accident.MAX\_SEV

Attribute Labels	2016- Later
No Apparent Injury	0
Possible Injury	1
Suspected Minor Injury	2
Suspected Serious Injury	3
Fatal	4
Injured, Severity Unknown	5
Died Prior to Crash	6
No person involved in the Crash	8
Unknown if Injured/ Not Reported	9

#### Logic of Derivation

All Person records linked to the crash are used. If there are no records, then the value 8 is assigned. If there is a single record, then the SAS code for Person.INJ\_SEV is used. If there are multiple records, all SAS codes for Person.INJ\_SEV are obtained and prioritized. Follow the priority ranking of each attribute as follows: 4, 3, 2, 1, 5, 0, 6, 9.

#### **Maximum Injury Severity in Vehicle**

Vehicle.MAX\_VSEV

Attribute Labels	2016- Later
No Apparent Injury	0
Possible Injury	1
Suspected Minor Injury	2
Suspected Serious Injury	3
Fatal	4
Injured, Severity Unknown	5
Died Prior to Crash	6
No person in Vehicle	8
Unknown if Injured/ Not Reported	9

#### **Logic of Derivation**

All Person records linked to the vehicle are used. If there are no records, then the value 8 is assigned. If there is a single record, then the SAS code for Person.INJ\_SEV is used. If there are multiple records, all SAS codes for Person.INJ\_SEV are obtained and prioritized. Follow the priority ranking of each attribute as follows: 4, 3, 2, 1, 5, 0, 6, 9.

#### Number Known Injured in Crash

Accident.NUM\_INJ

Attribute Labels	2016- Later	
No Person Injured/Property Damage Only Crash	0	
Number of Known Injured	Х	
No Person involved in the Crash	98	
All Persons in Crash are Unknown If Injured	99	

#### **Logic of Derivation**

All Person records linked to the crash are used. If there are no records, then the value 98 is assigned. If the SAS code for Person.INJ\_SEV is 9 for all persons in the crash, then the value is 99. If not, the value assigned is the number (count) of Person records where the SAS code for Person.INJ SEV is between 1 and 5.

#### **Number Injured in Vehicle**

Vehicle.NUM INJV

Attribute Labels	2016- Later
No Person Injured in Vehicle	0
Number of Known Injured	1-97
No Person involved in the Vehicle	98
All Persons in Vehicle are Unknown If Injured	99

#### Logic of Derivation

All Person records linked to the vehicle are used. If there are no records, then the value 98 is assigned. If the SAS code for Person.INJ\_SEV is 9 for all persons in the vehicle, then the value is 99. If not, the value assigned is the number (count) of Person records where the SAS code for Person.INJ SEV is between 1 and 5.

#### **Alcohol Involved in Crash**

Accident.ALCOHOL

Attribute Labels	2016- Later
Alcohol Involved	1
No Alcohol involved	2
No applicable person	8
Unknown	9

Alcohol Involved in Crash is derived based on Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement from the Person data file as follows:

#### **Police Reported Alcohol Involvement**

Attribute Labels	2016- Later
No (Alcohol Not Involved)	0
Yes (Alcohol Involved)	1
Not Reported	8
Unknown (Police-Reported)	9

#### Logic of Derivation

Alcohol Involved in Crash is calculated based on drivers and non-motorists [except occupants of motor vehicles not in-transport] in the crash and are referred to here as "involved active participants". This translates to Person Type NOT in 2, 3, or 9.

The following order of alcohol involvement is used. The SAS value for the case was determined by:

1 (Alcohol Involved)

If "Police Reported Alcohol Involvement" is 'Yes' for any of the involved active participants in the crash,

Then Alcohol Involved in Crash should be 1 (Alcohol Involved).

• 2 (No Alcohol Involved)

If "Police Reported Alcohol Involvement" is 'No' for ALL of the involved active participants in the crash,

Then Alcohol Involvement in Crash should be 2 (No Alcohol Involved).

• 9 (Unknown)

If NOT #1 (Alcohol Involved) and "Police Reported Alcohol Involvement" is 'Unknown' or 'Not Reported' for ANY of the involved active participants, Then Alcohol Involvement in Crash should be 9 (Unknown).

• 8 (No Applicable Person)

Default value if no active participants coded for this case.

#### Examples:

Case 1: V1 Driver- alcohol is no, V2 Driver- alcohol is unknown, one non-motorist- alcohol

is no, V3 with the situation that three unknown occupants with none coded the role of driver- alcohol for occ1 is yes, alcohol for occ2 is no, occ3 for alcohol is

unknown.

Alcohol Involved in Crash is 9 (Unknown).

Case 2: V1 driver, alcohol is unknown, one non-motorist, alcohol is no,

Alcohol Involved in Crash is 9 (Unknown).

Case 3: V1 driver, alcohol is no, one non-motorist, alcohol is unknown,

Alcohol Involved in Crash is 9 (Unknown).

Note: For a single vehicle crash, if an in-transport vehicle is listed as having a driver present, but no occupant is coded with the role of driver, then Alcohol Involved in Crash equals 9 (Unknown) unless all occupants are coded 'no (alcohol not involved)' or all the occupants are coded 'yes (alcohol involved).' In the case where all occupants are coded 'No (Alcohol Not Involved)' then Alcohol Involved in Crash is 2 (No Alcohol Involved). In the case where all occupants are coded 'Yes (Alcohol Involved)' then Alcohol Involved in Crash is 1 (Alcohol Involved). In the case where not all occupants are coded 'Yes' or 'No', then Alcohol Involved in Crash equals 9 (Unknown).

For a multi-vehicle crash or a crash having non-motorists, the highest priority alcohol value in each vehicle in the case and each applicable non-motorist is taken.

#### **Driver Drinking in Vehicle**

Vehicle.VEH ALCH

Attribute Labels	2016- Later	
Alcohol Involved	1	
No Alcohol involved	2	
No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present	8	
Unknown	9	

#### Logic of Derivation

- If "Driver Presence" equals 0 (No Driver Present/Not Applicable) or 9 (Unknown), Then "Driver Drinking in Vehicle" is set to 8 (No Driver Present/Unknown if Driver Present).
- If "Driver Presence" equals 1 (Yes) and there is a person in the vehicle where "Person Type" equals 1 (Driver of a Motor Vehicle In Transport),
  Then "Police-Reported Alcohol Involvement" for the driver is used for the derivation of "Driver Drinking in Vehicle" as follows:

	<u>Pc</u>	lice-Reported Alcohol Involvement		<u>Driv</u>	<u>er Drinking in Vehicle</u>
•	0	No (Alcohol Not Involved)	$\rightarrow$	2	No Alcohol Involved
•	1	Yes (Alcohol Involved)	$\rightarrow$	1	Alcohol Involved
•	8	Not Reported	$\rightarrow$	9	Unknown
•	9	Unknown (Police-Reported)	$\rightarrow$	9	Unknown
		` ' '			

- If "Driver Presence" equals 1 (Yes) and there is *not* a person in the vehicle where "Person Type" equals 1 (Driver of a Motor Vehicle In-Transport), Then
  - If "Police Reported Alcohol Involvement" is the same for the occupants of the vehicle where "Person Type" equals 9 (Unknown Occupant Type in a Motor Vehicle In Transport),
    - Then "Driver Drinking in Vehicle" is derived from "Police Reported Alcohol Involvement" as shown above,
  - Else "Driver Drinking in Vehicle" is set to 9 (Unknown).

#### Example:

V1 Driver- alcohol is no, V2 Driver- alcohol is unknown, one non-motorist- alcohol is no, V3 (driver present) with the situation that three unknown occupants with none coded the role of driver- alcohol for occ1 is yes, alcohol for occ2 is no, occ3 for alcohol is unknown.

Driver Drinking in Vehicle for V1 is 2 (No Alcohol Involved), for V2 is 9 (Unknown), for V3 is 9 (Unknown).

Note: If an in-transport vehicle is listed as having a driver present, but no occupant is coded with the role of driver, then Driver Drinking in Vehicle equals 9 (Unknown) unless all the unknown occupant types (PER\_TYP=9) are coded 'no (alcohol not involved)' or all the unknown occupant types are coded 'yes (alcohol involved).' In the case where all the unknown occupant types are coded 'No (Alcohol Not Involved)' then Driver Drinking in Vehicle is 2 (No Alcohol Involved). In the case where all the unknown occupant types are coded 'Yes (Alcohol Involved)' then Driver Drinking in Vehicle is 1 (Alcohol Involved). For example, if there is a vehicle where there is a driver present and there are two unknown occupant types, both coded 'Yes (Alcohol Involved)' but neither is coded as the driver; then Driver Drinking in Vehicle equals 1 (Alcohol Involved). Another example: if there is a vehicle where there is a driver present and there are two unknown occupant types (neither coded as the driver--that is, the police report indicates it is unknown who was actually driving), and one is coded 'Yes (Alcohol Involved)' and the other is coded 'No (Alcohol Not Involved)'; then Driver Drinking in Vehicle equals 9 (Unknown).

#### **Atmospheric Conditions**

Accident.WEATHER

Attribute Labels	2016- Later
No Additional Atmospheric Conditions	0
Clear	1
Rain	2
Sleet or Hail	3
Snow	4
Fog, Smog, Smoke	5
Severe Crosswinds	6
Blowing Sand, Soil, Dirt	7
Other	8
Cloudy	10
Blowing Snow	11
Freezing Rain or Drizzle	12
Not Reported	98
Unknown	99

#### **Logic of Derivation**

This data element is derived from the coded data elements, Accident.WEATHER1 and Accident.WEATHER2. To derive WEATHER from these two data elements, the priority ranking of each attribute is as follows:

- Snow
- Blowing Snow
- Sleet or Hail
- Freezing Rain or Drizzle
- Rain
- Fog, Smog, Smoke
- Severe Crosswinds
- Blowing Sand, Soil, Dirt
- Other
- Cloudy

- Clear
- Not Reported
- Unknown
- No Additional Atmospheric Conditions

#### **Region of the Country**

Accident.REGION

#### **Logic of Derivation**

This element is derived from the data element "Primary Sampling Unit (PSU)" where the crash occurred. The country is divided into four regions with each of the 50 states and the District of Columbia falling into one of the regions. Region of the Country, therefore, is based on the state in which the Primary Sampling Unit is located.

#### **Urbanicity**

Accident.URBANICITY

#### Logic of Derivation

This element is derived from the data element "Primary Sampling Unit (PSU)" where the crash occurred. A PSU is considered Urban if the county (or counties) in the PSU has a population of 250,000 or greater, otherwise it is Rural.

#### **Primary Sampling Unit for Variance Estimation**

Accident.PSU\_VAR

#### Logic of Derivation

This element is derived from the data elements "Primary Sampling Unit (PSU)" and "Police Jurisdiction" where the crash occurred.

#### **First Harmful Event**

Accident.HARM\_EV (also provided as Vehicle.HARM\_EV, Parkwork.PHARM\_EV, Person.HARM\_EV)

#### Logic of Derivation

This data element is derived from the set of all crash events. Each event in a crash is recorded in chronological order. The data element that records the event is "Sequence of Events" and includes both harmful and non-harmful events. First Harmful Event, therefore, is the first "Sequence of Events" value that is not between codes 60 and 71 (non-harmful events).

#### **Initial Contact Point**

Vehicle. IMPACT1, Parkwork.PIMPACT1 (also provided as Person.IMPACT1)

#### Logic of Derivation

This data element is derived from the set of all crash events for a vehicle. Each event in a crash is recorded in chronological order. The data element that records each impact for a vehicle is "Area of Impact (This Vehicle)" ) for "This Vehicle" or "Area of Impact (Other Vehicle)" for the "Other Vehicle". The area of impact is only coded for harmful events, that is "Sequence of Events" values that are not between codes 60 and 71. Initial Contact Point, therefore, is the vehicle's first recorded Area of Impact value for a harmful event. Note that the vehicle may be "This Vehicle" or the "Other Vehicle" in the crash event.

#### **Make Model Combined**

Vehicle. MAK\_MOD, Parkwork. PMAK\_MOD (also provided as Person. MAK MOD)

#### Logic of Derivation

This 5-digit data element is the combination of two data elements, the 2-digit "Vehicle Make" code followed by the 3-digit "Vehicle Model" code.

#### **Motor Carrier Identification Number**

Vehicle. MCARR ID, Parkwork. PMCARR ID

#### Logic of Derivation

This 11-character data element is the combination of two data elements, the 2-digit "Motor Carrier Issuing Authority" code followed by the 9-character "Identification Number".

# Appendix F: Analysis of Pedestrian and Bicycle Crashes Around Intersections

When using the Accident, Person, and Pbtype data files to study pedestrian and cyclist crashes, care must be taken when describing their locations in and around intersections.

The Accident data file contains the data element, "Relation to Junction-Specific Location." This element identifies the location of the "First Harmful Event" of the crash and not necessarily the location of any pedestrian or bicyclist involved. In addition, this element's attributes have specific definitions for *Intersection* (in the intersection) and *Intersection-Related*.

The Person data file contains the data element, "Non-Motorist Location at Time of Crash." This element employs the defined concepts of *At Intersection* and *Not at Intersection*, but does not include the concept of *Intersection-Related*.

Finally, the Pbtype data file contains the data elements, "Crash Location – Pedestrian," "Crash Location – Bicycle," "Pedestrian Position," and "Bicyclist Position." These elements employ the defined concepts of *At Intersection*, *Not at Intersection*, and *Intersection Related* (defined somewhat differently from the Accident file concept).

The following graphics may be helpful aids in conjunction with the FARS/CRSS Coding and Validation Manual and the Pedestrian-Bicyclist Crash Typing Manual:

#### Intersection Cheat Sheet



## C21b RELATION TO JUNCTION 🗫



#### 02 (Intersection)



- 02 (Intersection) is used when the first harmful event occurs in an area which:
- (1) contains a crossing or connection of two or more roadways not classified as a driveway access, and
- (2) is embraced within the prolongation of the lateral curb lines or, if none, the lateral boundary lines of the roadways.

#### 03 (Intersection-Related)

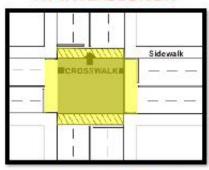


- 03 (Intersection-Related) means that the first harmful event:
- (1) occurs on an approach to or exit from an intersection and
- (2) results from an activity, behavior or control related to the movement of traffic units through the intersection.

## NM10 NON-MOTORIST LOCATION AT TIME OF CRASH



#### AT INTERSECTION



- "At intersection" means: The person is on a roadway (travel lane) either
- (1) in the intersection,
- (2) in an area between a crosswalk and the perimeter of the intersection, or
- (3) in a crosswalk (whether marked or unmarked) adjacent to an intersection. If there are no crosswalks, "at intersection" means only the intersection, which is the area embraced within the prolongation of the lateral curb lines or, if none, the lateral boundary lines of the roadways.

#### NOT AT INTERSECTION



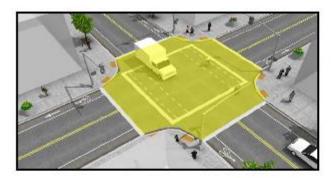
The person is on a roadway, but not "At Intersection".



# PB31/PB31b Pedestrian/Bicycle Crash Location 🗼

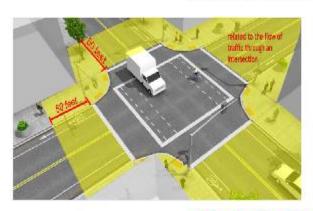


#### AT INTERSECTION



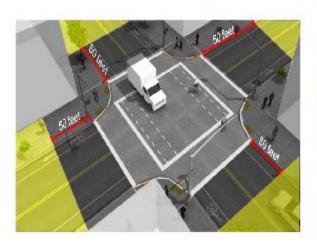
- 1 (At Intersection) is used when a person is on a roadway (travel lane) either
- (1) in the intersection,
- (2) in an area between a crosswalk and the perimeter of the intersection, or
- (3) in a crosswalk (whether marked or unmarked) adjacent to an intersection.

#### INTERSECTION RELATED



2 (Intersection-Related) is used when a person is within the trafficway 50 feet out from the perimeter of an "At intersection" area including the entire cross section of the trafficway (e.g., medians, turn lanes, bike lanes, parking lanes, shoulders, sidewalks, etc.) OR the crash is related to the flow of traffic through an intersection (e.g., the result of queuing traffic).

#### NOT AT INTERSECTION



3 (Not At Intersection) is used when a person is within the trafficway more than 50 feet out from the perimeter of an "At Intersection" area AND the crash is not identified as related to the movement of the traffic units through an intersection.

This includes the entire cross section of the trafficway (e.g., medians, turn lanes, bike lanes, parking lanes, shoulders, sidewalks, etc.).

This attribute is the default when the case materials give no indication that the crash is within 50 feet of an intersection.

# Appendix G: VIN Decoded Data Elements

The Vindecode data file contains over 100 data elements decoded from the VIN. Descriptions of these data elements are provided below from the Polk VINtelligence Deluxe Package and Field Descriptions documentation.

Element Identifier	SAS Name	Field Description
V200	ABS	(Brakes- ABS Code) A code that describes whether a vehicle has or does not have anti-lock brakes, and what kind of brakes they are. (Not coded for heavy truck). This is based on the series code that is assigned the vehicle from VINA.
V201	ABS_T	(Brakes- ABS Code) description
V202	BATKWRTG	The measure of total battery power expressed in kilowatts. For example: 71KW, 85KW, 75KW, 67KW.
V203	BATTYP	A value that identifies the kind of battery in the vehicle. For example: PbA- Lead Acid, NMH- Nickel Metal Hydride.
V204	BATTYP_T	The description of the Polk assigned code for the Battery Type Code. For example: PbA- Lead Acid, NMH- Nickel Metal Hydride.
V205	BATVOLT	The voltage rating of the battery as provided by the manufacturer.
V206	BLOCKTYPE	(Block Type) Description
V207	BODYSTYL	A Polk assigned code that describes the body style of the vehicle. For example, CP=Coupe.
V208	BODYSTYL_T	The description of the Polk assigned code Body Style Code For example: Coupe
V209	CARBBRLS	The number of barrels on a carbureted engine.
V210	CARBTYPE	Carburetion types include "Carburetor", "Fuel Injection", N/A
V211	CARBTYPE_T	The description of the Polk assigned code which identifies the vehicle carburetion type. For example Carburetor, Fuel Injection, Unknown or Electric.
V212	CYCLES	(Cycle Count) Refers to the cycle or stroke of an engine. 2-strokes are lightweight and simpler, but they burn oil, by design. Few cars on the road in North America are two-strokes, the last one offered was a 1967 Saab.
V213	CYLNDRS	Contains a code that represents the number of cylinders a vehicle's combustion engine can have.
V214	DISPCLMT	(Displacement Liters) displacement in rounded Liters, where 1,000 cubic centimeters = 1 liter. Even domestic makes will advertise displacement in terms of liters (e.g. 5.0 liter mustang, which equates to a 302 CID or 4967 cc displacement).
V215	DISPLCC	(Displacement CC) displacement in cubic centimeters. We intend to use this as the definitive, exact displacement value, i.e. 4967 cc.
V216	DISPLCI	(Displacement CID) displacement in cubic inches. This is a rounded, marketing value, like 302 cubic inches, instead of 4967 cc.
V217	DOORS	The number of doors the vehicle has
V218	DRIVETYP	(Drive Type) This element describes type of driving configuration for cars and trucks such as FWD, AWD, RWD.
V219	DRIVETYP_T	(Drive Type) description
V220	DRIVWHLS	Number of wheels driven by the power train. For example in a 6x4 configuration this would be the 4.
V221	DRL	(Daytime Running Lights)A Polk assigned code that identifies whether or not the vehicle has daytime running lights.

Element Identifier	SAS Name	Field Description
V222	DRL_T	(Daytime Running Lights) description
V223	ENGHEAD	(Head Configuration) Describes the cylinder head's camshaft/valve configuration.
V224	ENGHEAD_T	(Head Configuration) description
V225	ENGMFG	(Mfr.) A Polk assigned code given to the original equipment manufacture of the within a vehicle
V226	ENGMFG_T	(Mfr.) description
V227	ENGMODEL	(Model) description
V228	ENGVINCD	(Code) Code derived from the VIN (not the secondary VIN for a motorcycle). Usually a single character, some manufactures give full positions 4-8 and engine information from that; they do not break it down any further.
V229	ENGVVT	Used to determine if a car has Variable Valve Timing
V230	FUEL	(Fuel) What an internal combustion burns to move a piston in a cylinder
V231	FUEL_T	(Fuel) description
V232	FUELINJ	The type of fuel injection
V233	FUELINJ_T	The type of fuel injection used by a vehicle. For example, Direct, Throttle body
V234	GVWRANGE	Contains a code that identifies the Polk standard groupings of gross vehicle weights to which a vehicle may belong. This information is typically captured only for trucks.
V235	GVWRANGE_T	The description for the manufacturers assigned Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW) for trucks. This rating may or may not equal the actual GVW.
V236	INCOMPLT	Indicator that signifies whether the vehicle is consider "incomplete" (Y/N)
V237	MCYUSAGE	A further breakdown of body style for motorcycles to indicate if is it On-Road or Off-Road.
V238	MCYUSAGE_T	A further breakdown of body style for motorcycles to indicate if is it On-Road or Off-Road.
V239	MFG	(Vehicle Manufacturer Name) Standard abbreviation of the name of the vehicle manufacturer, i.e. General Motors, as defined by the National Crime Information Center
V240	MFG_T	(Vehicle Manufacturer Name) The name of the vehicle manufacturer, i.e. General Motors, as defined by the National Crime Information Center
V241	MSRP	Contains the base price of the vehicle as designated by the OEM's specifications. BASE PRICE includes only the price for the base model of the vehicle, excluding any optional equipment that may have been added as a result of the vehicle's TRIM LEVEL.
V242	NCICMAKE	Contains the Polk standardized abbreviation for the OEM's vehicle make. The vehicle make generally contains what the general public usually considers to be a vehicle brand name, for example, Chrysler, Dodge, Ford, Mercury, Toyota, GMC, Chevy, etc.
V243	ORIGIN	(Origin) A code that indicates the origin of a vehicle.
V244	ORIGIN_T	(Origin) description
V245	PLANT	(Plant Code) Plant code where vehicle was manufactured.
V246	PLNTCITY	(City) This is the city where the plant is located.
V247	PLNTCTRY	A code representing the country the plant is in.
V248	PLNTCTRY_T	(Country) This is the country where the plant is located. Example values are USA, Canada and Japan.

Flamout		
Element Identifier	SAS Name	Field Description
V249	PLNTSTAT	A code representing the state or province the plant is in.
V250	PLNTSTAT_T	(State or Province) This is the state or province (Canada) location of the plant.
V251	PSI_F	(Front Tire Pressure) Vehicle Mfr. recommendation for tire pressure, in pounds/sq. in.
V252	PSI_R	(Rear Tire Pressure) Vehicle Mfr. recommendation for tire pressure, in pounds/sq. in.
V253	REARSIZE	The size of the rear tires. example "17R245"
V254	REARSIZE_T	(Rear Tire Size Description) As in "17R245"
V255	RSTRNT	(Restraint Type) A Polk assigned code that identifies the type of restraints that a vehicle has based on VIN.
V256	RSTRNT_T	(Restraint Type) description
V257	SALECTRY	(Country Sold / Specific Market) Country where the vehicle is planned to be sold (may have different emissions standards).
V258	SALECTRY_T	(Country Sold / Specific Market) description
V259	SECURITY	(Security Type) Describes the security system (if any) installed on this model.
V260	SECURITY_T	(Security Type) description
V261	SEGMNT	The Polk standard segmentation code
V262	SEGMNT_T	Description of SEGMENTATION_CODE that represents the Polk Standard Segmentation applied.
V263	SHIPWEIGHT	Contains the base weight of the vehicle, rounded to the nearest one hundred pounds, as defined in the OEM's specifications. The base weight of a vehicle is the empty weight of the base model of the vehicle (i.e., the stripped down version of the vehicle)
V264	SUPCHRGR	Indicates if the engine has a supercharger or not.
V265	SUPCHRGR_T	Indicates if the engine has a supercharger or not. Yes, No or Unknown.
V266	TIREDESC_F	(Front Tire) More specific tire description (ex. Michelin Eagle P245/40ZR)"
V267	TIREDESC_R	(Rear Tire) More specific tire description (ex. Michelin Eagle P245/40ZR)"
V268	TIRESZ_F	Describes the size of the front tire. For example "17R245"
V269	TIRESZ_F_T	(Front Tire Size Description) As in "17R245"
V270	TKAXLEF	(Axle- Type, Front Axle) The location of the front axle of a truck tractor. Set forward increases stability on the highway, Setback increases maneuverability in tight spaces.
V271	TKAXLEF_T	(Axle- Type, Front Axle) short description
V272	TKAXLER	(Axle- Type, Rear Axle) Represents rear axle configuration on a truck tractor. Tandem axles increase load bearing capability.
V273	TKAXLER_T	(Axle- Type, Rear Axle) short description
V274	TKBEDL	(Bed Length) Code representing the manufacturer's description of the relative size of the cargo area of a pickup truck or van. A "long" Ford Ranger bed (compact pickup) may well be shorter than a "short" bed on an F350 (large industrial pickup).
V275	TKBEDL_T	(Bed Length) description
V276	TKBRAK	(Brake Type) The type of brakes on the Vehicle (currently commercial truck only). Truck VIN determines this currently
V277	TKBRAK_T	(Brake Type) description

Florida		
Element Identifier	SAS Name	Field Description
V278	TKCAB	(Cab Configuration) Cab Type describes the physical configuration of a truck's cabin.
V279	TKCAB_T	(Cab Configuration) medium description
V280	TKDUTY	(Duty Type) A Polk assigned code that represents the duty type of a truck engine, based on manufacturer information.
V281	TKDUTY_T	(Duty Type) medium description
V282	TONRATING	(Tonnage Rating) description
V283	TURBO	Indicates if the engine has a turbocharger.
V284	TURBO_T	Indicates if the engine has a turbocharger. Yes, No or Unknown.
V285	VEHTYPE	A Polk assigned code that defines the type of a vehicle represented by a specific VIN. For example: M,P,C or T.
V286	VEHTYPE_T	The description of the Polk assigned code for the vehicle type code. For example: passenger, truck, motorcycle, commercial trailer.
V287	VINMAKE_T	(Make- Name) Full name of the make (i.e. Chevrolet)
V288	VINMODEL_T	(Model Code) description
V289	VINTRIM_T	The Trim of the vehicle
V290	VINTRIM1_T	The trim of the vehicle. This field is used when a VIN Pattern could have more than 1 trim assigned.
V291	VINTRIM2_T	The trim of the vehicle. This field is used when a VIN Pattern could have more than 2 trims assigned.
V292	VINTRIM3_T	The trim of the vehicle. This field is used when a VIN Pattern could have more than 3 trims assigned.
V293	VINTRIM4_T	The trim of the vehicle. This field is used when a VIN Pattern could have more than 4 trims assigned.
V294	VINYEAR	The marketing year defined by the OEM within which the vehicle was produced. The value contained in this attribute may not always match the calendar year in which the vehicle was actually manufactured. Many OEMs release models prior to calendar year.
V295	VLVCLNDR	(Valves Per Cylinder) Number of intake/exhaust valves per cylinder.
V296	VLVTOTAL	(Valves Total) Total number of intake/exhaust valves.
V297	WHEELS	The number of wheel ends on the vehicle. For example in a 6x4 configuration this would be the 6.
V298	WHLBLG	Contains the longest distance between the front and rear axles of a vehicle in inches for a particular series of that vehicle.
V299	WHLBSH	Contains the distance between the front and rear axles of a vehicle in inches of the base model of the vehicle.



