Q



E O II

PXE Q 15

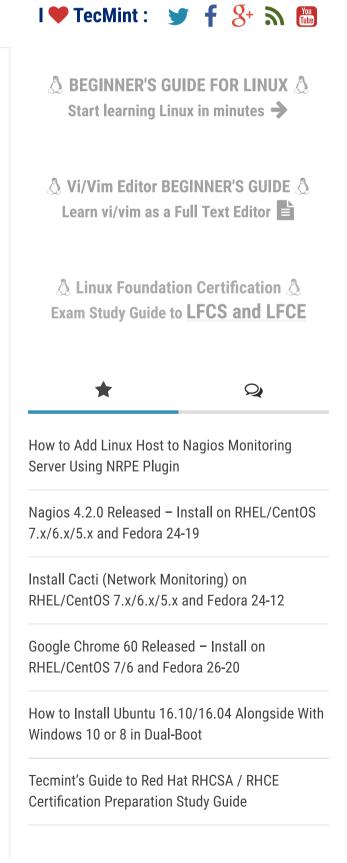
Automated Installations of Multiple RHEL/CentOS 7 Distributions using PXE Server and Kickstart Files

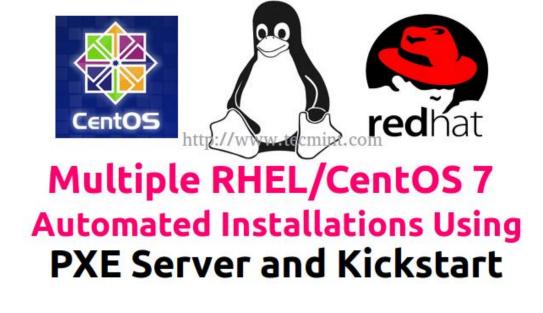
by Matei Cezar | Published: October 30, 2014 | Last Updated: January 2, 2015

Download Your Free eBooks NOW - 10 Free Linux eBooks for Administrators | 4 Free Shell Scripting eBooks

This article is an extension of my previous PXE Boot Environment Setup on RHEL/CentOS 7 and it's focused on how you can perform Automatic Installations of RHEL/CentOS 7, without the need for user intervention, on headless machines using a Kickstart file read from a local FTP server.

The environment preparation for this kind of installation has already been processed on the previous tutorial regarding PXE Server setup, the only key missing, a Kickstart file, will be discussed further on this tutorial.





Multiple RHEL/CemtOS 7 Installation using Kickstart

The simplest way to create a customize **Kickstart** file that you can use it further for multiple installations is to manually perform an installation of RHEL/CentOS 7 and copy, after installation process finishes, the file named **anaconda-ks.cfg**, that resides in **/root** path, to an accessible network location, and specify the **initrd** boot parameter **inst.ks=protocol://path/to/kickstart.fileto PXE Menu Configuration File**.

Requirements

Setup a PXE Network Boot Server on RHEL/CentOS 7

This tutorial, and the Kickstart file configuration, only covers the Minimal Installation of RHEL/CentOS 7 without a Graphical Installation, basically the Kikstart file resulted from the previous Minimal Installation procedure of RHEL/CentOS 7.

- CentOS 7 Minimal Installation Procedure
- RHEL 7 Minimal Installation Procedure

If you need a Kickstart file that covers **GUI** Installation and a specific partition table, I suggest that you first perform a customizable Graphical Installation of RHEL/CentOS 7 in a virtualized environment and use that resulted Kickstart file for future GUI installations.

Step 1: Create and Copy Kiskstart File to FTP Server Path

- 1. On the first step go to your PXE machine /root directory and copy the file named anaconda-ks.cfg to Vsftpd default server path (/var/ftp/pub) also the path for RHEL/CentOS 7 Local Mirror Installation Source configured on PXE network Boot Server Step 6 (refer PXE Server setup article above).
 - # cp anaconda-ks.cfg /var/ftp/pub/
 - # chmod 755 /var/ftp/pub/anaconda-ks.cfg
- **2.** After the file has been copied, open it with your favorite text editor and make the following minimal changes.



Linux System Administrator Bundle with 7-Courses (96% off)

Add to Cart - \$69

① Ending In: 3 days

Computer Hacker Professional Certification Course (96% Off)

Add to Cart - \$59

② Ending In: 4 days

LINUX EBOOKS

- Introducing Learn Linux In One Week and Go from Zero to Hero
- RedHat RHCE/RHCSA Certification Preparation Guide
- Linux Foundations LFCS/LFCE Certification
 Guide
- Postfix Mail Server Setup Guide for Linux
- Ansible Setup Guide for Linux
- Django Setup Guide for Linux
- Awk Getting Started Guide for Beginners
- Citrix XenServer Setup Guide for Linux



Never Miss Any Linux Tutorials, Guides, Tips and Free eBooks

Join Our Community Of **150,000+ Linux Lovers** and get a weekly newsletter in your inbox

YES! SIGN ME UP

- Replace -url filed with your network installation source location: Ex:
 -url=ftp://192.168.1.25/pub/
- Replace **network** -**bootproto** with **dhcp** in case you have manually configured network interfaces on installation process.

An excerpt on how a Kickstart file might look like is presented below.

```
#version=RHEL7
# System authorization information
auth --enableshadow --passalgo=sha512
# Use network installation
url --url="ftp://192.168.1.25/pub/"
# Run the Setup Agent on first boot
firstboot --enable
ignoredisk --only-use=sda
# Keyboard layouts
keyboard --vckeymap=us --xlayouts='us'
# System language
lang en US.UTF-8
# Network information
network --bootproto=dhcp --device=eno16777736 --ipv6=auto --a
network --hostname=localhost.localdomain
# Root password
rootpw --iscrypted $6$RMPTNRo5P7zulbAR$ueRnuz70DX2Z8Pb2oCgfXv4
# System services
services --enabled="chronyd"
# System timezone
timezone Europe/Bucharest --isUtc
# System bootloader configuration
bootloader --location=mbr --boot-drive=sda
# Partition clearing information
clearpart --none --initlabel
# Disk partitioning information
part pv.20 --fstype="lvmpv" --ondisk=sda --size=19979
part /boot --fstype="xfs" --ondisk=sda --size=500
volgroup centos --pesize=4096 pv.20
logvol / --fstype="xfs" --grow --maxsize=51200 --size=1024 --
logvol swap --fstype="swap" --size=2048 --name=swap01 --vgnam
%packages
@compat-libraries
@core
wget
net-tools
```

Kickstart Configuration

For more advanced Kickstart file options and syntax feel free to read RHEL 7 Kickstart Documentation.

3. Before attempting to use this file for installations procedures, it is important that you verify the file using **ksvalidator** command included on **Pykickstart** package, especially if manual customizations had been performed. Install **Pykickstart** package and verify your Kickstart file by issuing the following commands.

```
# yum install pykickstart
# ksvalidator /var/ftp/pub/anaconda-ks.cfg
```

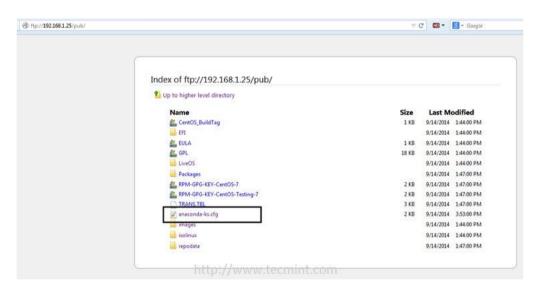
Install Pykickstart Package

```
[root@pxe-server ~]# ksvalidator /var/ftp/pub/anaconda-ks.cfg
[root@pxe-server ~]#
http://www.tecmint.com
```

Verify Kickstart Files

4. The last verification is to assure that Kickstart file is accessible from your specified network location – in this case **FTP Local Mirror Installation Source** defined by following URL Address.

```
ftp://192.168.1.25/pub/
```



Verify FTP Mirror

Step 2: Add Kikstart Installation Label to PXE Server Configuration

5. In order to access **Automatic Installation of RHEL/CentOS 7** option from **PXE Menu** add the following label to PXE default file configuration.

```
# nano /var/lib/tftpboot/pxelinux.cfg/default
```

PXE Menu Label excerpt.

For RHEL 7

```
label 5 menu label ^5) Install RHEL 7 x64 with Local Repo using Kickst
```

```
kernel vmlinuz
append initrd=initrd.img inst.ks=ftp://192.168.1.25/pub/anacor
```

For CentOS 7

```
label 5
menu label ^5) Install CentOS 7 x64 with Local Repo using Kick
kernel vmlinuz
append initrd=initrd.img inst.ks=ftp://192.168.1.25/pub/anacon
```

Add Kickstart to PXE Menu

As you can see from this example the automatically installation can be supervised via **VNC** with password (replace VNC password accordingly) and the Kickstart file is located locally on PXE server and is specified by the **initrd** boot parameter **inst.ks=** FTP network location (replace protocol and network location accordingly if you are using other installation methods such as HTTP, HTTPS, NFS or remote Installation Sources and Kickstart files).

Step 3: Configure Clients to Automatically Install RHEL/CentOS 7 using Kickstart

6. To automatically install RHEL/CentOS 7 and supervise the entire installation process, especially on headless servers, instruct your client machine from BIOS

to boot from network, wait a few seconds then press **F8** and **Enter** keys, then select **Kickstart** option from PXE menu.



PXE Boot Menu

7. After the **kernel** and **ramdisk** loads and detects the Kickstart file, the installation process automatically starts without any intervention from user side needed. If you want to watch the installation process connect with a **VNC** client from a different computer using the address that the installer provides you and enjoy the view.

```
Starting installer, one moment...
anaconda 19.31.79-1 for CentOS 7 started.
19:05:37 Starting UNC...
19:05:38 The UNC server is now running.
19:05:38

You chose to execute vnc with a password.

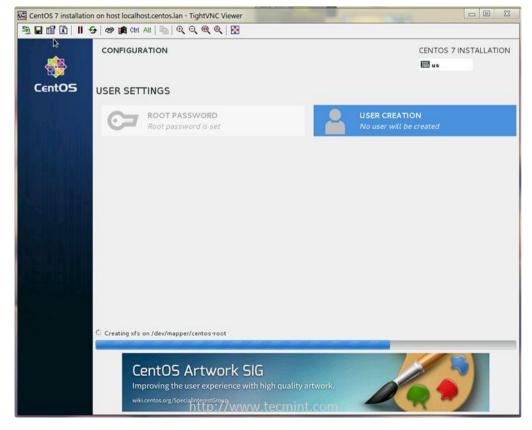
19:05:38 Please manually connect your vnc client to 192.168.1.212:1 to begin the install.

http://www.tecmint.com
```

Automatic OS Installation



Connect to VNC



Kickstart Automatic OS Installation

8. After the installation process finishes login to the newly installed system with **root** account and the password used on previous installation (the



one that you copied the Kickstart file) and change your client root password by running **passwd** command.

```
CentOS Linux 7 (Core)
Kernel 3.10.0-123.el7.x86_64 on an x86_64

localhost login: root
Password:
Last login: Mon Sep 15 02:28:34 on tty1
[root@localhost ~ l# passwd
Changing password for user root.
New password:
Retype new password:
passwd: all authentication tokens updated successfully.
[root@localhost ~ l#

http://www.tecmint.com
```

Connect to New Installed Server

That's all! Automatic Kickstart installations offer a great deal of benefits for system administrators in environments that they have to perform system installations on multiple machines the same time, in a short period of time, without the need to manually interfere with the installation process.

If You Appreciate What We Do Here On TecMint, You Should Consider:

- 1. Stay Connected to: Twitter | Facebook | Google Plus
- 2. Subscribe to our email updates: Sign Up Now
- 3. Get your own self-hosted blog with a Free Domain at (\$3.95/month).
- 4. Become a Supporter Make a contribution via PayPal
- 5. Support us by <u>purchasing our premium books</u> in PDF format.
- 6. Support us by taking our online Linux courses

We are thankful for your never ending support.

Tags: centos 7 kickstart rhel 7



Matei Cezar

View all Posts

I'am a computer addicted guy, a fan of open source and linux based system software, have about 4 years experience with Linux distributions desktop, servers and bash scripting.

Your name can also be listed here. Got a tip? <u>Submit it here</u> to become an TecMint author.









PREVIOUS STORY

LFCS: Managing System Startup Process and Services (SysVinit, Systemd and Upstart) - Part 7

NEXT STORY

Managing Users & Groups, File
Permissions & Attributes and Enabling
sudo Access on Accounts – Part 8



YOU MAY ALSO LIKE...







Network Installation of "Debian 7 (Wheezy) on Client Machines using DNSMASQ Network Boot Server

18 SEP, 2014

Installing Windows 7 over PXE Network Boot Server on RHEL/CentOS 7 using WinPE ISO Image – Part 2

10 NOV, 2014

Setting Up Prerequisites to 'Install Windows 7' over 'PXE Network Boot Server' on RHEL/CentOS 7 – Part 1

7 NOV, 2014

15 RESPONSES

Q Comments 1

→ Pingbacks 0

Sebastien.L ① March 5, 2017 at 10:39 pm

Great article! One thing: please note that according to your requirements (Setup a PXE Network Boot Server on RHEL/CentOS 7) the Step 2 and chapter 5 should be corrected with this:

menu label ^5) Install CentOS 7 x64 with Local Repo using Kickstart kernel centos7/vmlinuz

append initrd=centos7/initrd.img inst.ks=ftp://192.168.1.25/pub/anaconda-ks.cfg inst.vnc inst.vncpassword=password

(centos7 subfolder has been missed in kernel and append ^^)

Thanks

Reply

« Older Comments

GOT SOMETHING TO SAY? JOIN THE DISCUSSION.

Comment

Name *

Email *

Website		
Notify me of followup comments via e-n	nail. You can also subscribe without commenting.	
Post Comment		

LINUX MONITORING TOOLS

rtop – An Interactive Tool to Monitor Remote Linux Server Over SSH

How to Setup and Manage Log Rotation Using Logrotate in Linux

How to Setup Rsyslog Client to Send Logs to Rsyslog Server in CentOS 7

How To Install Elasticsearch, Logstash, and Kibana (ELK Stack) on CentOS/RHEL 7

Darkstat – A Web Based Linux Network Traffic Analyzer

LINUX INTERVIEW QUESTIONS

10 Useful Interview Questions and Answers on Linux Commands

10 MySQL Database Interview Questions for Beginners and Intermediates

10 Useful 'Interview Questions and Answers' on Linux Shell Scripting

10 Useful 'Is' Command Interview Questions - Part 2

10 Useful Interview Questions on Linux Services and Daemons

OPEN SOURCE TOOLS

4 Best Linux Boot Loaders

10 Best Clipboard Managers for Linux

11 Best Open Source Web Browsers I Discovered for Linux in 2016

8 Best Open Source Music Making Softwares for Linux

13 Best File Managers for Linux Systems

Tecmint: Linux Howtos, Tutorials & Guides © 2017. All Rights Reserved. This work is licensed under a (cc) BY-NC The material in this site cannot be republished either online or offline, without









our permission.