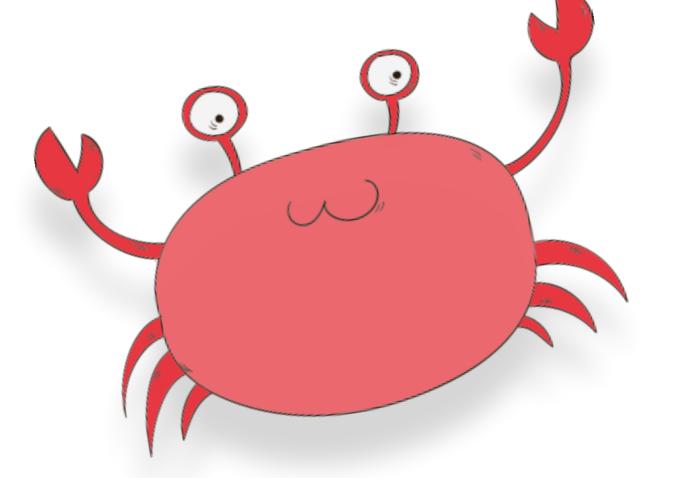
Idiomatic Rust

Writing concise and elegant Rust code



Matthias Endler

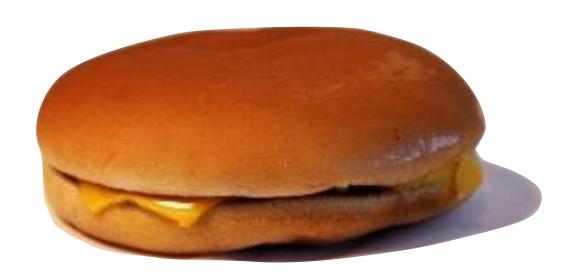


- Düsseldorf, Germany
- Backend Engineer at trivago*
- Website performance
- Hot Chocolate
- matthiasendler
- 9 mre
- matthias-endler.de

EXPECTATION...



REALITY...





Python

The Zen of Python



Image: Monty Python and the Holy Grail (1975)

What is idiomatic Rust?

What is idiomatic?

The most concise, convenient and common way of accomplishing a task in a programming language.

Tim Mansfield

```
public bool IsTrue(bool b)
 if (b == true)
   return true;
 return false:
```

Idiomatic Rust

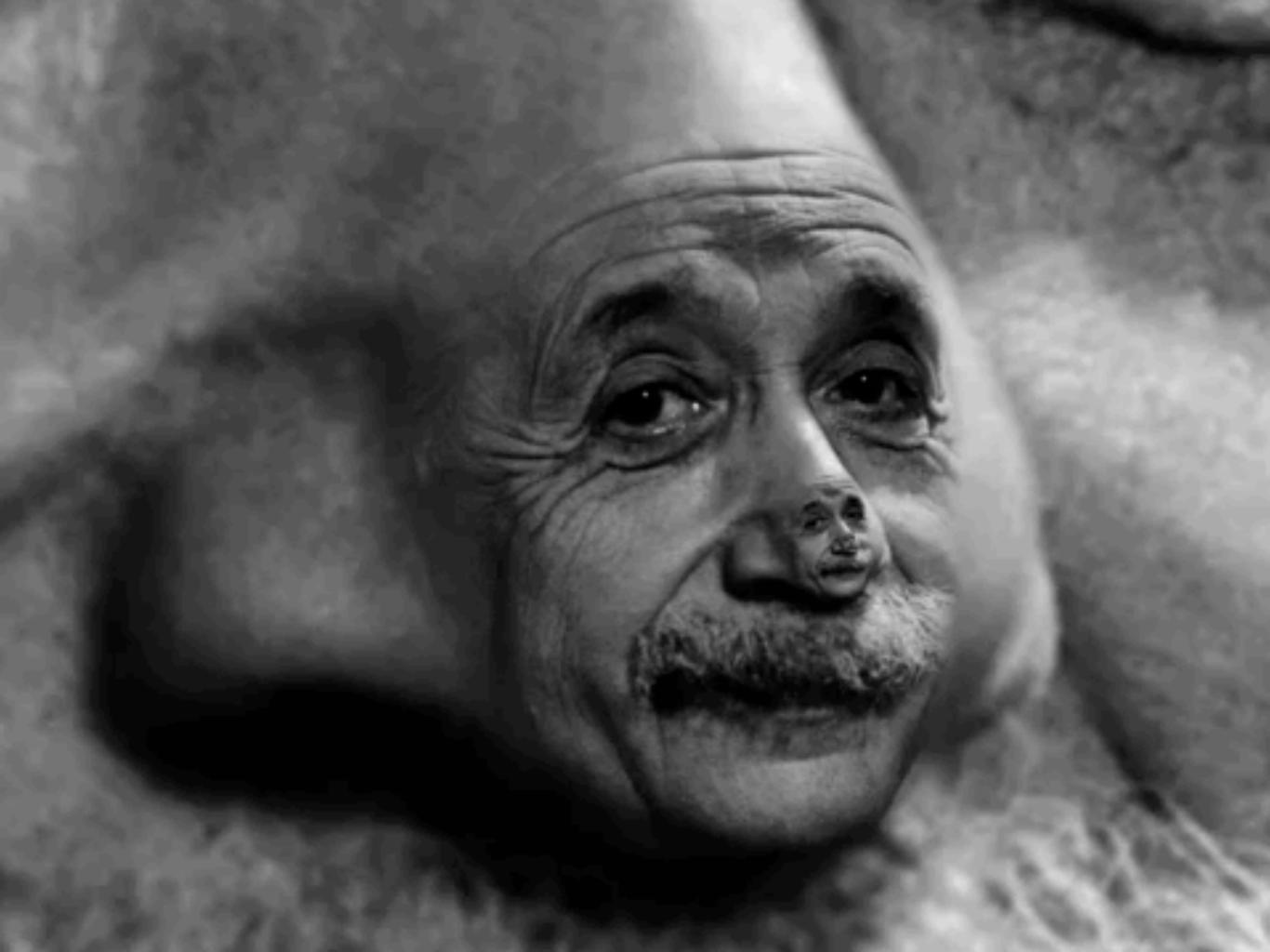
syntax semantics design patterns

Idiomatic Rust

```
syntax — use rustfmt

semantics — ???

design patterns — rust-unofficial/patterns
```





This repository collects resources for writing clean, idiomatic Rust code. Please bring your own.



Idiomatic coding means following the conventions of a given language. It is the most concise, convenient, and common way of accomplishing a task in that language, rather than forcing it to work in a way the author is familiar with from a different language. - Adapted from Tim Mansfield

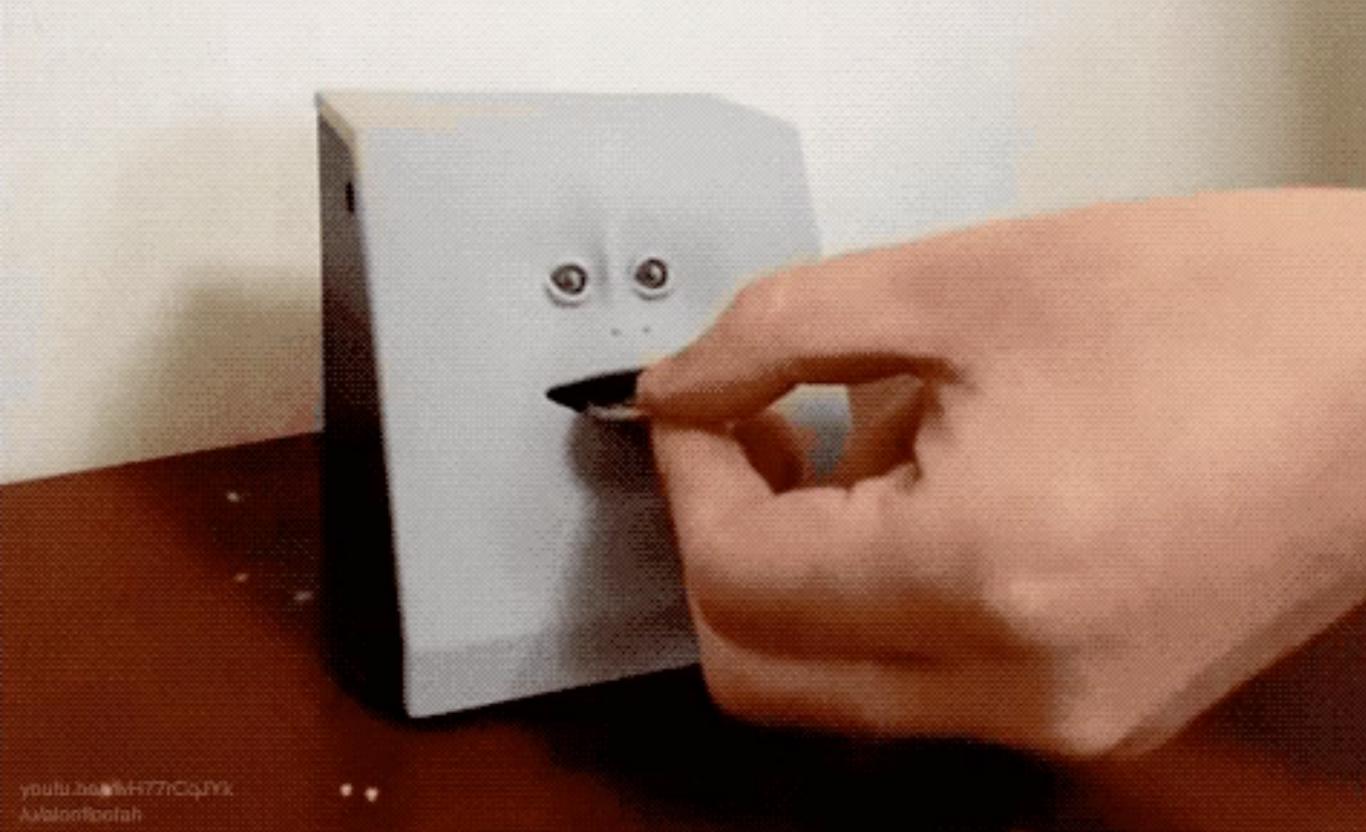
Articles

2017

- Lessons learned redesigning and refactoring a Rust Library by @mgattozzi RefCell, the builder pattern and more.
- Math with distances in Rust: safety and correctness across units by @code-ape How to create a system to cleanly and safely do arithmetic with lengths.
- The balance between cost, useability and soundness in C bindings, and Rust-SDL2's release by @Cobrand Writing safe, sound, idiomatic libraries despite the limitations of the borrow checker.

https://github.com/mre/idiomatic-rust

Case study: Handling money in Rust



Task:

Parse money, e.g. 20,42 Dollar or 140 Euro.

```
fn parse_money(input: &str) {
    // TODO
```

```
fn parse_money(input: &str) -> (i32, String) {
5
```

"magic" error constants

```
fn parse_money(input: &str) -> (i32, String) {
      let parts: Vec<&str> = input.split_whitespace().collect();
      let maybe_amount = parts[0].parse();
      if maybe_amount.is_err() {
           return (-1, "invalid".to_string());
5
       let currency = parts[1].to_string();
       return (maybe_amount.unwrap(), currency);
```

use unwrap()

```
fn parse_money(input: &str) -> (i32, String) {
    let parts: Vec<&str> = input.split_whitespace().collect();

let amount = parts[0].parse().unwrap();

let currency = parts[1].to_string();

return (amount, currency);

}
```

```
parse_money("140 Euro");
(140, "Euro")
```



parse_money("140.01 Euro");

thread 'main' panicked at 'called `Result::unwrap()`
on an `Err` value: ParseIntError { kind: InvalidDigit
 }', src/libcore/result.rs:906:4

note: Run with `RUST_BACKTRACE=1` for a backtrace.

unwrap will panic on error

```
fn parse_money(input: &str) -> (i32, String) {
    let parts: Vec<&str> = input.split_whitespace().collect();

let amount = parts[0].parse().unwrap();

let currency = parts[1].to_string();

return (amount, currency);

}
```

replace unwrap with?

```
fn parse_money(input: &str) -> Result<(i32, String), ParseIntError>
let parts: Vec<&str> = input.split_whitespace().collect();

let amount = parts[0].parse()?;

let currency = parts[1].to_string();

return Ok (amount, currency));

}
```



Bro blem?

parse_money("140.01 Euro");

Err(ParseIntError { kind: InvalidDigit })

Wrong type for parse()

```
1 fn parse_money(input: &str) -> Result (i32, String), ParseIntError> {
2    let parts: Vec < &str > = input.split_whitespace().collect();
3    let amount = parts[0].parse()?;
4    let currency = parts[1].to_string();
5    return Ok((amount, currency));
6 }
```

use float

```
fn parse_money(input: &str) -> Result (f32, String), ParseFloatError> {
    let parts: Vec (&str) = input.split_whitespace().collect();

    let amount = parts[0].parse()?;

    let currency = parts[1].to_string();

    return Ok((amount, currency));

6 }
```

Don't use float for real-world money objects!

```
parse_money("140.01 Euro");
Ok((140.01, "Euro"))
```



parse_money("140.01");

thread 'main' panicked at 'index out of bounds: the len is 1 but the index is 1', /Users/travis/build/rust-lang/rust/src/liballoc/vec.rs:1551:10 note: Run with `RUST_BACKTRACE=1` for a backtrace.

Unchecked vector index

```
fn parse_money(input: &str) -> Result<(f32, String), ParseFloatError> {
    let parts: Vec<&str> = input.split_whitespace().collect();

    let amount = parts[0].parse()?;

    let currency = parts[1].to_string();

    return Ok((amount, currency));

6 }
```

use custom error

```
fn parse_money(input: &str) -> Result<(f32, String), MoneyError>
    let parts: Vec<&str> = input.split_whitespace().collect();
    if parts.len() != 2 {
        Err(MoneyError::ParseError)
    } else {
        let (amount, currency) = (parts[0], parts[1]);
       Ok((amount.parse()?, currency.to_string()))
```

```
#[derive(Debug)]
pub enum MoneyError {
    ParseError,
}
```

```
#[derive(Debug, Fail)]
enum MoneyError {
    #[fail(display = "Invalid input: {}", _0)]
    ParseAmount(ParseFloatError),
    #[fail(display = "{}", _0)]
    ParseFormatting(String),
}
impl From<ParseFloatError> for MoneyError {
    fn from(e: ParseFloatError) -> Self {
        MoneyError::ParseAmount(e)
```

```
println!("{:?}", parse_money("140.01"));

Err(ParseFormatting("Expecting amount and currency"))

println!("{:?}", parse_money("OneMillion Euro"));

Err(ParseAmount(ParseFloatError { kind: Invalid }))

println!("{:?}", parse_money("100 Euro"));

Ok((100, "Euro"))
```

explicit length check

```
fn parse_money(input: &str) -> Result<(f32, String), MoneyError> {
       let parts: Vec<&str> = input.split_whitespace().collect();
 2
       if parts.len() != 2 {
 3
           Err(MoneyError::ParseFormatting(
 4
                "Expecting amount and currency".into(),
 5
            ))
6
       } else {
           let (amount, currency) = (parts[0], parts[1]);
8
           Ok((amount.parse()?, currency.to_string()))
9
        }
10
```

slice patterns

```
#![feature(slice_patterns)]
  fn parse_money(input: &str) -> Result<(f32, String), MoneyError> {
      let parts: Vec<&str> = input.split_whitespace().collect();
3
      match parts[..] {
          [amount, currency] => Ok((amount.parse()?, currency.to_string())),
5
          _ => Err(MoneyError::ParseFormatting(
              "Expecting amount and currency".into(),
          )),
```

```
#![feature(slice_patterns)]
   fn parse_money(input: &str) -> Result Money Money Frror> {
       let parts: Vec<&str> = input.split_whitespace().collect();
 3
       match parts[..] {
            [amount, curr] => Ok(Money::new(amount.parse()?, curr.parse()?)),
 5
           _ => Err(MoneyError::ParseFormatting(
6
                "Expecting amount and currency".into(),
           )),
10
```

```
#[derive(Debug)]
struct Money {
    amount: f32,
    currency: Currency,
}

impl Money {
    fn new(amount: f32, currency: Currency) -> Self {
        Money { amount, currency }
      }
}
```

```
1 #[derive(Debug)]
   enum Currency {
       Dollar,
3
       Euro,
   impl std::str::FromStr for Currency {
       type Err = MoneyError;
6
       fn from_str(s: &str) -> Result<Self, Self::Err> {
           match s.to_lowercase().as_ref() {
8
               "dollar" | "$" => Ok(Currency::Dollar),
9
               "euro" | "eur" | "€" => Ok(Currency::Euro),
               _ => Err(MoneyError::ParseCurrency("Unknown currency".into())),
10
12 }
```

```
impl std::str::FromStr for Money {
    type Err = MoneyError;
    fn from_str(s: &str) -> Result<Self, Self::Err> {
        let parts: Vec<&str> = s.split_whitespace().collect();
        match parts[..] {
            [amount, currency] => Ok(Money::new(amount.parse()?, currency.parse()?)),
            _ => Err(MoneyError::ParseFormatting(
                "Expecting amount and currency".into(),
            )),
```



```
"140.01".parse::<Money>()
Err(ParseFormatting("Expecting amount and currency"))
"OneMillion Bitcoin".parse::<Money>()
Err(ParseAmount(ParseFloatError { kind: Invalid }))
"100 €".parse::<Money>()
Ok(Money { amount: 100.0, currency: Euro })
"42.24 Dollar".parse::<Money>()
Ok(Money { amount: 42.42, currency: Dollar })
```

Thank you!

matthias-endler.de

github.com/mre/idiomatic-rust

...use clippy!



Crab title image designed by freepik