lab: title: '03a - Manage Azure resources by Using the Azure Portal' module: 'Module 03 - Azure Administration'

# Lab 03a - Manage Azure resources by Using the Azure Portal

# Student lab manual

## Lab scenario

You need to explore the basic Azure administration capabilities associated with provisioning resources and organizing them based on resource groups, including moving resources between resource groups. You also want to explore options for protecting disk resources from being accidentally deleted, while still allowing for modifying their performance characteristics and size.

# **Objectives**

In this lab, we will:

- Task 1: Create resource groups and deploy resources to resource groups
- Task 2: Move resources between resource groups
- Task 3: Implement and test resource locks

# **Estimated timing: 20 minutes**

## Instructions

## **Exercise 1**

### Task 1: Create resource groups and deploy resources to resource groups

In this task, you will use the Azure portal to create resource groups and create a disk in the resource group.

- 1. Sign in to the Azure portal.
- 2. Search for and select Resource groups.
- 3. On the Resource groups blade, click + Add and create a resource group with the following settings:

Setting	Value	
Subscription	the name of the Azure subscription you will use in this lab	
Resource Group	az104-03a-rg1	
Region	the name of any Azure region available in the subscription you will use in this lab	

- 4. Click Review + Create and then click Create.
- 5. In the Azure portal, search for and select Disks, click + Add, and specify the following settings:

Subscription the name of the Azure subscription where you created the resource group	Setting	Value
	Subscription	the name of the Azure subscription where you created the resource group

Setting	Value
Resource Group	az104-03a-rg1
Disk name	az104-03a-disk1
Region	the name of the Azure region where you created the resource group
Availability zone	None
Source type	None

Note: When creating a resource, you have the option of creating a new resource group or using an existing one.

- 6. Change the disk type and size to Standard HDD and 32 GiB, respectively.
- 7. Click Review + Create and then click Create.

Note: Wait until the disk is created. This should take less than a minute.

#### Task 2: Move resources between resource groups

In this task, we will move the disk resource you created in the previous task to a new resource group.

- 1. Search for and select Resource groups.
- 2. On the Resource groups blade, click the entry representing the az104-03a-rg1 resource group you created in the previous task.
- 3. From the **Overview** blade of the resource group, in the list of resource group resources, select the entry representing the newly created disk, click **Move** in the toolbar, and, in the drop-down list, select **Move to another resource group**.

Note: This method allows you to move multiple resources at the same time.

- 4. On the Move resources blade, click Create a new group.
- 5. In the Resource group text box, type az104-03a-rg2, select the checkbox I understand that tools and scripts associated with moved resources will not work until I update them to use new resource IDs, and click OK.

**Note**: Do not wait for the move to complete but instead proceed to the next task. The move might take about 10 minutes. You can determine that the operation was completed by monitoring activity log entries of the source or target resource group. Revisit this step once you complete the next task.

#### Task 3: Implement resource locks

In this task, you will apply a resource lock to an Azure resource group containing a disk resource.

1. In the Azure portal, search for and select Disks, click + Add, and specify the following settings:

Setting	Value
Subscription	the name of the subscription you are using in this lab
Resource Group	the name of a new resource group az104-03a-rg3
Disk name	az104-03a-disk2
Region	the name of the Azure region where you created the other resource groups in this lab
Availability zone	None
Source type	None

- 2. Set the disk type and size to Standard HDD and 32 GiB, respectively.
- 3. Click Review + Create and then click Create.
- 4. In the Azure portal, search for and select Resource groups.
- 5. In the list of resource groups, click the entry representing the az104-03a-rg3 resource group.

6. On the az104-03a-rg3 resource group blade, click Locks and add a lock with the following settings:

Setting	Value
Lock name	az104-03a-delete-lock
Lock type	Delete

- 7. On the az104-03a-rg3 resource group blade, click Overview, in the list of resource group resources, select the entry representing the disk you created earlier in this task, and click Delete in the toolbar.
- 8. When prompted Do you want to delete all the selected resources?, in the Confirm delete text box, type yes and click Delete.
- 9. You should see an error message, notifying about the failed delete operation.
  - Note: As the error message states, this is expected due to the delete lock applied on the resource group level.
- 10. Navigate back to the list of resources of the az104-03a-rg3 resource group and click the entry representing the az104-03a-disk2 resource.
- 11. On the az104-03a-disk2 blade, in the Settings section, click Size + performance, set the disk type and size to Premium SSD and 64 GiB, respectively, and apply the change. Verify that the change was successful.
  - Note: This is expected, since the resource group-level lock applies to delete operations only.

#### Clean up resources

**Note**: Do not delete resources you deployed in this lab. You will be using them in the next lab of this module. Remove only the resource lock you created in this lab.

1. Navigate to the az104-03a-rg3 resource group blade, display its Locks blade, and remove the lock az104-03a-delete-lock by clicking the Delete link on the right-hand side of the Delete lock entry.

#### Review

In this lab, you have:

- Created resource groups and deployed resources to resource groups
- Moved resources between resource groups
- Implemented and tested resource locks