DP 200 - Implementing a Data Platform Solution

Lab 5 - Working with Relational Data Stores in the Cloud

Estimated Time: 75 minutes

Pre-requisites: It is assumed that the case study for this lab has already been read. It is assumed that the content and lab for module 1: Azure for the Data Engineer has also been completed

Lab files: The files for this lab are located in the Allfiles\Labfiles\Starter\DP-200.5 folder.

Lab overview

The students will be able to provision an Azure SQL Database and Azure Synapse Analytics server and be able to issue queries against one of the instances that are created. They will be also be able to integrate a data warehouse with a number of other data platform technologies and use PolyBase to load data from one data source into Azure Synapse Analytics.

Lab objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

- 1. Use Azure SQL Database
- 2. Describe Azure Synapse Analytics
- 3. Create and query Azure Synapse Analytics
- 4. Use PolyBase to load data into Azure Synapse Analytics

Scenario

You are the senior data engineer at AdventureWorks, and you are working with your team to transition a relational database system from an on-premises SQL Server to a Azure SQL Database located in Azure. You will begin by creating an instance of Azure SQL Database with the company's sample database. Your intention is to hand this instance of to a junior data engineer to perform some testing of departmental databases.

You will then provision Azure Synapse Analytics server and test that the provisioning of the server is successful by testing a sample database with a series of queries. You will then use PolyBase to load a dimension table from Azure Blob to test that the integration of this data platform technology with Azure Synapse Analytics.

At the end of this lad, you will have:

- 1. Used Azure SQL Database
- 2. Described Azure Synapse Analytics
- 3. Created and queryied Azure Synapse Analytics
- 4. Used PolyBase to doad data into Azure Synapse Analytics

IMPORTANT: As you go through this lab, make a note of any issue(s) that you have encountered in any provisioning or configuration tasks and log it in the table in the document located at \Labfiles\DP-200-Issues-Doc.docx. Document the Lab number, note the technology, Describe the issue, and what was the resolution. Save this document as you will refer back to it in a later module.

Exercise 1: Use Azure SQL Database

Estimated Time: 15 minutes

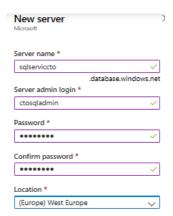
Individual exercise

The main task for this exercise are as follows:

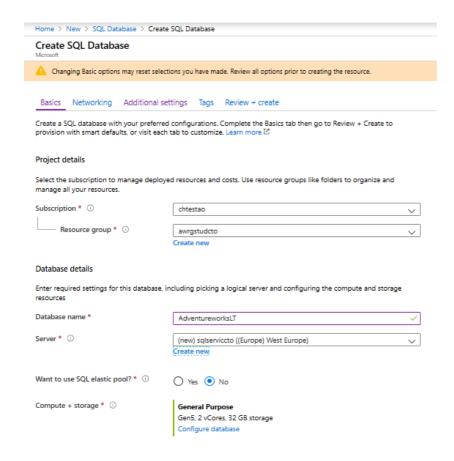
1. Create and configure a SQL Database instance.

Task 1: Create and configure a SQL Database instance.

- 1. In the Azure portal, navigate to the + Create a resource blade.
- 2. In the New screen, click the **Search the Marketplace** text box, and type the word **SQL Database**. Click **SQL Database** in the list that appears.
- 3. In the SQL Database screen, click Create.
- 4. From the Create SQL Database screen, create an Azure SQL Database with the following settings:
 - o In the Project details section, type in the following information
 - Subscription: the name of the subscription you are using in this lab
 - Resource group: awrgstudxx, where xx are your initials.
 - o Click on the Additional setting tab, click Sample. The AdventureworksLT sample database is selected automatically.
 - Click the Basics tab once this has been done.
 - o In the Database details section, type in the following information
 - Database name: type in AdventureworksLT
 - Server: Create a new server by clicking Create new with the following settings and click on OK:
 - Server name: sqlservicexx, where xx are your initials
 - Server admin login: xxsqladmin, where xx are your initials
 - Password: Pa55w.rd
 - Confirm Password: Pa55w.rd
 - Location: choose a location near to you.
 - click on OK



■ Leave the remaining settings to their defaults, and then click on **OK**



- 5. In the Create SQL Database blade, click Review + create.
- 6. After the validation of the Create SQL Database* blade, click Create.

Note: The provision will takes approximately 4 minutes.

Result: After you completed this exercise, you have an Azure SQL Database instance

Exercise 2: Describe Azure Synapse Analytics

Estimated Time: 15 minutes

Individual exercise

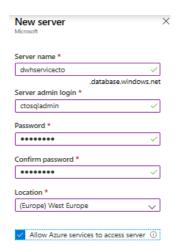
The main tasks for this exercise are as follows:

- 1. Create and configure a Azure Synapse Analytics instance.
- 2. Configure the Server Firewall
- 3. Pause the warehouse database

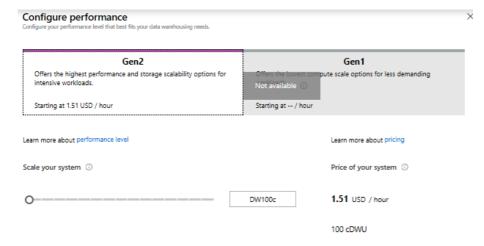
Task 1: Create and configure a Azure Synapse Analytics instance.

- 1. In the Azure portal, click on the link **home** at the top left of the screen.
- 2. In the Azure portal, click + Create a resource.
- 3. In the New blade, navigate to the **Search the Marketplace** text box, and type the word **Synapse**. Click **Azure Synapse Analytics** (**formerly SQL DW**) in the list that appears.
- 4. In the Azure Synapse Analytics (formerly SQL DW) blade, click Create.
- 5. From the SQL Data Warehouse blade, create an Azure Synapse Analytics with the following settings:
 - o In the Project details section, type in the following information
 - Subscription: the name of the subscription you are using in this lab

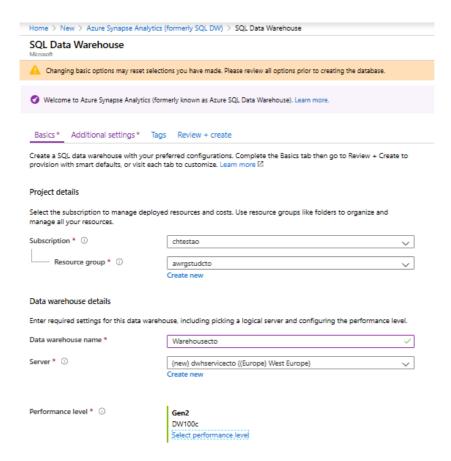
- Resource group: awrgstudxx, where xx are your initials.
- o In Additional setting tab, under data source, click Sample.
- o Click the Basics tab once this has been done.
- o In the Database details section, type in the following information
 - Database warehouse name: Warehousexx, where xx are your initials.
 - Server: Create a new server by clicking Create new with the following settings and click on OK:
 - Server name: dwhservicexx, where xx are your initials
 - Server admin login: xxsqladmin, where xx are your initials
 - Password: Pa55w.rd
 - Confirm Password: Pa55w.rd
 - Location: choose a location near to you.
 - Select the checkbox to Allow Azure services to access server
 - click on **OK**



o Performance Level: Click Select performance level and select Gen2 DW100C.



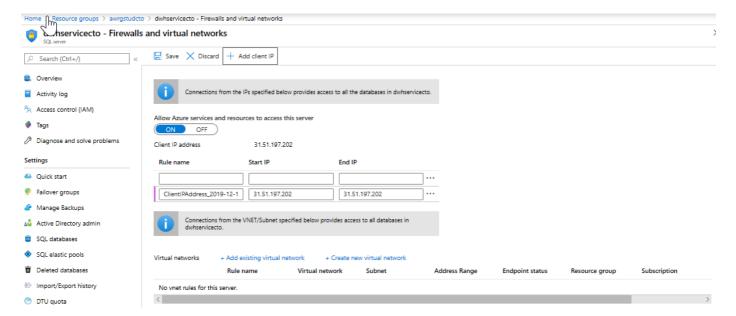
• Click Apply. the following configuration is shown.



- 6. In the SQL Data Warehouse screen, click Review + create.
- 7. In the SQL Data Warehouse blade, click Create.
 - Note: The provision will takes approximately 7 minutes.

Task 2: Configure the Server Firewall

- 1. In the Azure portal, in the blade, click **Resource groups**, and then click **awrgstudxx**, and then click on **awdlsstudxx**, where **xx** are your initials
- 2. Click on dwhservicexx, where xx are your initials.
- 3. In the dwhservicexx screen, click on Firewalls and virtual networks.
- 4. In the dwhservicexx Firewalls and virtual networks screen, click on the option + Add client IP, and then click on Save. On the success screen click OK.



Note: You will receive a message stating that the the server firewall rules have been successfully updated

5. Close down the Firewalls and virtual networks screen.

Result: After you completed this exercise, you have created an Azure Synapse Analytics instance and configures the server firewall to enable connections against it.

Task 3: Pause the Warehousexx database

- 1. Click on Warehousexx, where xx are your initials.
- 2. In the Warehousexx (dwhservicexx/Warehousexx) screen, click on Pause.
- 3. In the Pause Warehousexx screen, click Yes

Exercise 3: Creating an Azure Synapse Analytics database and tables

Estimated Time: 25 minutes

Individual exercise

The main tasks for this exercise are as follows:

- 1. Install SQL Server Management Studio and connect to a data warehouse instance.
- 2. Create a SQL Data Warehouse database
- 3. Create SQL Data Warehouse tables

Note: If you are not familiar with Transact-SQL, statements are available for the following labs in the following location Allfiles\Labfiles\Starter\DP-200.5\SQL DW Files

Task 1: Install SQL Server Management Studio and connect to a SQL Data Warehouse instance.

- 1. In the Azure Portal, in the dwhservicexx Firewalls and virtual networks, in the blade, click on Properties
- 2. Copy the "Server name" and paste it into Notepad.
- 3. Download SQL Server Management Studio and install onto your machine
- 4. On the windows desktop, click on the Start, and type "SQL Server" and then click on MIcrosoft SQL Server Management Studio 17
- 5. In the Connect to Server dialog box, fill in the following details
 - Server Name: dwhservicexx.database.windows.net
 - o Authentication: SQL Server Authentication
 - Username: xxsqladmin
 - o Password: Pa55w.rd
- 6. In the Connect to Server dialog box, click Connect

Task 2: Create a SQL Data Warehouse database.

- 1. In SQL Server Management Studio, in Object Explorer, right click dwhservicexx.database.windows.net and click on New Query.
- 2. In the query window, create a DataWarehouse database named **DWDB**, with a service objective of DW100 and a maximum size of 1024GB.

Task 3: Create SQL Data Warehouse tables.

- 1. In SQL Server Management Studio, in Object Explorer, right click dwhservicexx.database.windows.net and click on New Query.
- 2. In SQL Server Management Studio, in SQL Editor toolbar, in Available Databases, click on DWDB.

Note: If you are unfamiliar with Transact-SQL, there is a script in the Allfiles\Solution\DP-200.5\folder named Exercise3

Task3Step2 script.sql. It contains the bulk of the code required to create the tables, but you do have to complete the code by selecting the distribution type to use for each table

3. Create a table named dbo.Users with a clustered columnstore index with a distribution of replicate with the following columns:

column name	data type	Nullability
userld	int	NULL
City	nvarchar(100)	NULL
Region	nvarchar(100)	NULL
Country	nvarchar(100)	NULL

- 4. In SQL Server Management Studio, click on Execute.
- 5. In SQL Server Management Studio, in Object Explorer, right click dwhservicexx.database.windows.net and click on New Query.
- 6. In SQL Server Management Studio, in SQL Editor toolbar, in Available Databases, click on DWDB.
- 7. Create a table named dbo.Products with a clustered columnstore index with a distribution of round robin with the following columns:

column name	data type	Nullability
ProductId	int	NULL
EnglishProductName	nvarchar(100)	NULL
Color	nvarchar(100)	NULL
StandardCost	int	NULL
ListPrice	int	NULL
Size	nvarchar(100)	NULL
Weight	int	NULL
DaysToManufacture	int	NULL
Class	nvarchar(100)	NULL
Style	nvarchar(100)	NULL

- 8. In SQL Server Management Studio, click on Execute.
- 9. In SQL Server Management Studio, in Object Explorer, right click dwhservicexx.database.windows.net and click on New Query.
- 10. In SQL Server Management Studio, in SQL Editor toolbar, in Available Databases, click on DWDB.
- 11. Create a table named **dbo.FactSales** with a **clustered columnstore** index with a distribution of **Hash** on the **SalesUnit** with the following columns:

column name	data type	Nullability
DateId	int	NULL
ProductId	int	NULL
Userld	int	NULL

column name	data type	Nullability
UserPreferenceId	int	NULL
SalesUnit	int	NULL

12. In SQL Server Management Studio, click on Execute.

Result: After you completed this exercise, you have installed SQL Server Management Studio to create a data warhouse named DWDB and three tables named Users, Products and FactSales.

Exercise 4: Using PolyBase to Load Data into Azure Synapse Analytics

Estimated Time: 10 minutes

Individual exercise

The main tasks for this exercise are as follows:

- 1. Collect Data Lake Storage container and key details
- 2. Create a dbo.Dates table using PolyBase from Azure Data Lake Storage

Task 1: Collect Azure Blob account name and key details

- 1. In the Azure portal, click on **Resource groups** and then click on **awrgstudxx**, and then click on **awdlsstudxx** where xx are the initials of your name.
- 2. In the awdlsstudxx screen, click Access keys. Click on the icon next to the Storage account name and paste it into Notepad.
- 3. In the awdlsstudxx Access keys screen, under key1, Click on the icon next to the Key and paste it into Notepad.

Task 2: Create a dbo.Dates table using PolyBase from Azure Blob

- 1. In SQL Server Management Studio, in Object Explorer, right click dwhservicexx.database.windows.net and click on New Query.
- 2. In SQL Server Management Studio, in SQL Editor toolbar, in Available Databases, click on DWDB.
- 3. Create a master key against the DWDB database. In the query editor, type in the following code:

```
CREATE MASTER KEY;
```

- 4. Create a database scoped credential named AzureStorageCredential with the following details, by typing in the following code:
 - o IDENTITY: MOCID
 - o SECRET: The access key of your storage account

```
CREATE DATABASE SCOPED CREDENTIAL AzureStorageCredential
WITH
IDENTITY = 'MOCID',
SECRET = 'Your storage account key'
```

- 1. In SQL Server Management Studio, highlight both statements and then click on Execute.
- 2. In **SQL Server Management Studio**, in the Query window, type in code that will create an external data source named **AzureStorage** for the Blob storage account and data container created in with a type of **HADOOP** that makes use of the ****AzureStorageCredential**. Note that you should replace **awdIsstudxx** in the location key with your storage account with your initials

```
CREATE EXTERNAL DATA SOURCE AzureStorage
WITH (
    TYPE = HADOOP,
    LOCATION = 'abfs://data@awdlsstudxx.dfs.core.windows.net',
```

```
CREDENTIAL = AzureStorageCredential
);
```

3. In **SQL Server Management Studio**, in the Query window, type in code that will create an external file format named **TextFile** with a formattype of **DelimitedText** and a filed terminator of **comma**.

```
CREATE EXTERNAL FILE FORMAT TextFile
WITH (
    FORMAT_TYPE = DelimitedText,
    FORMAT_OPTIONS (FIELD_TERMINATOR = ',')
);
```

- 4. In SQL Server Management Studio, highlight the statement and then click on Execute.
- 5. In SQL Server Management Studio, in the Query window, type in code that will create an external table named dbo.DimDate2External with the location as the root file, the Data source as AzureStorage, the File_format of TextFile with the following columns:

column name	data type	Nullability
Date	datetime2(3)	NULL
DateKey	decimal(38, 0)	NULL
MonthKey	decimal(38, 0)	NULL
Month	nvarchar(100)	NULL
Quarter	nvarchar(100)	NULL
Year	decimal(38, 0)	NULL
Year-Quarter	nvarchar(100)	NULL
Year-Month	nvarchar(100)	NULL
Year-MonthKey	nvarchar(100)	NULL
WeekDayKey	decimal(38, 0)	NULL
WeekDay	nvarchar(100)	NULL
Day Of Month	decimal(38, 0)	NULL

```
CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE dbo.DimDate2External (
[Date] datetime2(3) NULL,
[DateKey] decimal(38, 0) NULL,
[MonthKey] decimal(38, 0) NULL,
[Month] nvarchar(100) NULL,
[Quarter] nvarchar(100) NULL,
[Year] decimal(38, 0) NULL,
[Year-Quarter] nvarchar(100) NULL,
[Year-Month] nvarchar(100) NULL,
[Year-MonthKey] nvarchar(100) NULL,
[WeekDayKey] decimal(38, 0) NULL,
[WeekDay] nvarchar(100) NULL,
[Day Of Month] decimal(38, 0) NULL
WITH (
    LOCATION='/DimDate2.txt',
    DATA_SOURCE=AzureStorage,
    FILE_FORMAT=TextFile
);
```

- 6. In SQL Server Management Studio, highlight the statement and then click on Execute.
- 7. Test that the table is created by running a select statement against it

```
SELECT * FROM dbo.DimDate2External;
```

8. In **SQL Server Management Studio**, in the Query window, type in a **CTAS** statement that creates a table named **dbo.Dates** with a **columnstore** index and a **distribution** of **round robin** that loads data from the **dbo.DimDate2External** table.

```
CREATE TABLE dbo.Dates
WITH
(
    CLUSTERED COLUMNSTORE INDEX,
    DISTRIBUTION = ROUND_ROBIN
)
AS
SELECT * FROM [dbo].[DimDate2External];
```

- 9. In SQL Server Management Studio, highlight the statement and then click on Execute.
- 10. In **SQL Server Management Studio**, in the Query window, type in a query that creates statistics on the **DateKey**, **Quarter** and **Month** column.

```
CREATE STATISTICS [DateKey] on [Dates] ([DateKey]);
CREATE STATISTICS [Quarter] on [Dates] ([Quarter]);
CREATE STATISTICS [Month] on [Dates] ([Month]);
```

11. Test that the table is created by running a select statement against it

```
SELECT * FROM dbo.Dates;
```