## Marcos Remy

GLUT and OpenGL were used to create the Pacman game using c++.

I created classes for the Ghost and Pacman

```
struct Ghost
    int row; //(row, col) = position on the grid
    int col:
    int speed; //ghost speed percentage per frame (should always be le
    int row_percentage; //position percentage between two cells (value
    int col percentage;
    int exit counter;
    Direction dir; //the direction the ghost is traveling; set to NUM_
    RGB color; // the color of the ghost when in the "normal" state
    bool frightened; //false indicates the ghost is after the player
    std::string name; //the name of the ghost (blinky, clyde, ect...)
    GhostAI ai; //the AI that this ghost uses
    std::mutex* gMutex;
    std::condition_variable* gCV;
    bool ready;
    Ghost();
    void ghostAI(GameWorld& gw);
};
#endif // GHOST_H
```

What's interesting here is how I added a mutex lock and condition variable so that when each Ghost is on its own thread they won't access one another at the same time which would cause a crash.

```
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     ass PacMan
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           bool keys[NUM_DIRECTIONS];
           PacMan();
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           int row; //(row, col) = position on the grid
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           int col; //note that if the row is set to be 3.5 it means that pacman is between row 3 and row 4
21
           int speed; //pacman speed percentage per frame (should always be less than 100 but greater than 0)
22
           int squares_traveled; //the number of squares that pacman has traveled
           int row_percentage;
           int col_percentage;
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           Direction dir; //direction pacman faces
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           Direction requested_dir; //the direction requested by the player
29
           bool isAnimated; //constrols whether or not PacMan is animating or now
           int isLive; //determines if the thread is running or not
           std::mutex pacMutex;
           std::condition_variable pacCV;
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           bool pacReady;
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           void key_update(unsigned char key, bool keydown); //used to change the direction of pacman with keyboard
           void checkUserInput();
           void update(GameWorld& gw); //this function is called every update cycle
42
```

Here is how I handled each thread, as the ghost must acquire a lock it'll notify it's condition variable it's ready and once that condition variable is done operating it notifies the next one.

```
void updateGhosts(int k) { //Ghost Thread Function
   while (running == true) {
       std::unique_lock<std::mutex> lk( *gameWorld.ghost_array[k].gMutex );
       gameWorld.ghost_array[k].gCV->wait(lk, [&]() {return gameWorld.ghost_array[k].ready;});
       if (gameWorld.pacman->row == gameWorld.ghost_array[k].row && gameWorld.pacman->col == gameWorld.ghost_a
           if (gameWorld.ghost_array[k].frightened == true) {
               gameWorld.ghost_array[k].row = 13;
               gameWorld.ghost_array[k].col = 9;
               gameWorld.ghost_array[k].frightened = false;
               gameWorld.ghost_array[k].row = 13;
               gameWorld.ghost_array[k].col = 9;
               pacman_lives--;
       gameWorld.ghost_array[k].ghostAI(gameWorld);
       gameWorld.ghost_array[k].ready = false;
       lk.unlock();
       gameWorld.ghost_array[k].gCV->notify_one();
```

Here's what's being run by each of the ghost threads to move ghosts around and change their data.