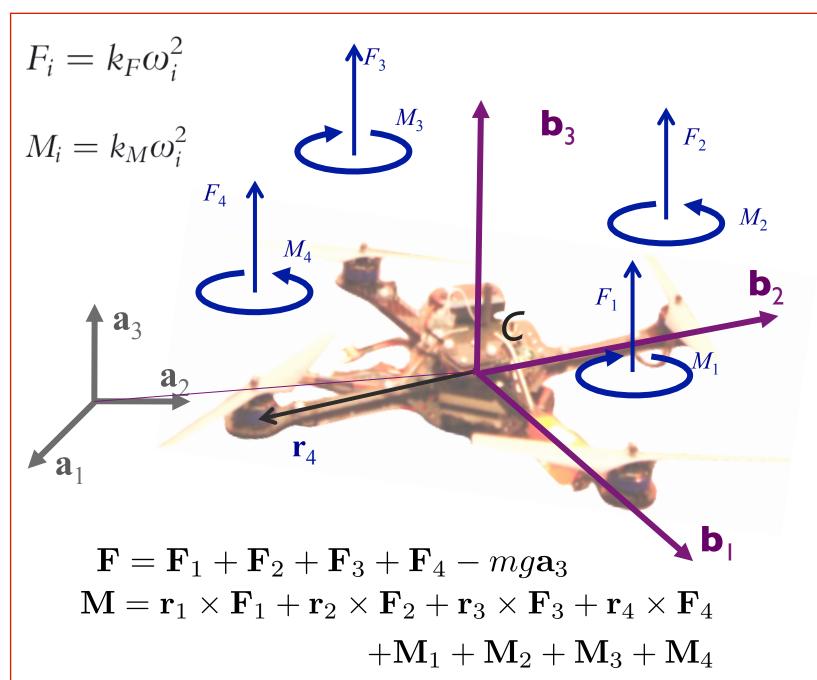
# Quadrotor Equations of Motion







## Newton-Euler Equations

$${}^{A}\mathbf{w}^{B} = p \mathbf{b}_{1} + q \mathbf{b}_{2} + r \mathbf{b}_{3}$$

Components in the inertial frame along  $\mathbf{a}_1$ ,  $\mathbf{a}_2$ , and  $\mathbf{a}_3$ 

B

Rotation of thrust vector from B to A

$$I\begin{bmatrix} \dot{p} \\ \dot{q} \\ \dot{r} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} L(F_2 - F_4) \\ L(F_3 - F_1) \\ M_1 - M_2 + M_3 - M_4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} p \\ q \\ r \end{bmatrix}$$

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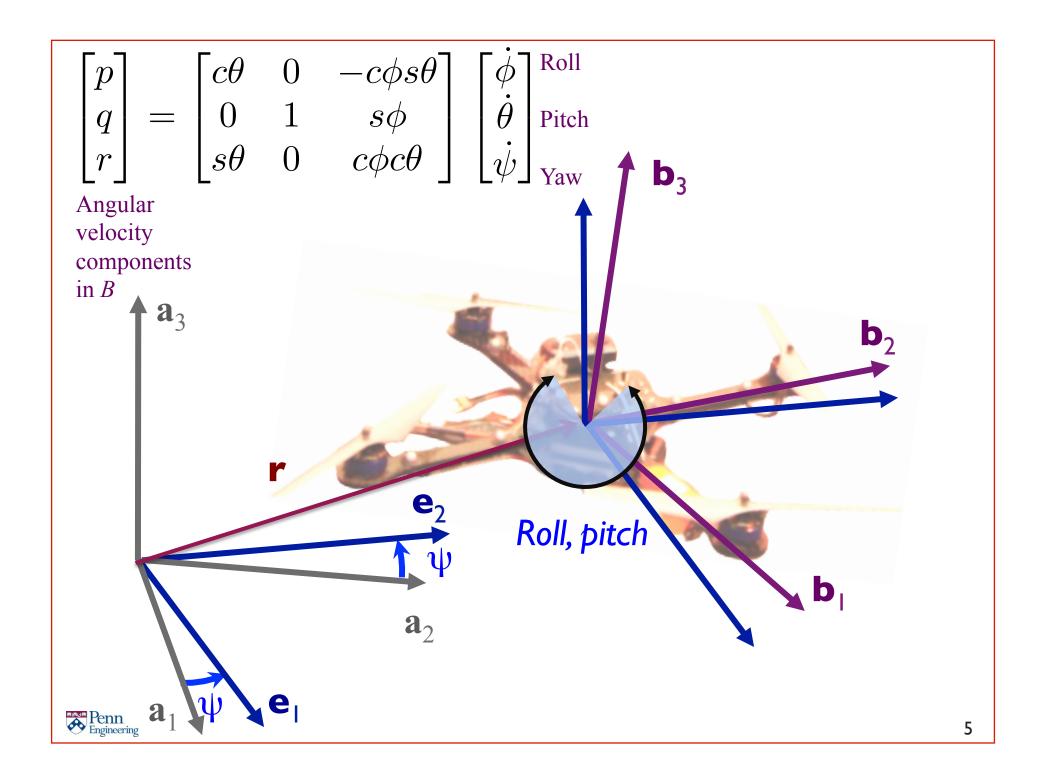
Components in the body frame along  $b_1$ ,  $b_2$ , and  $b_3$ , the principal axes

### How do we estimate all the parameters in this model?

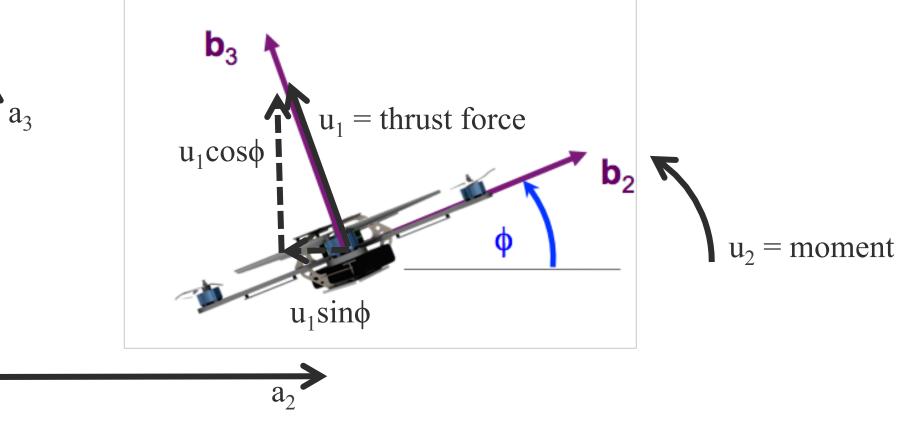
$$m\ddot{\mathbf{r}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\-mg \end{bmatrix} + R \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\F_1 + F_2 + F_3 + F_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I\begin{bmatrix} \dot{p} \\ \dot{q} \\ \dot{r} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} L(F_2 - F_4) \\ L(F_3 - F_1) \\ M_1 - M_2 + M_3 - M_4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} p \\ q \\ r \end{bmatrix} \times I\begin{bmatrix} p \\ q \\ r \end{bmatrix}$$





## Planar Quadrotor Model



$$\begin{bmatrix} \ddot{y} \\ \ddot{z} \\ \ddot{\phi} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -g \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{m}\sin\phi & 0 \\ \frac{1}{m}\cos\phi & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{I_{xx}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix}$$



## State Space for Quadrotors

#### State Vector

- q describes the configuration (position) of the system
- x describes the state of the system

$$\mathbf{q} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ \varphi \\ \theta \\ \psi \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{q} \\ \vdots \\ \dot{\mathbf{q}} \end{bmatrix}$$

#### Planar Quadrotor

$$\mathbf{q} = \begin{bmatrix} y \\ z \\ \varphi \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{q} \\ -\dot{\mathbf{q}} \\ \dot{\mathbf{q}} \end{bmatrix}$$

### Equilibrium at Hover

- q<sub>e</sub> describes the equilibrium configuration of the system
- x<sub>e</sub> describes the equilibrium state of the system

$$\mathbf{q}_0 = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \\ z_0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{x}_e = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{q}_e \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{q}_{e} = \begin{bmatrix} y_{0} \\ z_{0} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{x}_{e} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{q}_{e} \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

