GETTOUP member

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Solution:

$$f_{x}(x|\theta) = f_{x}(x|\lambda) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}$$

Likelihood function is

$$L(\lambda) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} f_{x}(x_{i}|\lambda) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \lambda e^{-\lambda x_{i}}$$

$$log-likelihood function$$

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$$ln(\lambda) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} ln(f_{x}(x_{i}|\lambda)) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} ln(\lambda e^{-\lambda x_{i}})$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} ln(f_{x}(x_{i}|\lambda)) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} ln(\lambda e^{-\lambda x_{i}})$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} ln(\lambda - \lambda x_{i}|ne)$$

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$$= n ln(\lambda - \lambda x_{i})$$

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Noccentary condition for continuitation
$$\frac{d}{d\lambda}(n l(\lambda) = 0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{d\lambda}(n ln(\lambda - \lambda x_{i})) = 0$$

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