Package 'mrgsolve'

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Title Simulate from ODE-Based Population PK/PD and Systems Pharmacology Models

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URL https://github.com/metrumresearchgroup/mrgsolve

BugReports https://github.com/metrumresearchgroup/mrgsolve/issues

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Description Facilitates simulation from hierarchical, ordinary differential equation (ODE) based models typically employed in drug development. A model specification file is created consisting of R and C++ code that is parsed, compiled, and dynamically loaded into the R session. Input data are passed in and simulated data are returned as R objects. A dosing event engine allows interventions (bolus and infusion) to be managed separately from the model code. Differential equations are solved with the 'DLSODA' routine

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Depends R (>= 3.1.2), methods

Imports Rcpp (>= 0.12.3), dplyr (>= 0.5.0), magrittr (>= 1.5), lazyeval (>= 0.1.10), RcppArmadillo (>= 0.5.600.2.0), tibble (>= 1.2)

in 'ODEPACK' (https://computation.llnl.gov/casc/odepack/).

LinkingTo Rcpp (>= 0.12.1), RcppArmadillo (>= 0.5.600.2.0), BH

Suggests lattice, testthat, XML, rmarkdown

LazyLoad yes

NeedsCompilation yes

Collate 'RcppExports.R' 'utils.R' 'package.R' 'generics.R'
'class_modlist.R' 'class_tgrid.R' 'class_numericlist.R'
'class_matlist.R' 'class_ev.R' 'class_derived.R'
'class_mrgmod.R' 'class_mrgsims.R' 'Aaaa.R' 'altname.R'
'annot.R' 'chain.R' 'class_build.R' 'compile.R' 'complog.R'
'covset.R' 'data_set.R' 'datasets.R' 'env.R' 'events.R'

2 R topics documented:

'example.R' 'funset.R' 'idata_set.R' 'init.R' 'knobs.R'
'library.R' 'matlist.R' 'matrix.R' 'mcache.R' 'model_include.R
'modlib.R' 'modspec.R' 'mread.R' 'mrgindata.R' 'mrgsims.R'
'mrgsolve.R' 'nmxml.R' 'param.R' 'print.R' 'qsim.R' 'render.R'
'simtime.R' 'update.R'

RoxygenNote 6.0.1

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R topics documented:

ooutsolver	. 4
s_bmat	
s_data_set	. 7
g_deslist	. 8
s.list,mrgmod-method	. 9
sign_ev	. 9
LOCK_PARSE	. 10
ocks	. 10
nat	. 11
ıma	. 12
urry_out	. 13
nain	. 13
matlist-method	. 14
nt_list-class	. 14
ntn	. 15
ode	. 15
tgrid-method	. 16
 /ec	. 16
ata_set	. 17
esign	. 19
etails	. 20
nv_eval	. 20
	. 21
nv_ls	. 21
rv_update	
7-class	. 22
/_days	
rents	. 23
ops	
adatasets	
enand idata	27

file_show	28
nouse	29
data_set	29
nit	31
s.mrgmod	32
s.mrgsims	33
knobs	33
ctran	35
oadso	35
ower2matrix	36
matlist	36
matlist-class	37
mcode_cache	37
mcRNG	38
merge.list	39
mod	39
modelparse	39 40
1	40 40
modlib	
modlib_details	41
modlib_pk	42
modlib_pkpd	43
modlib_tmdd	44
modlib_viral	45
modlist	46
modlist-class	46
modMATRIX	47
mread_cache	47
mrgmod-class	49
\$,mrgmod-method	50
mrgsim	52
mrgsims	54
mrgsims-class	56
mrgsims_dplyr	57
mrgsolve	58
mrgsolve_example	60
mrgsolve_template	61
	61
nmxml	62
numeric2diag	63
numericlist	63
numericlist-class	64
bbsaug	64
bbsonly	65
omega	65
parameter_list-class	67
pkmodel	67
PKMODEL	68
plot,batch_mrgsims,missing-method	69

4 aboutsolver

plot_mrgsims		•	•				•	7(
qsim								71
realize_addl								72
recmatrix								72
relocate								73
rename_cols								73
render								74
Reg								75
reserved								76
revar								
%>%								7
scrape and call								7
scrape opts								7
see								78
show,modlist-method								
show,mrgmod-method								
sigma								
simargs								
soloc								82
stime								
stime,mrgmod-method								
touch funs								-
tscale								85
update		•	•	•	•	-	-	
valid data								87
vanu_uata	 •	•	•	•	•	•	•	0 /

aboutsolver

About the ODEPACK differential equation solver used by mrgsolve.

88

Description

Index

About the ODEPACK differential equation solver used by mrgsolve.

DLSODA

as_bmat 5

```
С
C This a variant version of the DLSODE package.
C It switches automatically between stiff and nonstiff methods.
C This means that the user does not have to determine whether the
C problem is stiff or not, and the solver will automatically choose the
C appropriate method. It always starts with the nonstiff method.
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C References:
C 1. Alan C. Hindmarsh, ODEPACK, A Systematized Collection of ODE
      Solvers, in Scientific Computing, R. S. Stepleman et al. (Eds.),
С
      North-Holland, Amsterdam, 1983, pp. 55-64.
C 2. Linda R. Petzold, Automatic Selection of Methods for Solving
      Stiff and Nonstiff Systems of Ordinary Differential Equations,
      Siam J. Sci. Stat. Comput. 4 (1983), pp. 136-148.
```

as_bmat

Coerce R objects to block or diagonal matrices.

Description

Coerce R objects to block or diagonal matrices.

```
as_bmat(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
as_bmat(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
as_bmat(x, pat = "*", ...)
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
as_bmat(x, pat = "*", cols = NULL, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
```

6 as_bmat

```
as_bmat(x, ...)
as_dmat(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
as_dmat(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
as_dmat(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
as_dmat(x, pat = "*", ...)
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
as_dmat(x, pat = "*", cols = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x an R object
... passed along
pat regular expression, character
cols column names to use instead of pat
```

Value

A numeric matrix for list and numeric methods. For data frames, a list of matrices are returned.

See Also

```
bmat, dmat
```

as_data_set 7

as_data_set

Create a simulatinon data set from ev objects.

Description

Create a simulatinon data set from ev objects.

Usage

```
as_data_set(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ev'
as_data_set(x, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x ev objects
... more ev objects
```

Details

The goal is to take a series of event objects and combine them into a single data set that can be passed to data_set. Each event object is added to the data frame as an ID or set of IDs that are distinct from the IDs in the other event objects. Note that including ID argument to the ev call where length(ID) is greater than one will render that set of events for all of IDs that are requested.

To get a data frame with one row (event) per ID look at expand.ev.

Value

a data frame suitable for passing into data_set

8 as_deslist

as_deslist

Create a list of designs from a data frame.

Description

Create a list of designs from a data frame.

Usage

```
as_deslist(data, descol = "ID")
```

Arguments

data input data set; see details

descol character column name to be used for design groups

Details

The input data set must have a column with the same name as the value of descol. Other column names should be start (the time of the first observation), end (the time of the last observation), delta (the time steps to take between start and end), and add (other, ad-hoc times). Note that add might be a list-column to get a vector of times for each time grid object.

Value

The function returns a list of tgrid objects, one for each unique value found in descol.

```
idata <- dplyr::data_frame(ID=1:4, end=seq(24,96,24), delta=6,
add=list(c(122,124,135),c(111), c(99),c(88)))
idata <- dplyr::mutate(idata, GRP = ID %%2)
idata

1 <- as_deslist(idata, "GRP")

lapply(1,stime)
lapply(as_deslist(idata, "ID"),stime)</pre>
```

as.list,mrgmod-method 9

as.list,mrgmod-method Coerce a model object to list.

Description

Coerce a model object to list.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod' as.list(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x mrgmod object

... passed to other methods

assign_ev

Replicate a list of events into a data set.

Description

Replicate a list of events into a data set.

Usage

```
assign_ev(1, idata, evgroup, join = FALSE)
```

Arguments

list of event objects

idata an idata set (one ID per row)

evgroup the character name of the column in idata that specifies event object to imple-

ment

join if TRUE, join idata to the data set before returning.

```
ev1 <- ev(amt=100)
ev2 <- ev(amt=300, rate=100, ii=12, addl=10)

idata <- data.frame(ID=1:10)
idata$arm <- 1+(idata$ID %%2)

assign_ev(list(ev1,ev2),idata,"arm",join=TRUE)</pre>
```

10 blocks

BLOCK_PARSE

Functions to parse code blocks.

Description

Most of the basic blocks are listed in this help topic. But see also PKMODEL which has more-involved options and is documented separately.

Usage

```
PARAM(x, env, annotated = FALSE, pos = 1, ...)

FIXED(x, env, annotated = FALSE, pos = 1, ...)

THETA(x, env, annotated = FALSE, pos = 1, name = "THETA", ...)

INIT(x, env, annotated = FALSE, pos = 1, ...)

CMT(x, env, annotated = FALSE, pos = 1, ...)

CAPTURE(x, env, annotated = FALSE, pos = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x data
env parse environment
annotated logical
pos block position
... passed
name block name
```

See Also

PKMODEL

blocks

Return the code blocks from a model specification file.

Description

Return the code blocks from a model specification file.

bmat 11

Usage

```
blocks(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
blocks(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'character'
blocks(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x model object or path to model specification file... passed along

Examples

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()
mod %>% blocks
mod %>% blocks(PARAM,TABLE)
```

bmat

Create matrices from vector input.

Description

Create matrices from vector input.

Usage

```
bmat(..., correlation = FALSE, digits = -1)
cmat(..., digits = -1)
dmat(...)
```

Arguments

... matrix data

correlation logical; if TRUE, off diagonal elements are assumed to be correlations and con-

verted to covariances

digits if greater than zero, matrix is passed to signif (along with digits) prior to return-

ing

Details

bmat makes a block matrix. cmat makes a correlation matrix. dmat makes a diagonal matrix.

12 cama

See Also

```
as_bmat
as_dmat
```

Examples

```
dmat(1,2,3)/10
bmat(0.5,0.01,0.2)
cmat(0.5, 0.87,0.2)
```

cama

 $Run\ the\ model\ cama\ function.$

Description

Run the model cama function.

Usage

```
cama(mod, fn = "cama", ...)
```

Arguments

mod	model object
fn	function name
	passed to update

Details

```
sah-mah
```

carry_out 13

carry_out

Select items to carry into simulated output.

Description

When items named in this function are found in the input data set (either data_set or idata_set), they are copied into the simulated output. Special items like evid or amt or the like are not copied from the data set per se, but they are copied from datarecord objects that are created during the simulation.

Usage

```
carry_out(x, ...)
carry.out(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x model object
... passed along

Details

There is also a carry.out argument to mrgsim that can be set to accomplish the same thing as a call to carry_out in the pipeline.

carry.out and carry_out. Using the underscore version is now preferred.

chain

Functions for chaining commands together.

Description

Use these functions with chaining commands together with the operator.

Details

Other functions that may be used in the chain of commands include: param, init, update, ev. or any other function that will take the output of the preceeding command as it's first argument.

14 cmt_list-class

Examples

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()

data(exidata)
data(exTheoph)

out <- mod %>% data_set(exTheoph) %>% mrgsim()
out <- mod %>% carry_out(evid) %>% ev(amt=100, cmt=1) %>% mrgsim()
out <- mod %>% Req(CP,RESP) %>% mrgsim()
```

c, matlist-method

Operations with matlist objects.

Description

Operations with matlist objects.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'matlist'
c(x, ..., recursive = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x a matlist object... other matlist objectsrecursive not used

cmt_list-class

S4 cmt_list class

Description

S4 cmt_list class

Details

```
cmt_list is a numericlist-class
```

cmtn 15

cmtn

Get the compartment number from a compartment name.

Description

Get the compartment number from a compartment name.

Usage

```
cmtn(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
cmtn(x, tag, ...)
```

Arguments

x model object... passed alongtag compartment name

Examples

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()
mod %>% cmtn("CENT")
```

code

Extract the code from a model.

Description

Extract the code from a model.

Usage

```
code(x)
```

Arguments

x an mrgsolve model object

Value

a character vector of model code

16 cvec

c,tgrid-method

Operations with tgrid objects.

Description

Operations with tgrid objects.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'tgrid'
c(x, ..., recursive = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'tgrids'
c(x, ..., recursive = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'tgrid,numeric'
e1 + e2

## S4 method for signature 'tgrid,numeric'
e1 * e2

## S4 method for signature 'tgrids,numeric'
e1 + e2

## S4 method for signature 'tgrids,numeric'
e1 * e2
```

Arguments

x mrgmod object
... passed along to other methods
recursive not used
e1 tgrid or tgrids object
e2 numeric value

cvec

Create create character vectors.

Description

Create create character vectors.

data_set 17

Usage

```
cvec(x, ...)
## $4 method for signature 'character'
cvec(x)
ch(...)
s(...)
```

Arguments

```
x comma-separated quoted string (for cvec)
... unquoted strings (for ch)
```

Examples

```
cvec("A,B,C")
ch(A,B,C)
s(A,B,C)
```

data_set

Select and modify a data set for simulation.

Description

Select and modify a data set for simulation.

```
data_set(x, data, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod,data.frame'
data_set(x, data, subset = TRUE,
    select = TRUE, object = NULL, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod,ANY'
data_set(x, data, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod,missing'
data_set(x, object, ...)
```

18 data_set

Arguments

X	model object
data	data set
	passed along
subset	passed to dplyr::filter_; retain only certain rows in the data set
select	passed to dplyr::select_; retain only certain columns in the data set
object	character name of an object existing in \$ENV to use for the data set

Details

Input data sets are R data frames that can include columns with any valid name, however columns with selected names are treated specially by mrgsolve and incorporated into the simulation.

ID specifies the subject ID and is required for every input data set.

. . . .

When columns have the same name as parameters (\$PARAM in the model specification file), the values in those columns will be used to update the corresponding parameter as the simulation progresses.

Input data set may include the following columns related to PK dosing events: time, cmt, amt, rate, ii, addl, ss. time and cmt (and ID) are required columns in the input data set. time is the observation or event time, cmt is the compartment number (see init), amt is the dosing amount, rate is the infusion rate, ii is the dosing interval, addl specifies additional doses to administer, and ss is a flag for steady state dosing. These column names operate similarly to other non-linear mixed effects modeling software. Upper case PK dosing column names including TIME, CMT, AMT, RATE, II, ADDL, SS are also recognized. However, an error will be generated if a mix of upper case and lower case columns are found.

Only numeric data can be brought in to the problem. Any non-numeric data columns will be dropped with warning.

See exdatasets for different example data sets.

See Also

```
idata_set, ev, valid_data_set, valid_idata_set
```

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()

data <- expand.ev(ID=1:3, amt=c(10,20))

mod %>% data_set(data, ID > 1) %>% mrgsim

data(extran1)
head(extran1)

mod %>% data_set(extran1) %>% mrgsim
mod %>% mrgsim(data=extran1)
```

design 19

design

Set observation designs for the simulation.

Description

This function also allows you to assign different designs to different groups or individuals in a population.

Usage

```
design(x, deslist = list(), descol = character(0), ...)
```

Arguments

```
x model object

deslist a list of tgrid or tgrids objects or numeric vector to be used in place of ...

the idata column name (character) for design assignment

not used
```

Details

This setup requires the use of an idata_set, with individual-level data passed in one ID per row. For each ID, specify a grouping variable in idata (descol). For each unique value of the grouping variable, make one tgrid object and pass them in order as ... or form them into a list and pass as deslist.

You must assign the idata_set before assigning the designs in the command chain (see the example below).

```
peak <- tgrid(0,6,0.1)
sparse <- tgrid(0,24,6)

des1 <- c(peak,sparse)
des2 <- tgrid(0,72,4)

data <- expand.ev(ID = 1:10, amt=c(100,300))
data$GRP <- data$amt/100

idata <- data[,c("ID", "amt")]

mod <- mrgsolve:::house()

mod %>%
   omat(dmat(1,1,1,1)) %>%
   carry_out(GRP) %>%
```

20 env_eval

```
idata_set(idata) %>%
design(list(des1, des2),"amt") %>%
data_set(data) %>%
mrgsim %>%
plot(RESP~time|GRP)
```

details

Extract model details.

Description

Extract model details.

Usage

```
details(x, complete = FALSE, values = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x a model object

complete logical; if TRUE, un-annotated parameters and compartments will be added to the

output

values logical; if TRUE, a values column will be added to the output

... not used

env_eval

Re-evaluate the code in the ENV block.

Description

The \$ENV block is a block of R code that can realize any sort of R object that might be used in running a model.

Usage

```
env_eval(x, seed = NULL)
```

Arguments

x model object

seed passed to set. seed if a numeric value is supplied

See Also

```
env_get, env_ls
```

env_get 21

env_get

Return model environment.

Description

Return model environment.

Usage

```
env_get(x, tolist = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x model object

tolist should the environment be coreced to list?

 env_ls

List objects in the model environment.

Description

Each model keeps an internal environment that allows the user to carry any R object along. Objects are coded in \$ENV.

Usage

```
env_ls(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x model object

... passed to 1s

ev_days

env_u	pdate
-------	-------

Update objects in model environment.

Description

Update objects in model environment.

Usage

```
env_update(.x, ..., .dots = list())
```

Arguments

.x model object

... objects to update

. dots list of objects to updated

ev-class

S4 events class

Description

S4 events class

Slots

data a data frame of events

ev_days

Schedule dosing events on days of the week.

Description

This function lets you schedule doses on specific days of the week, allowing you to create dosing regimens on Monday/Wednesday/Friday, or Tuesday/Thursday, or every other day (however you want to define that) etc.

```
ev_days(ev = NULL, days = "", addl = 0, ii = 168, unit = c("hours",
   "days"), ...)
```

events 23

Arguments

ev	an event object
days	comma- or space-separated character string of valid days of the the week (see details)
addl	additional doses to administer
ii	inter-dose interval; intended use is to keep this at the default value
unit	time unit; the function can only currently handle hours or days
	event objects named by one the valid days of the week (see details)

Details

Valid names of the week are:

- m for Monday
- t for Tuesday
- w for Wednesday
- th for Thursday
- f for Friday
- sa for Saturday
- s for Sunday

The whole purpose of this function is to schedule doses on specific days of the week, in a repeating weekly schedule. Please do use caution when changing ii from it's default value.

Examples

```
# Monday, Wednesday, Friday x 4 weeks
ev_days(ev(amt=100), days="m,w,f", addl=3)
# 50 mg Tuesdays, 100 mg Thursdays x 6 months
ev_days(t=ev(amt=50), th=ev(amt=100), addl=23)
```

events

Event objects for simulating PK and other interventions.

Description

Events can either be specified when the model object is created (with mrgmod) or by updating an existing model object (with update).

24 events

Usage

```
events(x, ...)
ev(x, ...)
as.ev(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
events(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
ev(x, object = NULL, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'missing'
ev(time = 0, evid = 1, ID = numeric(0), cmt = 1,
  replicate = TRUE, until = NULL, realize_addl = FALSE, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ev'
ev(x, realize_addl = FALSE, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'
as.ev(x, nid = 1, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ev'
as.matrix(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ev'
as.data.frame(x, row.names = NULL, optional = FALSE, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ev'
show(object)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgsims'
events(x, ...)
```

Arguments

X	mrgmodel object
	passed on
object	passed to show
time	event time
evid	event ID
ID	subject ID
cmt	compartment
replicate	logical; if TRUE, events will be replicated for each individual in ID
until	the expected maximum observation time for this regimen

ev_ops 25

realize_addl if FALSE (default), no change to addl doses. If TRUE, addl doses are made explicit with realize_addl.

nid if greater than 1, will expand to the appropriate number of individuals row.names passed to as.data.frame

optional passed to as.data.frame

Details

- Required input for creating events objects include time and cmt
- If not supplied, evid is assumed to be 1.
- If not supplied, cmt is assumed to be 1.
- If not supplied, time is assumed to be 0.
- ID may be specified as a vector.
- If replicate is TRUE (default), thenthe events regimen is replicated for each ID; otherwise, the number of event rows must match the number of IDs entered

Value

Returns a user-defined data frame of events that should be suitable for passing into 1soda. If events are stored as a data frame, events returns the data frame. If events are stored as a function that generates the data frame, events calls the function and passes return back to the user.

events object

Examples

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()
mod <- mod %>% ev(amt=1000, time=0, cmt=1)
events(mod)

loading <- ev(time=0, cmt=1, amt=1000)
maint <- ev(time=12, cmt=1, amt=500, ii=12, addl=10)
loading + maint

ev(ID=1:10, cmt=1, time=0, amt=100)</pre>
```

ev_ops

Operations for ev objects.

Description

Operations for ev objects.

26 exdatasets

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ev,ev'
e1 + e2
e1 %then% e2
## S4 method for signature 'ev,ev'
e1 %then% e2
## S4 method for signature 'ev,numeric'
e1 + e2
## S4 method for signature 'ev'
c(x, ..., recursive = TRUE)
```

Arguments

e1 object on left hand side of operator (lhs)
e2 object on right hand side of operator (rhs)
x an ev object
... other ev objects to collect
recursive not used

Details

All operations involving mrgmod objects have been deprecated.

exdatasets

Example input data sets.

Description

Example input data sets.

```
data(exidata)
data(extran1)
data(extran2)
data(extran3)
data(exTheoph)
data(exBoot)
```

expand.idata 27

Details

- exidata holds individual-level parameters and other data items, one per row
- extran1 is a "condensed" data set
- extran2 is a full dataset
- extran3 is a full dataset with parameters
- exTheoph is the theophylline data set, ready for input into mrgsolve
- exBoot a set of bootstrap parameter estimates

Examples

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house() %>% update(end=240) %>% Req(CP)
## Full data set
data(exTheoph)
out <- mod %>% data_set(exTheoph) %>% mrgsim
plot(out)
## Condensed: mrgsolve fills in the observations
data(extran1)
out <- mod %>% data_set(extran1) %>% mrgsim
plot(out)
## Add a parameter to the data set
stopifnot(require(dplyr))
data <- extran1 %>% distinct(ID) %>% select(ID) %>%
  mutate(CL=exp(log(1.5) + rnorm(nrow(.), 0, sqrt(0.1)))) \%
  left_join(extran1,.)
data
out <- mod %>% data_set(data) %>% carry.out(CL) %>% mrgsim
out
plot(out)
## idata
data(exidata)
out <- mod %>% idata_set(exidata) %>% ev(amt=100,ii=24,addl=10) %>% mrgsim
plot(out, CP~time|ID)
```

expand.idata

Create template data sets for simulation.

Description

Create template data sets for simulation.

file_show

Usage

```
expand.idata(...)
expand.ev(...)
```

Arguments

```
... passed to expand.grid
```

Details

An ID column is added as 1:nrow(ans) if not supplied by the user. For expand.ev, defaults also added: cmt = 1, time = 0, evid = 1.

Examples

```
idata <- expand.idata(CL=c(1,2,3), VC=c(10,20,30)) 
 doses <- expand.ev(amt=c(300,100), ii=c(12,24), cmt=1)
```

file_show

Show model specification and C++ files.

Description

Show model specification and C++ files.

Usage

```
file_show(x, spec = TRUE, source = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x model object
```

spec logical; show the model specification file

source logical; show the C++ file that is actually compiled

.. not used

house 29

house

Return a pre-compiled, PK/PD model.

Description

Return a pre-compiled, PK/PD model.

Usage

```
house(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to update

Value

A packmod object, ready to simulate.

Examples

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()
see(mod)
mod %>% ev(amt=100) %>% mrgsim %>% plot
```

idata_set

Select and modify a idata set for simulation.

Description

Select and modify a idata set for simulation.

```
idata_set(x, data, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod,data.frame'
idata_set(x, data, subset = TRUE,
    select = TRUE, object = NULL, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod,ANY'
idata_set(x, data, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod,missing'
idata_set(x, object, ...)
```

30 idata_set

Arguments

X	model object
data	a data set coercable to data.frame
	passed along
subset	passed to dplyr::filter_
select	passed to dplyr::select_
object	character name of an object existing in \$ENV to use for the data set

Details

The idata_set is a data.frame that specifies individual-level data for the problem. An ID column is required and there can be no more than one row in the data frame for each individual.

In most cases, the columns in the 'idata_set' have the same names as parameters in the param list. When this is the case, the parameter set is updated as the simulation proceeds once at the start of each individual. The 'idata_set' can also be used to set initial conditions for each individual: for a compartment called CMT, make a column in idata_set called CMT_0 and make the value the desired initial value for that compartment. Note that this initial condition will be over-ridden if you also set the CMT_0 in \$MAIN.

The most common application of idata_set is to specify a population or bach of simulations to do. We commonly use idata_set with an event object (see ev). In that case, the event gets applied to each individual in the idata_set.

It is also possible to provide both a data_set and a idata_set. In this case, the idata_set is used as a parameter lookup for IDs found in the data_set. Remember in this case, it is the data_set (not the idata_set) that determines the number of individuals in the simulation.

See Also

```
data_set, ev
```

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()
data(exidata)
exidata
mod %>% idata_set(exidata, ID <= 2) %>% mrgsim %>% plot
mod %>% idata_set(exidata) %>% mrgsim
mod %>% mrgsim(idata=exidata)
```

init 31

init

Methods for working with the model compartment list.

Description

Calling init with the model object as the first argument will return the model initial conditions as a numericlist object. See numericlist for methods to deal with cmt_list objects.

```
init(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
init(.x, .y = list(), ..., .pat = "*")
## S4 method for signature 'mrgsims'
init(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'missing'
init(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
init(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
init(.x, ...)
as.init(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
as.init(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
as.init(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'cmt_list'
as.init(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'missing'
as.init(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature '`NULL`'
as.init(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'cmt_list'
show(object)
```

is.mrgmod

Arguments

. X	the model object
	passsed along
. y	list to be merged into parameter list
.pat	a regular expression (character) to be applied as a filter when printing compartments to the screen
object	to show

Details

Can be used to either get a compartment list object from a mrgmod model object or to update the compartment initial conditions in a model object. For both uses, the return value is a cmt_list object. For the former use, init is usually called to print the compartment initial conditions to the screen, but the cmt_list object can also be coreced to a list or numeric R object.

Value

```
an object of class cmt_list (see numericlist)
```

Examples

```
## example("init")
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()
init(mod)
init(mod, .pat="^C") ## may be useful for large models
class(init(mod))
init(mod)$CENT
as.list(init(mod))
as.data.frame(init(mod))</pre>
```

is.mrgmod

Check if an object is a model object.

Description

The function checks to see if the object is either mrgmod or packmod.

Usage

```
is.mrgmod(x)
```

Arguments

x any object

is.mrgsims 33

Value

TRUE if x inherits mrgsims.

is.mrgsims

Check if an object is mrgsim output.

Description

Check if an object is mrgsim output.

Usage

```
is.mrgsims(x)
```

Arguments

Х

any object

Value

TRUE if x inherits mrgsims.

knobs

Run sensitivity analysis on model settings.

Description

Knobs can be parameter values or PK dosing items (e.g. amt). By design, all combinations of specified knob/values are simulated.

```
knobs(x, y, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod,missing'
knobs(x, y, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod,batch_mrgsims'
knobs(x, y, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'batch_mrgsims'
as.data.frame(x, row.names = NULL,
    optional = FALSE, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'batch_mrgsims,ANY'
```

34 knobs

```
knobs(x, y, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'batch_mrgsims'
show(object)
```

Arguments

Details

Valid knob names include: any parameter name (in param(mod)), time variables (start, end, delta), PK dosing items (amt, ii, rate, and others ...), and solver settings (atol, hmax, etc...).

Value

An object of class batch_mrgsims. Most methods for mrgsims objects also work on batch_mrgsims object.

```
## example("knobs")

mod <- mrgsolve:::house(end=72)

events <- ev(amt=1000, cmt=1, addl=3, ii=12)

out <- mod %>% ev(events) %>% knobs(CL=c(1,2,3))
plot(out)

out

out <- mod %>% ev(events) %>% knobs(CL=c(1,2,3), VC=c(5,20,50))
plot(out)
plot(out, CP~.)
plot(out, CP~time|VC, groups=CL, lty=2)

out <- knobs(mod, amt=c(100,300,500), cmt=1)
plot(out)

out <- mod %>% knobs(amt=c(100,300), CL=c(1,3), VC=c(5,20), cmt=1)
plot(out)
plot(out, CP~.)
```

lctran 35

```
out <- knobs(mod, CL=c(1,2,3))
out

out <- knobs(mod, CL=c(1,2,3))
out</pre>
```

lctran

Convert select upper case column names to lower case to conform to mrgsolve data expectations.

Description

Convert select upper case column names to lower case to conform to mrgsolve data expectations.

Usage

```
lctran(data)
```

Arguments

data

an nmtran-like data frame

Details

Columns that will be renamed with lower case versions: AMT, II, SS, CMT, ADDL, RATE, EVID, TIME. If a lower case version of these names exist in the data set, the column will not be renamed.

Value

A data.frame with renamed columns.

loadso

Load the model shared object.

Description

Load the model shared object.

Usage

```
loadso(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
loadso(x, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x the model object ... passed along
```

36 matlist

lower2matrix

Create a square numeric matrix from the lower-triangular elements.

Description

Create a square numeric matrix from the lower-triangular elements.

Usage

```
lower2matrix(x, context = NULL)
```

Arguments

x numeric data

context the working context

Value

a square symmetric numeric matrix with column names

matlist

Methods for working with matrix-list objects.

Description

Methods for working with matrix-list objects.

```
zero.re(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
zero.re(.x, ...)

zero_re(...)

drop.re(.x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
drop.re(.x, ...)

drop_re(...)

## S4 method for signature 'matlist'
as.list(x, ...)
```

matlist-class 37

```
## S4 method for signature 'matlist'
as.matrix(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'matlist'
names(x)

## S4 method for signature 'matlist'
length(x)

## S4 method for signature 'matlist'
labels(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'matlist'
dim(x)

## S4 method for signature 'matlist'
nrow(x)

## S4 method for signature 'matlist'
show(object)
```

Arguments

.x a matlist object
... passed along
x a matlist object
object passed to showmatlist

matlist-class

S4 class matlist.

Description

S4 class matlist.

mcode_cache

Write, compile, and load model code.

Description

This is a convenience function that ultimately calls mread.

38 mcRNG

Usage

```
mcode_cache(model, code, project = tempdir(), ...)
mcode(model, code, project = tempdir(), ...)
```

Arguments

```
model model name

code character string specifying a mrgsolve model

project project name
```

... passed to mread

Details

Note that the arguments are in slightly different order than mread. The default project is tempdir().

Examples

```
code <- '
$CMT DEPOT CENT
$PKMODEL ncmt=1, depot=TRUE
$MAIN
double CL = 1;
double V = 20;
double KA = 1;
'
mod <- mcode("example",code)</pre>
```

mcRNG

Set RNG to use L'Ecuyer-CMRG.

Description

Set RNG to use L'Ecuyer-CMRG.

Usage

mcRNG()

merge.list 39

merge.	list	

Merge two lists.

Description

Merge two lists.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'list'
merge(x, y, ..., open = FALSE, warn = TRUE,
   context = "object", wild = "...")
```

Arguments

Χ	the original lis	t

y the new list for merging

... not used

open logical indicating whether or not new items should be allowed in the list upon

merging.

warn issue warning if nothing found to update

context description of usage context wild wild-card name; see details

Details

Wild-card names (wild) are always retained in x and are brought along from y only when open.

mod

Return the model object.

Description

Return the model object.

Usage

```
mod(x, ...) ## S4 method for signature 'mrgsims' mod(x, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x mrgsims object... passed along
```

40 modlib

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IIIOUE	$\pm na$	1 20

Parse model specification text.

Description

Parse model specification text.

Usage

```
modelparse(txt, split = FALSE, drop_blank = TRUE, comment_re = c("//",
    "##"), ...)
```

Arguments

txt model specification text

split logical

drop_blank logical; TRUE if blank lines are to be dropped

comment_re regular expression for comments

... arguments passed along

modlib

Internal model library.

Description

Internal model library.

Usage

```
modlib(list = FALSE)
```

Arguments

list

list available models

Details

See modlib_details, modlib_pk, modlib_pkpd, modlib_tmdd, modlib_viral for details.

Call modlib(list=TRUE) to list available models. Once the model is loaded (see examples below), call mrgsolve:::code(mod) to see model code and equations.

modlib_details 41

Examples

```
## Not run:
mod <- mread("pk1cmt", modlib())</pre>
mod <- mread("pk2cmt", modlib())</pre>
mod <- mread("pk3cmt", modlib())</pre>
mod <- mread("irm1", modlib())</pre>
mod <- mread("irm2", modlib())</pre>
mod <- mread("irm3",</pre>
                         modlib())
mod <- mread("irm4",</pre>
                          modlib())
mod <- mread("emax",</pre>
                          modlib())
mod <- mread("effect", modlib())</pre>
mod <- mread("tmdd", modlib())</pre>
mod <- mread("viral1", modlib())</pre>
mod <- mread("viral2", modlib())</pre>
mrgsolve:::code(mod)
## End(Not run)
```

modlib_details

modlib: PK/PD Model parameters, compartments, and output variables.

Description

modlib: PK/PD Model parameters, compartments, and output variables.

Compartments

- EV1, EV2: extravasular dosing compartments
- CENT: central PK compartment
- PERIPH: peripheral PK compartment
- PERIPH2: peripheral PK compartment 2
- RESP: response PD compartment (irm models)

Output variables

- CP: concentration in the central compartment (CENT/VC)
- RESP: response (emax model)

PK parameters

- KA1, KA2: first order absorption rate constants from first and second extravascular compartment (1/time)
- CL: clearance (volume/time)

42 modlib_pk

- VC: volume of distribution, central compartment (volume)
- VP: volume of distribution, peripheral compartment (volume)
- VP2: volume of distribution, peripheral compartment 2 (volume)
- Q: intercompartmental clearance (volume/time)
- Q2: intercompartmental clearance 2 (volume/time)
- VMAX: maximum rate, nonlinear process (mass/time)
- KM: Michaelis constant (mass/volume)
- K10: elimination rate constant (1/time); CL/VC
- K12: rate constant for transfer to peripheral compartment from central (1/time); Q/VC
- K21: rate constant for transfer to central compartment from peripheral (1/time); Q/VP

PD parameters

- E0: baseline effect (emax model)
- EMAX, IMAX: maximum effect (response)
- EC50, IC50: concentration producing 50 percent of effect (mass/volume)
- KIN: zero-order response production rate (irm models) (response/time)
- KOUT: first-order response elimination rate (irm models) (1/time)
- n: sigmoidicity factor
- KEO: rate constant for transfer to effect compartment (1/time)

modlib_pk

modlib: Pharmacokinetic models.

Description

modlib: Pharmacokinetic models.

Arguments

... passed to update

Details

See modlib_details for more detailed descriptions of parameters and compartments.

The pk1cmt model is parameterized in terms of CL, VC, KA1 and KA2 and uses compartments EV1, EV2, and CENT. The pk2cmt model adds a PERIPH compartment and parameters Q and VP to that of the one-compartment model. Likewise, the three-compartment model (pk3cmt) adds PERIPH2 and parameters Q2 and VP2 to that of the two-compartment models. All pk models also have parameters VMAX (defaulting to zero, no non-linear clearance) and KM.

modlib_pkpd 43

Value

an object of class packmod

Model description

All pk models have two extravascular dosing compartments and potential for linear and nonlinear clearance.

• pk1cmt: one compartment pk model

• pk2cmt: two compartment pk model

• pk3cmt: three compartment pk model

modlib_pkpd

modlib: Pharmacokinetic / pharmacodynamic models.

Description

modlib: Pharmacokinetic / pharmacodynamic models.

Details

See modlib_details for more detailed descriptions of parameters and compartments.

All PK/PD models include 2-compartment PK model with absorption from 2 extravasular compartments and linear + nonlinear clearance. The PK models are parameterized with CL, VC, Q, VMAX, KM, KA1 and KA2 and implement compartments EV1, EV2, CENT, PERIPH . The indirect response models have compartment RESP and the emax model has output variable RESP. PD parameters include KIN, KOUT, IC50, EC50, IMAX, EMAX, E0, and n.

Also, once the model is loaded, use see method for mrgmod to view the model code.

Model description

- irm1 inhibition of response production
- irm2 inhibition of response loss
- irm3 stimulation of response production
- irm4 stimulation of response loss
- pd_effect effect compartment model
- emax sigmoid emax model

44 modlib_tmdd

modlib_tmdd

modlib: Target mediated disposition model.

Description

modlib: Target mediated disposition model.

Arguments

... passed to update

Parameters

• KEL: elimination rate constant

• KTP: tissue to plasma rate constant

• KPT: plasma to tissue rate constant

• VC: volume of distribution

• KA1, KA2: absorption rate constants

• KINT: internalization rate constant

• KON: association rate constant

• KOFF: dissociation rate constant

• KSYN: target systhesis rate

• KDEG: target degredation rate constant

Compartments

· CENT: unbound drug in central compartment

• TISS: unbound drug in tissue compartment

• REC: concentration of target

• RC: concentration of drug-target complex

• EV1, EV2: extravascular dosing compartments

Output variables

• CP: unbound drug in the central compartment

• TOTAL: total concentration of target (complexed and uncomplexed)

modlib_viral 45

modlib_viral

modlib: HCV viral dynamics models.

Description

modlib: HCV viral dynamics models.

Models

- viral1: viral dynamics model with single HCV species
- viral2: viral dynamics model with wild-type and mutant HCV species

Parameters

- s: new hepatocyte synthesis rate (cells/ml/day)
- d: hepatocyte death rate constant (1/day)
- p: viral production rate constant (copies/cell/day)
- beta: new infection rate constant (ml/copy/day)
- delta: infected cell death rate constant (1/day)
- c: viral clearance rate constant (1/day)
- fit: mutant virus fitness
- N: non-target hepatocytes
- mu: forward mutation rate
- Tmax: maximum number of target hepatocytes (cells/ml)
- rho: maximum hepatocyte regeneration rate (1/day)

Compartments

- T: uninfected target hepatocytes (cells/ml)
- I: productively infected hepatocytes (cells/ml)
- V: hepatitis C virus (copies/ml)
- IM: mutant infected hepatocytes (cells/ml)
- VM: mutant hepatitis C virus (copies/ml)
- expos: exposure metric to drive pharmacodynamic model

46 modlist-class

modlist

Create a modlist object.

Description

Create a modlist object.

Usage

```
modlist(project = ".", soloc = tempdir(), prefix = "",
   pattern = paste0(prefix, "*\\.cpp$"), index_file = "MODLIST")
```

Arguments

project file path to models

soloc directory where the models will be built

prefix leading tag for models to process

pattern a regular expression for models to get

index_file name of file to look for registered models

modlist-class

S4 class matlist.

Description

S4 class matlist.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'modlist' x$name
```

Arguments

modlist object

name model to take; used with \$

modMATRIX 47

modMATRIX	Create a matrix.	
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Description

Create a matrix.

Usage

```
modMATRIX(x, use = TRUE, block = FALSE, correlation = FALSE,
  digits = -1, context = "matlist", ...)
```

Arguments

X	data for building the matrix. Data in x are assumed to be on-diagonal elements if block is FALSE and lower-triangular elements if block is TRUE
use	logical; if FALSE, all matrix elements are set to 0
block	logical; if TRUE, try to make a block matrix; diagonal otherwise
correlation	logical; if TRUE, off diagonal elements are assumed to be correlations and converted to covariances; if correlation is TRUE, then block is set to TRUE
digits	if value of this argument is greater than zero, the matrix is passed to signif (along with digits) prior to returning
context	the working context
	passed along

Examples

```
modMATRIX("1 2.2 333")
modMATRIX("1 1.1 2.2", block=TRUE)
modMATRIX("23 234 234 5234", use=FALSE)

ans <- modMATRIX("1.1 0.657 2.2", correlation=TRUE, block=TRUE)
ans
cov2cor(ans)</pre>
```

mread_cache

Read a model specification file.

Description

mread reads and parses a mrgsolve model specification file, builds the model, and returns a model object for simulation.

48 mread_cache

Usage

```
mread_cache(model, project = getwd(), code = NULL, soloc = tempdir(),
   quiet = FALSE, preclean = FALSE, ...)

mread(model = character(0), project = getwd(), code = NULL, udll = TRUE,
   ignore.stdout = TRUE, raw = FALSE, compile = TRUE, audit = TRUE,
   quiet = getOption("mrgsolve_mread_quiet", FALSE), check.bounds = FALSE,
   warn = TRUE, soloc = tempdir(), preclean = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

model	model name
project	location of the model specification file an any headers to be included
code	a character string with model specification code to be used instead of a model file
soloc	directory where model shared object is stored
quiet	don't print messages when compiling
preclean	logical; if TRUE, compilation artifacts are cleaned up first
	passed along
udll	use unique name for shared object
ignore.stdout	passed to system call for compiling model
raw	if TRUE, return a list of raw output
compile	logical; if TRUE, the model will be built
audit	check the model specification file for errors
check.bounds	check boundaries of parameter list
warn	logical; if TRUE, print warning messages that may arise

Model Library

mrgsolve comes bundled with several precoded PK, PK/PD, and other systems models that are accessible via the mread interface.

Models available in the library include:

- PK models: pk1cmt, pk2cmt, pk3cmt, tmdd
- PKPD models: irm1, irm2, irm3, irm4, emax, effect
- Other models: viral1, viral2

When the library model is accessed, mrgsolve will compile and load the model as you would for any other model. It is only necessary to reference the correct model name and point the project argument to the mrgsolve model library location via modlib.

For more details, see modlib_pk, modlib_pkpd, modlib_tmdd, modlib_viral, and modlib_details for more information about the state variables and parameters in each model.

mrgmod-class 49

Examples

```
## Not run:
code <- '
$PARAM CL = 1, VC = 5
$CMT CENT
$ODE dxdt_CENT = -(CL/VC)*CENT;
'
mod <- mcode("ex_mread",code)
mod
mod %>% init(CENT=1000) %>% mrgsim %>% plot
mod <- mread("irm3", modlib())
mod
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

mrgmod-class

S4 class for mrgsolve model object.

Description

S4 class for mrgsolve model object.

Slots

```
model model name <character>
project working directory; must be writeable with no spaces <character>
start simulation start time <numeric>
end simulation end time <numeric>
delta simulation time interval <numeric>
add additional simulation times <numeric-vector>
param parameter_list
fixed a parameter_list of fixed value parameters; these are not updatable from R
init cmt_list
events events object
digits significant digits in simulated output; negative integer means ignore <numeric>
hmin passed to dlsoda <numeric>
hmax passed to dlsoda <numeric>
```

50 \$,mrgmod-method

```
mxhnil passed to dlsoda <numeric>
ixpr passed to dlsoda <numeric>
atol passed to dlsoda <numeric>
rtol passed to dlsoda <numeric>
maxsteps passed to dlsoda <numeric>
preclean passed to R CMD SHLIB during compilation <logical>
verbose print run information to screen <logical>
tscale used to scale time in simulated output <numeric>
omega matlist for simulating individual-level random effects
sigma matlist for simulating residual error variates
args <list> of arguments to be passed to mrgsim
advan either 2, 4, or 13 < numeric>
trans either 1, 2, 4, or 11
request vector of compartments to request <character>
soloc directory path for storing the model shared object <character>
code a character vector of the model code
mindt minimum time between simulation records < numeric>
envir internal model environment <environment>
annot model annotations <list>
plugin model plugins <character>
```

Notes

• Spaces in paths (project and soloc) are prohibited.

\$,mrgmod-method

Create and work with parameter objects.

Description

See numericlist for methods to deal with parameter_list objects.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
x$name

param(.x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
param(.x, .y = list(), ..., .pat = "*",
```

\$,mrgmod-method 51

```
.strict = FALSE)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgsims'
param(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'missing'
param(..., .strict = TRUE)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
param(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
param(.x, ...)
as.param(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
as.param(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
as.param(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'parameter_list'
as.param(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'missing'
as.param(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'parameter_list'
show(object)
allparam(.x)
```

Arguments

x	mrgmod object
name	parameter to take
. X	the model object
	passed along or name/value pairs to update the parameters in a model object
. y	list to be merged into parameter list
.pat	a regular expression (character) to be applied as a filter for which parameters to show when printing
.strict	if TRUE, all names to be updated must be found in the parameter list
object	passed to show

52 mrgsim

Details

Can be used to either get a parameter list object from a mrgmod model object or to update the parameters in a model object. For both uses, the return value is a parameter_list object. For the former use, param is usually called to print the parameters to the screen, but the parameter_list object can also be coreced to a list or numeric R object.

Value

An object of class parameter_list (see numericlist).

Examples

```
## example("param")
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()

param(mod)
param(mod, .pat="^(C|F)") ## may be useful when large number of parameters

class(param(mod))

param(mod)$KA

as.list(param(mod))
as.data.frame(param(mod))</pre>
```

mrgsim

Simulate from a model object.

Description

This function sets up the simulation run from data stored in the model object as well as arguments passed in. Note that there are many non-formal arguments to this function that can be used to customize the simulation run and it's output.

Usage

```
mrgsim(x, data = NULL, idata = NULL, nid = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

x	the model objects
data	NMTRAN-like data set
idata	a matrix or data frame of model parameters, one parameter per row
nid	integer number of individuals to simulate; only used if idata and data are missing
	passed to update

mrgsim 53

Details

- Both data and idata will be coreced to numeric matrix
- carry. out can be used to insert data columns into the output data set. This is partially dependent on the nature of the data brought into the problem.
- When using data and idata together, an error is generated if an ID occurs in data but not
 idata. Also, when looking up data in idata, ID in idata is assumed to be uniquely keyed to
 ID in data. No error is generated if ID is duplicated in data; parameters will be used from
 the first occurrence found in idata.
- carry.out: idata is assumed to be individual-level and variables that are carried from idata are repeated throughout the invidivual's simulated data. Variables carried from data are carried via last-observation carry forward. NA is returned from observations that are inserted into simulated output that occur prior to the first record in data.

Value

an object of class mrgsims

Additional arguments

- mtime numeric vector of times where the model is evaluated (with solver reset), but results are not included in simulated output
- Request a vector of compartment or table names to take in simulated output; if this is specified, request is ignored
- obsonly omit records with evid != 0 from simulated output
- obsaug logical; when TRUE and a full data set is used, the simulated output is augmented with an observation at each time in stime(). When using obsaug, a flag indicating augmented observations can be requested by including a.u.g in carry.out
- recsort Default value is 1. Possible values are 1,2,3,4: 1 and 2 put doses in a data set after padded observations at the same time; 3 and 4 put those doses before padded observations at the same time. 2 and 4 will put doses scheduled through add1 after observations at the same time; 1 and 3 put doses scheduled through add1 before observations at the same time. recsort will not change the order of your input data set if both doses and observations are given.
- filbak For each ID, carry the first record data backward to start of the simulation
- tad logical; when TRUE a column is added to simulated output is added showing the time since the last dose. Only data records with evid == 1 will be considered doses for the purposes of tad calculation.

Examples

```
## example("mrgsim")

mod <- mrgsolve:::house() %>% ev(amt=1000, cmt=1)
out <- mod %>% mrgsim()
plot(out)
```

54 mrgsims

```
out <- mod %>% mrgsim(end=22)
out

data(exTheoph)

out <- mod %>% data_set(exTheoph) %>% mrgsim()
out

out <- mod %>% mrgsim(data=exTheoph)

out <- mrgsim(mod, data=exTheoph, obsonly=TRUE)
out

out <- mod %>% mrgsim(data=exTheoph, obsaug=TRUE, carry.out="a.u.g")
out

out <- mod %>% mrgsim(req="CENT")
out

out <- mrgsim(mod, Req="CP,RESP")
out</pre>
```

mrgsims

Methods for working with mrgsims objects.

Description

These methods help the user view simulation output and extract simulated data to work with further. The methods listed here for the most part have generics defined by R or other R packages. See the seealso section for other methods defined by mrgsolve that have their own documentation pages.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'mrgsims'
x$name

## S4 method for signature 'mrgsims'
tail(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'mrgsims'
head(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'mrgsims'
dim(x)
```

mrgsims 55

Arguments

x mrgsims object
name name of column of simulated output to retain
... passed to other functions
row.names passed to as.data.frame
optional passed to as.data.frame
object passed to show

Details

Most methods should behave as expected according to other method commonly used in R (e.g. head, tail, as.data.frame, etc ...)

- subset coreces simulated output to data.frame and passes to subset.data.frame
- \$ selects a column in the simulated data and returns numeric
- head see head.matrix; returns simulated data
- tail see tail.matrix; returns simulated data
- dim, nrow, ncol returns dimensions, number of rows, and number of columns in simulated data
- as.data.frame coreces simulated data to data.frame and returns the data.frame
- as.matrix returns matrix of simulated data
- as.tbl coreces simulated to tbl_df; requires dplyr
- summary coreces simulated data to data.frame and passes to summary.data.frame
- plot plots simulated data; see plot_mrgsims

56 mrgsims-class

See Also

stime

Examples

```
## example("mrgsims")
mod <- mrgsolve:::house() %>% init(GUT=100)
out <- mrgsim(mod)</pre>
class(out)
out
head(out)
tail(out)
mrgsolve:::mod(out)
dim(out)
names(out)
mat <- as.matrix(out)</pre>
df <- as.data.frame(out)</pre>
df <- subset(out, time < 12) ## a data frame</pre>
out$CP
plot(out)
plot(out, CP~.)
plot(out, CP+RESP~time, scales="same", xlab="Time", main="Model sims")
```

mrgsims-class

S4 class for mrgsolve simulation output.

Description

S4 class for mrgsolve simulation output.

Slots

request character vector of compartments requested in simulated output outnames character vector of column names in simulated output coming from table step data matrix of simulated data mod the mrgmod model object

mrgsims_dplyr 57

mrgsims_dplyr

Methods for handling output with dplyr verbs.

Description

Methods for handling output with dplyr verbs.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mrgsims'
as.tbl(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mrgsims'
filter_(.data, ..., .dots)
## S3 method for class 'mrgsims'
group_by_(.data, ..., .dots, add = FALSE)
## S3 method for class 'mrgsims'
distinct_(.data, ..., .dots, .keep_all = FALSE)
## S3 method for class 'mrgsims'
mutate_(.data, ..., .dots)
summarise.each(.data, funs, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mrgsims'
summarise_(.data, ..., .dots)
## S3 method for class 'mrgsims'
do_(.data, ..., .dots)
## S3 method for class 'mrgsims'
select_(.data, ..., .dots)
## S3 method for class 'mrgsims'
slice_(.data, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mrgsims'
as_data_frame(.data_, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x mrgsims object... passed to other methods.data passed to various dplyr functions
```

58 mrgsolve

funs passed to dplyr::summarise_each

.data_ mrgsims object

mrgsolve mrgsolve

Description

mrgsolve is an R package maintained under the auspices of Metrum Research Group, LLC, that facilitates simulation from models based on systems of ordinary differential equations (ODE) that are typically employed for understanding pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and systems biology and pharmacology. mrgsovle consists of computer code written in the R and C++ languages, providing an interface to the DLSODA differential equation solver (written in FORTRAN) provided through ODEPACK - A Systematized Collection of ODE Solvers.

Example models

See mrgsolve_example to export example models into your own, writeable project directory.

Input data sets

See data_set for help creating input data sets. See exdatasets for example input data sets.

Package help

- Package index, including a listing of all functions
- Reserved words in mrgsolve: reserved

About the model object

The model object has class mrgmod.

Handling simulated output

See mrgsims for methods to use with simulated output.

About the solver used by mrgsolve

See: aboutsolver

mrgsolve 59

Examples

```
## example("mrgsolve")
mod <- mrgsolve:::house(delta=0.1) %>% param(CL=0.5)
events <- ev(amt=1000, cmt=1, addl=5, ii=24)
events
mod
see(mod)
stime(mod)
param(mod)
init(mod)
out <- mod %>% ev(events) %>% mrgsim(end=168)
out
head(out)
tail(out)
dim(out)
plot(out, GUT+CP~.)
sims <- as.data.frame(out)</pre>
t72 <- subset(sims, time==72)
str(t72)
idata \leftarrow data.frame(ID=c(1,2,3), CL=c(0.5,1,2), VC=12)
out <- mod %>% ev(events) %>% mrgsim(end=168, idata=idata, req="")
plot(out)
out <- mod %>% ev(events) %>% mrgsim(carry.out="amt,evid,cmt,CL")
head(out)
out <-
  mod %>%
  ev() %>%
  knobs(CL=c(0.5, 1,2), amt=c(100,300,1000), cmt=1,end=48)
plot(out, CP~., scales="same")
plot(out, RESP+CP~time|amt,groups=CL)
ev1 <- ev(amt=500, cmt=2,rate=10)</pre>
ev2 <- ev(amt=100, cmt=1, time=54, ii=8, addl=10)
```

60 mrgsolve_example

```
events <- ev1+ev2
events
out <- mod %>% ev(ev1+ev2) %>% mrgsim(end=180, req="")
plot(out)
## "Condensed" data set
data(extran1)
extran1
out <- mod %>% data_set(extran1) %>% mrgsim(end=200)
plot(out,CP~time|factor(ID))
## idata
data(exidata)
exidata
out <-
  mod %>%
  ev(amt=1000, cmt=1) %>%
  idata_set(exidata) %>%
  mrgsim(end=72)
plot(out, CP~., as="log10")
# Internal model library
mod <- mread("irm1", modlib())</pre>
mod
\mod %>% ev(amt=300, ii=12, addl=3) %>% mrgsim
```

mrgsolve_example

Extract example model from system library

Description

Extract example model from system library

Usage

```
mrgsolve_example(model = c("pkExample", "pkpdExample", "firstmodeExample",
```

mrgsolve_template 61

```
"viralExample", "popExample"), project = getwd(), overwrite = FALSE, quiet = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

model name of model project working directory overwrite passed to file.copy

quiet don't print any status messages to the screen

... additional arguments

mrgsolve_template

Create model specification file from template

Description

Create model specification file from template

Usage

```
mrgsolve_template(model = "template", project = getwd(),
    writeable = FALSE, overwrite = FALSE)
```

Arguments

model name of the model to create

project working directory

writeable logical; if TRUE, parameters may be overwritten in the main block overwrite logical; if TRUE, an existing file with same stem will be overwritten

mvgauss

Simulate from a multivariate normal distribution with mean zero.

Description

Simulate from a multivariate normal distribution with mean zero.

Usage

```
mvgauss(mat, n = 10, seed = NULL)
```

Arguments

mat a positive-definite matrix
n number of variates to simulate
seed if not null, passed to set.seed

62 nmxml

nmxml

Get THETA, OMEGA and SIGMA from a completed NONMEM run

Description

Get THETA, OMEGA and SIGMA from a completed NONMEM run

Usage

```
nmxml(run = numeric(0), project = character(0), file = character(0),
  theta = TRUE, omega = FALSE, sigma = FALSE, olabels = NULL,
  slabels = NULL, oprefix = "", sprefix = "", tname = "THETA",
  oname = "...", sname = "...", ...)
```

Arguments

run	run number
project	project directory
file	the complete path to the run.xml file
theta	logical; if TRUE, the \$THETA vector is returned
omega	logical; if TRUE, the \$0MEGA matrix is returned
sigma	logical; if TRUE, the \$SIGMA matrix is returned
olabels	labels for \$OMEGA
slabels	labels for \$SIGMA
oprefix	prefix for \$OMEGA labels
sprefix	prefix for \$SIGMA labels
tname	name for \$THETA
oname	name for \$0MEGA
sname	name for \$SIGMA
	passed along

Details

If run and project are supplied, the .xml file is assumed to be located in run. xml, in directory run off the project directory. If file is supplied, run and project arguments are ignored.

Value

a list with theta, omega and sigma elements, depending on what was requested

numeric2diag 63

numeric2diag

Create a diagonal numeric matrix from diagonal elements.

Description

Create a diagonal numeric matrix from diagonal elements.

Usage

```
numeric2diag(x, context = NULL)
```

Arguments

x numeric data

context used to generate column names

Value

a numeric diagonal matrix

numericlist

Methods for numericlist.

Description

These methods can be used to corece param and init objects into common R data structures, extract elements from numericlists, or get attributes from numericlists.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'numericlist'
as.list(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'numericlist'
as.numeric(x)
## S4 method for signature 'numericlist'
as.data.frame(x, row.names = NULL, optional = FALSE, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'numericlist'
length(x)
## S4 method for signature 'numericlist'
names(x)
```

obsaug obsaug

```
## S4 method for signature 'numericlist'
x$name

## S4 method for signature 'numericlist'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]
```

Arguments

x object

... passed along to other methods
row.names passed to as.data.frame

optional passed to as.data.frame

name column to take i elements to keep

j not used drop not used

numericlist-class

S4 class numeric list.

Description

S4 class numeric list.

Arguments

data list of data

pattern character of length 1 containing regular expression to be used as a filter when

printing data to the console

obsaug

Augment observations in the simulated output.

Description

Augment observations in the simulated output.

Usage

```
obsaug(x, value = TRUE, ...)
```

obsonly 65

Arguments

x model object

value the value for obsaug

passed along There is also a obsaug argument to mrgsim that can be set to

accomplish the same thing as a call to obsaug in the pipeline.

obsonly

Collect only observations in the simulated output.

Description

Collect only observations in the simulated output.

Usage

```
obsonly(x, value = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x model object

value the value for obsonly

... passed along

Details

There is also a obsonly argument to mrgsim that can be set to accomplish the same thing as a call to obsonly in the pipeline.

omega

Manipulate OMEGA matrices.

Description

The primary function is omat that can be used to both get the \$OMEGA matrices out of a model object and to update \$OMEGA matrices in a model object.

omega omega

Usage

```
omat(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'missing'
omat(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
omat(.x, ..., labels = list())
## S4 method for signature 'NULL''
omat(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'list'
omat(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'omegalist'
omat(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
omat(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
omat(.x, ..., make = FALSE, open = FALSE)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgsims'
omat(.x, make = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

```
    .x a matrix, list of matrices or matlist object
    ... passed to other functions, including modMATRIX
    labels character vector of names for $OMEGA elements; must be equal to number of rows/columns in the matrix
    make logical; if TRUE, matrix list is rendered into a single matrix
    open passed to merge.list
    x matlist object
```

Examples

```
## example("omega")
mat1 <- matrix(1)
mat2 <- diag(c(1,2,3))
mat3 <- matrix(c(0.1, 0.002, 0.002, 0.5), 2,2)
mat4 <- dmat(0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4)

omat(mat1)
omat(mat1, mat2, mat3)
omat(A=mat1, B=mat2, C=mat3)

mod <- mrgsolve:::house() %>% omat(mat4)
```

parameter_list-class 67

```
omat(mod)
omat(mod, make=TRUE)

## Not run:

$OMEGA
1 2 3

$OMEGA @block
1 0.1 2

$OMEGA \@cor
\@ prefix ETA_
\@ labels CL VC KA
0.1
0.67 0.2
0 0 0.3

## End(Not run)
```

Description

S4 parameter_list class

Details

```
parameter_list is a numericlist-class
```

pkmode1

Simulate from 1- or 2-compartment PK model.

Description

This is an R function that returns model objects based on \$PKMODEL.

Usage

```
pkmodel(ncmt = 1, depot = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

```
ncmt passed to PKMODEL depot passed to PKMODEL ... passed to update
```

68 PKMODEL

Details

Once the model object is generated, use param to check names of the parameters in the model and init to check the names of the compartments in the model. Calculations for the amounts in each compartment are done via analytical solutions, not differential equations. A subject-level random effect is also provided for each PK parameter; use omat to see the names of those random effects. All random effect variances have initial value of zero and may be updated via omat.

Value

An object of class mrgmod-class

Examples

```
## Not run:
mod <- pkmodel(1)

mod %>% ev(amt=1000, ii=24, addl=3) %>% mrgsim(end=120)
mod <- pkmodel(1,TRUE)
mod <- pkmodel(2)
mod <- pkmodel(2,TRUE)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

PKMODEL

Parse PKMODEL BLOCK data.

Description

Parse PKMODEL BLOCK data.

Usage

```
PKMODEL(ncmt = 1, depot = FALSE, cmt = NULL, trans = pick_trans(ncmt, depot), env = list(), pos = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

ncmt	number of compartments; must be 1 (one-compartment, not including a depot dosing compartment) or 2 (two-compartment model, not including a depot dosing compartment)
depot	logical indicating whether to add depot compartment
cmt	compartment names as comma-delimited character

trans	the parameterization for the PK model; must be 1, 2, 4, or 11
env	parse environment
pos	block position number
	not used

Details

When using \$PKMODEL, certain symbols must be defined in the model specification depending on the value of ncmt, depot and trans.

```
ncmt 1, depot FALSE, trans 2: CL, V
ncmt 1, depot TRUE, trans 2: CL, V, KA
ncmt 2, depot FALSE, trans 4: CL, V1, Q, V2
ncmt 2, depot TRUE, trans 4: CL, V2, Q, V3, KA
```

If trans=11 is specified, use the symbols listed above for the ncmt / depot combination, but append i at the end (e.g. CLi or Qi or KAi).

If trans=1, the user must utilize the following symbols:

- pred_CL for clearance
- pred_V or pred_V2 for central compartment volume of distribution
- pred_Q for intercompartmental clearance
- pred_V3 for for peripheral compartment volume of distribution
- pred_KA for absorption rate constant

See Also

```
BLOCK_PARSE
```

Description

Plot method for mrgsims objects.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'batch_mrgsims,missing'
plot(x, yval = variables(x),
   auto.key = list(), mincol = 3, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'batch_mrgsims,formula'
plot(x, y, show.grid = TRUE, lwd = 2,
   type = "1", yval = variables(x), auto.key = list(columns = 1),
   scales = list(y = list(relation = "free")), ...)
```

70 plot_mrgsims

Arguments

mrsims object Х y varialbes to plot yval auto.key passed to xyplot mincol minimum number of columns in key arguments passed to xyplot . . . a formula passed to xyplot У print grid in the plot show.grid lwd passed to xyplot type passed to xyplot passed to xyplot scales

plot_mrgsims

Generate a quick plot of simulated data.

Description

Generate a quick plot of simulated data.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'mrgsims,missing'
plot(x, limit = 16, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'mrgsims,formula'
plot(x, y, limit = 16, show.grid = TRUE,
  outer = TRUE, type = "1", lwd = 2, ylab = "value", groups = ID,
  scales = list(y = list(relation = "free")), ...)
```

Arguments

X	mrgsims object
limit	limit the the number of panels to create
	other arguments passed to xyplot
у	formula used for plotting
show.grid	logical indicating whether or not to draw panel.grid
outer	passed to xyplot
type	passed to xyplot
lwd	passed to xyplot
ylab	passed to xyplot
groups	passed to xyplot
scales	passed to xyplot

qsim 71

Details

Values for as argument: ; raw: raw simulated output;

Examples

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house(end=48, delta=0.2) %>% init(GUT=1000)
out <- mrgsim(mod)
plot(out)
plot(out, subset=time <=24)
plot(out, GUT+CP~.)
plot(out, CP+RESP~time, col="black", scales="same", lty=2)</pre>
```

qsim

A quick simulation function.

Description

A quick simulation function.

Usage

```
qsim(x, e, idata, req = NULL, tgrid = NULL)
```

Arguments

x model object
e event object
idata individual data set
req compartments to request

tgrid tgrid object; used if e is an ev object

Examples

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()

des <- tgrid(0,2400,1)

data <- recmatrix(ev(amt=1000, ii=24, addl=100),des)

out <- mod %>% qsim(data)
```

72 recmatrix

realize_addl

Make addl doses explicit in an event object or data set.

Description

Make addl doses explicit in an event object or data set.

Usage

```
realize_addl(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
realize_addl(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'ev'
realize_addl(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x a data_set data frame or an ev object (see details)

... not used

Details

Required data elements: addl and ii.

recmatrix

Create a matrix of events for simulation.

Description

This function is for use with qsim only.

Usage

```
recmatrix(x, times, c_indexing = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x an events object

times object that can be coerced to numeric with stime

c_indexing if TRUE, compartment numbers will be decremented by 1

relocate 73

relocate

Update model or project in an model object.

Description

Update model or project in an model object.

Usage

```
relocate(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
relocate(x, model = NULL, project = NULL)
```

Arguments

x mrgmod object
... passed along
model model name
project project directory

Value

updated model object

rename_cols

rename columns from vector for new names

Description

rename columns from vector for new names

Usage

```
rename_cols(.df, new_names)
```

Arguments

.df dataframe to rename

new_names vector of names using syntax "<newname>" = "<oldname>"

```
rename_cols(Theoph, c("dv" = "conc", "ID" = "Subject"))
```

74 render

render

Render a model to a document.

Description

Render a model to a document.

Usage

```
render(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'character'
render(x, project, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
render(x, ...)
dorender(model, project, template = NULL, compile = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x model object or the model name
... passed to rmarkdown::render
project the directory containing the .cpp model file
model model name
template template document
compile logical; if true, the model will be compiled to run
```

```
## Not run:
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()
mrgsolve:::render(mod)
mrgsolve:::render("irm2", modlib())
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

Req 75

Req

Request simulated output.

Description

Use this function to select, by name, either compartments or derived variables that have been captured (see CAPTURE).

Usage

```
Req(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
Req(x, ...)
req(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
req(x, ...)
```

Arguments

model object

unquoted names of compartments or tabled items

There is also a Req argument to mrgsim that can be set to accomplish the same thing as a call to Req in the pipeline.

Note the difference between req and Req: the former only selects compartments to appear in output while the latter selects both compartments and captured items. Also, when there are items are explicitly listed in Req, all other compartments or captured items not listed there are ignored. But when compartments are selected with req all of the captured items are returned. Remember that req is strictly for compartments.

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()</pre>
mod %>% Req(CP,RESP) %>% ev(amt=1000) %>% mrgsim
```

76 revar

reserved

Reserved words.

Description

Reserved words.

Usage

```
reserved()
```

Details

Note: this function is not exported; you must go into the mrgsolve namespace by using the mrgsolve::: prefix.

Examples

```
mrgsolve:::reserved()
```

revar

Get model random effect variances and covariances.

Description

Get model random effect variances and covariances.

Usage

```
revar(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
revar(x, ...)
```

```
x model object... passed along
```

%>%

%>%

Forward pipe.

Description

Forward pipe.

Tee.

scrape_and_call

Scrape options and pass to function.

Description

Scrape options and pass to function.

Usage

```
scrape_and_call(x, env, pass, ...)
```

Arguments

. . .

x data
env parse environment
pass function to call

dots

Details

Attributes of x are also scraped and merged with options.

scrape_opts

Scrape options from a code block.

Description

Scrape options from a code block.

Usage

```
scrape_opts(x, envir = list(), def = list(), all = TRUE, marker = "=",
    narrow = TRUE)
```

78 see

Arguments

X	data
envir	environment from \$ENV

def default values

all return all options, even those that are not in def

marker assignment operator; used to locate lines with options

narrow logical; if TRUE, only get options on lines starting with >>

Value

list with elements x (the data without options) and named options as specified in the block.

see

Print model code to the console.

Description

Print model code to the console.

Usage

```
see(x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
see(x, raw = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x model object... passed along
```

raw return the raw code

Value

invisible NULL

show,modlist-method 79

 ${\sf show}, {\sf modlist-method}$

Show a modlist object.

Description

Show a modlist object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'modlist'
show(object)
```

Arguments

object

modlist object

 $\verb|show,mrgmod-method||$

Print model details.

Description

Print model details.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
show(object)
```

Arguments

object

the model object

80 sigma

sigma

Manipulate SIGMA matrices.

Description

The primary function is smat that can be used to both get the \$SIGMA matrices out of a model object and to update \$SIGMA matrices in a model object.

Usage

```
smat(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'missing'
smat(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'matrix'
smat(.x, ..., labels = list())
## S4 method for signature 'list'
smat(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'sigmalist'
smat(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
smat(.x, ..., make = FALSE, open = FALSE)
## S4 method for signature 'NULL''
smat(.x, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'mrgsims'
smat(.x, make = FALSE, ...)
```

. x	a matrix, list of matrices or matlist object
	passed to other functions, including modMATRIX
labels	character vector of names for $SIGMA$ elements; must be equal to number of rows/columns in the matrix
make	logical; if TRUE, matrix list is rendered into a single matrix
open	passed to merge.list
x	matlist object

simargs 81

Examples

```
## example("sigma")
mat1 <- matrix(1)
mat2 <- diag(c(1,2))
mat3 <- matrix(c(0.1, 0.002, 0.002, 0.5), 2,2)
mat4 <- dmat(0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4)

smat(mat1)
smat(mat1, mat2, mat3)
smat(A=mat1, B=mat2, C=mat3)

mod <- mrgsolve:::house() %>% smat(mat1)

smat(mod)
smat(mod, make=TRUE)
```

simargs

Access or clear arguments for calls to mrgsim.

Description

Access or clear arguments for calls to mrgsim.

Usage

```
simargs(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mrgmod'
simargs(x, clear = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x model object... passed along

clear logical indicating whether or not clear args from the model object

Value

If clear is TRUE, the argument list is cleared and the model object is returned. Otherwise, the argument list is returned.

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()
mod %>% Req(CP,RESP) %>% carry_out(evid,WT,FLAG) %>% simargs
```

82 stime

soloc

Return the location of the model shared object.

Description

Return the location of the model shared object.

Usage

```
soloc(x, short = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x model object

short logical; if TRUE, soloc will be rendered with a short path name

Examples

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()
soloc(mod)</pre>
```

stime

Get the times at which the model will be evaluated.

Description

Get the times at which the model will be evaluated.

Usage

```
stime(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x object of class mrgmod ... passed on

Details

Simulation times include the sequence of times created from start, end, and delta and the vector of times found in add. Making end negative will omit any start / end / delta sequence. Negative values are discarded from the result.

Value

a sorted vector of unique times

stime,mrgmod-method 83

Examples

```
## example("stime", package="mrgsolve")
mod <- mrgsolve:::house(end=12, delta=2, add=c(11,13,15))
stime(mod)</pre>
```

stime, mrgmod-method

Create a simtime object.

Description

simtime objects allow the user to specify simulation start and end times, along with the simulation time step.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
stime(x, ...)

tgrid(start = 0, end = 24, delta = 1, add = numeric(0), .offset = 0,
    .scale = 1, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tgrid'
stime(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tgrids'
stime(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
stime(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'tgrid'
show(object)

## S4 method for signature 'tgrids'
show(object)
```

```
x tgrid object... passed on to other methodsstart simulation start time
```

84 touch_funs

end	simulation end time
delta	simulation time step
add	addition simulation times
.offset	the resulting set of times will be adjusted by this amount
.scale	the resulting set of times will be scaled by this factor
object	passed to show

Examples

```
peak <- tgrid(0,6,0.2)
sparse <- tgrid(0,24,4)

day1 <- c(peak,sparse)

design <- c(day1, day1+72, day1+240)

## Not run:
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()

out <- mod %>% ev(amt=1000, ii=24, addl=10) %>% mrgsim(tgrid=design)

plot(out,CP~., type='b')

## End(Not run)
```

 $touch_funs$

Get inits from compiled function.

Description

Get inits from compiled function.

Usage

```
touch_funs(x, keep_pointers = TRUE)
```

```
x mrgmod model object
keep_pointers should function pointers be returned?
```

tscale 85

tscale

Rescale time in the simulated output.

Description

Rescale time in the simulated output.

Usage

```
tscale(x, value = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

x model object

value value by which time will be scaled

... passed along

Details

There is also a tscale argument to mrgsim that can be set to accomplish the same thing as a call to tscale in the pipeline.

Examples

```
# The model is in hours:
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()

# The output is in days:
mod %>% tscale(1/24) %>% mrgsim
```

update

Get all names from a model object.

Description

Get all names from a model object.

After the model object is created, update various attributes.

86 update

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
names(x)

## S4 method for signature 'mrgmod'
update(object, ..., merge = TRUE, open = FALSE,
    data = list())

## S4 method for signature 'omegalist'
update(object, y, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'sigmalist'
update(object, y, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'parameter_list'
update(object, y, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ev'
update(object, y, ...)
```

Arguments

х	the model object
object	a model object
	passed to other functions
merge	logical indicating to merge (rather than replace) new and existing attributes.
open	logical; used only when merge is TRUE and parameter list or initial conditions list is being updated; if FALSE, no new items will be added; if TRUE, the parameter list may expand.
data	a list of items to update; not used for now
у	another object involved in update

Value

The updated model object is returned.

```
mod <- mrgsolve:::house()
names(mod)

## Not run:
    mod <- mrgsolve:::house()

mod <- update(mod, end=120, delta=4, param=list(CL=19.1))

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

valid_data 87

valid_data

Validate and prepare data sets for simulation.

Description

Validate and prepare data sets for simulation.

Validate and prepare idata data sets for simulation.

Usage

```
valid_data_set(x, ...)
## Default S3 method:
valid_data_set(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
valid_data_set(x, m = NULL, verbose = FALSE,
    quiet = FALSE, ...)

valid_idata_set(x, verbose = FALSE, quiet = FALSE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'matrix'
valid_data_set(x, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x data.frame or matrix
... additional arguments
m a model object
verbose logical
quiet if TRUE, messages will be suppressed
```

Value

a matrix with non-numeric columns dropped; if x is a data.frame with character cmt column comprised of valid compartment names and m is a model object, the cmt column will be converted to the corresponding compartment number.

A numeric matrix with class valid_idata_set.

See Also

```
idata_set, data_set, valid_data_set
```

Index

*Topic datasets	as.init, NULL-method(init), 31
exdatasets, 26	as.init, numeric-method(init), 31
*Topic param	as.list, matlist-method (matlist), 36
\$,mrgmod-method, 50	as.list, $mrgmod-method, 9$
*,tgrid,numeric-method	as.list,numericlist-method
(c,tgrid-method), 16	(numericlist), 63
*,tgrids,numeric-method	as.matrix,ev-method(events),23
(c,tgrid-method), 16	as.matrix,matlist-method(matlist), 36
+,ev,ev-method(ev_ops),25	as.matrix,mrgsims-method(mrgsims), 54
+,ev,numeric-method(ev_ops),25	as.numeric,numericlist-method
+,tgrid,numeric-method	(numericlist), 63
(c,tgrid-method), 16	as.param($\$$,mrgmod-method), 50
+,tgrids,numeric-method	as.param,list-method(\$,mrgmod-method)
(c,tgrid-method), 16	50
[,numericlist-method(numericlist),63	as.param,missing-method
<pre>\$,modlist-method (modlist-class), 46</pre>	(\$,mrgmod-method), 50
\$,mrgmod-method,50	as.param,numeric-method
\$,mrgsims-method(mrgsims),54	(\$,mrgmod-method), 50
<pre>\$,numericlist-method(numericlist), 63</pre>	as.param,parameter_list-method
%T>% (%>%), 77	(\$,mrgmod-method), 50
%then% (ev_ops), 25	as.tbl.mrgsims(mrgsims_dplyr),57
%then%, ev, ev-method (ev_ops), 25	as_bmat, 5, <i>12</i>
%>%, 77	as_bmat,ANY-method(as_bmat),5
	as_bmat,data.frame-method(as_bmat),5
aboutsolver, 4, 58	$as_bmat,list_method(as_bmat),5$
allparam(\$,mrgmod-method),50	<pre>as_bmat, numeric-method(as_bmat), 5</pre>
as.data.frame, 25, 34, 55, 64	<pre>as_data_frame.mrgsims(mrgsims_dplyr),</pre>
as.data.frame,batch_mrgsims-method	57
(knobs), 33	as_data_set, 7
as.data.frame,ev-method(events),23	<pre>as_data_set,ev-method(as_data_set),7</pre>
as.data.frame,mrgsims-method(mrgsims),	as_deslist, 8
54	as_dmat, <i>12</i>
as.data.frame,numericlist-method	as_dmat(as_bmat),5
(numericlist), 63	<pre>as_dmat,ANY-method(as_bmat),5</pre>
as.ev (events), 23	as_dmat,data.frame-method(as_bmat),5
as.ev, data.frame-method (events), 23	$as_dmat,list_method(as_bmat),5$
as.init(init), 31	$as_dmat,numeric_method(as_bmat),5$
as.init,cmt_list-method(init), 31	assign_ev,9
as.init,list-method(init),31	
as.init,missing-method(init),31	BLOCK_PARSE, 10, 69

blocks, 10	ev, 7, 13, 18, 30
blocks, character-method (blocks), 10	ev (events), 23
blocks, mrgmod-method (blocks), 10	ev, ev-method (events), 23
bmat, 6 , 11	ev, missing-method (events), 23
	ev, mrgmod-method (events), 23
c, ev-method (ev_ops), 25	ev-class, 22
c,matlist-method,14	ev_days, 22
c,tgrid-method, 16	ev_ops, 25
c,tgrids-method(c,tgrid-method), 16	events, 23, 49
cama, 12	events, mrgmod-method (events), 23
CAPTURE, 75	events, mrgsims-method (events), 23
CAPTURE (BLOCK_PARSE), 10	exBoot (exdatasets), 26
carry.out (carry_out), 13	exdatasets, 18, 26, 58
carry_out, 13	exidata (exdatasets), 26
ch (cvec), 16	expand.ev, 7
chain, 13	expand.ev (expand.idata), 27
cmat (bmat), 11	expand.grid, 28
CMT (BLOCK_PARSE), 10	expand.idata, 27
cmt_list-class, 14	exTheoph (exdatasets), 26
cmtn, 15	extran1 (exdatasets), 26
cmtn, mrgmod-method (cmtn), 15	extran2 (exdatasets), 26
code, 15	extran3 (exdatasets), 26
cvec, 16	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
cvec, character-method (cvec), 16	file_show, 28
	filtermrgsims(mrgsims_dplyr),57
data_set, 7, 13, 17, 30, 58, 87	FIXED (BLOCK_PARSE), 10
<pre>data_set,mrgmod,ANY-method(data_set),</pre>	
17	<pre>group_bymrgsims (mrgsims_dplyr), 57</pre>
data_set,mrgmod,data.frame-method	
(data_set), 17	head, mrgsims-method (mrgsims), 54
data_set,mrgmod,missing-method	head.matrix, 55
(data_set), 17	house, 29
design, 19	
details, 20	idata_set, 13, 18, 29, 30, 87
dim, matlist-method (matlist), 36	idata_set,mrgmod,ANY-method
dim, mrgsims-method (mrgsims), 54	(idata_set), 29
distinctmrgsims (mrgsims_dplyr), 57	idata_set,mrgmod,data.frame-method
dmat, 6	(idata_set), 29
dmat (bmat), 11	idata_set,mrgmod,missing-method
<pre>domrgsims (mrgsims_dplyr), 57</pre>	(idata_set), 29
dorender (render), 74	INIT (BLOCK_PARSE), 10
drop.re (matlist), 36	init, 13, 18, 31, 68
drop.re,mrgmod-method(matlist),36	<pre>init, ANY-method (init), 31</pre>
drop_re (matlist), 36	<pre>init,list-method(init), 31</pre>
	init, missing-method (init), 31
env_eval, 20	init, mrgmod-method (init), 31
env_get, 20, 21	init, mrgsims-method (init), 31
env_1s, 20, 21	is.mrgmod, 32
env_update, 22	is.mrgsims, 33

knobs, 33	mvgauss, 61
knobs,batch_mrgsims,ANY-method(knobs),	
33	names, matlist-method (matlist), 36
knobs,mrgmod,batch_mrgsims-method	names, mrgmod-method (update), 85
(knobs), 33	names, mrgsims-method (mrgsims), 54
knobs,mrgmod,missing-method(knobs),33	names, numericlist-method (numericlist), 63
labels, matlist-method (matlist), 36	NMXML (nmxml), 62
lctran, 35	nmxm1, 62
<pre>length, matlist-method (matlist), 36</pre>	nrow, matlist-method (matlist), 36
length, numericlist-method	numeric2diag, 63
(numericlist), 63	numericlist, <i>31</i> , <i>32</i> , <i>50</i> , <i>52</i> , 63
loadso, 35	numericlist-class, 64
loadso, mrgmod-method (loadso), 35	
lower2matrix, 36	obsaug, 64
1s, 21	obsonly, 65
13, 21	omat, 68
matlist, 36, 50	omat (omega), 65
matlist-class, 37	omat, list-method (omega), 65
mcode (mcode_cache), 37	omat, matrix-method (omega), 65
mcode_cache, 37	omat, missing-method (omega), 65
mcRNG, 38	omat, mrgmod-method (omega), 65
merge.list, 39, 66, 80	omat, mrgsims-method (omega), 65
mod, 39	omat, NULL-method (omega), 65
mod, mrgsims-method (mod), 39	omat, meethod (omega), 65
modelparse, 40	OMEGA (omega), 65
modlib, 40, 48	omega, 65
modlib_details, 40, 41, 42, 43, 48	omegalist-class (matlist-class), 37
modlib_pk, 40, 42, 48	Onlegatist class (matrist class), 37
modlib_pkpd, 40, 43, 48	PARAM (BLOCK_PARSE), 10
modlib_tmdd, 40, 44, 48	param, 13, 30, 68
modlib_viral, 40, 45, 48	param(\$,mrgmod-method),50
modlist, 46	param, ANY-method (\$, mrgmod-method), 50
modlist-class, 46	param,list-method (\$,mrgmod-method), 50
modMATRIX, 47, 66, 80	param, missing-method (\$, mrgmod-method),
mread, 37, 38	50
mread (mread_cache), 47	param,mrgmod-method(\$,mrgmod-method),
mread_cache, 47	50
mrgmod, 26, 58	param,mrgsims-method(\$,mrgmod-method),
mrgmod-class, 49	50
mrgsim, 13, 50, 52, 65, 75, 85	parameter_list-class, 67
mrgsims, 53, 54, 58	PKMODEL, 10, 67, 68
mrgsims-class, 56	pkmodel, 67
mrgsims_dplyr, 57	plot,batch_mrgsims,formula-method
mrgsolve, 58	(plot,batch_mrgsims,missing-method),
mrgsolve-package (mrgsolve), 58	(prot, pateri_iii gsriiis, iiirssriig-iiietriou/,
mrgsolve_example, 58, 60	plot,batch_mrgsims,missing-method,69
mrgsolve_template, 61	plot, mrgsims, formula-method
mutatemrgsims (mrgsims_dplyr), 57	(plot_mrgsims), 70
matatemi gotino (im gotino_uptyi /, J/	(Proc_iii goriilo), /U

plot,mrgsims,missing-method	${\sf smat, matrix-method}$ (${\sf sigma}$), ${\sf 80}$
(plot_mrgsims), 70	smat, missing-method (sigma), 80
plot_mrgsims, 55, 70	smat,mrgmod-method(sigma),80
	smat,mrgsims-method(sigma),80
qsim, 71, 72	smat, NULL-method(sigma), 80
	<pre>smat,sigmalist-method(sigma), 80</pre>
realize_addl, 25, 72	soloc, 82
recmatrix, 72	stime, 53, 56, 72, 82
relocate, 73	stime, mrgmod-method, 83
relocate, mrgmod-method (relocate), 73	stime, numeric-method
rename_cols, 73	(stime, mrgmod-method), 83
render, 74	stime,tgrid-method
render, character-method (render), 74	(stime, mrgmod-method), 83
render, mrgmod-method (render), 74	stime,tgrids-method
Req, 75	(stime, mrgmod-method), 83
req (Req), 75	subset, mrgsims-method (mrgsims), 54
Req, mrgmod-method (Req), 75	summarise.each(mrgsims_dplyr),57
req, mrgmod-method (Req), 75	summarisemrgsims(mrgsims_dplyr), 57
reserved, 58, 76	summary, mrgsims-method (mrgsims), 54
revar, 76	summary.data.frame, 55
revar, mrgmod-method (revar), 76	
	tail,mrgsims-method(mrgsims), 54
s (cvec), 16	tail.matrix,55
scrape_and_call,77	tgrid, <i>19</i>
scrape_opts, 77	tgrid(stime,mrgmod-method),83
see, 43, 78	tgrid-class(stime),82
see, mrgmod-method (see), 78	<pre>tgrid_*_numeric(c,tgrid-method), 16</pre>
<pre>selectmrgsims (mrgsims_dplyr), 57</pre>	tgrid_+_numeric(c,tgrid-method), 16
set.seed, 20	tgrids-class(stime),82
show, batch_mrgsims-method (knobs), 33	<pre>tgrids_*_numeric(c,tgrid-method), 16</pre>
<pre>show,cmt_list-method(init), 31</pre>	tgrids_+_numeric(c,tgrid-method), 16
show, ev-method (events), 23	THETA (BLOCK_PARSE), 10
show, matlist-method (matlist), 36	touch_funs, 84
show, modlist-method, 79	tscale, 85
show, mrgmod-method, 79	12.52.65.05
show, mrgsims-method (mrgsims), 54	update, 13, 52, 67, 85
show,parameter_list-method	update, ev-method (update), 85
(\$,mrgmod-method), 50	update, mrgmod-method (update), 85
show,tgrid-method	update, omegalist-method (update), 85
(stime, mrgmod-method), 83	update,parameter_list-method(update)
show,tgrids-method	85
(stime, mrgmod-method), 83	update, sigmalist-method (update), 85
SIGMA (sigma), 80	valid_data,87
sigma, 80	valid_data, 87 valid_data_set, 18, 87
sigmalist-class (matlist-class), 37	valid_data_set,76,87 valid_data_set (valid_data),87
simargs, 81	valid_idata_set (valid_data), 87
slicemrgsims(mrgsims_dplyr), 57	valid_idata_set(valid_data), 87
smat (sigma), 80	varru_ruata_set (varru_uata), 0/
smat,list-method(sigma), 80	zero.re(matlist), 36

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} zero.re, mrgmod-method (matlist), 36\\ zero\_re (matlist), 36\\ \end{tabular}
```