**B.1** (0.1 pt)

Rod 1 temperature:





## **Wiedemann-Franz Law - Answer Sheet**

#### Part A: Electric conductivity of copper, aluminum and brass (1.5 points)

number	Copper	Aluminum	Brass	
		I		
(pt)				
	Copper	Aluminum	Brass	
ectrical conductiv	/itv			

**B.5** (1.0 pt)





<b>B.2</b> (0.5 pt)	)										
<b>B.3</b> (0.1 pt)											
<i>P</i> =											
<b>B.4</b> (0.5 pt)	)										
	Time	$T_1$	$T_2$	$T_3$	$T_4$	$T_5$	$T_6$	$T_7$	$T_8$		

Draw in the additional graph papers the temperature as a function of location.



A2-3
English (Official)

**B.6** (0.5 pt)

$$\kappa_0 =$$

$$\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t} =$$

**B.7** (0.3 pt)

Circle the correct answer:

$$\kappa > \kappa_0 \text{ or } \kappa < \kappa_0 \text{ or } \kappa = \kappa_0$$



A2-4
English (Official)

## Part C: Estimating the heat loss and the heat capacity of copper (4.0 points)





<b>C.2</b> (	$(1.0  ext{ pt})$
İ	Draw in the additional graph papers the average temperature as function of time

<b>C.3</b> (1.0 pt) Expression:			
$c_p =$			
$P_{loss} =$			
Value:			
$c_p =$			
$P_{loss} =$			
<b>C.4</b> (1.0 pt)			

C.4  $(1.0 \, \mathrm{pt})$  Expression:  $\kappa_{copper} =$  Value:  $\kappa_{copper} =$ 

#### Part D: Measure the heat conductivity of brass and aluminum (1.0 points)

<b>D.1</b> (0.1 pt)			
Rod 2 : T =			



A2-6
English (Official)

<b>D.2</b>	(0.2)	pt)
------------	-------	-----

Reading time:

$T_1$	$T_2$	$T_3$	$T_4$	$T_5$	$T_6$	$T_7$	$T_8$

$\boxed{\Delta T_{Copper-1}/\Delta x}$	$\Delta T_{Brass}/\Delta x$	$\Delta T_{Aluminum}/\Delta x$	$\Delta T_{Copper-2}/\Delta x$

**D.3** (0.7 pt)

Expression:

 $\kappa_{Aluminum} =$ 

 $\kappa_{Brass} =$ 

Value:

 $\kappa_{Aluminum} =$ 

 $\kappa_{Brass} =$ 

#### Part E: Wiedemann-Franz law (0.5 points)

**E.1** (0.5 pt)

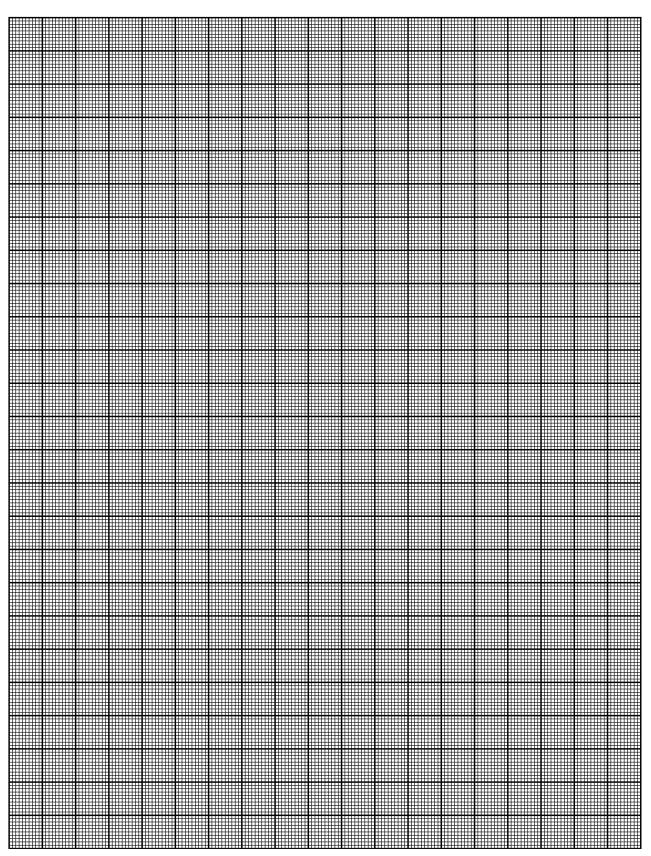
	Copper	Aluminum	Brass
Electrical conductivity			
Heat conductivity			
Lorenz coefficient			





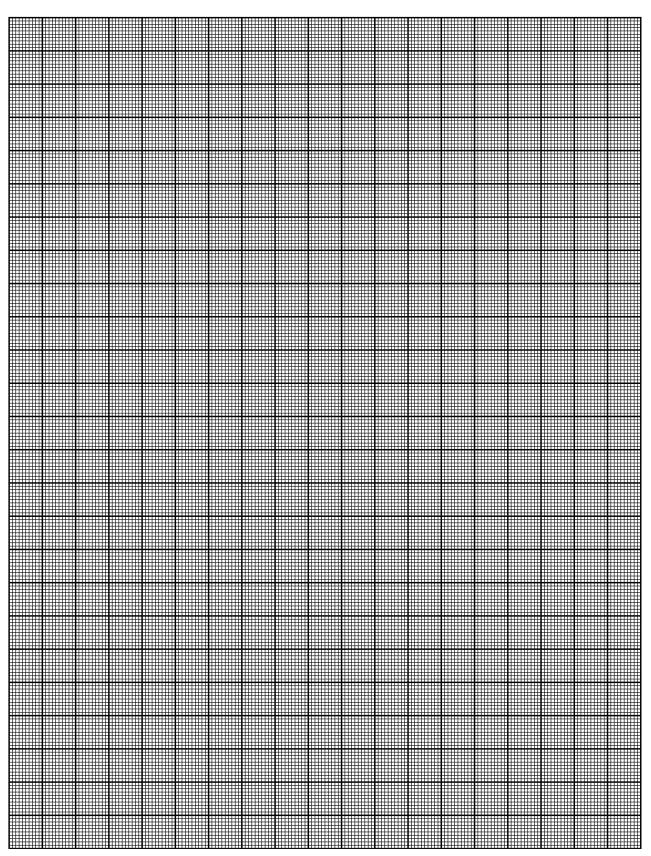


A2-8
English (Official)





A2-9
English (Official)





# A2-10 English (Official)



## A2-11 English (Official)

