BIOLOGY CLASS 12 BATCH

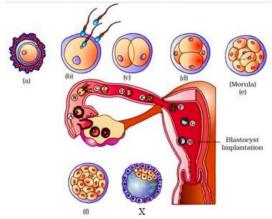
Human Reproduction

DPP-09

- **1.** Event in which the blastocyst becomes embedded in the endometrium of the uterus is called
 - (1) Gastrulation
- (2) Cephalization
- (3) Implantation
- (4) Cleavage
- 2. Identify the correct sequence
 - (1) Zygote → Gastrula → Blastocyst → Morula
 - (2) Zygote → Blastocyst → Morula → Gastrula
 - (3) Zygote →Morula → Blastocyst → Gastrula
 - (4) Zygote → Gastrula → Morula → Blastocyst
- **3.** Match the following

a.	Ovum	i.	8-16 celled embryo formed
			in fallopian tube
b.	Zygote	ii.	Implantation occurs in the
			uterine endometrium
c.	Morula	iii.	Formed after sperm entry
d.	Blastocyst	iv.	Single, diploid cell formed
			as a result of
			fertilisation

- (1) a iii, b iv, c i, d ii
- (2) a iv, b iii, c i, d ii
- (3) a-ii, b-iv, c-i, d-iii
- (4) a-i, b-iv, c-iii, d-ii
- 4. Identify the structure X correctly



- (1) Morula
- (2) Blastocyst
- (3) Ootid
- (4) Blastomere

- 5. Trophoblast and Inner cell mass are characteristic of
 - (1) Morula
- (2) Blastocyst
- (3) Gastrula
- (4) Zygote
- **6.** "Cells of Rauber" are
 - (1) Trophoblast cells in contact with Inner cells mass
 - (2) All the cells of Inner cells mass
 - (3) All the trophoblast cells
 - (4) Cells of morula
- 7. The sex of the baby is determined by
 - (1) Father
 - (2) Mother
 - (3) Either of the parent
 - (4) Both the parents
- **8.** Chromosome set in a sperm can be
 - (1) 23 + X
- (2) 23 + Y
- (3) 22 + XY
- (4) 22 + X
- 9. Identical twins are
 - (1) Also called monozygotic twins
 - (2) Always of same gender
 - (3) Formed from fertilisation of one egg with one sperm
 - (4) All of the above
- 10. Non identical twins are
 - (1) Also called fraternal/dizygotic twins
 - (2) Formed from fertilisation of two eggs with two sperms independently
 - (3) May or may not be of same gender
 - (4) All of the above
- 11. Which layer of blastocyst gets attached to the endometrium?
 - (1) Trophoblast
 - (2) Umbilical cord
 - (3) Inner cell mass
 - (4) Both (1) & (2)

12. Fast block to polyspermy

- (1) Occurs when fastest sperm comes in contact with plasma membrane of female gamete
- (2) Occurs when fastest sperm enters the female gamete
- (3) Occurs when fastest sperm comes in contact with zona pellucida
- (4) Occurs when fastest sperm comes in contact with corona radiata

ANSWER KEY

1. (3)

2. (3)

3. **(1)**

4. **(2)**

5. (2)

6. (1) **(1)**

8. (4) 9. (4) 10. (4)

11. (1)

12. (1)