## **BIOLOGY CLASS 12 BATCH**

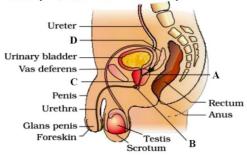
## **Human Reproduction**

**DPP-01** 

- 1. Human beings exhibit
  - (1) Viviparity
  - (2) Sexual dimorphism
  - (3) Internal fertilisation
  - (4) All of the above
- 2. Event that does not occur in human reproduction is
  - (1) Insemination
- (2) Self-fertilisation
- (3) Gestation
- (4) Parturition
- 3. Functions of gonads include
  - (1) Gamete Production
    - (2) Hormone Secretion
    - (3) Fertilisation
    - (4) Both (1) & (2)
- 4. The male reproductive system includes
  - I. Primary sex organ
  - II. Accessory duct
  - III. Accessory glands
  - IV. External genitalia
  - (1) I, II and III
  - (2) I, III and IV
  - (3) I and IV only
  - (4) All of the above
- **5.** In humans, the testes are situated outside the abdominal cavity within a pouch called
  - (1) Scrotum
  - (2) Epididymis
  - (3) Inguinal canal
  - (4) Genital pouch
- **6.** Testes in most mammals are located extra abdominally because
  - (1) Sperm formation requires temperature 2-2.5°C higher than body temperature
  - (2) Sperm formation requires temperature same as body temperature
  - (3) Sperm formation requires temperature 2-2.5°C lower than body temperature
  - (4) Sperm formation requires testes only for maturation

- 7. Mark the incorrect statement
  - (1) Each Testis has about 250 compartments called testicular lobules
  - (2) Each testicular lobule has 1-3 highly coiled seminiferous tubules
  - (3) Each seminiferous tubule is lined on its inside by male germ cells only
  - (4) Leydig cells are found in the interstitial spaces of testicular lobules
- **8.** Which of the following is not a part of male reproductive system?
  - (1) Mons pubis
- (2) Urethra
- (3) Prostate
- (4) Rete testis
- **9.** Find the odd one out with respect to accessory ducts of male reproductive system
  - (1) Rete testis
  - (2) Vas deferens
  - (3) Seminal vesicles
  - (4) Epididymis
- 10. Identify the correct sequence of the ducts
  - Vasa efferentia → Rete testis → Vasdeferens → Epididymis
  - (2) Vas deferens → Epididymis → Rete testis → Vasa efferentia
  - (3) Rete Testis  $\rightarrow$  Vas deferens
    - → Epididymis → Vasa efferentia
  - (4) Rete testis → Vasa efferentia → Epididymis → Vas deferens
- 11. Human male urethra acts as passage for
  - (1) Urine
  - (2) Sperms only
  - (3) Semen
  - (4) Both (1) & (3)
- 12. Seminal vesicles are located
  - (1) Below urinary bladder
  - (2) Behind urinary bladder
  - (3) On either sides of urethra
  - (4) Above urinary bladder

- 13. Glans Penis is covered by a loose fold of skin called
  - (1) Scrotum
- (2) Foreskin
- (3) Clitoris
- (4) Both (1) & (2)
- 14. Identify A, B, C and D correctly



- (1) **A** Ejaculatory Duct
  - **B** Bulbourethral gland
  - C Seminal Vesicle
  - $\mathbf{D}$  Prostate
- (2) **A** Ejaculatory Duct
  - $\mathbf{B} Prostate$
  - C Bulbourethral gland
  - **D** Seminal Vesicle
- (3) A Ejaculatory Duct
  - **B** Seminal Vesicle
  - $\mathbf{C}$  Prostate
  - **D** Bulbourethral gland
- (4) **A** Ejaculatory Duct
  - **B** Bulbourethral gland
  - $\mathbf{C}$  Prostate
  - **D** Seminal Vesicle

- 15. Oogenesis is initiated
  - (1) At puberty
  - (2) At menarche
  - (3) During childhood
  - (4) During the embryonic development stage
- **16.** Which of the following is not paired structure?
  - (1) Seminal vesicle
  - (2) Ejaculatory duct
  - (3) Cowper's Gland
  - (4) Prostate Gland

## **ANSWER KEY**

1. (4)

2. (2)

3. (4)

4. (4)

5. (1)

**6.** (3)

7. (3)

8. (1)

9. (3)

10. (4)

11. (4)

12. (2)

13. (2)

14. (4)

15. (4)

**16.** (4)