

UM 204  
With ForTheL

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# 1 Number Systems

## 1.1 Natural Numbers

### 1.1.1 Definition

A relation  $R$  on  $A$  is a **partial order** if it satisfies

- Reflexivity, i.e.,  $xRy \ \forall x \in A$
- Anti-symmetry, i.e.,  $xRy \wedge yRx \implies x = y \ \forall x, y \in A$
- Transitivity, i.e.,  $xRy \wedge yRz \implies xRz \ \forall x, y, z \in A$

Additionally, if  $R$  satisfies

- $xRy$  or  $yRx \ \forall x, y \in A$

then  $R$  is an **order** (or total order) on  $A$ . A set with a partial order is called a partially ordered set or **poset**, and a set with a total order is called an ordered set or **totally ordered set**.

[set/sets] [element/elements]  
[belong/belongs]

Signature SetSort.

A set is a notion.

Signature ElmSort.

Let S be a set.

An element of S is a notion.

Let x belongs to y stand for (x is an  
element of y).

Let x is in y stand for (x belongs to y)

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