

Java Date and Time –

- Long – milliseconds
- Starting time- 1 Jan 1970
- Starting year – 1900
- `System.out.println(System.currentTimeMillis());` // this will give us the number of millisecond passed since my 1st Jan 1970 till current date and time.
- `System.out.println(System.currentTimeMillis()/1000/60/60/24/365);` // Divided by 1000 to get seconds /60 mins/60 hr/24 day/365 one year... It will calculate since 1st Jan 1970 to this year.. means How many years passed in?
- `System.out.println(Long.MAX_VALUE);` // Time is represented in long value. So, what is the max. value we can store?
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