Basics of Writing Skills

- Vocabulary: Vocabulary is a reflection of human personality. Vocabulary should be alive like a human being. It always
 changes and grows to meet human needs. Everyone should know the root word and its origin to build a proper vocabulary. A
 limited vocabulary keeps someone away from expressing thoughts and feelings.
- Vocabulary always shows strength and confidence over language, and he/she can speak properly.

Importance of Vocabulary:

- 1. Vocabulary is a basic part of reading comprehension.
- 2. Vocabulary is a major part of almost every standardized test.
- 3. Strong vocabulary leads to more success in school and college.
- 4. Vocabulary is used for various services and requires the skills of reading, writing, listening, and speaking. Those who have these four skills can communicate effectively in the workplace.

Questions

1. How to Increase Your English Vocabulary?

Improving your English vocabulary is an ongoing process that requires consistent effort and a strategic approach. Here are some effective methods to help you expand your vocabulary:

a. Reading Regularly:

 Reading is one of the most effective ways to enhance your vocabulary. By exposing yourself to different genres of books, newspapers, articles, and blogs, you encounter new words in context, which helps you understand their meaning and usage.
 Fiction, non-fiction, and academic texts all offer different types of vocabulary, broadening your word bank.

b. Keeping a Vocabulary Journal:

Maintain a dedicated notebook or digital document where you write down new words you encounter. Include the word's
definition, part of speech, and an example sentence. Reviewing this journal regularly will reinforce your memory of these
words and encourage you to use them in your own writing and speaking.

c. Using Flashcards:

• Flashcards are a great tool for memorization. Write a new word on one side of a card and its definition on the other. Regularly quiz yourself, and try to use the words in sentences. Apps like Anki or Quizlet can help you create digital flashcards, which are convenient for learning on the go.

d. Engaging in Conversations:

Practice using new vocabulary in your daily conversations. Engaging in discussions with friends, colleagues, or language
partners provides opportunities to use newly learned words. Speaking regularly helps to reinforce vocabulary and improve
your fluency.

e. Learning Root Words, Prefixes, and Suffixes:

Understanding common root words, prefixes, and suffixes can help you deduce the meanings of unfamiliar words. For
example, knowing that "bio-" relates to life can help you understand words like "biology," "biography," and "biodegradable."
This strategy allows you to decode and remember more words with less effort.

f. Playing Word Games:

Word games like Scrabble, Boggle, or crossword puzzles can make learning new vocabulary fun. These games challenge
you to think of words you know and often introduce you to new ones. Playing such games regularly helps reinforce your
vocabulary in an enjoyable way.

g. Watching English Media:

Watching movies, TV shows, and documentaries in English, or listening to podcasts and radio shows, exposes you to
everyday vocabulary and slang. Subtitles can help you catch new words, and repeating phrases or sentences aloud can

improve your pronunciation and retention.

h. Practicing Writing:

Write essays, journal entries, or even short stories using the new vocabulary you've learned. Writing allows you to practice
using words in context and helps solidify your understanding of their meanings and connotations. The more you write, the
more comfortable you'll become with a diverse range of vocabulary.

i. Using Vocabulary Apps:

 There are numerous apps designed to help you learn new words daily. Apps like WordUp, Merriam-Webster, or Vocabulary.com provide word-of-the-day features, quizzes, and games to help you learn new vocabulary in a structured and interactive way.

j. Regular Review and Practice:

Learning new vocabulary isn't effective if you don't review and practice regularly. Set aside time each day or week to revisit
your vocabulary journal, flashcards, or apps. Repetition is key to transferring new words from short-term to long-term
memory.

k. Immersing Yourself in the Language:

If possible, immerse yourself in an English-speaking environment. Traveling to English-speaking countries, joining language
exchange programs, or attending English-speaking events can provide rich opportunities to practice and expand your
vocabulary naturally.

I. Taking Vocabulary Quizzes and Tests:

Regularly testing yourself on your vocabulary knowledge can help reinforce what you've learned and identify areas where
you need more practice. Online quizzes or vocabulary books often provide practice tests that can gauge your progress and
motivate you to continue learning.

2. Short Notes:

- A) Importance of Vocabulary
- B) Prefixes & Suffixes vocabulary with examples

A) Importance of Vocabulary

- Communication: Vocabulary is essential for effective communication. A rich vocabulary allows you to express your thoughts, ideas, and emotions clearly and precisely, making your speech and writing more impactful.
- **Comprehension**: A strong vocabulary improves reading comprehension. The more words you know, the easier it is to understand texts, whether they are academic articles, novels, or everyday news.
- Academic Success: Vocabulary is a key component of academic performance. Students with a broad vocabulary are better
 equipped to understand and engage with complex texts, participate in discussions, and excel in exams.
- **Confidence**: A good vocabulary boosts confidence in both speaking and writing. When you know the right words to use, you can communicate more effectively and with greater confidence, reducing misunderstandings and improving interactions.
- Career Advancement: In professional settings, a strong vocabulary can enhance your ability to articulate ideas, persuade
 others, and make a positive impression. It is often associated with intelligence and competence, which can open up career
 opportunities.

B) Prefixes & Suffixes Vocabulary

- Prefixes:
 - Definition: A prefix is a group of letters added to the beginning of a word to change its meaning.
 - Examples:
 - Un- (meaning "not"):
 - Example: Unhappy (not happy)
 - Re- (meaning "again"):
 - Example: Rewrite (to write again)
 - **Pre-** (meaning "before"):
 - Example: Preorder (to order before the official release)
 - Dis- (meaning "opposite of"):
 - Example: Disagree (to have a different opinion)

- Auto- (meaning "self"):
 - Example: Autobiography (a biography written by oneself)
- Suffixes:
 - Definition: A suffix is a group of letters added at the end of a word to form a new word or alter its meaning.
 - Examples:
 - -ness (meaning "state of being"):
 - Example: Happiness (the state of being happy)
 - -ful (meaning "full of"):
 - Example: Joyful (full of joy)
 - -able (meaning "capable of being"):
 - Example: Readable (capable of being read)
 - -ly (meaning "in the manner of"):
 - Example: Quickly (in a quick manner)
 - -ment (meaning "the act of"):
 - Example: Development (the act of developing)

Prefixes and suffixes are vital tools in vocabulary building. They allow you to expand your vocabulary by understanding the meanings of different parts of words and how they can be combined to form new words. This knowledge can also help in decoding unfamiliar words, making it easier to understand and learn them.

Four Styles of Writing

- Persuasive writing aims to convince the reader to agree with a particular viewpoint or take a specific action. It uses strong
 arguments, evidence, and rhetorical devices to sway the reader's opinion. For example, an essay arguing for the benefits of
 renewable energy would be considered persuasive writing.
- Narrative writing tells a story, whether real or fictional. It uses elements like characters, plot, setting, and conflict to create
 an engaging and immersive experience for the reader. Novels, short stories, and memoirs are all examples of narrative
 writing.
- **Expository writing** aims to inform, explain, or describe a topic in a clear and objective way. It relies on factual information, evidence, and logical organization to present a comprehensive understanding of the subject matter. Textbooks, news articles, and scientific reports are common examples of expository writing.
- **Descriptive writing** focuses on creating a vivid and sensory experience for the reader by using detailed descriptions, imagery, and figurative language. Instead of simply stating facts, descriptive writing aims to paint a picture in the reader's mind and evoke emotions. Poetry, nature writing, and travelogues often employ descriptive writing techniques.

Job Application Format (Block Style)

Your Name, Your Address

Date: 24 Jan 2024

Hiring Manager Name, Company Name, Company Address

Respected [Hiring Manager Name],

[Paragraph stating your interest in the position and company. Mention the specific job title and where you saw the job posting.]

[Paragraph highlighting your skills and experience that are relevant to the position. Use specific examples to demonstrate your qualifications.]

[Paragraph expressing your enthusiasm for the opportunity and your eagerness to learn more. Mention your availability for an interview.]

Sincerely,

[Your Typed Name]

Formal Letter Format and Example

Your Name Your Address Date

To,

Recipient Name
Recipient Title
Company/Organization Name
Recipient Address

Respected [Recipient Name],

[Body Paragraphs: State your purpose for writing clearly and concisely. Be respectful and professional in your tone. Keep the letter focused and to the point.]

Sincerely,
[Your Signature]
[Your Typed Name]

Example:

Jane Doe, 123 Main Street Anytown, CA 54321

Date: 10 Jan 2024

Dr. John Smith,
Head of Department,
XYZ University,
456 Oak Avenue Anytown, CA 12345

Respected Dr. Smith,

I am writing to express my keen interest in the research assistant position currently available in your department. I have been following your work on [mention research area] for some time now and I am incredibly impressed with the groundbreaking research being conducted under your leadership. My academic background in [mention your field] and my research experience in [mention relevant experience] have equipped me with the necessary skills and knowledge to contribute meaningfully to your team.

I am eager to learn from the best in the field and I am confident that I can make a valuable contribution to your ongoing projects. I am available for an interview at your earliest convenience. Thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,
[Your Signature]
Jane Doe