

## Java JDBC Lab Practical

### 1. Set Up MySQL Database

```
CREATE DATABASE employee_db;
USE employee_db;
CREATE TABLE employees ( id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT, name
VARCHAR(100), position VARCHAR(100), salary DECIMAL(10, 2) );
```

-- Insert some sample data

```
INSERT INTO employees (name, position, salary) VALUES ('John Doe', 'Software
Engineer', 75000);
INSERT INTO employees (name, position, salary) VALUES ('Jane Smith', 'HR Manager',
65000);
INSERT INTO employees (name, position, salary) VALUES ('Steve Brown', 'Team Lead',
85000);
```

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The left sidebar displays the 'SCHEMAS' tree with 'employee\_db' expanded, showing its tables and other database objects. The main query editor on the right contains the following SQL script:

```
1 CREATE DATABASE employee_db;
2 USE employee_db;
3 CREATE TABLE employees ( id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT, name VARCHAR(100), position VARCHAR(100), salary DECIMAL(10, 2) );
4 INSERT INTO employees (name, position, salary) VALUES ('John Doe', 'Software Engineer', 75000);
5 INSERT INTO employees (name, position, salary) VALUES ('Jane Smith', 'HR Manager', 65000);
6 INSERT INTO employees (name, position, salary) VALUES ('Steve Brown', 'Team Lead', 85000);
7
```

Below the query editor, the 'Action Output' tab shows the execution results:

	Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
2	23:52:22	USE employee_db	0 row(s) affected	0.00043 sec
3	23:52:27	CREATE TABLE employees ( id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT, name VARCHAR(100), position VARCHAR(100), salary DECIMAL(10, 2) );	0 row(s) affected	0.016 sec
4	23:52:36	INSERT INTO employees (name, position, salary) VALUES ('John Doe', 'Software Engineer', 75000);	1 row(s) affected	0.0065 sec
5	23:52:36	INSERT INTO employees (name, position, salary) VALUES ('Jane Smith', 'HR Manager', 65000);	1 row(s) affected	0.00069 sec
6	23:52:36	INSERT INTO employees (name, position, salary) VALUES ('Steve Brown', 'Team Lead', 85000);	1 row(s) affected	0.00062 sec

The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Query Completed'.

## 2. Establish JDBC Connection

```
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.SQLException;
/**
 *
 * @author USER
 */
public class DatabaseConnection {
    private static final String URL = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/employee_db";
    private static final String USER = "root"; // Your MySQL username
    private static final String PASSWORD = ""; // Your MySQL password

    public static Connection getConnection() throws SQLException {
        try {
            // Load the JDBC driver
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
            // Return the database connection
            return DriverManager.getConnection(URL, USER, PASSWORD);
        } catch (ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
            System.out.println("Connection failed: " + e.getMessage());
            throw new SQLException("Failed to establish connection.");
        }
    }
}
```

## 3. Perform CRUD Operations

```
import java.sql.*;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;

/**
 *
 * @author USER
 */
public class EmployeeDAO {

    // Create an employee
    public static void addEmployee(String name, String position, double salary) {
        String sql = "INSERT INTO employees (name, position, salary) VALUES (?, ?, ?)";

        try (Connection conn = DatabaseConnection.getConnection();
            PreparedStatement stmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {

            stmt.setString(1, name);
            stmt.setString(2, position);
```

```

        stmt.setDouble(3, salary);

        int rowsAffected = stmt.executeUpdate();
        System.out.println("Employee added successfully. Rows affected: " + rowsAffected);
    } catch (SQLException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}

// Read all employees
public static List<Employee> getAllEmployees() {
    List<Employee> employees = new ArrayList<>();
    String sql = "SELECT * FROM employees";

    try (Connection conn = DatabaseConnection.getConnection();
        Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
        ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(sql)) {

        while (rs.next()) {
            Employee employee = new
Employee(rs.getInt("id"),rs.getString("name"),rs.getString("position"),rs.getDouble("salary")
);
            employees.add(employee);
        }
    } catch (SQLException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }

    return employees;
}

// Update an employee's information
public static void updateEmployee(int id, String name, String position, double salary) {
    String sql = "UPDATE employees SET name = ?, position = ?, salary = ? WHERE id = ?";

    try (Connection conn = DatabaseConnection.getConnection();
        PreparedStatement stmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {

        stmt.setString(1, name);
        stmt.setString(2, position);
        stmt.setDouble(3, salary);
        stmt.setInt(4, id);

        int rowsAffected = stmt.executeUpdate();
        System.out.println("Employee updated successfully. Rows affected: " +
rowsAffected);
    } catch (SQLException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}

```

```

// Delete an employee
public static void deleteEmployee(int id) {
    String sql = "DELETE FROM employees WHERE id = ?";

    try (Connection conn = DatabaseConnection.getConnection();
        PreparedStatement stmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {

        stmt.setInt(1, id);
        int rowsAffected = stmt.executeUpdate();
        System.out.println("Employee deleted successfully. Rows affected: " +
rowsAffected);
    } catch (SQLException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
}

```

#### Part 4: Create Employee.java Class

```

public class Employee {

    private int id;
    private String name;
    private String position;
    private double salary;

    public Employee(int id, String name, String position, double salary) {
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
        this.position = position;
        this.salary = salary;
    }

    // Getters and setters
    public int getId() { return id; }
    public void setId(int id) { this.id = id; }

    public String getName() { return name; }
    public void setName(String name) { this.name = name; }

    public String getPosition() { return position; }
    public void setPosition(String position) { this.position = position; }

    public double getSalary() { return salary; }
    public void setSalary(double salary) { this.salary = salary; }

    @Override

```

```
    public String toString() {  
        return "Employee{id=" + id + ", name=" + name + ", position=" + position + ",  
salary=" + salary + '}';  
    }  
  
}
```

## 5. Test the Application

```
import java.util.List;  
  
public class Main {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        // Add employees  
        EmployeeDAO.addEmployee("Alice Cooper", "Developer", 70000);  
        EmployeeDAO.addEmployee("Bob Marley", "Manager", 80000);  
  
        // Update employee  
        EmployeeDAO.updateEmployee(1, "John Doe", "Senior Software  
Engineer", 90000);  
  
        // Get all employees  
        List<Employee> employees = EmployeeDAO.getAllEmployees();  
        employees.forEach(System.out::println);  
  
        // Delete employee  
        EmployeeDAO.deleteEmployee(2);  
  
    }  
  
}
```

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Search (Ctrl+F)

Project: Services Files

DatabaseConnection.java x EmployeeDAO.java x JDBCExample.java x Main.java x ThreadLifecycleExample.java x Index.html x Enterprise...

Source History

```
1  /*
2  * Click nbfs://nbhost/SystemFileSystem/Templates/Licenses/license-default.txt to change this license
3  * Click nbfs://nbhost/SystemFileSystem/Templates/Classes/Class.java to edit this template
4  */
5  package jdbcexample;
6
7  import java.util.List;
8
9  public class Main {
10
11     public static void main(String[] args) {
12         // Add employees
13         EmployeeDAO.addEmployee(name: "Alice Cooper", position: "Developer", salary: 70000);
14         EmployeeDAO.addEmployee(name: "Bob Marley", position: "Manager", salary: 80000);
15
16         // Update employee
17         EmployeeDAO.updateEmployee(id: 1, name: "John Doe", position: "Senior Software Engineer", salary: 90000);
18
19         // Get all employees
20         List<Employee> employees = EmployeeDAO.getAllEmployees();
21         employees.forEach(System.out::println);
22
23         // Delete employee
```

Main.java - Navigator x

Output - JDBCExample (run)

```
run:
Employee added successfully. Rows affected: 1
Employee added successfully. Rows affected: 1
Employee updated successfully. Rows affected: 1
Employee{id=1, name='John Doe', position='Senior Software Engineer', salary=90000.0}
Employee{id=2, name='Jane Smith', position='HR Manager', salary=65000.0}
Employee{id=3, name='Steve Brown', position='Team Lead', salary=85000.0}
Employee{id=4, name='Alice Cooper', position='Developer', salary=70000.0}
Employee{id=5, name='Bob Marley', position='Manager', salary=80000.0}
Employee deleted successfully. Rows affected: 1
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

Output Finished building JDBCExample (run). 30:1 INS