

THE JOURNEY BEGINS

- In this project, I embarked on a data exploration journey to lay the groundwork for understanding Zomato's global presence.
- Unlike typical data analysis projects, I prioritized building a strong foundation by focusing on the essentials: data cleaning and understanding.
- Through meticulous coding and attention to detail, I refined Zomato's dataset to unlock its secrets. I ensured data consistency by standardizing column names and transforming them into a readable format.
- This project showcases the importance of data preparation and understanding in uncovering meaningful insights. By mastering the basics, we can unlock a deeper understanding of Zomato's customer preferences, restaurant trends, and market dynamics.



Data Ingestion

Importing the Zomato dataset, unlocking its potential

Data Cleaning

Standardizing column names, replacing spaces with underscores for consistency

Data Understanding

Exploring data structure, content, and quality to unlock insights

IMPORT NECESSARY LIBRARIES FOR DATA ANALYSIS AND VISUALIZATION

pandas for data manipulation and analysis
import pandas as pd

numpy for numerical computations and data manipulation import numpy as np

matplotlib for creating static, animated, and interactive visualizations import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

seaborn for creating informative and attractive statistical graphics import seaborn as sns

LOAD THE ZOMATO DATASET FROM A CSV FILE

```
# File path: C:\Users\HP\Desktop\zomato.csv
```

Encoding: latin-1 (to handle special characters and foreign languages)

```
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\HP\Desktop\zomato.csv", encoding="latin-1")
```

CREATING A DATA BACKUP: ENSURING SAFETY

 $df_{info} = df.copy()$

DISPLAY THE TOP 5 ROWS TO UNDERSTAND DATA STRUCTURE AND CONTENT

df_info.head()

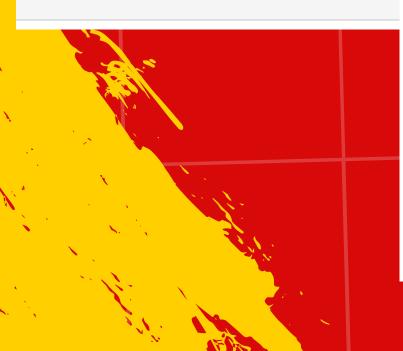
R	destaurant ID	Restaurant Name	Country Code	City	Address	Locality	Locality Verbose	Longitude	Latitude	Cuisines	Average Cost for two		Has Table booking	Has Online delivery
0	6317637	Le Petit Souffle	162	Makati City	Third Floor, Century City Mall, Kalayaan Avenu	Century City Mall, Poblacion, Makati City	Century City Mall, Poblacion, Makati City, Mak	121.027535	14.565443	French, Japanese, Desserts	1100	Botswana Pula(P)	Yes	No
1	6304287	Izakaya Kikufuji	162	Makati City	Little Tokyo, 2277 Chino Roces Avenue, Legaspi	Little Tokyo, Legaspi Village, Makati City	Little Tokyo, Legaspi Village, Makati City, Ma	121.014101	14.553708	Japanese	1200	Botswana Pula(P)	Yes	No
2	6300002	Heat - Edsa Shangri-La	162	Mandaluyong City	Edsa Shangri- La, 1 Garden Way, Ortigas, Mandal	La Ortinas	Edsa Shangri- La, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City, Ma	121.056831	14.581404	Seafood, Asian, Filipino, Indian	4000	Botswana Pula(P)	Yes	No
3	6318506	Ooma	162	Mandaluyong City	Third Floor, Mega Fashion Hall, SM Megamall, O	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City, Mandal	121.056475	14.585318	Japanese, Sushi	1500	Botswana Pula(P)	No	No
4	6314302	Sambo Kojin	162	Mandaluyong City	Third Floor, Mega Atrium, SM Megamall, Ortigas	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City	SM Megamall, Ortigas, Mandaluyong City, Mandal	121.057508	14.584450	Japanese, Korean	1500	Botswana Pula(P)	Yes	No

CONFIGURE PANDAS TO DISPLAY ALL COLUMNS WHEN VIEWING DATAFRAMES

pd.set_option("display.max_columns", 999)

EXPLORE THE ZOMATO DATASET; COLUMN NAMES

df_info.columns



STANDARDIZE COLUMN NAMES: CONVERT TO LOWERCASE AND REPLACE SPACES WITH UNDERSCORES

```
df_info.columns = df_info.columns.str.lower()
```

```
df_info.columns = df_info.columns.str.replace(" ","_")
```

df_info.columns

DISPLAY INFORMATION ABOUT DATA TYPES, MISSING VALUES, AND MEMORY USAGE

memory usage: 1.5+ MB

df_info.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 9551 entries, 0 to 9550 Data columns (total 21 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	restaurant_id	9551 non-null	int64
1	restaurant_name	9551 non-null	object
2	country_code	9551 non-null	int64
3	city	9551 non-null	object
4	address	9551 non-null	object
5	locality	9551 non-null	object
6	locality_verbose	9551 non-null	object
7	longitude	9551 non-null	float64
8	latitude	9551 non-null	float64
9	cuisines	9542 non-null	object
10	average_cost_for_two	9551 non-null	int64
11	currency	9551 non-null	object
12	has_table_booking	9551 non-null	object
13	has_online_delivery	9551 non-null	object
14	is_delivering_now	9551 non-null	object
15	switch_to_order_menu	9551 non-null	object
16	price_range	9551 non-null	int64
17	aggregate_rating	9551 non-null	float64
18	rating_color	9551 non-null	object
19	rating_text	9551 non-null	object
20	votes	9551 non-null	int64
dtyp	es: float64(3), int64(5), object(13)	

SUMMARY STATISTICS OF NUMERICAL COLUMNS (INT AND FLOAT)

df_info.describe()

	restaurant_id	country_code	longitude	latitude	average_cost_for_two	price_range	aggregate_rating	votes
count	9.551000e+03	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000	9551.000000
mean	9.051128e+06	18.365616	64.126574	25.854381	1199.210763	1.804837	2.666370	156.909748
std	8.791521e+06	56.750546	41.467058	11.007935	16121.183073	0.905609	1.516378	430.169145
min	5.300000e+01	1.000000	-157.948486	-41.330428	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	3.019625e+05	1.000000	77.081343	28.478713	250.000000	1.000000	2.500000	5.000000
50%	6.004089e+06	1.000000	77.191964	28.570469	400.000000	2.000000	3.200000	31.000000
75%	1.835229e+07	1.000000	77.282006	28.642758	700.000000	2.000000	3.700000	131.000000
max	1.850065e+07	216.000000	174.832089	55.976980	800000.000000	4.000000	4.900000	10934.000000

COUNT THE NUMBER OF NULL VALUES IN EACH COLUMN

df_info.isnull().sum()

restaurant id restaurant_name country_code city address locality locality_verbose longitude latitude cuisines average_cost_for_two 0 currency 0 has_table_booking has_online_delivery is_delivering_now switch_to_order_menu 0 price_range aggregate_rating rating_color rating_text votes dtype: int64

COUNT THE NUMBER OF DUPLICATE ROWS

df_info.duplicated().sum()

0

COMBINE THE TWO TABLES BASED ON "COUNTRY_CODE" COLUMN USING AN "INNER JOIN"

df_final = pd.merge(df_info, df_country, on = "country_code", how = "inner")

			currency h	as_table_booking	g has_online_delivery	is_delivering_now	switch_to_order_menu	price_range	aggregate_rating	rating_color	rating_text	votes	country
d1	<pre>df_final.head()</pre>		Botswana	Ve	Yes No) No	No	3	4.8	Dark Green	Excellent	214	Phillipines
			Pula(P)	ic	ies ivo	NO INO	140	J	4.0	Dark Green	Excellent	314	Thinpines
			Botswana Pula(P)	Ye	s No	No	No	3	4.5	Dark Green	Excellent	591	Phillipines
			Botswana Pula(P)	Ye	s No	No	No	4	4.4	Green	Very Good	270	Phillipines
											J		

CONCLUSION: A SOLID FOUNDATION FOR INSIGHTS

KEY TAKEAWAYS:

- Standardized Data: We refined the dataset by transforming column names to lowercase and replacing spaces with underscores, ensuring consistency and readability.
- Data Clarity: Through meticulous data cleaning, we gained a deeper understanding of the dataset's structure and content, paving the way for future insights.

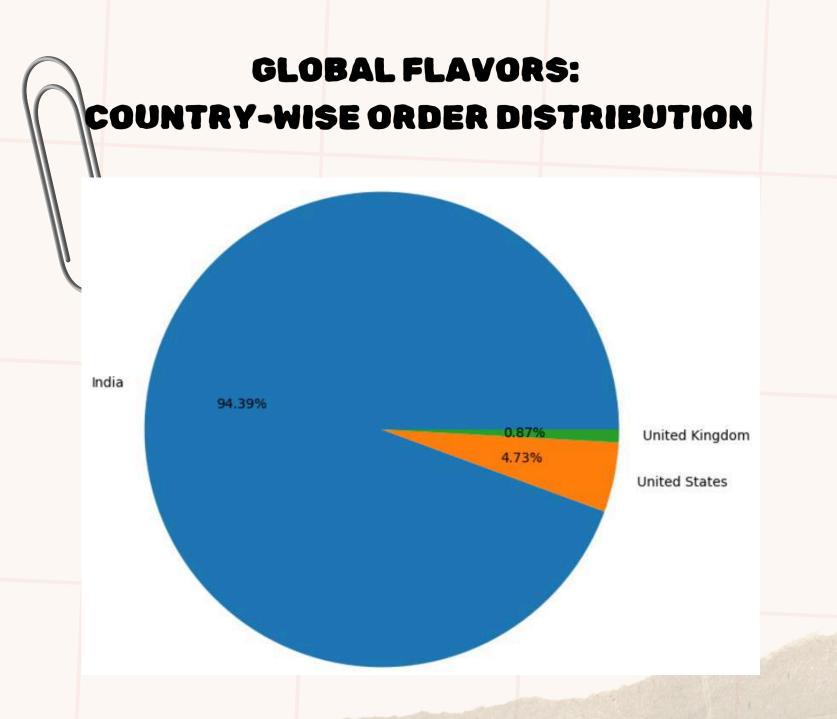
IMPACT:

- By prioritizing data cleaning and understanding, we:
- Ensured data quality and consistency
- Unlocked the potential for meaningful insights
- Set the stage for further analysis and discovery

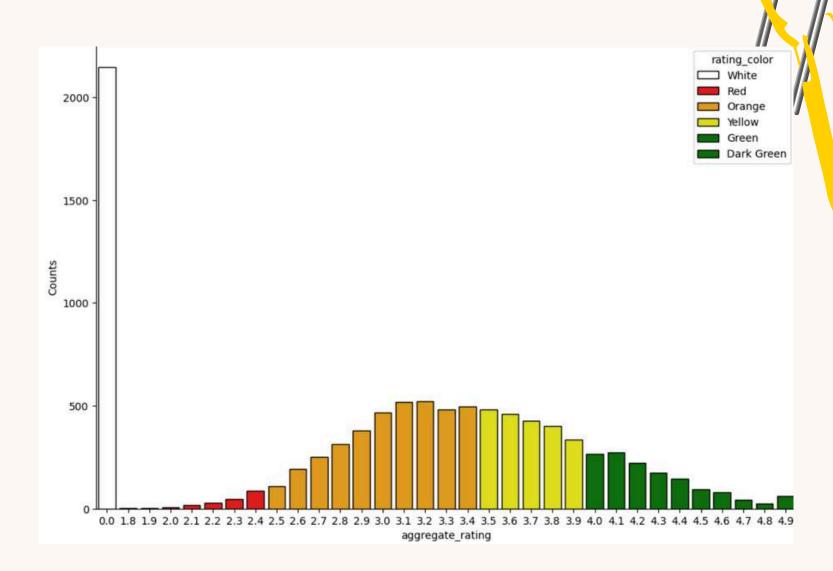
NEXT STEPS:

- With a solid foundation in place, we can now:
- Explore customer preferences and restaurant trends
- Analyze market dynamics and uncover hidden patterns
- Drive business decisions with data-driven insights

FOOD FOR THOUGHT A TASTE OF WHAT'S TO COME...



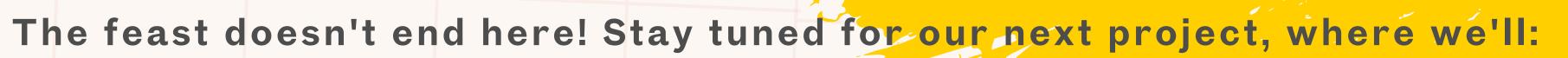
RATING RAINBOW: AGGREGATE RATINGS & COLORS



BONAPPETIT

Thank You for Savoring the Flavor of Data!

We hope you enjoyed this culinary journey through Zomato's data as much as we did!



Dive Deeper into the world of Zomato's data, uncovering hidden gems and surprising insights! Ignite Innovation, pushing the boundaries of what's possible with data-driven discovery!

Serve Up the Future of food exploration, where technology meets taste buds!