



# MongoDB Management Pain Relief

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# Goals

- **Ops Manager, Cloud Manager, Atlas**

- What are they?
- How do they differ?
- Why do I need them?

- **Ansible**

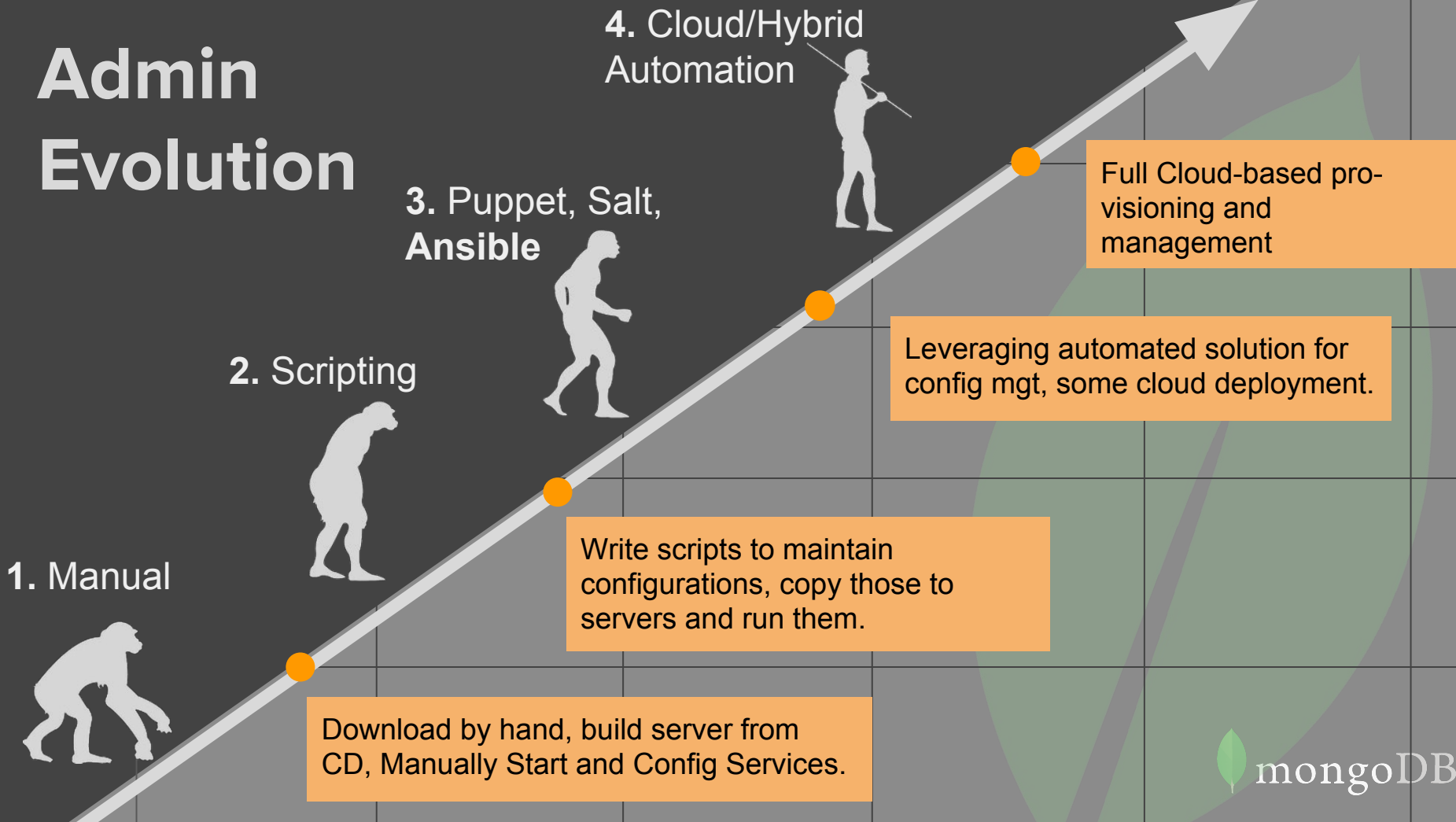
- What is it and how can I use these tools to **relieve some pain in my life?**

# Show of Hands



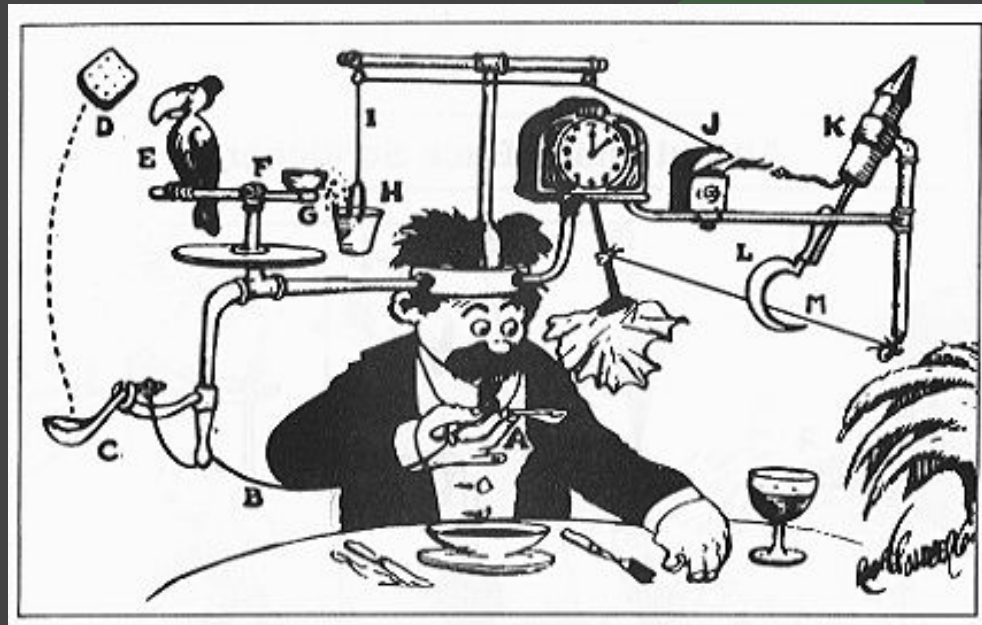
mongoDB

# Admin Evolution



# Managing databases manually can be...

- Painful
- Risky
- Complex
- Susceptible to human error\*
- Unnecessary...



\* 80% of all downtime due to people/process error (Gartner)

100

Deploying

42

Upgrading

35

Maintaining

23

0

Play

# What it Takes – 12-Server System

It can take a lot of manual effort to care for a MongoDB system in production



Deploy

- **Install + Configure**
  - 150+ steps

Upgrade

- **Upgrades, downgrades**
  - 100+ steps

Maintain

- **Scale out, move servers, resize oplog, etc**
  - 10 - 180+ steps

*Up to 95%  
Reduction in  
Operational  
Overhead*

# MongoDB Ops Manager

## The Best Way to Manage MongoDB In Your Data Center

Up to 95% Reduction in Operational Overhead



Single-click provisioning, scaling & upgrades, admin tasks

Monitoring, with charts, dashboards and alerts on 100+ metrics

Backup and restore, with point-in-time recovery, support for sharded clusters



# Demo of Ops Manager

mongoDB Ops Manager 2.0.6.363 GROUP dba

# Group/RBAC

## Deployment

Deployment Host Mappings Security Version Manager Authentication & Users Authorization & Roles Mongo Logs Global Admins Only Pings Deleted Hosts Raw AutomationConfig

PROCESSES SERVERS

Name	status	Version	Members	Actions
almrs		3.2.9	3 mongods	
ip-172-31-21-19.ec2.internal:27018	11 secs ago	3.2.9		
ip-172-31-21-20.ec2.internal:27018	11 secs ago	3.2.9		
ip-172-31-21-14.ec2.internal:27018	11 secs ago	3.2.9		
mlrs		3.2.9	3 mongods	
newsr		3.2.9	3 mongods	
nymug		3.2.9	3 mongods	

Logical/Physical

Replica Set Members

MongoDB Version

## Deployment

PROCESSES

SERVERS

Name	status	Version	Members
almrs		3.2.9	3 mongods
mlrs		3.2.9	3 mongods
newrs		3.2.9	3 mongods
nymug		3.2.9	3 mongods

Add Replica Set

1

- MongoDB Deployment
- New Cluster
- New Replica Set
- New Standalone
- Existing MongoDB Deployment

Last Login: 98.115.191.140 Version: 2.0.6.363

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ec2-52-201-246-152.compute-1.amazonaws.com:8080/v2/57db2b4ae4b0e512ab204cee#

**mongoDB Ops Manager** 2.0.6.363 GROUP dba

Deployment

Host Mappings

Security

Version Manager

Authentication & Users

Authorization & Roles

Mongo Logs

Global Admins Only

Pings

Deleted Hosts

Raw AutomationConfig

## Deployment

PROCESSES SERVERS

Name	status	Version	Members
▶  almrs		3.2.9	3 mongods
▶  mlrs		3.2.9	3 mongods
▶  newrs		3.2.9	3 mongods
▶  nymug		3.2.9	3 mongods

Last Login: 98.115.191.140 Version: 2.0.6.363  
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### New ReplicaSet

EDITING CANCEL APPLY

REPLICA SET CONFIGURATION

Name  
e.g., myReplicaSet

Version  
3.2.9-ent

Auth Schema Version  
5 (3.0 Style)

Eligible Server RegExp  
Regexp Matching Hostnames, e.g., ^hostPrefix

Eligible Port Range  
e.g., 27000 e.g., 28000

MongoDs Per Replica Set Limit 12  
- 3 +

MEMBER OPTIONS Votes Priority Delay

Repset Name 1

Version of MongoDB 2

Server Pool Hostnames 3

Port to Run MongoDB 4

mongoDB Ops Manager 2.0.6.363 GROUP dba

Deployment

Host Mappings

Security

Version Manager

Authentication & Users

Authorization & Roles

Mongo Logs

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Deleted Hosts

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Deployment

PROCESSSES

SERVICES

Name	status	Version	Members
almrs		3.2.9	3 mongods
mlrs		3.2.9	3 mongods
newrs		3.2.9	3 mongods
nymug		3.2.9	3 mongods

Last Login: 98.115.191.140 Version: 2.0.6.363

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CLICK APPLY 4

Member Roles 1

DB Path on Server 2

Advanced Options Settings 3

New ReplicaSet

Default 1 1 0

Automatic

Default 1 1 0

ADD

DB Path Prefix

e.g., /data

INDEX CONFIGURATION

ADVANCED OPTIONS

Startup Option Value

bind\_ip 0.0.0.0

engine mmapv1 wiredTiger

# MongoDB Enterprise Advanced

24 x 7 Support

## MongoDB Ops Manager



Monitoring &  
Alerting

Query  
Optimization

Automation &  
Configuration

Backup &  
Recovery

REST API

## MongoDB Compass



Schema  
Visualization

Data Exploration

Ad-Hoc Queries

## MongoDB Connector for BI



Visualization

Analysis

Reporting

Emergency  
Patches

Customer  
Success  
Program

On-Demand  
Online Training

Platform  
Certifications

Encryption at Rest

LDAP & Kerberos

Auditing

FIPS 140-2

MongoDB Enterprise Server

Commercial License



## Ops Manager

### Activity



Deploy



Upgrade



Configure



Administer Database



Maintain OS - Mongod



Maintain OS - OpsMgr



## Cloud Manager

### Activity



Deploy



Upgrade



Configure



Administer Database



Maintain OS - Mongod



Maintain OS - OpsMgr



## Atlas

### Activity



Deploy



Upgrade (Done For You)



Configure



Administer Database



Maintain OS - Mongod



Maintain OS - OpsMgr

CONTROL

CONVENIENCE



## Ops Manager

### Where are my servers?

Your Data Center  
AWS  
Azure  
GCP

### MongoDB Versions?

Community, Enterprise



## Cloud Manager

### Where are my servers?

Your Data Center  
AWS  
Azure  
GCP

### MongoDB Versions?

Community, Enterprise



## Atlas

### Where are my servers?

AWS

### MongoDB Versions?

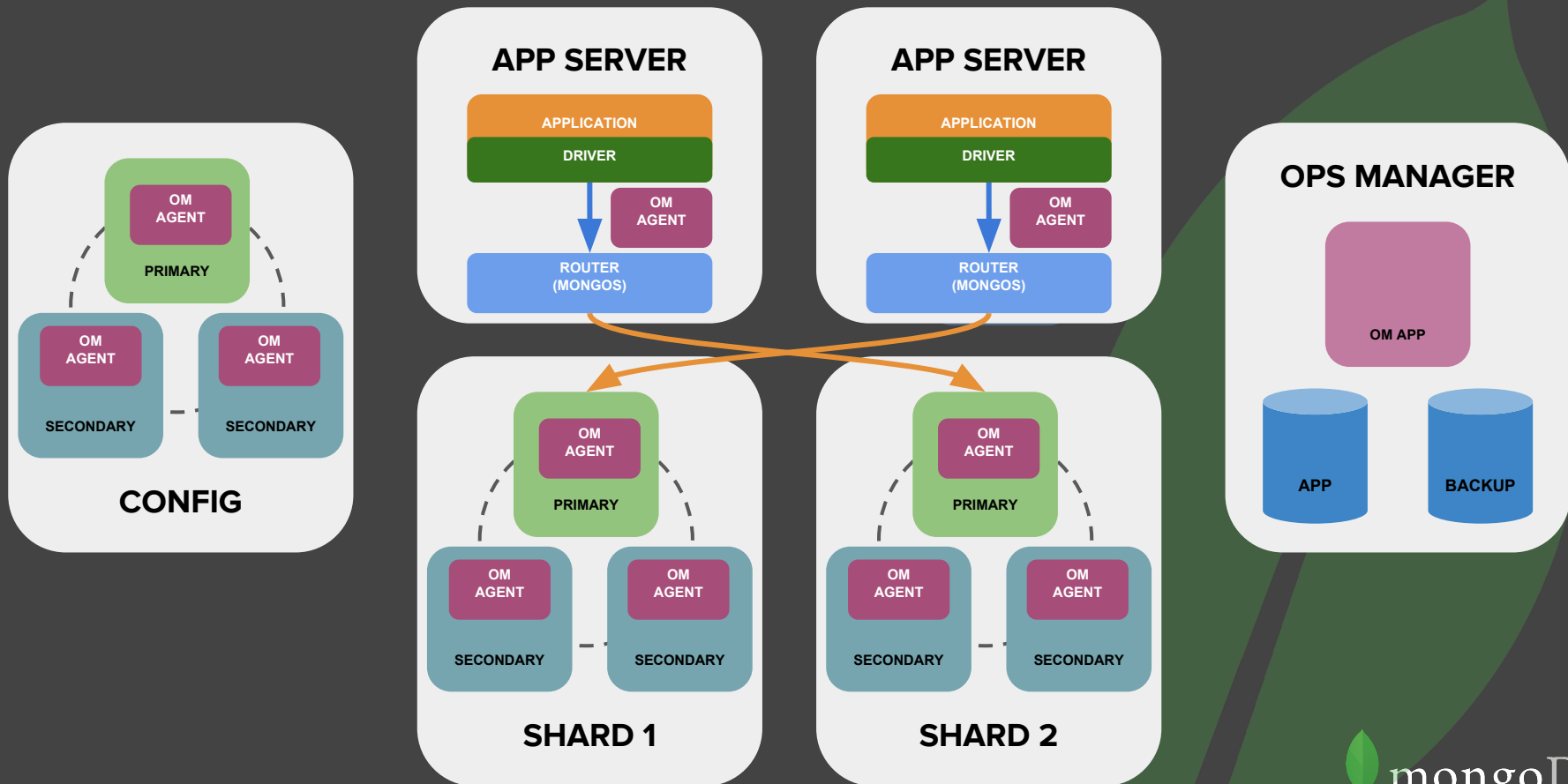
Community  
Only Most Recent



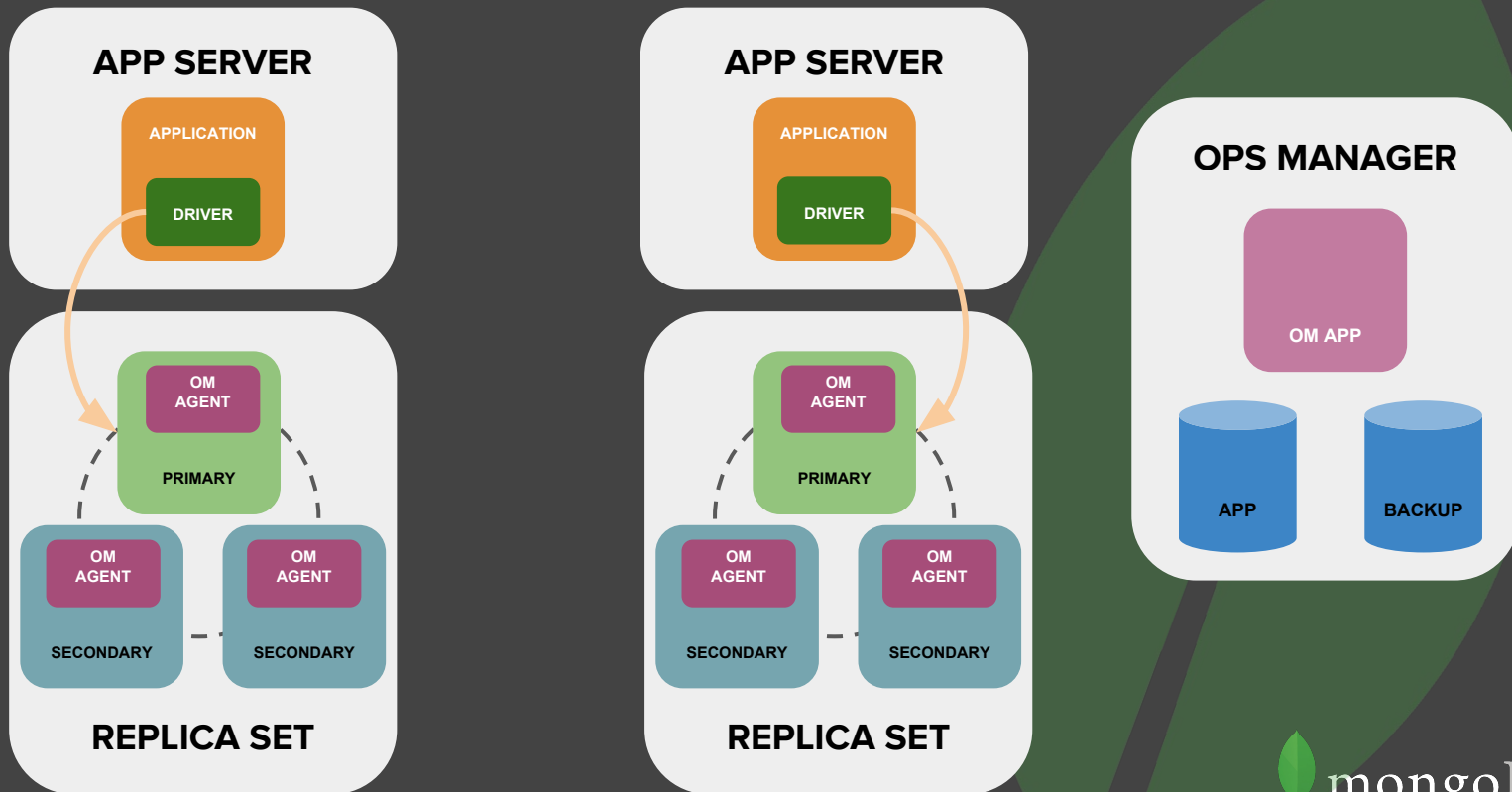
mongoDB



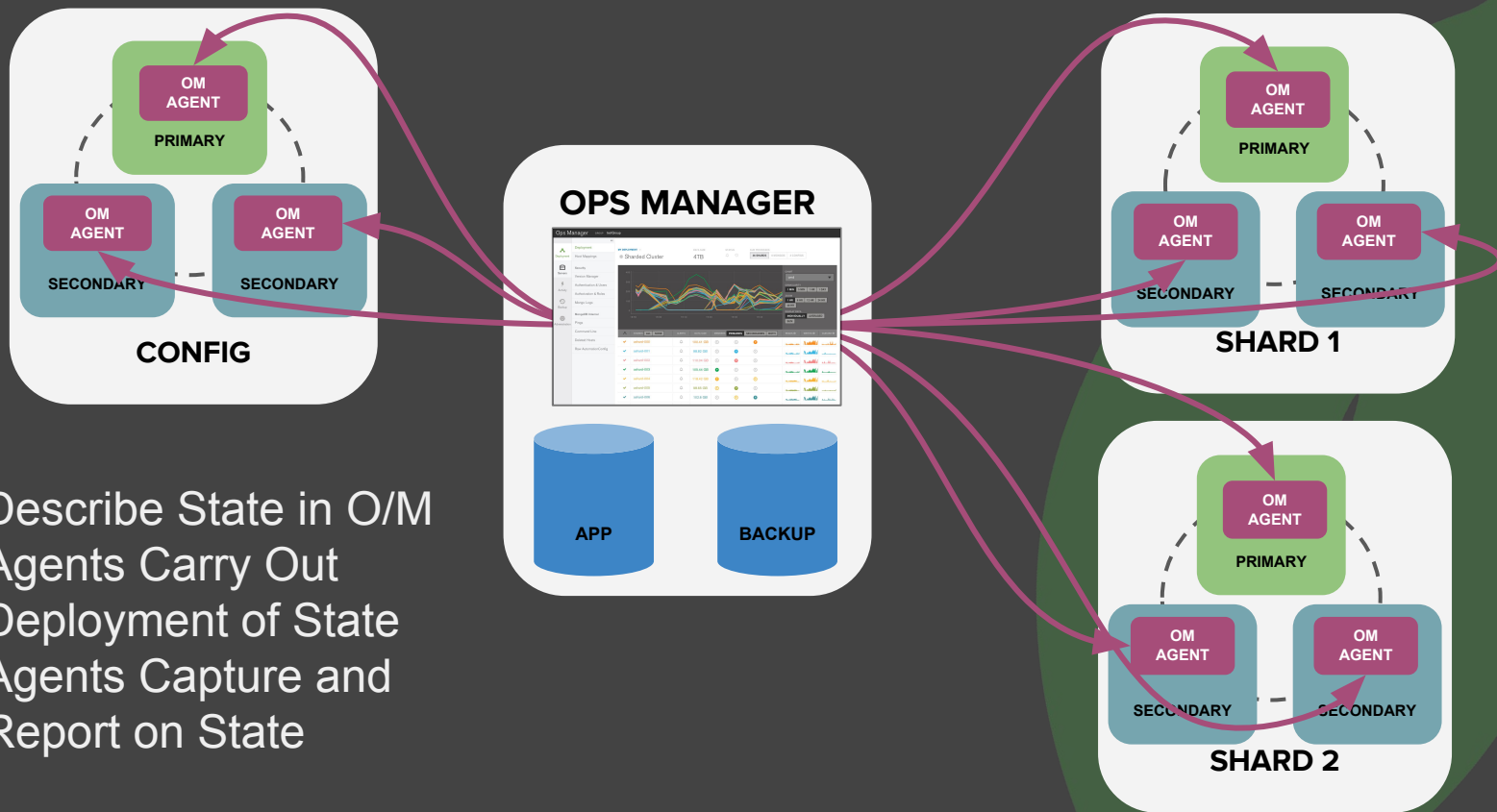
# How Ops Manager Works



# Replica Set Architecture (w/ Ops Manager)

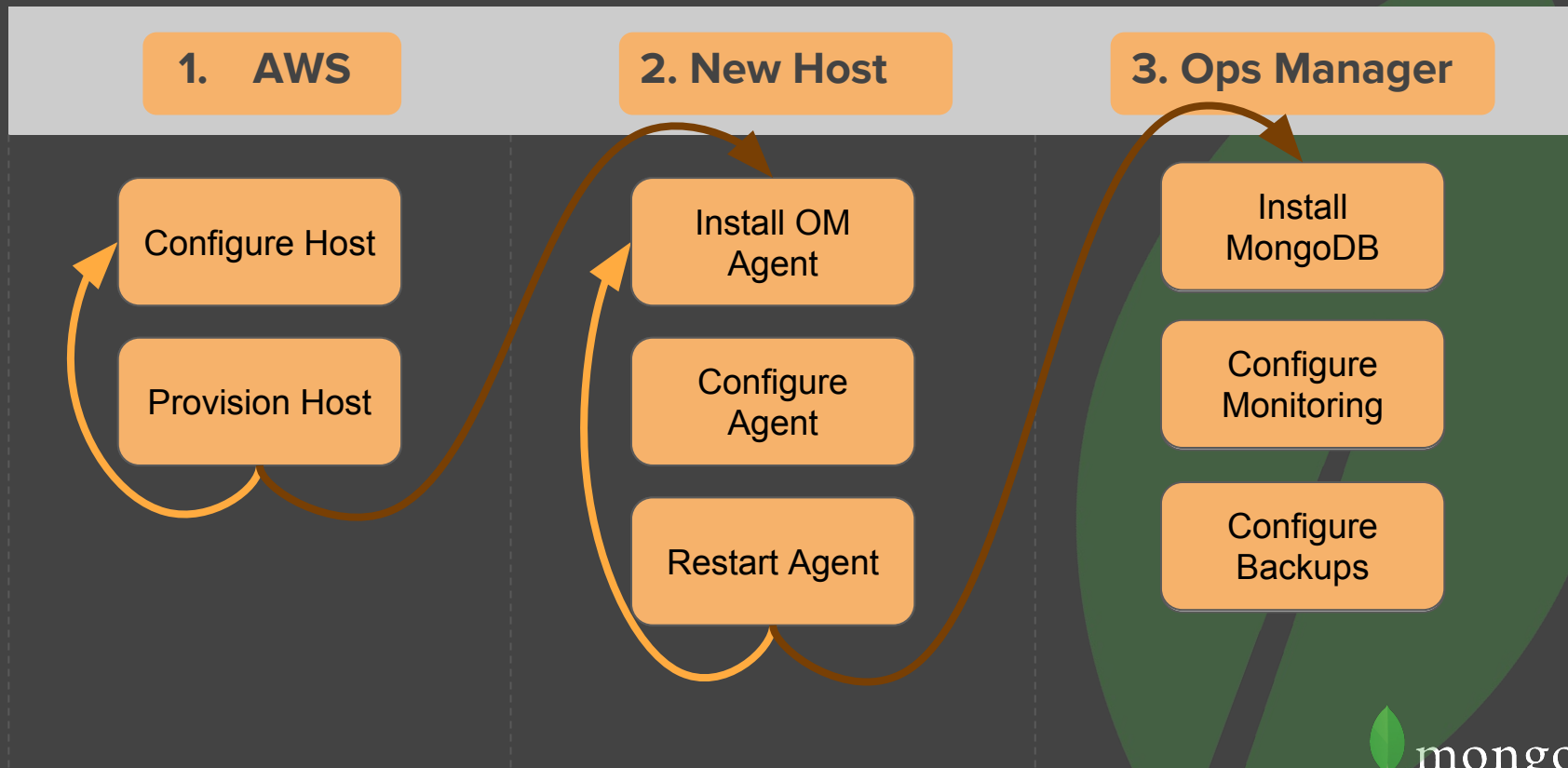


# Sharded Architecture w/ Ops Manager



- Describe State in O/M
- Agents Carry Out Deployment of State
- Agents Capture and Report on State

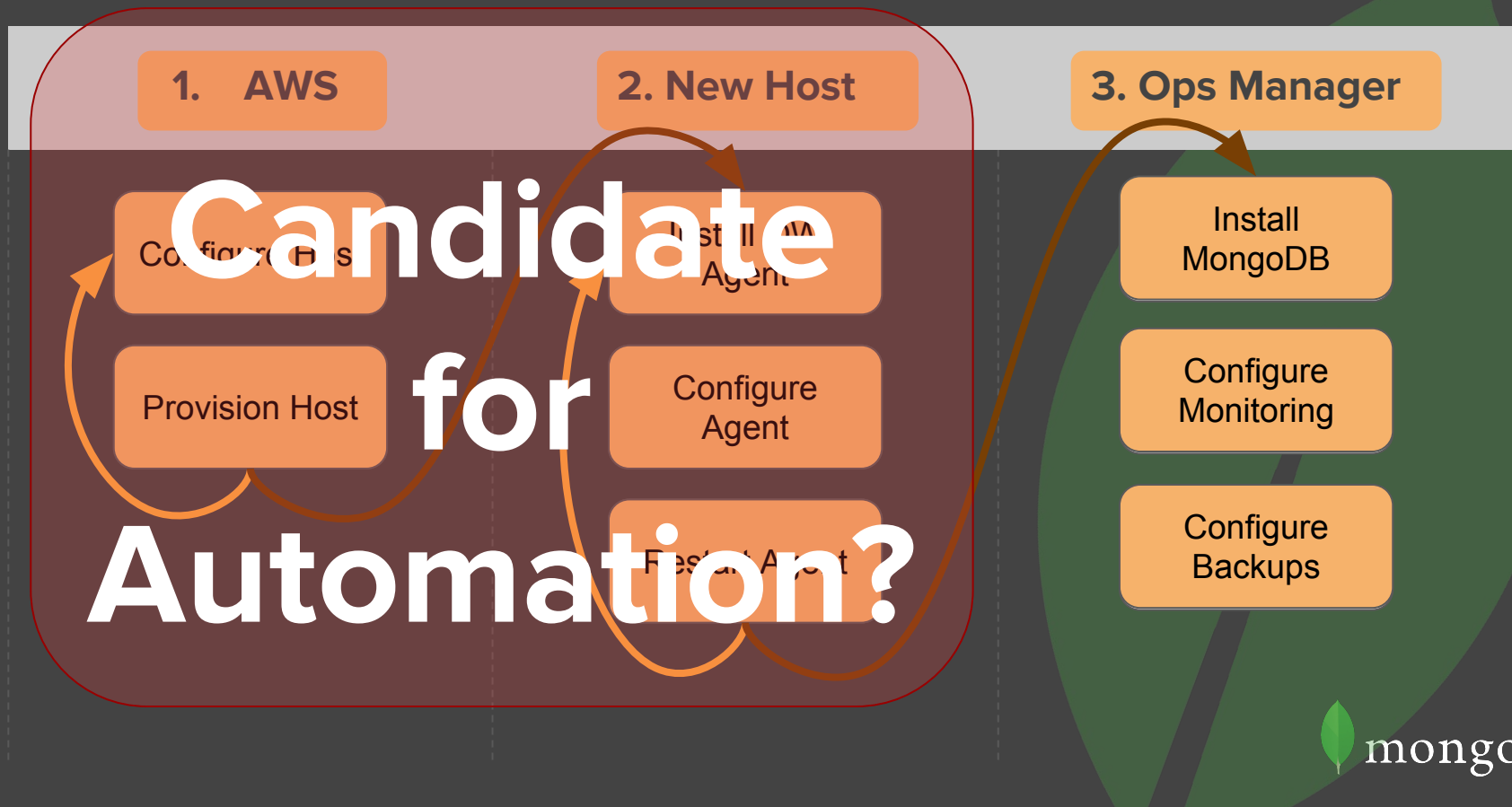
# MongoDB Deployment - Ops Manager



# MongoDB Deployment - Cloud Manager



# MongoDB Deployment - Ops Manager





ANSIBLE

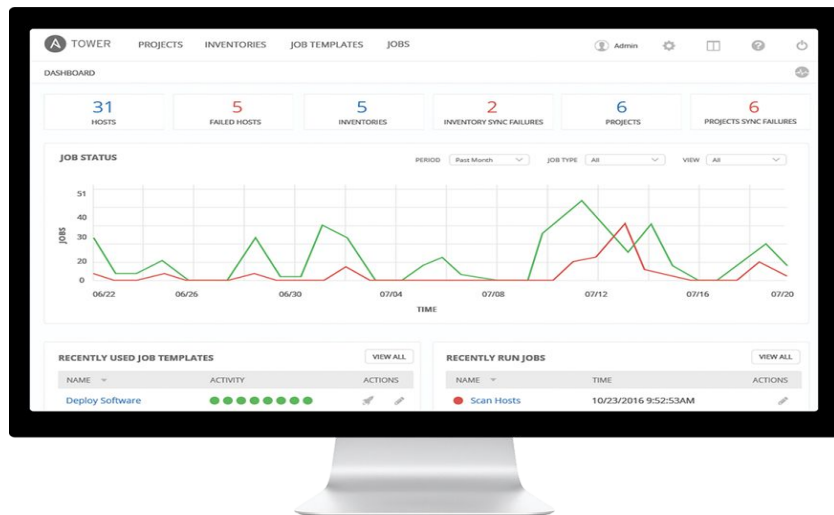
# WHAT IS ANSIBLE?

ANSIBLE

It's a **simple automation language** that can perfectly describe an IT application infrastructure in Ansible Playbooks.

It's an **automation engine** that runs Ansible Playbooks.

Ansible Tower is an **enterprise framework** for controlling, securing and managing your Ansible automation with a **UI and RESTful API**.







## SIMPLE

Human readable automation  
No special coding skills needed  
Tasks executed in order  
**Get productive quickly**



## POWERFUL

App deployment  
Configuration management  
Workflow orchestration  
**Orchestrate the app lifecycle**



## AGENTLESS

Agentless architecture  
Uses OpenSSH & WinRM  
No agents to exploit or update  
**More efficient & more secure**



**ANSIBLE  
TOWER**  
by Red Hat®

**TOWER EMPOWERS TEAMS TO AUTOMATE**

## **CONTROL**

Scheduled and  
centralized jobs

## **KNOWLEDGE**

Visibility and  
compliance

## **DELEGATION**

Role-based access  
and self-service

## **SIMPLE**

Everyone speaks the  
same language

## **POWERFUL**

Designed for  
multi-tier deployments

## **AGENTLESS**

Predictable, reliable,  
and secure

AT ANSIBLE'S CORE IS AN **OPEN-SOURCE** AUTOMATION ENGINE

# Getting Started with Ansible - Lexicon

- **Commands**

- `ansible`, `ansible-playbook`

- **Hosts File**

- How ansible finds the servers you want to manage

- **Plays, Playbooks**

- The execution tools to carry out your management

- **Tasks & Modules**

- The components that connect ansible to the servers

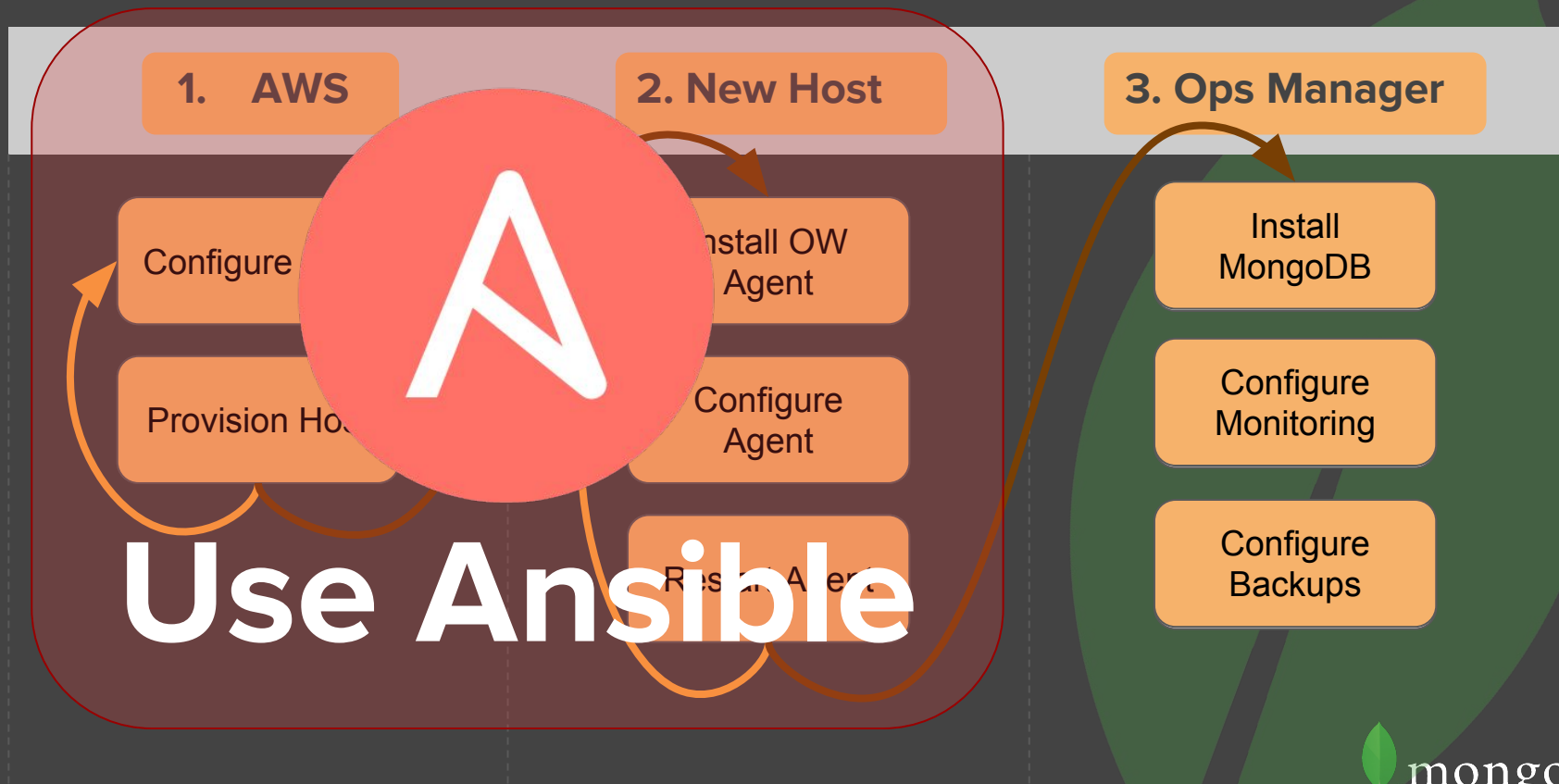
## Getting Started with Ansible - Groups

```
ansible -m ping -i ansible-hosts  
opsManager
```

Here I'm telling ansible to use the ping module against the opsManager group in my ansible-hosts file.



# MongoDB Deployment - Ops Manager



# Demo of Ansible

# Demonstration Setup

Command	Description
<code>ansible -m ping -i ansible-hosts all</code>	Using the ping module and the hosts file <code>ansible-hosts</code> in the current directory, ping all hosts
<code>export ANSIBLE_HOSTS=./ansible_hosts</code>	Save some time - ansible uses environment variables extensively
<code>ansible -m ping all</code>	Same as before - but now ansible leverages the env var to find the ansible hosts file.

# Demonstration

Command	Description
<code>ansible -m script test.sh all</code>	Here, we take a local script and execute it across all of our hosts. Ansible takes that script and delivers it via scp to the hosts, executes it and captures the output.
<code>export ANSIBLE_HOSTS=./ansible_hosts</code>	Save some time - ansible uses environment variables extensively
<code>ansible -m ping all</code>	Same as before - but now ansible leverages the env var to find the ansible hosts file.





# Appendix A - /etc/ansible/hosts sample

```
[opsManager]
```

```
ec2-54-93-114-205.eu-central-1.compute.amazonaws.com ansible_user=ec2-user
```

```
[amlReplicaSet]
```

```
ec2-54-93-79-122.eu-central-1.compute.amazonaws.com ansible_user=ec2-user
```

```
ec2-54-93-176-246.eu-central-1.compute.amazonaws.com ansible_user=ec2-user
```

```
ec2-54-93-207-148.eu-central-1.compute.amazonaws.com ansible_user=ec2-user
```

```
[amlReplicaSet:vars]
```

```
opsmanagerurl=http://ec2-54-93-114-205.eu-central-1.compute.amazonaws.com:8080
```

```
opsmanager=ec2-54-93-114-205.eu-central-1.compute.amazonaws.com
```



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# Appendix B - ansible.cfg

[defaults]

host\_key\_checking = False

private\_key\_file = PATH/TO/AWS/KEY.FILE

[ssh\_connection]

control\_path = %(directory)s/%%C



# Post-Demo Check-in

- **Ops Manager**
  - Automation for all the things you do with MongoDB - except deploying the agent.
- **Ansible**
  - Automation for configs, deployment and more - especially deploying O/M Agents
- I hope you learned some ways you can relieve the pain associated with managing your MongoDB deployment.

# Questions?

[Ansible homepage](#)

[Readme on ansible playbooks on professional-services github](#)

[Report on experiments with ansible and aws](#)



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