

Problem 1

a)

$$\gamma^\mu \gamma_\mu = \gamma^\mu g_{\mu\nu} \gamma^\nu$$

$$= g_{\mu\nu} \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (g_{\mu\nu} + g_{\nu\mu}) \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (g_{\mu\nu} \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu + g_{\nu\mu} \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (g_{\mu\nu} \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu + g_{\mu\nu} \gamma^\nu \gamma^\mu)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} g_{\mu\nu} \{ \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \}$$

$$= g_{\mu\nu} g^{\mu\nu} I = \underline{4I} \quad \square$$

$$\{ \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \} = 2 g^{\mu\nu} I$$

I (identity matrix)

b)

$$\gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \gamma_\mu = \gamma^\mu (2 g_\mu^\nu I - \gamma_\mu \gamma^\mu)$$

$$= 2 \gamma^\mu g_\mu^\nu - \gamma^\mu \gamma_\mu \gamma^\nu$$

$$= 2 \gamma^\nu - 4 \gamma^\nu = \underline{-2 \gamma^\nu} \quad \square$$

$$\{ \gamma^\nu \gamma_\mu \} = 2 g_\mu^\nu I$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\gamma^\nu \gamma_\mu = 2 g_\mu^\nu I - \gamma_\mu \gamma^\nu}$$

c)

$$\gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho \gamma_\mu = \{ \gamma^\mu, \gamma^\nu \} \gamma^\rho \gamma_\mu - \gamma^\nu \gamma^\mu \gamma^\rho \gamma_\mu$$

$$= 2 g^{\mu\nu} \gamma^\rho \gamma_\mu - \gamma^\nu \{ \gamma^\mu, \gamma^\rho \} \gamma_\mu + \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho \gamma^\mu \gamma_\mu$$

$$= 2 g^{\mu\nu} \gamma^\rho \gamma_\mu - \gamma^\nu 2 g^{\mu\rho} \gamma_\mu + 4 \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho$$

$$= 2 \gamma^\rho \gamma^\nu - 2 \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho + 4 \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho$$

$$= 2 \gamma^\rho \gamma^\nu + 2 \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho$$

$$= 2 (\gamma^\rho \gamma^\nu + \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho)$$

$$\underline{= 2 \{x', x''\}} \quad \square$$