Workflows

Contents

Brettanomyces anomalus genome assembly	2
Haploid assembly	2
Diploid assembly (continued from Haploid assembly)	
Brettanomyces custersianus genome assembly	
Brettanomyces naardenensis genome assembly	8
Brettanomyces nanus genome assembly	9
Manual inspection and miss-assembly correction	11
Brettanomyces naardenensis	11
Brettanomyces custersianus	13
Gene prediction and annotation	15
Synteny plots of assemblies	16
Gene enrichment analysis	17
Adaptive selection analysis	
Horizontal Gene Transfer check	21

Colour key:

Comment

command

custom_script

Brettanomyces anomalus genome assembly

Haploid assembly

```
# Link the nanopore and illumina seq
In -s ../../datasets/generated/anomala-NP/fast5/
In -s ../../datasets/imported/anomala-PE/ illumina
# DE NOVO ASSEMBLY WITH CANU, CLEANUP WITH PURGE HAPLOTIGS
# Snakemake script will do albacore base-calling, canu assembly
# and nanopolishing.
snakemake --cores 16 -s Snakemake.py
# Cleanup and purge haplotigs
mkdir PH && cd PH
ln -s ../B.anomala.fa
# Align nanopore reads for Purge Haplotigs
bwa index B.anomala.fa
bwa mem -t 8 B.anomala.fa ../B.anomala.reads.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o aligned.s.bam -T ali.tmp -
# Run Purge Haplotigs
purge_haplotigs readhist aligned.s.bam
      # low cutoff = 10, midpoint = 45, high = 120
purge_haplotigs contigcov -in aligned.s.bam.genecov -l 10 -m 45 -h 120
purge_haplotigs purge -g B.anomala.fa -c coverage_stats.csv \
    -b aligned.s.bam -t 16 -windowmasker
cd ../
# Link in main directory
In -s PH/curated.fasta B.anomala.purged.fasta
# FURTHER BASECALL POLISHING WITH PILON
mkdir pilon && cd pilon/
# Concatenate contigs primary contigs and haploitgs for polishing.
# Re-separate after
cat ../B.anomala.purged.* > gen.fa
bwa index gen.fa
bowtie2-build gen.fa gen.fa
# Map the PE reads
bwa mem -t 12 gen.fa ../illumina/AWRI-953-TS_S3_L001_R1_001.fastq.gz \
    ../illumina/AWRI-953-TS_S3_L001_R2_001.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o PE.s.bam -T ali.tmp -
# Map the MP reads
bowtie2 --fr -I 2000 -X 4000 -p 12 -x gen.fa \
    -1 ../illumina/AWRI-953-MP2-4kb_S7_L001.alltrimmed.1.repaired.fastq.gz \
    -2 ../illumina/AWRI-953-MP2-4kb_S7_L001.alltrimmed.2.repaired.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o MP2.s.bam -T ali.bam -
bowtie2 --fr -I 6000 -X 10000 -p 16 -x gen.fa \
    -1 ../illumina/AWRI-953-MP6-10kb_S11_L001.alltrimmed.1.repaired.fastq.gz \
    -2 ../illumina/AWRI-953-MP6-10kb_S11_L001.alltrimmed.2.repaired.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o MP6.s.bam -T ali.tmp -
```

```
# Merge
samtools merge SR.s.bam PE.s.bam MP2.s.bam MP6.s.bam
# Run pilon
java -jar /home/mike/pilon-1.22.jar --genome gen.fa --frags SR.s.bam \
   --threads 8
cd ..
# Re-separated P and H contigs
samtools faidx B.anomala.purged.fasta
samtools faidx B.anomala.purged.haplotigs.fasta
pil="_pilon"
for i in `cat B.anomala.purged.fasta.fai | awk '{print $1}'`; do \
    samtools faidx pilon/pilon.fasta $i$pil; done \
    > B.anomala.purge.pilon.fasta
for i in `cat B.anomala.purged.haplotigs.fasta.fai | awk '{print $1}'`; do \
    samtools faidx pilon/pilon.fasta $i$pil; done \
    > B.anomala.purge.haplotigs.pilon.fasta
Diploid assembly (continued from Haploid assembly)
# PHASE GENOME WITH HAPCUT2
# Map PE reads for variant calls and longreads for hapcut phasing
mkdir hapcut2
cd hapcut2
ln -s ../B.anomala.purge.pilon.fasta
bwa index B.anomala.purge.pilon.fasta
# Map short reads to make the variant calls
bwa mem B.anomala.purge.pilon.fasta \
    ../illumina/AWRI-953-TS_S3_L001_R1_001.fastq.gz \setminus
    ../illumina/AWRI-953-TS_S3_L001_R2_001.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o PE.s.bam -T ali.tmp -
# Do the variant calling, filter for HET-SNPs on-the-fly
samtools mpileup -f B.anomala.purge.pilon.fasta PE.s.bam --min-MQ 15 \
    | java -jar /home/mike/VarScan.v2.3.9.jar mpileup2snp \
    --min-coverage 20 --min-var-freq 0.2 --min-freq-for-hom 0.8 \
    --p-value 1e-5 --output-vcf grep -P ^{\text{N}}
    > B.anom.het-SNPs.vcf
# Map the longreads
bwa mem -t 12 -x ont2d B.anomala.purge.pilon.fasta \
    ../B.anomala.reads.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o ON.s.bam -T ali.tmp -
samtools index ON.s.bam
# Split into individual contigs for running hapcut2 (not necessary but
# easier to fix any errors)
mkdir contigs
for i in `cat B.anomala.purge.pilon.fasta.fai | awk '{print$1}'`; do \
    samtools faidx B.anomala.purge.pilon.fasta $i > contigs/$i.fasta;
    samtools faidx contigs/$i.fasta; \
    done
mkdir bams
for i in `cat B.anomala.purge.pilon.fasta.fai | awk '{print$1}'`; do \
    samtools view -h ON.s.bam $i | samtools view -bS - > bams/$i.bam;
    samtools index bams/$i.bam; \
    done
```

```
mkdir vcfs
for i in `cat B.anomala.purge.pilon.fasta.fai | awk '{print$1}'`; do \
    grep -P "^#|$i" B.anom.het-SNPs.vcf > vcfs/$i.vcf; \
    done
# Convert hapcut2's output to VCFs for consensus calling
for i in `cat B.anomala.purge.pilon.fasta.fai | awk '{print$1}'`; do \
     whatshap hapcut2vcf -o vcfs/$i.hap.vcf vcfs/$i.vcf haps/$i.hap; \
for i in `ls vcf | grep hap`; do bgzip $i; tabix $i.gz; done
# Write new consensus segs for each haplotype, these will only have the
# HET-SNPs in the VCF phased, not the SVs, InDels etc.
for i in `cat B.anomala.purge.pilon.fasta.fai | awk '{print$1}'`; do \
    bcftools consensus -f contigs/$i.fasta -H 1 vcfs/$i.hap.vcf.gz \
        > contigs/$i.H1.fasta; \
    bcftools consensus -f contigs/$i.fasta -H 2 vcfs/$i.hap.vcf.gz \
        > contigs/$i.H2.fasta; \
done
# Concatenate the phased contigs and add labels to the contig names
cat contigs/*.H1.fasta | sed 's/pilon/H1/' > phased.contigs.fasta
cat contigs/*.H2.fasta | sed 's/pilon/H2/' >> phased.contigs.fasta
# READ BINNING FOR REASSEMBLY OF SEPARATED HAPLOTYPES
# Map the long reads again
bwa index phased.contigs.fasta
bwa mem -t 12 -x ont2d phased.contigs.fasta ../B.anomala.reads.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o phased.bam -T ali.tmp -
# Get the separated read IDs for the two haplotypes
for i in `cat phased.contigs.fasta.fai | awk '{print$1}' | grep H1`; do \
    samtools view phased.bam $i | awk '{print$1}'; \
    done | gzip - > H1.reads.gz
for i in `cat phased.contigs.fasta.fai | awk '{print$1}' | grep H2`; do \
    samtools view phased.bam $i | awk '{print$1}'; \
    done | gzip - > H2.reads.gz
# Separate the FASTO reads by read IDs
perl separate_reads.pl ../B.anomala.reads.fastq.qz H1.reads.qz H2.reads.qz
# REASSEMBLY OF SEPARATED HAPLOTYPES WITH CANU
mkdir reassembly
for i in H1 H2; do
    mkdir reassembly/$i && cd reassembly/$i
    ln -s ../../$i.reads.fastq.gz
    canu -p B.anomala.$i -d $i -genomeSize=14000000 -correctedErrorRate=0.1 \
        -nanopore-raw $i.reads.fastq.gz 2> canu.stderr
    # cleanup the reassembly
    bwa index $i/B.anomala.$i.contigs.fasta
    bwa mem -t 12 -x ont2d i/B.anomala.i.contigs.fasta i.reads.fastq.gz \setminus
        | samtools sort -o $i.bam -T ali.tmp -
    purge_haplotigs readhist $i.bam
    purge_haplotigs contigcov -i $i.bam.genecov -l 40 -m 110 -h 150
    purge_haplotigs purge -g $i/B.anomala.$i.contigs.fasta \
        -c coverage_stats.csv -b $i.bam -t 12 -o $i.curated
    cd ../
done
```

```
# Concatenate for polishing, add haplotype suffixes
samtools faidx H1/H1.curated.fasta
samtools faidx H2/H2.curated.fasta
for i in `cat H1/H1.curated.fasta.fai | awk '$2>=10000{print $1}'`; do \
    samtools faidx H1/H1.curated.fasta i \mid sed 's/>\langle (tig[0-9]*\)/>\1.<math>H1/'; \setminus
    done > H1_H2.fasta
for i in `cat H2/H2.curated.fasta.fai | awk '$2>=10000{print $1}'`; do \
    samtools faidx H2/H2.curated.fasta $i | sed 's/>\(tig[0-9]*\)/>\1.H2/'; \
    done >> H1_H2.fasta
# POLISH WITH NANOPOLISH AND PILON
bwa index H1_H2.fasta
bwa mem -x ont2d -t 12 H1_H2.fasta ../../B.anomala.reads.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o H1 H2.bam -T aln.tmp -
# Link the fast5 directory
ln -s ../../fast5/ .
# Nanopolish
python ~/nanopolish/scripts/nanopolish_makerange.py H1_H2.fasta \
    | parallel --results nanopolish.results -P 4 \
        nanopolish variants --consensus \
        polished{1}.fa -w {1} -r ../../B.anomala.reads.fastq.gz \
        -b H1_H2.bam -g H1_H2.fasta \
        -t 4 --min-candidate-frequency 0.1
# Merge, use samtools to fix FASTA format, cleanup
python ~/nanopolish/scripts/nanopolish_merge.py polished.*.fa > pol.fa
samtools faidx pol.fa
for i in `cat pol.fa.fai | awk '{print $1}'`; do \
    samtools faidx pol.fa $i; \
done > H1_H2.nanopol.fa
rm pol.fa* polished.*.fa
# Pilon
# Map PE reads
bwa index H1_H2.nanopol.fa
bwa mem -t 12 H1_H2.nanopol.fa \
    ../../illumina/AWRI-953-TS_S3_L001_R1_001.fastq.gz \
    ../../illumina/AWRI-953-TS_S3_L001_R2_001.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o H1_H2.nanpol.bam -T aln.tmp -
samtools index H1_H2.nanpol.bam
samtools flagstat H1_H2.nanpol.bam
# Run pilon
java -jar ~/pilon-1.22.jar --genome H1_H2.nanopol.fa \
    --frags H1_H2.nanpol.bam --threads 16
# Re-separate the polished contigs
samtools faidx pilon.fasta
for i in `cat pilon.fasta.fai | grep H1 | awk '{print $1}'`; do \
    samtools faidx pilon.fasta $i; \
    done > B.anomala.H1.fasta
for i in `cat pilon.fasta.fai | grep H2 | awk '{print $1}'`; do \
    samtools faidx pilon.fasta $i; \
    done > B.anomala.H2.fasta
```

Brettanomyces custersianus genome assembly

```
# Link NP dataset
In -s ../../datasets/generated/custersianus-NP/fast5/
# Basecalling with albacore
read_fast5_basecaller.py --flowcell FLO-MIN107 --kit SQK-LSK108 \
    --recursive --input fast5/ \
    --worker_threads 24 --save_path ./albacore
# Concatenate the fastq files
cat albacore/workspace/pass/* | gzip - > reads.fastg.gz
# DE NOVO ASSEMBLY WITH CANU
mkdir CANU && cd CANU
# Run Canu
canu -p cus -d cus-minion -genomeSize=13m -correctedErrorRate=0.1 \
    -nanopore-raw ../reads.fastq.gz
# BASECALL POLISHING WITH NANOPOLISH
# Link and index canu assembly for mapping
mkdir BWA && cd BWA/
In -s ../CANU/cus-minion/cus.contigs.fasta
bwa index cus.contigs.fasta
cd ../
# Index reads for Nanopolish
nanopolish index -d albacore -s albacore/sequencing_summary.txt reads.fastq.gz
# Map reads for Nanopolish
bwa mem -x ont2d -t 16 BWA/cus.contigs.fasta reads.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o reads.s.bam -T reads.tmp -
samtools index reads.s.bam
# Run Nanopolish
python ~/nanopolish/scripts/nanopolish_makerange.py BWA/cus.contigs.fasta \
    | parallel --results nanopolish.results -P 4 \
        nanopolish variants --consensus polished.{1}.fa \
        -w {1} -r reads.fastq.qz -b reads.s.bam -q BWA/cus.contigs.fasta \
        -t 4 --min-candidate-frequency 0.1
# Merge
python ~/nanopolish/scripts/nanopolish_merge.py polished.*.fa \
    > B.custersianus.fasta
# Cleanup
mv polished.*.fa nanopolish.results
gzip nanopolish.results/*.fa
# Fix the fasta line lengths (nanoploish makes each fasta seq 1 single line)
samtools faidx B.custersianus.fasta
for i in `cat B.custersianus.fasta.fai \
    | awk '{print $1}'`; do \
        samtools faidx B.custersianus.fasta $i >> tmp; \
mv tmp B.custersianus.fasta
# Cleanup
rm B.custersianus.fasta.fai
samtools faidx B.custersianus.fasta
```

```
# BASECALL POLISHING WITH PILON
# Link the illumina seq data
In -s ../../datasets/imported/custersianus-PE/ illumina
# Index for mapping
ln -s -r B.custersianus.fasta BWA/
bwa index BWA/B.custersianus.fasta
mkdir BOWTIE
In -sr B.custersianus.fasta BOWTIE/
bowtie2-build BOWTIE/B.custersianus.fasta BOWTIE/B.custersianus.fasta
# Map PE shortreads
bwa mem -t 16 BWA/B.custersianus.fasta \
    illumina/AWRI-951-TS_S2_L001_R1_001.short.fastq.qz \
    illumina/AWRI-951-TS_S2_L001_R2_001.short.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o PE.s.bam -T PE.tmp -
# Map MP 2-4kb
bowtie2 --fr -I 2000 -X 4000 -p 16 -x BOWTIE/B.custersianus.fasta \
    -1 illumina/AWRI-951-MP2-4kb_S6_L001.alltrimmed.1.repaired.fastq.gz \
    -2 illumina/AWRI-951-MP2-4kb_S6_L001.alltrimmed.2.repaired.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o MP2-4-reads.s.bam -T MP2-4.tmp -
# Map MP 6-10kb
bowtie2 --fr -I 6000 -X 10000 -p 16 -x BOWTIE/B.custersianus.fasta \
    -1 illumina/AWRI-951-MP6-10kb_S10_L001.alltrimmed.1.repaired.fastg.gz \
    -2 illumina/AWRI-951-MP6-10kb_S10_L001.alltrimmed.2.repaired.fastg.gz \
    | samtools sort -o MP6-10-reads.s.bam -T MP6-10.tmp -
# Merge bam files
samtools merge SR.s.bam PE.s.bam MP2-4-reads.s.bam MP6-10-reads.s.bam
# Run Pilon
java -jar ~/pilon-1.22.jar --genome B.custersianus.fasta \
    --frags SR.s.bam
# Rename
mv pilon.fasta B.custersianus.pilon.fasta
# CLEANUP WITH PURGE HAPLOTIGS
# Link and index assembly for mapping
cd BWA/
ln -s ../B.custersianus.pilon.fasta
bwa index B.custersianus.pilon.fasta
cd ../
# Purge haplotigs
mkdir purge_haplotigs && cd purge_haplotigs/
# Link assembly
ln -s ../B.custersianus.pilon.fasta
# Map longreads
bwa mem -x ont2d -t 16 BWA/B.custersianus.pilon.fasta reads.fastq.qz \
    | samtools sort -o reads.pol.s.bam -T reads.tmp -
samtools index reads.pol.s.bam
```

Brettanomyces naardenensis genome assembly

```
# Link the dataset
In -s ../../datasets/generated/naardenensis-NP/fast5/
# ASSEMBLY WITH CANU. POLISH WITH NANOPOLISH
# Run the snakemake pipeline (Canu assembly and Nanopolish)
snakemake -s Snakemake.py --cores 32
# Map the short reads for pilon polishing
In -s ../../datasets/imported/naardenensis-PE/ illumina
# BASECALL POLISH WITH PILON
# Prep for mapping
mkdir BWA && cd BWA/
In -s ../B.naardenensis.merged.fa
bwa index B.naardenensis.merged.fa
cd ../
mkdir BOWTIE && cd BOWTIE/
In -s ../B.naardenensis.merged.fa
bowtie2-build B.naardenensis.merged.fa B.naardenensis.merged.fa
cd ../
# Map the PE reads
bwa mem -t 16 ../BWA/B.naardenensis.merged.fa \
    illumina/AWRI-950-TS_S1_L001_R1_001.fastq.gz \
    illumina/AWRI-950-TS_S1_L001_R2_001.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -@ 8 -m 2G -o PE.s.bam -T PE.tmp -
# Map the MP reads 1
bowtie2 --fr -I 2000 -X 4000 -p 16 -x ../BOWTIE/B.naardenensis.merged.fa \
    -1 illumina/AWRI-950-MP2-4kb_S5_L001.alltrimmed.1.repaired.fastq.gz \
    -2 illumina/AWRI-950-MP2-4kb_S5_L001.alltrimmed.2.repaired.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -@ 8 -m 1G -o MP2.s.bam -T MP2.tmp -
# Map the MP reads 2
bowtie2 --fr -I 6000 -X 10000 -p 16 -x ../BOWTIE/B.naardenensis.merged.fa \
    -1 illumina/AWRI-950-MP6-10kb_S9_L001.alltrimmed.1.repaired.fastq.gz \
    -2 illumina/AWRI-950-MP6-10kb_S9_L001.alltrimmed.2.repaired.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -@ 8 -m 2G -o MP6.s.bam -T MP6.tmp -
# Merge the BAM files
samtools merge SR.s.bam PE.s.bam MP2.s.bam MP6.s.bam
samtools index SR.s.bam
# Run pilon
java -jar ~/pilon-1.22.jar --genome B.naardenensis.merged.fa \
    --frags illumina/SR.s.bam --threads 8
# Rename
mv pilon.fasta B.naardenensis.pilon.fa
```

```
# CLEANUP WITH PURGE HAPLOTIGS
# Index the pilon-polished assembly and re-map the longreads
ln -s ../B.naardenensis.pilon.fa .
bwa index B.naardenensis.pilon.fa
cd ..
bwa mem -t 16 BWA/B.naardenensis.pilon.fa B.naardenensis.reads.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -@ 4 -m 2G -o reads.pol.s.bam -T reads.pol.tmp -
# Run Purge Haplotigs
# Read-depth histogram
purge_haplotigs readhist reads.pol.s.bam
# Apply coverage cutoffs
purge_haplotigs contigcov -l 12 -m 12 -h 50 -i reads.pol.s.bam.genecov
# Purge step
purge_haplotigs purge -g B.naardenensis.pilon.fa -c coverage_stats.csv \
    -b reads.pol.s.bam -o B.naardenensis.curated
Brettanomyces nanus genome assembly
# Link the nanopore dataset
In -s ../../datasets/generated/nanus-NP/fast5/
# ASSEMBLY WITH CANU AND BASECALL POLISHING WITH NANOPOLISH
# Run the pipeline
snakemake -s Snakemake.py --cores 16
# CLEANUP WITH PURGE HAPLOTIGS
mkdir purgehap
# Map reads
minimap2 B.nanus.merged.fa B.nanus.reads.fastq.gz -t 12 -a \
    | samtools view -hF 256 - \
    | samtools sort -@ 4 -m 1G -o purgehap/aligned.bam -t tmp.ali
cd purgehap
# Read-depth histogram
purge_haplotigs readhist -g ../B.nanus.merged.fa -b aligned.bam
    # cutoffs are -1 5 -m 30 -h 190
purge_haplotigs contigcov -i aligned.bam.gencov -l 5 -m 30 -h 190
purge_haplotigs purge -g ../B.nanus.merged.fa -c coverage_stats.csv
# Copy cleaned assemblies
cp curated.fasta ../B.nanus.NP.PH.fasta
cp curated.fasta ../B.nanus.NP.PH.haplotigs.fasta
cd ../
# BASECALL POLISHING WITH PILON
# Link illumina dataset
In -s ../../datasets/imported/nanus-PE/ illumina
mkdir pilon && cd pilon/
```

```
# Combine and index for mapping
cat ../B.nanus.NP.PH.fasta ../B.nanus.NP.PH.haplotigs.fasta \
    > B.nanus.NP.PH.p-h.fasta
bowtie2-build B.nanus.NP.PH.p-h.fasta B.nanus.NP.PH.p-h.fasta
bwa index B.nanus.NP.PH.p-h.fasta
# Map PE reads
bwa mem -t 12 B.nanus.NP.PH.p-h.fasta \
    ../illumina/AWRI-2847-TS_S4_L001_R1_001.short.fastq.gz \
    ../illumina/AWRI-2847-TS_S4_L001_R2_001.short.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -@ 4 -m 1G -o PE.bam -t tmp.ali
# Map MP reads 1
bowtie2 --fr -I 2000 -X 4000 -p 12 -x B.nanus.NP.PH.p-h.fasta \
  -1 ../illumina/AWRI-2847-MP2-4kb_S8_L001.alltrimmed.1.repaired.short.fastq.qz \
  -2 ../illumina/AWRI-2847-MP2-4kb_S8_L001.alltrimmed.2.repaired.short.fastq.gz \
  | samtools sort -@ 4 -m 1G -o MP2.bam -T MP2.tmp -
# Map MP reads 2
bowtie2 --fr -I 6000 -X 10000 -p 12 -x B.nanus.NP.PH.p-h.fasta \
  -1 \
  ../illumina/AWRI-2847-MP6-10kb_S12_L001.alltrimmed.1.repaired.short.fastq.gz \
  -2 \
  ../illumina/AWRI-2847-MP6-10kb_S12_L001.alltrimmed.2.repaired.short.fastq.gz \
  | samtools sort -@ 4 -m 1G -o MP6.bam -T MP6.tmp -
# Merge BAM files
samtools merge SR.bam PE.bam MP2.bam MP6.bam
samtools index SR.bam
# Run pilon
java -jar ~/pilon.jar --genome B.nanus.NP.PH.p-h.fasta ∖
    --frags SR.bam --threads 12
# Rename and remove '_pilon' suffix
cat pilon.fasta | sed 's/_pilon//' > tmp
mv tmp pilon.fasta
# Split back into primary contigs and haplotigs
for i in `grep \> B.nanus.NP.PH.p-h.fasta \
          | sed 's/>//' \
          | grep -v HAPLOTIG ∖
          | awk '{print $1}'`; do
    samtools faidx pilon.fasta $i;
done > ../B.nanus.fasta
for i in `grep \> B.nanus.NP.PH.p-h.fasta \
         | sed 's/>//' \
         | grep HAPLOTIG \
         | awk '{print $1}'`; do
    samtools faidx pilon.fasta $i;
done > ../B.nanus.haplotigs.fasta
```

Manual inspection and miss-assembly correction

Only B. naardenensis and B. custersianus shown as no miss-assemblies were identified # for the other assemblies.

Brettanomyces naardenensis

```
mkdir naard && cd naard
ln -s ../../B.naardenensis.fasta
# Scale down the reads (using for visualisation)
zcat ../../naardenensis/illumina/AWRI-950-TS_S1_L001_R1_001.fastq.gz \
    | perl -e '
        my$c==0;while(<>){
            my$s=<>;
            my$j=<>;
            myq=<>;
            if(c==3)
                print "$_$s$j$q";
                c=0;
            }else{
                $c++;
            }
        }'\
    | gzip - > R1.fq.gz
zcat ../../naardenensis/illumina/AWRI-950-TS_S1_L001_R2_001.fastq.gz \
    | perl -e '
        my$c==0;while(<>){
            my$s=<>;
            my$j=<>;
            my$q=<>;
            if($c==3){
                print "$_$s$j$q";
                $c=0;
            }else{
                $c++;
    | gzip - > R2.fq.gz
zcat ../../naardenensis/B.naardenensis.reads.fastq.gz \
    | perl -e '
        my$c==0;while(<>){
            my$s=<>;
            my$j=<>;
            my$q=<>;
            if($c==1){
                print "$_$s$j$q";
                $c=0;
            }else{
                $c++;
    | gzip - > np.fa.gz
```

```
# Map the reads
bwa index B.naardenensis.fasta
bwa mem -t 12 B.naardenensis.fasta R1.fq.qz R2.fq.qz \
    | samtools sort -o PE.bam -T ali.tmp -
samtools index PE.bam
bwa mem -x ont2d -t 12 B.naardenensis.fasta np.fa.gz \
    | samtools sort -o np.bam -T ali.tmp -
samtools index np.bam
# Align assembly to AWRI2804
nucmer -b 500 -c 40 -d 0.5 -g 200 -l 12 -t 4 ../../AWRI2804.fasta
B.naardenensis.fasta
delta-filter -1 out.delta > out.1.delta
mummerplot --fat --png --large out.1.delta
# Manually curate
# (eyeball the bam file, dotplot, show-coords output,
# note misassemblies and split contigs)
    # MISSASSEMBLIES
        # tig00000001_pilon:1723775
        # tig00007031_pilon:772570
        # tig00000003_pilon:509005
        # tig00000003_pilon:638002
# Break the contigs at the misassembly positions
samtools faidx B.naardenensis.fasta tig00000001_pilon:0-1723775 > cur.fa
samtools faidx B.naardenensis.fasta tig00000001_pilon:1723776- >> cur.fa
samtools faidx B.naardenensis.fasta tig00007031_pilon:0-772570 >> cur.fa
samtools faidx B.naardenensis.fasta tig00007031_pilon:772570- >> cur.fa
samtools faidx B.naardenensis.fasta tig00000003_pilon:0-509005 >> cur.fa
samtools faidx B.naardenensis.fasta tig00000003_pilon:509005-638002 >> cur.fa
samtools faidx B.naardenensis.fasta tig00000003_pilon:638002- >> cur.fa
# Add the rest of the contigs
for i in `cat B.naardenensis.fasta.fai \
         \mid grep -v tig00000001_pilon \setminus
         | grep -v tig0000003_pilon \
         | grep -v tig00007031_pilon \
         | awk '{print $1}'`; do \
    samtools faidx B.naardenensis.fasta $i; \
done >> cur.fa
# Rename
mv cur.fa B.naardenensis.FIXED.fasta
# Recheck with MP reads
bbmap.sh threads=8 out=stdout ref=B.naardenensis.FIXED.fasta \
    in=AWRI-950-MP2-4kb_S5_L001.alltrimmed.1.repaired.fastq.gz \
    in2=AWRI-950-MP2-4kb_S5_L001.alltrimmed.2.repaired.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o naa.2k.bam -T tmp.ali
samtools index naa.2k.bam
bbmap.sh threads=8 out=stdout ref=B.naardenensis.FIXED.fasta \
    in=AWRI-950-MP6-10kb_S9_L001.alltrimmed.1.repaired.fastq.qz \
    in2=AWRI-950-MP6-10kb_S9_L001.alltrimmed.2.repaired.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o naa.6k.bam -T tmp.ali
samtools index naa.6k.bam
```

```
# More manual checking
    # no obvious miss-assemblies remaining
# Copy the new assembly
cp B.naardenensis.FIXED.fasta ../../outputs/assemblies/B.naardenensis.fasta
Brettanomyces custersianus
mkdir cust && cd cust
ln -s ../../B.custersianus.fasta
bwa index B.custersianus.fasta
# Down-sample reads
zcat ../../custersianus/illumina/AWRI-951-TS_S2_L001_R1_001.fastq.gz \
    | perl -e '
        my$c==0;while(<>){
            my$s=<>;
            my$j=<>;
            myq=<>;
            if($c==3){
                print "$_$s$j$q";
                $c=0;
            }else{
                $c++;
    | gzip - > R1.fq.gz
zcat ../../custersianus/illumina/AWRI-951-TS_S2_L001_R2_001.fastq.gz \
    | perl -e '
        my$c==0;while(<>){
            my$s = <>;
            my$j=<>;
            my$q=<>;
            if(c==3)
                print "$_$s$j$q";
                $c=0;
            }else{
                $c++;
            }
    | gzip - > R2.fq.gz
zcat ../../custersianus/reads.fastq.gz \
    | perl -e '
        my$c==0;while(<>){
            my$s=<>;
            my$j=<>;
            my$q=<>;
            if($c==1){
                print "$_$s$j$q";
                $c=0;
            }else{
                $c++;
        }'\
    | gzip - > np.fa.gz
```

```
# Map reads
bwa mem -t 12 B.custersianus.fasta R1.fg.gz R2.fg.gz \
    | samtools sort -o PE.bam -T tmp.aln -
samtools index PE.bam
bwa mem -x ont2d -t 12 B.custersianus.fasta np.fa.gz \
    | samtools sort -o NP.bam -T tmp.aln -
samtools index NP.bam
# Align assembly to AWRI2804
nucmer -b 500 -c 40 -d 0.5 -g 200 -l 12 -t 4 ../../AWRI2804.fasta
    B.custersianus.fasta
delta-filter -1 out.delta > out.1.delta
mummerplot --fat --png --large out.1.delta
# Manually curate
# (eyeball the bam file, dotplot, show-coords output,
# note misassemblies and split contigs)
    # MISSASSEMBLIES
        # tig00000008_pilon:834510
# Break at misassembly point
samtools faidx B.custersianus.fasta tig00000008_pilon:0-834510 > cur.fa
samtools faidx B.custersianus.fasta tig00000008_pilon:834510- >> cur.fa
# Re-add the rest of the contigs
for i in `cat B.custersianus.fasta.fai \
         | grep -v tig0000008_pilon \
         | awk '{print $1}'`; do \
    samtools faidx B.custersianus.fasta $i; \
done >> cur.fa
# Rename
mv cur.fa B.custersianus.FIXED.fasta
# Re-check with MP reads
bbmap.sh threads=8 out=stdout ref=B.custersianus.FIXED.fasta \
    in=AWRI-951-MP2-4kb_S6_L001.alltrimmed.1.fastq.gz \
    in2=AWRI-951-MP2-4kb_S6_L001.alltrimmed.2.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o cus.2k.bam -T tmp.ali
samtools index cus.2k.bam
bbmap.sh threads=8 out=stdout ref=B.custersianus.FIXED.fasta \
    in=AWRI-951-MP6-10kb_S10_L001.alltrimmed.1.fastq.gz \
    in2=AWRI-951-MP6-10kb_S10_L001.alltrimmed.2.fastq.gz \
    | samtools sort -o cus.6k.bam -T tmp.ali
samtools index cus.6k.bam
# Manually inspect again
    # no obvious miss-assemblies
# Copy the new assembly
cp B.custersianus.FIXED.fasta ../../outputs/assemblies/B.custersianus.fasta
```

Gene prediction and annotation

```
# GENE PREDICTION WITH AUGUSTUS
# example for Brettanomyces anomalus (haploid)
$GENOME = 'B.anomalus'
# run Augustus
augustus --species=saccharomyces_cerevisiae_S288C $GENOME.fasta > $GENOME.gff
# return protein seqs (Augustus adds these as comments in the GFF file)
cat genome.gff \
    | perl -e '
        $/ = "end gene";
        while(<>){
            my$gen;
            if(m/start gene (\w+)/){
                $gen=$1;
            }else{
                die;
            }
            s/\#//g;
            if(m/protein sequence = \{([\w\s]+)\]/\}
                $s=$1;
                s=\sim s/\ s//g;
                print ">$gen\n$s\n";
            }
        }'\
    > $GENOME.prot.fasta
# Add protein names using BlastP hits to UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot
# Need a table of seqIDs to prot names from the uniprot DB for later
grep \> ~/blastdb/uniprot_sprot.fasta \
    | sed 's/>//' \
    | sed 's/0S=.*//' \
    | sed 's/ /\t/' \
    > uniprot_sprot.names.tsv
# blastp predicted proteins against uniprotKB
cat $GENOME.prot.fasta \
    | parallel -j 16 --recstart '>' --blocksize 10k --pipe \
        blastp -query - -db ~/blastdb/uniprot_sprot.fasta \
        -evalue 0.00001 -num_alignments 1 -outfmt 6 \
    | gzip - > $GENOME.uniprotkb.outfmt6.gz
# ORTHOGROUP ANNOTATION WITH ORTHOFINDER
mkdir orthofinder && cd orthofinder
# link all the prot FASTA files
for i in genome1 genome2 genome3; do
    ln -s ../$i.prot.fasta;
done
cd ../
# run
orthofinder -t 16 -f orthofinder/
```

```
# ADD THE PROTEIN NAMES AND ORTHOGROUPS TO FASTAS and GFFs
# custom script uses FOFNs
ls | grep gff | grep -v fofn > gff.fofn
ls | grep outfmt6 > blast.fofn
ls | grep prot.fasta > prot.fofn
# run the script to add annotations to protein FASTAs and GFFs
perl add_annotations.pl prot.fofn blast.fofn \
    uniprot_sprot.names.tsv gff.fofn
    orthofinder/Results_Oct18/Orthogroups.csv
Synteny plots of assemblies
# Example for B. bruxellensis synteny with B. naardenensis
# Some contigs were manually re-arranged in AWRI2804 for optimise the layout
# Place the naardenensis contigs to the bruxellensis reference
purge_haplotigs ncbiplace -p AWRI2804.fasta -h B.naardenensis.fasta \
    -t 8 -c 0 -o BvNa.place.tsv
# Re-order according to the placements
perl orient_haplotigs.pl -p AWRI2804.fasta -h B.naardenensis.fasta \
    -n BvNa.place.tsv -o B.naardenensis.orient -r -t
# Tidy up
mv tmp_purge_haplotigs/ tmp_purge_haplotigs_BvNa
# Make windows of the reference genome (AWRI2804)
bedtools makewindows -q AWRI2804.fasta.fai -w 20000 -s 10000 > AWRI2804.windows
# Add the reference contigs to a kar file, this will be used for all
# plots that have bruxellensis as the reference
cat AWRI2804.fasta.fai \
    | awk '{print "chr - "$1" "$1" 0 "$2" white"}' > AWRI2804.kar
# Manually changed the colors of the 2804 contigs to set3-12-qual-1,
# set3-12-qual-2, etc.
# naardenensis windows
bedtools makewindows -q B.naardenensis.orient.fa.fai -w 20000 -s 10000 \
    > B.naardenensis.windows
# Align naardenensis to reference
nucmer -b 500 -c 40 -d 0.5 -g 200 -l 12 -t 16 \
    AWRI2804.fasta B.naardenensis.orient.fa -p BvNo
delta-filter -1 BvNo.delta > BvNo.1.delta
show-coords -TH BvNo.1.delta > BvNo.coords
# Pair reference and query genome windows based on alignments, write
# the translation table.
perl nucmer2trans.pl -r AWRI2804.windows -q B.naardenensis.windows \
    -c BvNo.coords > BvNo.trn.tsv
# Kar file for circos
cat AWRI2804.kar > BvNo.kar
# Add naardenensis contigs to new kar file
tac B.naardenensis.orient.fa.fai \
    | awk '{print "chr - "$1" "$1" 0 "$2" vdgrey" }' \
| sed 's/:/_/' >> BvNo.kar
```

```
# Convert the translation table to a links file for circos
cat BvNo.trn.tsv \
    | awk '{
        if($7=="+"){
            print $1"\t"$2"\t"$3"\t"$4"\t"$5"\t"$6"\t"$8
            print $1"\t"$2"\t"$3"\t"$4"\t"$6"\t"$5"\t"$8
    | sed 's/:/_/' \
    | ./map_colors.pl > BvNo.links
# Circos conf file from template
cat circos/circos.conf | sed 's/##XX##/BvNo/' > circos/BvNo.conf
# Run circos
~/circos-0.69-6/bin/circos -conf circos/BvNo.conf -file BvNo
Gene enrichment analysis
# This analysis used the OrthoFinder run using representative species
# from Saccharomycetaceae (check supplementary information for complete
# list of species).
# Run InterProScan to generate GO-terms for GO enrichment analysis
# Example for B. bruxellensis
interproscan.sh -cpu 8 -d bruxellensis -dp -goterms -i bruxellensis.prot.faa
# convert IPS5 output to GO annotation anno input for cytoscape/BiNGO
for i in anomalus_H1 anomalus_H2 \
        bruxellensis custersianus \
        naardenensis nanus; do
    printf "(species=Brettanomyces $i)(type=ORFs)(curator=G0)\n" \
        > $i/$i.GO.anno
    cat i/*.faa.tsv \mid grep GO: \mid sed 's/\t.\+\tGO:/\t/' \
        | sed 's/[|G0:]+/,/g' | perl -e '
            while(<>){
                my@l=split/\s+/;
                my@o=split/,/,$1[1];
                for my $0(@o){
                    print "1[0] = nn;
        ' | sort -k1,1 -k2,2 | uniq >> $i/$i.GO.anno
done
# Link the orthofinder results for use here.
In -s ../functional-annotation/orthofinder/Results_Nov15/Orthogroups.csv
In -s ../functional-annotation/orthofinder/Results_Nov15/Orthogroups.GeneCount.csv
# Use a custom script to get the ratios of genecounts for each OG, for
# each species, ignoring species entries with gene counts of one, and ignoring
# OG entries with a species count > 6 (to filter out the TE garbage). It will
# also calculate the standard deviations and output any OGs > 2 STDEV (for OGs
# that are enriched in more than one species).
perl species-ratio-OGs.pl Orthogroups.GeneCount.csv species-ratio-OGs \
    Brettanomyces_anomala_h1 Brettanomyces_anomala_h2 \
    Brettanomyces_bruxellensis Brettanomyces_custersianus \
    Brettanomyces_naardenensis Brettanomyces_nanus
```

```
# Get the list of OGs for each species with ratios >= 2. Use the SQL database to
# pull the gene names for these OGs. We then feed this into cytoscape with BiNGO
# to search for enriched GO terms.
cd species-ratio-OGs
for i in bruxellensis anomala_h1 anomala_h2 custersianus naardenensis nanus; do
    cat Brettanomyces_$i.ratio.tsv | awk '$2>=2{print $1}' \
    > Brettanomyces_$i.ratio.0Gs.tsv
done
for i in anomala_h1 anomala_h2 bruxellensis custersianus naardenensis nanus; do
    cat highStdv.tsv >> Brettanomyces_$i.ratio.OGs.tsv
done
cp Brettanomyces_*.OGs.tsv ../../functional-annotation/DB
# Obtaining gene IDs for enriched OGs
# Example in sqlite3:
sqlite> create table brettGO (orthogroup TEXT not null);
sqlite> .import Brettanomyces_bruxellensis.ratio.OGs.tsv brettG0
sqlite> select gene from annotations a
    inner join bruxGO b on b.og = a.orthogroup
    where a.species like 'Brettanomyces_bruxellensis';
# BiNGO analysis
# Gene IDs from SQL queries above were pasted into BiNGO. 'Overrepresentation'
# and 'Visualization' were checked. Hypergeometric test, Bonferroni FWER
# correction, 0.9 significant level. Overrepresented categories after correction
# to visualize. Whole annotation used as reference set. Interproscan GO .anno
# files used as the organism/annotation set. Output table and network saved as
# TSV and SVG respectively. TSV had some java code to be cleaned up like so:
for i in anomala bruxellensis custersianus naardenensis nanus; do
    cat $i.ratio.tsv | sed 's/javax.swing.*text=//' \
        | sed 's/,verticalAlignment=CENTER.*]//' > tmp
    mv tmp $i.ratio.tsv
done
# Extract all the unique gene IDs with enriched GO-terms
cat anomala.ratio.tsv | sed 's/^.*%\sH/H/' | sed 's/G/g/g' \
    | sed 's/\s/\n/g' | sort | uniq | grep H1_ | sed 's/H2_//' \
    > anomala_h1.enrichedGeneIDs
cat anomala.ratio.tsv | sed 's/^.*%\sH/H/' | sed 's/G/g/g' \
    | sed 's/\s/\n/g' | sort | uniq | grep H2_ | sed 's/H2_//' \
    > anomala_h2.enrichedGeneIDs
cat bruxellensis.ratio.tsv | sed 's/^.*%\sG/G/' | sed 's/G/q/q' \
    | sed 's/\s/\n/g' | sort | uniq > bruxellensis.enrichedGeneIDs
cat custersianus.ratio.tsv | sed 's/\^.*%\sG/G/' | sed 's/G/g/g' \
    | sed 's/\s/\n/g' | sort | uniq > custersianus.enrichedGeneIDs
cat naardenensis.ratio.tsv | sed 's/^.*\%\sG/G/' | sed 's/G/g/g' \
| sed 's/\s/\n/g' | sort | uniq > naardenensis.enrichedGeneIDs cat nanus.ratio.tsv | sed 's/\s.*%\sG/G/' | sed 's/G/g/g' \lambda
    | sed 's/\s/\n/g' | sort | uniq > nanus.enrichedGeneIDs
# Copy to SQL directory and pull the KEGG annotations for the GO-enriched genes
cp *enrichedGeneIDs ../../functional-annotation/DB/
```

```
# Get the OG IDs for the enriched genes, cross-check for consistency with the
# original OG-enrichment analysis (Example for anomalus Haplome 1)
sqlite> create table anomH1enrichedGenes (gene TEXT not null);
# etc...
# Import enriched gene IDs
sqlite> .import anomala_h1.enrichedGeneIDs anomH1enrichedGenes
# etc...
# pull the OG IDs for the enriched gene IDs, backup to TSV files,
# check against original OG-enrichments
sqlite> .out anomalaH1.enrichedOGs
sqlite> select distinct orthogroup from annotations a
    inner join anomH1enrichedGenes b where a.gene == b.gene and
    a.species like 'Brettanomyces_anomala_h1';
sqlite> .out stdout
# etc...
# Pull the gene IDs for the OGs with enriched GO-terms
sqlite> create table anomH1enrichedOGs (og TEXT not null);
# etc...
# import
sglite> .import anomalaH1.enrichedOGs anomH1enrichedOGs
# etc...
# Pull the gene IDs
sqlite> .out anomalaH1.G0-enriched.KEGG
sqlite> select k.Ko, k.An, k.Bn, K.Cn, k.Kn from annotations a
    inner join anomH1enrichedOGs b on b.og = a.orthogroup
    inner join kegg k on k.Ko = a.kegg
        where a.species like 'Brettanomyces_anomala_h1%' and
        a.kegg != '.' and k.An != "Organismal Systems" and
        k.An != "Human Diseases" and k.An != "Brite Hierarchies"
    ORDER by K.An, K.Bn, K.Cn, k.Kn;
salite> .out stdout
# etc...
# perform alignments and make gene trees
mkdir genePhylogenies && cd genePhylogenies/
# Check what OGs have each KEGG annotation
sqlite> select * from annotations where kegg == 'K10967' and
    species like "Brett%";
# Check if there are any other genes in each OG without KEGG annotations
# (not always annotated perfectly, or exactly the same).
sqlite> select * from annotations where orthogroup=='0G0000020' and
    species like "Brett%";
# etc...
# Get the gene segs for each OG
# used a custom script to retrieve the gene seqs, manually made a list of
# the Brettanomyces species and the OGs
# link the orthofinder TSV for convenience
In -s ../../functional-annotation/orthofinder/Results_Nov15/Orthogroups.csv
```

```
# run the script
perl OG-species-tree.pl ../../functional-annotation/orthofinder/ \
    Orthogroups.csv species.list ortho.list
# perform MSA with muscle
# concatenate OGs 4127 with 1589 as these are to be analysed together
cat OG0001589.faa OG0004127.faa > OG0001589.OG0004127.faa
# rename old files (so they're not processed)
mv 0G0001589.faa _0001589.faa
mv 0G0004127.faa _0004127.faa
# do the alignments
for i in `ls | grep OG`; do
    muscle -in $i > $i.MSA:
done
# Generate gene trees
      # performed manually in seaview
# Inspect gene trees and alignments, note any broken/truncated models
# here and filter excel table
      # 0G0000023: nanus: g2048 - truncated
     # OG0000073: nanus: g2092 - incomplete
     # OG0000107: bruxellensis: g995 g996 - fragmented model.
     # OG0000227: anomala_h2: q4317 q4318 q4319 - fragmented model. PRUNE OG
     # OG0000418: anomala_h1h2: almost all models incomplete. PRUNE OG
     # OG0000496: custersianus: g3867 - truncated. PRUNE OG
      # OG0005135: bruxellensis: g4001 - truncated
            # anomala_h2: g10 g11 - truncated
Adaptive selection analysis
# Link protein and transcript sequences
In -s ../assembly-gene-annotation/AWRI2804.prot.fasta \
    bruxellensis.proteins.fasta
In -s ../assembly-gene-annotation/AWRI2804.transcripts.fasta \
    bruxellensis.transcripts.fasta
In -s ../assembly-gene-annotation/B.anomala.prot.fasta \
    anomala.proteins.fasta
In -s ../assembly-gene-annotation/B.anomala.transcripts.fasta \
    anomala.transcripts.fasta
In -s ../assembly-gene-annotation/B.custersianus.prot.fasta \
    custersianus.proteins.fasta
In -s ../assembly-gene-annotation/B.custersianus.transcripts.fasta \
    custersianus.transcripts.fasta
In -s ../assembly-gene-annotation/B.naardenensis.prot.fasta \
    naardenensis.proteins.fasta
In -s ../assembly-gene-annotation/B.naardenensis.transcripts.fasta \
    naardenensis.transcripts.fasta
In -s ../assembly-gene-annotation/B.nanus.prot.fasta \
    nanus.proteins.fasta
In -s ../assembly-gene-annotation/B.nanus.transcripts.fasta \
    nanus.transcripts.fasta
```

use only single-copy orthologues
cat Orthogroups.csv | grep -v , | grep -v -P "\s\s" > Orthogroups.SCOs.csv

In -s ../assembly-gene-annotation/orthofinder/Results_Mar29/Orthogroups.csv

link orthofinder results (Brettanomyces, not Saccharomycetaceae)

```
# protein alignments and generate transcript multifastas
perl pull_and_align_SCOs.pl Orthogroups.SCOs.csv MSAs
# create the codon alignments
for i in `ls | grep MSA | grep -v prot | sed 's/\.MSA\.fa//'`; do
    pal2nal.pl $i.MSA.fa $i.t.fa -output fasta > $i.cdaln.fa;
done
# Manually create sample list
nano samples.list
    # bruxellensis\ncustersianus\nanomala...
# Combine MSAs and create a species tree
ls | grep MSA.fa > prot.fofn
perl combineMSAs.pl prot.fofn samples.list > all.prot.MSA.fa
    # created a protein tree in seaview with phyML + defaults
# Need a FOFN of the codon alignments
ls | grep cdaln > align.fofn
# Site based positive selection test (Example for M1a vs M2a models)
# run codeml using custom script
perl multiCodeml.pl align.fofn template.ctl
# tidy up
mkdir M1aM2a/
mv OG*M1aM2a M1aM2a/
# scan output
find M1aM2a/ -name "OG*M1aM2a" > M1aM2a.fofn
perl codemlOutputScan.pl M1aM2a.fofn > summary.tsv
Horizontal Gene Transfer check
# blastp proteins for each species to refseq fungi and bact datasets
for i in Brettanomyces_anomala_h1 Brettanomyces_anomala_h2 \
          Brettanomyces_bruxellensis Brettanomyces_custersianus \
          Brettanomyces_naardenensis Brettanomyces_nanus; do
    # blastp against refseq fungal dataset
    cat ../$i.faa \
        | parallel --block 100k --recstart '>' -j 16 --pipe \
            blastp -query - -db /scratch/refseq/fungi \
            -outfmt \"6 qseqid sseqid qlen slen length evalue bitscore\" \
            -evalue 1e-20 -task blastp-fast -num_alignments 1 \
        | awk \frac{5}{\$3}=0.5\{print\}'
        | gzip - > $i.fungi.gz
    # blastp against refseq bacterial dataset
    cat ../$i.faa \
        | parallel --block 100k --recstart '>' -j 8 --pipe \
            blastp -query - -db /scratch/refseq/bact \
            -outfmt \"6 gsegid ssegid glen slen length evalue bitscore\" \
            -evalue 1e-20 -task blastp-fast -num_alignments 1 \
        | awk $5/$3 = 0.5\{print\}'
        | gzip - > $i.bact.gz
    # retrieve the candidates
    perl HGT-check.pl B.bruxellensis.fungi.gz B.bruxellensis.bact.gz \
        > B.bruxellensis.HGT.tsv
done
```

```
# pull the OGs from the SQL database for these candidates
cp *HGT.tsv ../DB/
# example for B. anomalus haplome 1 only
sqlite> create table anomH1HGT (gene TEXT, eval1 TEXT, eval2 TEXT);
sqlite> .import B.anomala.h1.HGT.tsv anomH1HGT
sqlite> select orthogroup from annotations a
    inner join anomH1HGT b where b.gene == a.gene and
    a.species like "Brettanomyces_anomala_h1";
      # copy-pasted to file HGT.list
# sort and retrieve unique OGs
cat HGT.list | sort | unig > HGT.unig.list
# manually inspect the trees for these OGs
# for the Invertase HGT genes, these were blasted on NCBI non-redundant databases,
# the top 100 hits for each of the prokaryote and eukaryote subsets were
# downloaded in FASTA format and combined with the Brettanomyces sequences.
# commands for producing the phylogeny
muscle -in brett.v.blastHits.fa > alignment.msa
iqtree -s alignment.msa -nt 16
# branch lengths were removed in Rstudio using ape, this was then used to
# manually generate constrained trees
# constrained tree testing using the best model (WAG+R7) from the initial run
iqtree -s alignment.msa -z alignment.msa.noBranchDist.treefile -pre
    constrainedTest -te constrainedTrees -m WAG+R7 -nt 16 -zb 10000 -au
```