Congressional Bill Analyzer - Technical Specification

Overview

A Python-based web application that fetches congressional bills from Congress.gov, processes them through AI analysis, and provides political ideology scoring from -10 (ultra-liberal) to +10 (ultra-conservative).

Architecture

Technology Stack

- Backend: Python 3.8+
- Frontend: HTML/JavaScript with Gradio interface
- Vector Database: ChromaDB
- LLM: OpenAl GPT-4/GPT-3.5-turbo
- Data Source: Congress.gov API v3

Required API Keys

- 1. Congress.gov API Key (Free)
 - Sign up at: https://api.data.gov/docs/congress/
 - Required for accessing congressional bill data
- 2. OpenAl API Key
 - Required for bill summarization and political scoring

Core Components

1. Bill Fetcher Module (bill_fetcher.py)

Purpose: Extract bill information from Congress.gov URLs and fetch full text via API

Key Functions:

```
python

def parse_congress_url(url: str) -> dict:

"""Parse Congress.gov URL to extract bill identifiers"""

# Extract: congress number, bill type, bill number

# Example: https://www.congress.gov/bill/118th-congress/house-bill/1234

# Returns: ("congress": "118", "bill_type": "house-bill", "number": "1234")

def fetch_bill_metadata(congress: str, bill_type: str, number: str) -> dict:

"""Fetch bill metadata from Congress.gov API"""

# API endpoint: https://api.congress.gov/v3/bill/(congress)/(bill_type)/(number)

def fetch_bill_text(congress: str, bill_type: str, number: str) -> str:

"""Fetch full bill text (introduced version only)"""

# API endpoint: https://api.congress.gov/v3/bill/(congress)/(bill_type)/(number)/text

# Filter for "Introduced" version
```

API Integration:

- Base URL: (https://api.congress.gov/v3/)
- Authentication: API key in header or query parameter
- Response format: JSON
- Rate limits: Standard government API limits (typically 1000/hour)

2. Text Processing Module (text_processor.py)

Purpose: Clean, chunk, and vectorize bill text for analysis

Key Functions:

def clean_bill_text(raw_text: str) -> str: """Remove formatting artifacts, preserve structure""" # Remove XML/HTML tags, excessive whitespace # Preserve section headers and numbering def extract_sections(text: str) -> list: """Parse bill into logical sections""" # Identify: Title, Findings, Sections, Subsections # Return structured data with section headers and content def chunk_text(text: str, chunk_size: int = 1000) -> list: """Split text into overlapping chunks for vectorization""" # Preserve sentence boundaries

Maintain context with overlapping chunks

Vector Store Integration:

python

```
python

def vectorize_bill(bill_text: str, bill_id: str) -> None:

"""Store bill chunks in ChromaDB with metadata"""

# Embedding model: OpenAI text-embedding-ada-002

# Metadata: bill_id, section, chunk_index, congress, bill_type
```

3. Al Analysis Module (ai_analyzer.py)

Purpose: Generate summaries and political ideology scores using LLM

Summarization Functions

```
python

def generate_executive_summary(bill_text: str, metadata: dict) -> str:
    """Create high-level bill summary"""
    # Length: 200-300 words
    # Include: purpose, key provisions, affected parties

def generate_section_breakdown(sections: list) -> list:
    """Analyze each section individually"""
    # For each section: summary, key changes, implications
    # Return structured data with section-by-section analysis
```

Political Scoring System:

```
python

def score_political_ideology(bill_text: str, metadata: dict) -> dict:

"""Generate political ideology score (-10 to +10)"""

# Return: ["score": float, "reasoning": str, "confidence": float)
```

4. Political Scoring Framework

Theoretical Foundation: Based on established political science research, including DW-NOMINATE methodology and GovTrack ideology analysis.

Scoring Dimensions:

- 1. Economic Policy (Weight: 30%)
 - Liberal indicators: Increased government spending, progressive taxation, economic regulation, social programs
 - Conservative indicators: Tax cuts, deregulation, free market solutions, reduced government spending
- 2. Role of Government (Weight: 25%)
 - Liberal indicators: Expanded federal programs, increased oversight, government intervention
 - Conservative indicators: States' rights, limited government, private sector solutions
- 3. Social Policy (Weight: 20%)
 - Liberal indicators: Civil rights expansions, social justice provisions, inclusivity measures
 - Conservative indicators: Traditional values, law and order, religious freedom protections
- 4. Regulatory Approach (Weight: 15%)
 - $\bullet \quad \text{Liberal indicators: } \textbf{Environmental regulations, consumer protections, safety standards} \\$
 - Conservative indicators: Business-friendly policies, reduced compliance burden
- 5. Fiscal Policy (Weight: 10%)

- Liberal indicators: Deficit spending for social programs, progressive revenue
- Conservative indicators: Balanced budgets, debt reduction, fiscal responsibility

Scoring Methodology:

python

```
IDEOLOGY PROMPT = """
Analyze this congressional bill and score its political ideology on a scale of -10 to +10:
- -10: Ultra-liberal (maximum government intervention, progressive social policies)
- -5: Liberal (increased government role, social programs)
- 0: Moderate/Bipartisan
- +5: Conservative (limited government, traditional approaches)
- +10: Ultra-conservative (minimal government, strong traditional values)
Consider these factors:
1. Economic policy direction (spending, taxation, regulation)
2. Role of government (expansion vs. limitation)
3. Social policy implications
4. Regulatory approach
5. Fiscal impact
Bill text: {bill_text}
1. Overall score (-10 to +10)
2. Detailed reasoning (200 words)
3. Confidence level (0-100%)
4. Key phrases that influenced the score
```

5. Gradio Interface (app.py)

User Interface Components:

```
python
  with gr.Blocks(title="Congressional Bill Analyzer") as app:
    gr.Markdown("# Congressional Bill Analyzer")
    with gr.Row():
      url_input = gr.Textbox(
         label="Congress.gov Bill URL",
         placeholder="https://www.congress.gov/bill/118th-congress/house-bill/1234"
      analyze_btn = gr.Button("Analyze Bill")
    with gr.Row():
       with gr.Column(scale=2):
         summary_output = gr.Markdown(label="Executive Summary")
         sections_output = gr.JSON(label="Section-by-Section Analysis")
      with gr.Column(scale=1):
         score_output = gr.Number(label="Political Ideology Score")
         score_reasoning = gr.Markdown(label="Scoring Rationale")
         confidence_output = gr.Number(label="Confidence Level")
```

Processing Pipeline:

```
python
def analyze_bill(url: str) -> tuple:
  """Main processing pipeline"""
    # 1. Parse URL and validate
    bill_info = parse_congress_url(url)
    # 2. Fetch bill data
    metadata = fetch_bill_metadata(**bill_info)
    bill_text = fetch_bill_text(**bill_info)
    # 3. Process text
    clean_text = clean_bill_text(bill_text)
    sections = extract_sections(clean_text)
    # 4. Store in vector database
    vectorize_bill(clean_text, bill_info['bill_id'])
    # 5. Generate analysis
    summary = generate_executive_summary(clean_text, metadata)
    section\_analysis = generate\_section\_breakdown(sections)
    ideology_score = score_political_ideology(clean_text, metadata)
    return summary, section_analysis, ideology_score
  except Exception as e:
```

Data Models

return f"Error: {str(e)}", {}, {}

Bill Metadata

```
python

@dataclass
class BillMetadata:
    congress: str
    bill_type: str # "house-bill", "senate-bill", etc.
    number: str
    title: str
    sponsor: str
    introduced_date: str
    committees: list
    subjects: list
    url: str
```

Analysis Results

```
python
@dataclass
class BillAnalysis:
bill_id: str
executive_summary: str
section_breakdown: list
ideology_score: float
score_reasoning: str
confidence: float
analysis_date: str
```

File Structure

```
congressional_bill_analyzer/
|----_init__.py
  --- bill_fetcher.py
| |---- text_processor.py
ai_analyzer.py
├─ data/
└── chromadb/ # Vector database storage
---- config/
settings.py
prompts.py
tests/
test_bill_fetcher.py
  test_text_processor.py
test_ai_analyzer.py
requirements.txt
---- .env.example
L--- README.md
```

Installation & Setup

Dependencies (requirements.txt)

```
gradio>=4.0.0
chromadb>=0.4.0
openai>=1.0.0
requests>=2.28.0
python-dotenv>=1.0.0
beautifulsoup4>=4.11.0
sentence-transformers>=2.2.0
numpy>=1.21.0
pandas>=1.5.0
```

Environment Variables (.env)

```
CONGRESS_API_KEY=your_congress_gov_api_key
OPENAI_API_KEY=your_openai_api_key
CHROMA_DB_PATH=./data/chromadb
LOG_LEVEL=INFO
```

Quick Start

```
# Install dependencies
pip install -r requirements.txt

# Set up environment variables
cp.env.example.env

# Edit .env with your API keys

# Run the application
python src/app.py
```

Error Handling

Common Error Scenarios

- 1. Invalid Congress.gov URL: Validate URL format and extract identifiers
- 2. **Bill not found**: Handle 404 responses from API gracefully
- ${\bf 3.\, API\,\, rate\,\, limits:}\, Implement\,\, retry\,\, logic\,\, with\,\, exponential\,\, backoff$
- 4. **Text processing failures**: Fallback to simpler analysis methods
- 5. OpenAl API errors: Handle rate limits and token limits

User Feedback

- Progress indicators during processing
- Clear error messages with suggested fixes
- Validation of input URLs before processing

Performance Considerations

Optimization Strategies

- 1. Caching: Store processed bills in ChromaDB to avoid reprocessing
- 2. **Chunking**: Process large bills in sections to stay within token limits
- 3. **Async Processing**: Use background processing for time-intensive operations
- 4. **Response Streaming**: Stream analysis results as they become available

Scalability Notes

- Current design targets single-user deployment
- For multi-user: add session management and request queuing
- Consider database migrations for production deployment

Future Enhancements

Version 2.0 Features

- 1. Multi-dimensional Scoring: Break down ideology score by policy area
- 2. **Historical Comparison**: Compare current bill to similar past legislation
- 3. Amendment Tracking: Analyze changes through legislative process
- 4. **Batch Processing**: Analyze multiple bills simultaneously
- 5. Export Functionality: PDF reports and data export options

Advanced Analysis

- 1. Sentiment Analysis: Tone and rhetoric analysis
- 2. Stakeholder Impact: Identify affected groups and interests
- 3. **Cost Estimation**: Integrate CBO scoring when available
- 4. Prediction Models: Likelihood of passage based on historical data