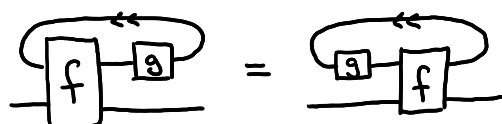
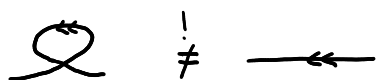


Wiring Diagrams and Feedback.

Categories with feedback were defined by Katis, Sabadini and Walters as a weakening of the axioms of a traced symmetric monoidal category.



The sliding axiom still holds.



The yanking axiom does not hold.

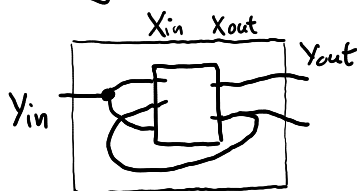
The free such category over a symmetric monoidal category \mathbb{C} is called $\text{Fbk}(\mathbb{C})$, and its hom-sets can be explicitly constructed as

$$\text{Fbk}(A, B) = \int^{M \in \mathbb{C}} \text{hom}(M \otimes A, M \otimes B). \quad [1]$$

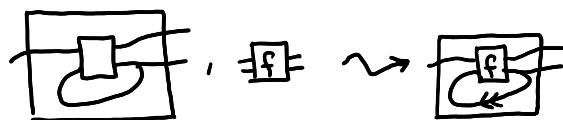
[LGRSS]

For instance, $\text{Fbk}(\text{Set})$ is a category of Moore transition systems $M \times A \rightarrow M \times B$.

Wiring Diagrams, say, in the free cartesian category with one object, $(\text{FinSet}^{\text{op}}, +)$, can be thought of as "diagrams in FinSet , with feedback and a hole".



Even if the usual way of "filling" these diagrams is different, this suggests that we should be able to "plug" some morphism $X_{in} \rightarrow X_{out}$ inside the wiring diagram and get back a morphism $Y_{in} \rightarrow Y_{out}$.



After filling that hole, the resulting diagram still uses feedback, so the best we can say is the following proposition.

PROPOSITION. A wiring diagram

$$w: (X_{in}, X_{out}) \rightarrow (Y_{in}, Y_{out})$$

with $X_{in}, X_{out}, Y_{in}, Y_{out} \in \mathbb{C}$, together with a morphism $f \in \mathbb{C}(X_{in}, X_{out})$, determines a morphism $w \circ f \in \text{Fbk}(\mathbb{C})(Y_{in}, Y_{out})$.

Proof. We can prove something more general, there is a function

$$\int^M \mathbb{C}(M \otimes Y_{in}, X_{in}) \times \mathbb{C}(X_{out}, M \otimes Y_{out}) \times \mathbb{C}(X_{in}, X_{out}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}(Y_{in}, Y_{out}),$$

given by composition along X_{in} and X_{out} .

The formula

$$\int^M \mathbb{C}(M \otimes Y_{in}, X_{in}) \times \mathbb{C}(X_{out}, M \otimes Y_{out})$$

is an optic and particularizes to wiring diagrams in the cartesian case.

REFERENCES.

[SSV]: Spivak, Schultz, Vasilakopoulos.

[KSW]: Katis, Sabadini, Walters.

[LGRSS]: Di Loreto, Giandola, Román, Sabadini, Sobociński.

[Ri]: Riley.

[1]: The original definition is actually with M ranging over $\text{Cone } \mathbb{C}$, the isomorphisms of \mathbb{C} , but that is not relevant to this discussion.