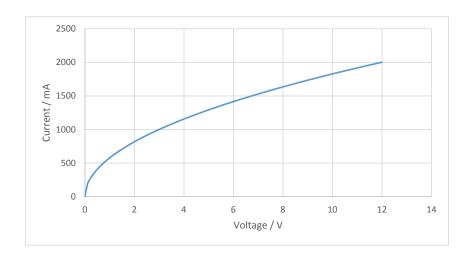
Lower Shell Electricity Test

	Name:	
1.	A rechargeable cell draws a current of 0.1A for 10 hours. What is the total charge delivered in that time?	
		(3
2.	If a charge of 20 millicoulombs is delivered in 80 microseconds, what is the average current?	
		(3
3.	How many electrons would need to flow between two points each second in order to produce a current of 2 amps? (NB: The charge on an electron is 1.6×10^{-19} coulombs.)	
		(3
4.	A diode is an electrical component.	
	(a) Draw the circuit symbol for a diode.	(1
	(b) What function does it perform?	
		(1

5.	What is the pd across a resistor if 20J of energy is transferred when 5C of charge passes through it?	
		(3)
6.	How much energy is transferred when 2.5C of charge passes through a pd of 40V?	()
		(3)
7.	What is the resistance of a component that draws a current of 1.5 A when a voltage of 9V is applied across it?	()
		(3)
8.	(a) A 3k resistor and a 500 resistor are placed in series. What current will flow if they are connected to a 14V power supply?	` ,
		(3)
	(b) What will be the pd across the 500 resistor?	(0)
		(2)

 $9. \,$ Below is shown the current-voltage graph for a light bulb.



	Describe and explain the shape of this graph.	
		(3)
10.	A circuit is made consisting of a 10V battery, a thermistor and a 1 k resistor connected in series.	
	(a) Draw this circuit.	(3)

(b)	On a cold day the resistance of the thermistor is 700. Calculate the voltage across the RESISTOR.	
		(3)
(c)	Would the voltage across the resistor be higher or lower on a warm day? Explain your answer.	
		(2)
	the following circuit, calculate the current I through the ammeter and the potential erence V across the voltmeter.	
	12V	
	$\left(\stackrel{\longleftarrow}{\blacktriangleleft} \right)$	
	24Ω	
	30Ω	
	\mathbf{v} 20Ω	
		(4)

Total Marks: 40