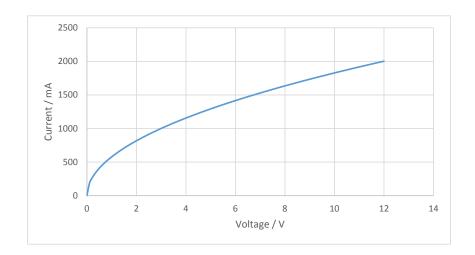
## Lower Shell Electricity Test

	Name:	
1.	A rechargeable cell draws a current of $0.1\mathrm{A}$ for $10$ hours. What is the total charge delivered in that time?	
		(3)
2.	If a charge of 20 millicoulombs is delivered in 80 microseconds, what is the average current?	, ,
		(3)
3.	How many electrons would need to flow between two points each second in order to produce a current of 2 amps? (NB: The charge on an electron is $1.6 \times 10^{-19}$ coulombs.) 2cm	,
4.	A diode is an electrical component.	
	(a) Draw the circuit symbol for a diode.	(1)
	(b) What function does it perform?	
		(1)
5.	What is the pd across a resistor if 20J of energy is transferred when 5C of charge passes through it?	` ,

		(3)
6.	. How much energy is transferred when $2.5\mathrm{C}$ of charge passes through a pd of $40\mathrm{V}$ ?	
		(3)
7.	. What is the resistance of a component that draws a current of 1.5 A when a voltage of 9V is applied across it?	( )
		(3)
8.	(a) A 3k resistor and a 500 resistor are placed in series. What current will flow if they are connected to a 14V power supply?	(0)
		(3)
	(b) What will be the pd across the 500 resistor?	(-)
		(2)
		\ /

 $9. \,$  Below is shown the current-voltage graph for a light bulb.



	Describe and explain the shape of this graph.	
		(3)
10.	A circuit is made consisting of a 10V battery, a thermistor and a 1 k resistor connected in series.	
	(a) Draw this circuit.	(3)

(b) On a cold day the resistance of the thermistor is 700. Calculate the voltage across the

R	RESISTOR.
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	Vould the voltage across the resistor be higher or lower on a warm day? Explain your nswer.
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	e following circuit, calculate the current $I$ through the ammeter and the potential ence $V$ across the voltmeter.

Total Marks: 40