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Java FX Lab
20160717

- 1. What happens if you do not add a GUI component to a container?

 The component is not organized properly.
- 2. What happens if you forget to register an event handler for a GUI component?

 Nothing happens when an action is performed.
- 3. What happens when adding a component to a BorderLayout if you do not specify the region in which the component should be placed?

Places and sizes in the center.

- 4. What happens when more than one component is added to a particular region in a BorderLayout?
 - Border layout tries to fill the space with the components. This can look very bad.
- 5. What happens at execution time if an attempt is made to add a component to a container, but that component has not yet been instantiated?
 - The program will continue to run, but the component won't be there.
- 6. How is an anonymous inner class different from other inner classes?
 - Cannot access non-final properties. The class as a whole is only associated to one object instance.

1. What does the GUI look like in the following application?

// ProgrammingOutput.java
import java.awt.FlowLayout;
import java.awt.GridLayout;
import javax.swing.JButton;
import javax.swing.JCheckBox;

```
6 import javax.swing.JFrame;
7 import javax.swing.JLabel;
8 import javax.swing.JPanel;
9 import javax.swing.JTextField;
10
public class ProgrammingOutput extends JFrame
12 {
13
       private JButton cancelJButton;
14
       private JButton okJButton;
       private JTextField inputJTextField;
15
16
       private JLabel nameJLabel;
17
       private JCheckBox firstNameJCheckBox;
18
       private JCheckBox lastNameJCheckBox;
19
       private JPanel checkJPanel;
       private JPanel buttonJPanel;
20
21
22
       // constructor sets up GUI
23
       public ProgrammingOutput()
24
          super( "Input Name" );
25
27
          // build nameJPanel
          nameJLabel = new JLabel( "Type your name" );
28
29
          inputJTextField = new JTextField( 20 );
          setLayout( new FlowLayout() );
30
31
          add( nameJLabel );
32
          add( inputJTextField );
33
34
       } // end ProgrammingOutput constructor
    } // end class ProgrammingOutput
    // ProgrammingOutputTest.java
    import java.awt.FlowLayout;
    import javax.swing.JFrame;
 5
    public class ProgrammingOutputTest
 6
8
       public static void main( String args[] )
9
10
          ProgrammingOutput application = new ProgrammingOutput();
11
          application.setDefaultCloseOperation( JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE );
          application.setSize( 400, 150 );
12
13
          application.setVisible( true );
14
       } // end main
    } // end class ProgrammingOutputTest
15
```

A rectangle with a label and a text input.

2. What does the GUI look like after adding the following code segment is added at the end class ProgrammingOuput's constructor in Programming Output Exercise 1?

```
// build buttonJPanel
okJButton = new JButton( "Ok" );
cancelJButton = new JButton( "Cancel" );
buttonJPanel = new JPanel();
buttonJPanel.setLayout( new GridLayout( 1, 2 ) );
buttonJPanel.add( okJButton );
buttonJPanel.add( cancelJButton );
add( buttonJPanel );
```

An okay and cancel button has been added at the bottom horizontally.

3. What does the GUI from Programming Output Exercises 1-2 look like if the following line of code is in- serted after line 10 ofProgrammingOutputTest.java

```
application.setLayout( new FlowLayout( FlowLayout.LEFT, 10, 5 ) );
```

Everything was aligned left.

4. What does the GUI from Programming Output Exercises 1-3 look like if the following line of code is replaces the line of code added to ProgrammingOutputTest.java in Programming Output Exercise 4?

```
application.setLayout( new FlowLayout( FlowLayout.RIGHT, 10, 5 ) );
```

Everything is aligned right.