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B.B.A. (Second Semester) EXAMINATION, MAY-JUNE, 2022 COST ACCOUNTING (109)

Time : Three Hours] [Maximum Marks:90

[Minimum Pass Marks: 32]

Note: Attempt all the five questions. One question from each unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

UNIT-I

1. What do you mean by Cost Account? Explain its objectives.

OR

Explain the advantages and disadvantages of Historical Cost Accounting.

UNIT-II

2. What do you mean by element of cost? Explain briefly.

P.T.O.

[2]

OR

The annual demand of an item is 12800 units. The unit cost is Rs. 8 and inventory carring cost is 25% per annum. If the cost of an order is Rs. 100 determine

- (i) EOQ
- (ii) Number of orders per day
- (iii) Time between two consecutive orders

UNIT-III

3. What are the methods of material control?

OR

Write Notes:

- i) Ideal Time
- ii) Accounting standard on 'Overheads'.

UNIT-IV

4. Prepare cost sheet from the following informations: (1000 units) Mann ltd.

Materials	20,000
Labour	10,000
Factory fuel	5,000
Factory lighting	7,000
Office drawing	10,000
Office salary	10,000

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Selling and Distribution 10% of work cost Profit 10% on sales

OR

Compute Machine Hour Rate for Machine No. 58 from the following data:

1. Cost of Machine Rs. 11.000

2. Scrap value Rs. 1,000

3. Effective Life 10000 Hours

4. Repairs and Maintenance for whole life Rs. 2,500

5. Standing charges for the shop for the

month of 25 working day Rs. 400

6. No. of the Machine in shop 10

7. Working hours per day 8 hrs.

8. Power used per machine per month 150

9. Machine insurance 5% of depreciation

OR

Rishi Chemical Ltd. is engaged in the production of an article 'A' and in the course of its manufacturing a by product 'B' is produced, which is of equal importance on weight and value as a main product 'A' is. For the month of December 2017 the following are the joint expences of 'A' & 'B'.

Rs.

Direct Material 30,000

Direct Labour 89,000

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[4]

Overhead

6,000

The proportionate expenses incurred in connection with the by product 'B' are 50% of the prime cost of both products.

Assuming that the by product 'B' is sold at a profit of 20% on cost, find out cost of 'A' and the profit realised on 'B'.

UNIT-V

5. What do you mean by standard coming? What are the advantages of standard costing?

OR

What is Master Budget? Why it is important for organised sector?

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