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M. A./M. Sc. (Fourth Semester) (Main/ATKT) EXAMINATION, May-June, 2020

MATHEMATICS

Paper Fifth (A)

[Programming in C (with ANSI Features)-II]

Time: Three Hours [Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt all Sections as directed.

Section—A

1 each

(Objective/Multiple Choice Questions)

Note: Attempt all questions.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1. Which is not a storage class?
 - (a) Auto
 - (b) Struct
 - (c) Typedef
 - (d) Static
- 2. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (I) The value stored in the CPU register can always be accessed faster than that stored in memory.

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- (II) A register storage class variable will always be stored in a CPU register.
- (a) Only I is correct.
- (b) Only II is correct.
- (c) Both I and II are correct.
- (d) Both I and II are incorrect.
- 3. In case of a conflict between the names of a local and global variable what happens?
 - (a) The global variable is given a priority.
 - (b) The local variable is given a priority.
 - (c) Which one will get a priority depends upon which one is defined first.
 - (d) The compiler reports an error.
- 4. Where will the space be allocated for an automatic storage class variable ?
 - (a) In CPU register
 - (b) In memory as well as in CPU
 - (c) In memory
 - (d) On disc
- 5. What is the format specifier used to print a string or character array in C printf or scanf function?
 - (a) %C
 - (b) %f
 - (c) %S
 - (d) %W

- 6. Choose a correct statement about C language arrays:
 - (a) An array address is the address of first element of array itself.
 - (b) An array size must be declared if not initialized immediately.
 - (c) Array size is the sum of sizes of all elements of the array.
 - (d) All of the above
- 7. Which of the following is the correct syntax to declear a 3-dimensional array using pointers?
 - (a) Char * a [], [];
 - (b) Char ** a [];
 - (c) Char *** a;
 - (d) All of the mentioned
- 8. Which of the following is the correct syntax to send an array as a parameter to function?
 - (a) func (& array);
 - (b) func (# array);
 - (c) func (* array);
 - (d) func (array [size]);
- 9. Any C program:
 - (a) Must contain at least one function
 - (b) Need not contain any function
 - (c) Needs input data
 - (d) None of the above

10. What will happen after compiling and running the following code?

```
main()
{
    printf ("%p", main);
}
```

- (a) Error
- (b) Will make an infinite loop
- (c) Some address will be printed
- (d) None of these
- 11. Chose the correct statement:
 - (I) The body of a function should have only one return statement.
 - (II) The body of a function may have many return statement.
 - (III) A function can return only one value to the calling environment.
 - (IV) If return statement is omitted, then the function does its job but returns no value to the calling environment.
 - (a) I and II
 - (b) I and III
 - (c) II and III
 - (d) II and IV
- 12. The default parameter passing mechanism is:
 - (a) Call by value
 - (b) Call by reference
 - (c) Cell by value result
 - (d) None of these

- 13. Choose the statement which is incorrect with respect to dynamic memory allocation:
 - (a) Memory is allocated in a less structured area of a memory known as heap.
 - (b) Used for unpredictable memory requirements.
 - (c) Execution of the program is faster than that of static memory allocation.
 - (d) Allocated memory can be changed during the runtime of the program based on the requirement of the program.
- 14. Which of the following operators can be applied on structure variable?
 - (a) Equality comparison (= =)
 - (b) Assignment (=)
 - (c) Both of the above
 - (d) None of the above
- 15. How will you free the allocated memory?
 - (a) Remove (var name);
 - (b) Free (var_name);
 - (c) Delete (var name);
 - (d) Dalloc (var_name);
- 16. Choose correct statement about union:
 - (a) It is used defined data type.
 - (b) Union is defined by keyword union.
 - (c) Dot operator (.) is used to access members of a union.
 - (d) All of the above

- 17. What is a C FILE data type?
 - (a) FILE is like a structure only
 - (b) FILE is like a union only
 - (c) FILE is like a userdefine int data type
 - (d) None of the above
- 18. Where is a file temporarily stored before read or write operations in C language?

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- (a) Notepad
- (b) RAM
- (c) Hard Disk
- (d) Buffer
- 19. What are the C functions used to read or write a file in Binary mode?
 - (a) fprintf(), fscanf();
 - (b) fread (), rwrite ();
 - (c) readf(), writef();
 - (d) printf(), scanf();
- 20. Choose the correct syntax for FSCANF and FPRINTF in C language:
 - (a) fprintf ("format specifier", variable, fp); fscanf ("format specifier", variable, fp);
 - (b) fprintf (fp, count, "format specifier", variable); fscanf (fp, count, "format specifier", variable);
 - (c) fprintf (fp, "format specifier", variable);fscanf (fp, "format specifier", variable);
 - (d) None of the above

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt all questions. Answer in 1-2 sentences.

- 1. Write name of different storage classes.
- 2. Define global variable.
- 3. Write the name of any two sorting algorithms.
- 4. Write the syntax of multidimensional array.
- 5. What is conditional compilation?
- 6. Write any two uses of functions.
- 7. Why do we use structure in C program?
- 8. What is linked list?
- 9. Explain < stdio.h> header file.
- 10. Write any *two* operations which are used during file handling.

Section—C

2 each

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt all questions. Answer in 2-3 sentences.

- 1. Write keywords that are used for different storage classes.
- 2. What is scope of global variable?
- 3. Write the name of standard library string functions.
- 4. Explain pointer arithmetic.
- 5. What is recursion?
- 6. Write a short note on main functions.
- 7. Explain enum declaration.
- 8. Explain array of structure.
- 9. What is buffer?
- 10. What is error handling?

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Section—D

4 each

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt all questions.

1. Explain automatic storage class and register storage class.

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Explain static storage class and enternal storage class.

2. Write a short note on accessing array elements through pointers with an example.

Or

Write a program that converts all lowercase character in a given string to its equivalent uppercase character.

3. Explain # if and # elif directives with an example.

Or

Explain call by value and call by reference.

4. Write difference between structure and union.

Or

Write a note on dynamic memory allocation.

5. What is file? How to open and close a file?

Or

Explain standard library for input and output.

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